GENEALOGY COLLECTION
A GLOSSARY OF CORNISH NAMES,

ANCIENT AND MODERN, LOCAL, FAMILY, PERSONAL, &c.:

20,000 CELTIC AND OTHER NAMES,

NOW OR FORMERLY IN USE IN

CORNWALL:

With derivations and significations, for the most part conjectural, suggestive and tentative of many, and lists of unexplained names about which information is solicited.

BY THE

REV. JOHN BANNISTER, LL.D., VICAR OF ST. DAY.

"Si quid novisti rectius istis
Candidus importi; si non, his utere mecum."

WILLIAMS & NORRIDGE,
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R.W.G. MASTER OF

THE PROVINCIAL GRAND LODGE

OF

ANCIENT, FREE, AND ACCEPTED MASONSON

OF CORNWALL,

This attempt to illustrate the Nomenclature of the

"FIRST, LAST, AND BEST COUNTY IN ENGLAND,"

and to shew how much of the old and but recently extinct Vernacular is still preserved in

ITS LOCAL NAMES,


ITS FAMILY NAMES,

Both ancient and modern, native and foreign, territorial, local and official, patronymics, sobriquets, &c.;

AND PERSONAL NAMES,

Those found on the ancient Inscribed Stones of the County; the Patron Saints of the several Parishes and extinct Chapelries; manumitted Celtic Serfs in the Bodmin Gospels, their Saxon Manumitters and Witnesses; Tenants in Domesday, &c., &c.;

by giving the various meanings that have been assigned to many of these, and the authorities for the same; conjectural derivations and tentative renderings of others; lists of unexplained names, &c., &c.;

A WORK OF MANY YEARS LABOUR,

BUT A LABOUR OF LOVE,

Is by Permission dedicated by his obedient and obliged servant and brother,

JOHN BANNISTER, P.M. Tregullow, 1006, P.P.G. CHAPLAIN OF CORNWALL.

Vicarage, St. Day, Cornwall, Feb. 25, 1871.
IN PREPARATION,

Introductory and Supplementary to

The Glossary of Cornish Names,

By the same Author,

The

Nomenclature of Cornwall:

In which will be given

Additions to, and Corrections of, Mistakes and Misfits in

The Glossary.

Hints and Helps Solicited.
PREFACE.

The close of the 18th century witnessed the final extinction, as a spoken language, of the old Celtic vernacular of Cornwall. Dolly Pentreath, who died in 1788, has had the credit of being the last person who could talk and scold in this tongue; but William Bodenner, who died about the year 1794, at a very advanced age (102, the same as Dolly Pentreath's), could "converse with old Dolly," and "talked with her for hours together in Cornish"; so says the historian, Polwhele*; and further he says ‡ of Tomson, "a native of Truro, an engineer or maker of engines for the use of mines," who, as well as he knew, might be alive when he wrote, "he knows more, I believe, of the Cornish language than the old lady, whom he celebrated, ever knew." "I met him at Plymouth Dock" (now Devonport) "in 1789; the old man, hearing my name announced, saluted me instantly with the motto of my family," Karenza whelas karenza, love worketh love.

The only known literary remains of the old language are very meagre. They are the following ‡: "Mount Calvary," a poem of little more than 2000 lines, of the 15th century; five miracle plays (Guaremirs) or dramas—three, "The Origin of the World," "The Passion of our Lord Jesus Christ," and "The Resurrection, with the Death of Pilate," of about the same date—one dated 1611, "The Creation of the World, with Noah's Flood,"—and another dated 1504, "The Life of St. Meredocus, Bishop and Confessor," discovered in 1869, by Mr. Wynne, among his manuscripts in the Peniarth library; a Vocabulary of the language as it was spoken about the 10th or 11th century; another Vocabulary, § with the corresponding Welsh, Armoric and Irish words, collected by the learned Edward Lhuyd, at the beginning of the last century, when the language was fast dying out; a Grammar by the same with a Preface in Cornish, of the language as it was spoken in his day; he also gives us an old "Tale"; and, "An Elegy on the death of William the Third," of his own composing. There are also two or three versions of the first chapter of Genesis, the Creed, the

* "Language, Literature, and Literary Characters of Cornwall," p. 19. † ib., p. 43.
‡ "The Ancient Cornish Drama, edited and translated by Mr. Edwin Norris," v. 2, p. 437; Preface to "Lexicon Cornu-Britannicum, a Dictionary of the ancient Celtic language of Cornwall, in which the words are elucidated by copious examples from the Cornish works now remaining, with translations in English, and synonyms from the cognate dialects of Welsh, Armoric, Gaelic, and Manx," by the Rev. R. Williams, of Rhydycrosau; "Chips from a German Workshop," by Professor Max Müller, v. 3, p. 268.

§ "A comparative Vocabulary of the Original Languages of Britain and Ireland," Title II of his Archæologia. In Title I, "Comparative Etymology," there are also long lists of Cornish words.
Lord's Prayer, and the Ten Commandments; a pastoral song; another on the curing of pilchards; many proverbs, wise saws, and riddles; some colloquies and colloquial phrases; a few mottoes on the coats of arms of the old families, and epitaphs; a letter written in 1776 by William Bodenner; and a few other small trifles.†

But though these are the only known literary remains, they are not the only remnants of the old tongue. Scawen, writing about two centuries ago, says, “The Cornish tongue hath mostly resided for some ages past in the names of the people, the gentry chiefly (?), and in the names of places observed to be significant mostly as to the site, &c., or for something eminent about them.”‡ The discovery of a meaning of these names in the old language, which would fit the places, has long been a favourite pursuit with the antiquary; Camden in his Britannia, Carew in his Survey, Norden in his Speculum, (i.e. Mirror), Scawen in his Dissertation, Hals, Tonkin, Polwhele, Hitchins and Drew, Davies Gilbert, Sir John Maclean, and others, in their Parochial and Family Histories, Baxter in his Glossarium, Lluyd and Pryce in their Archeologia, Borlase in his Antiquities and Natural History, Whitaker in his Cathedral, Blight, Murray, Black, Besley, &c., in their Guides or Handbooks, and many others in various works and papers on the peculiarities of the county, have thus given translations of many hundreds of these names, some good, some bad; some right, but perhaps more wrong.

The first aim of the compiler of the following work was to collect together as many as possible of the names which had thus been translated. He then saw that the analogy of these, assistance that he might expect from various parts of the County, a knowledge of the old language, and some acquaintance with its kindred dialects, would enable him to give fair and reasonable explanations of many other names. He proceeded to collect these names from the histories, gazetteers, and directories of the county; from old deeds and other documents; from maps; and plans; from newspapers.

*To be found at the end of Davies Gilbert's “Mount Calvary” and “Creation,” and of William's Lexicon.
† Most of these minor pieces may be seen at the end of Pryce's “Archeologia”; Davies Gilbert's “Mount Calvary,” &c.; and in the Journal of the Royal Institution of Cornwall, No. 5, p. 7. Amongst others Mr. Davies Gilbert gives “A protestation of the Bishops in Britain to Augustine the monk, the Pope will join in the year fol low Christ.” ! A piece of not twenty words. Bodenner's letter is given in “Archeologia,” v. 5, p. 83, and an extract in Mr. Sandy's “Specimens of Cornish Provincial Dialect.” Boson's song on the curing of pilchards is in the Journal R.I.C., No. 5, p. 14. Mr. Williams gives a corrected version of the Creed, Lord's Prayer, Ten Commandments, and First Chapter of Genesis at the end of his Lexicon. He is also preparing for publication the “Life of St. Mereslaus.”
‡ Davies Gilbert's “Parochial History,” v. 4, p. 209.
§ That the compiler was right in his expectations, the list of authorities, references, abbreviations, &c., p. 207, will prove; and he desires to express his best thanks, not only to those whose names are there given, but also to the many others who have rendered him assistance, some of whom have desired that their names might not be published, and as a consequence, when he has agreed with their views, he has not distinguished their renderings from his own, except it may be by the omission of a?, the mark of uncertainty. Among his helpers he can reckon dignitaries of the church, and members of both houses of parliament; learned professors at the universities, persons, and methodist preachers, both rounds and local; doctors, and lawyers, and land surveyors: officers of the army and navy, and members of the society of friends; national schoolmasters, and registrars of births and deaths; mine agents and miners; master mariners and fishermen. The following notice of the Glossary in the Western Daily Mercury, almost too flattering to be republished by the compiler, shews well how these and others can help. “To criticise adequately such a work as this would demand an acquaintance with its subject-matter as great as Dr. Bannister himself possesses, and to this not even the omniscience of a journalist would pretend. But to make suggestions as to the correct rendering of special words is within the province of any native of the district. and we can hardly recommend Cornishmen with a little leisure a more graceful employment, than thus helping Dr. Bannister in his illustration of their county's history.” By such help, in some cases, crude guesses at the meaning of the names have been turned into correct renderings.

§ More especially Martyn's, 1748, &c. In these, and the Index he published, which was afterwards republished by the late Rev. W. Wallis of Bodmin, the names are most accurately spelt; and a reference to these will generally shew in what parish in the county the more important places, the names of which are given in the Glossary, are found.
and bills of sale; and lastly from the Tithe Apportionments of the several parishes. These last have proved a most prolific source, but at the same time a very puzzling one. Here, in many parishes, every field has its distinctive name; and, more particularly in the western parts of the county, many of these are decidedly Celtic; some so correctly spelt that it cannot once be said what the derivation is (i.e. what words enter into their composition), and what is the plain meaning of the names. But in a far greater number of cases it requires a familiarity with the general Celtic nomenclature of the county to enable one to see in the badly spelt name, resemblance to any known words; and often they have been so distorted from the fair, simple, rational meaning that they bore in the Celtic, that they appear to be common English names with a frivolous, foolish, absurd meaning. In giving these and other names in his Glossary, the compiler has not attempted to correct the spelling,* so as to make the meaning he supposes the names ought to bear more evident. In every case, as often as seemed necessary, he has given in *italics (within parenthesis) the Celtic words, generally in their primary form, which he supposes have entered into the composition of the name. Very often, in consequence of the grammatical laws of initial mutation,† common to all Celtic languages, and still oftener, from there being no fixed orthography for the Cornish branch, and the utter ignorance of the language by the surveyors, who wrote down the names of the fields, and the labourers and farmers who told them the names,|| names that perhaps had never been written or spelt before, there may seem to be little resemblance between the supposed roots and the name; and hence it has often been said, by a little manipulation you can make a name mean anything you like: vowels go for nothing, and the consonants ‡ may be changed for any other. But this is not the case; as, notwithstanding a great amount of latitude that is allowed, there are certain fixed canons, which must be attended to, and which limit the range of conjecture.

What has just been said with regard to field names, given in comparatively recent times, and which, to those who gave the fields the names by which they are called in the Tithe Apportionments, were scarcely proper names at all, but common appellatives, descriptive, in their vernacular, of "their scite on high or low ground, their relative situations;" ‡ their shape, particular trees growing in them, their produce—wheat, barley, &c., or derived from the animals feeding in them, or birds frequenting them, some event that happened in them, or some former owner or occupier, is true of other names. Those who first wrote them down were probably ignorant of the language in which they were significant; and those who pronounced the names commonly had no idea of their etymology,|| and could neither write nor spell; so that the scribes had to

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* It is possible that the spelling, though bad, may lead another to a better derivation and meaning than the compiler has been able to discover.
† In all languages letters of the same organs are liable to be mutually interchanged, often according to the caprice of individual pronunciation; but in the Celtic languages this is done by fixed grammatical rule, e.g. bre a dwelling, becomes in certain cases dre, dreu, but could not become, as Dr Charnock in the preface to his Patronymica Corn-Britanniae, p. xii, says it does, fre, freu, fre, &c.; d is a dental, f a labial, and they are not thus interchanged; but bé in breu, bre, a hill, is a labial, and therefore this word assumes these latter forms in certain cases when entering into the composition of proper names.
‡ Tonkin, writing to Gwava, 1736, a sort of dedication to his Cornish Vocabulary, the manuscript of which came into Dr. Pryce's hands, and, as he acknowledges, was largely used by him, says, "I may add too, that very few of those who speak the language, can give any tolerable account of the orthography, much less of the etymology or derivation of those words which they make use of, and are many times apt to
write and spell according to their several ideas of propriety, or individual fancy or caprice, as well as they could catch the names from their ignorant informers, who also might differ among themselves in their pronunciation of the same names or words, thus introducing another element of discord and difficulty.

Some may say, such being the case, where is the good of attempting to recover the meaning of a host of "uncouth," "barbarous" names of places, &c., of which very few persons ever heard, and still fewer care. With much to encourage him in his long and arduous task, the compiler has had many discouragements; and his endeavours have been spoken of as hopeless and useless. He himself thinks otherwise. Within the last one hundred years, a language or dialect believed by some once "to have been spoken throughout the central and southern divisions of England by the original inhabitants,"+ has died a natural death, and every effort ought to be made to preserve what little remains of it. Even with regard to proper names, permanent as they may seem, they are liable to be changed or lost. Within two miles of the place where this is written are villages now known as Higher and Lower Cusgarne. Not a hundred years ago they were Cusgarne Wartha and Wollas; the meaning of Wartha and Wollas is now unknown to everyone in the two villages. In the same way, many of the field-names in the Tithe Apportionments, made forty years ago, have been changed; though in some cases the English name, substituted for the old Celtic one, has much the same significance as the latter, the tenant having been guided by the same peculiarities of the field as his predecessor; but ask him about the field by its old name, and he will not know which it is. Hence the importance of at once collecting together these old names, while some of those still live who made the surveys for the Tithe Apportionments, or who gave these persons the names they entered on their plans, &c.

In the opinion of the compiler, old personal names, the names of individuals,

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jumble two or three words together, making but one of them all, tho' they pronounce them rightly enough. Of this you were pleased to give me lately some instances, as in merastadu, which they thus pronounce in one breath, as if it had been one word, whereas it is a contraction of four, meor 'ras tha Dew, much thanks to God, and anciently written, meor gret tha Dew; and merastadues, much thanks to you, a contraction of meor 'ras tha why."—Cambrid Journal, 1861, to which it was sent by Prince Louis Lucien Bonaparte, in proof of Dr. Pryce's plagiarism.

The compiler has heard these terms applied to the old names, by Cornishmen, who preferred the "more euphonious" (?) English names. But what can be more melodic than the following string of names put into a sort of song, nonsense verse, though every name is significant, by old Mr. Le Grice, copied as here given, excepting the punctuation, from a very old manuscript, in proof of Dr. Pryce's plagiarism.

"Karue: quiden, pol pen henna; Wheaton druckia, bare wenna; Treg a vanh; tren, chi lembra, Tol peden pouwith, pen drea hendra, Carnie nudjack; gare dinnia, Mene darva; yellan hoggan, Merther nay, tres ga minion; Anmil vear; pol goon, los hah; Trege nebris; begil tuban, Hallie widden; Wal crous woola; Tre la warren; park in skaba, Clies, tre gothen; ambe juah, Pras an bygle, yellan vrame, Pous a nooth, bos taze, tre tane, Anmil vear, drul as, tre neere, Skil e wadden, bonghe heere, Peden a vounder; gwills, caru jue, Tre reof, pedu pous, goon gumpas, treu, Pedu a venton, treu je vean, Chi un, carne gwawas, ask a jeaan, Em la, chi pons; gwal an crane, Poss an dain; tern gwainton carne. Drim, be jowa; crouse en vra.

Kille ankar, boen, tern bah."
enter largely into the composition of Cornish local names. In all ages and countries, persons have been in the habit of calling their lands and their houses after their own names, or others have so called them. There are not many ancient purely Cornish personal names extant as such, but there are very many Welsh, Armoric, and Gaelic ones. The reason of the difference is plain; while these languages have very ancient records, poems, legends, histories, &c., there are no very ancient Cornish writings, no ancient history of Cornwall, and not many references to it in the histories of other countries. In Domesday Survey we have the names of tenants, both in the Conqueror's own time, and in the time of Edward the Confessor; but nearly all these are plainly Teutonic, and, with a recognized meaning in the Anglo-Saxon tongue, which will be generally found given in the following pages; and these names, Teutonic though they are, very often are found suffixed to the Celtic Tre-, Ros-, Pol-, Lan-, Caer-, and Pen-, as well as prefixed to the Teuton-ford, -ley, -ham, and -ton, in names of places in Cornwall. Older than Domesday are the records of manumissions in the Bodmin Gospels. In these, while the manumitters and witnesses bore for the most part Teutonic names of the same character as those in Domesday, and used in like manner, many of the serfs manumitted have names, so peculiar, that they are at once seen to have their origin from another, and altogether different, language. Some of these are very similar to those found in the genuine ancient Welsh genealogies and other writings, and they are, without any doubt, pure Celtic, though badly spelt by Anglo-Saxon scribes. But while there are a few here, that may be possibly thus identified, very numerous are the instances in which the suffixes in local names are the same, or nearly the same, as those old Welsh and other Celtic personal names; and the compiler has not hesitated to use them in explaining the Cornish names of places. Many of the ancient inscribed stones of the county also bear similar names; and the saints, whose names enter into the composition of the names of parishes, have names closely resembling those found in Wales, Brittany, and Ireland. What the meaning of many of these is, the compiler cannot say; others may be able to suggest a meaning, and so trace out remnants of the language that have escaped him. Doubtless many of these names are not indigenous, but adopted, with certain variations, from the nomenclature of other people, introduced by foreign merchants and immigrants, Christian missionaries, or Roman and other conquerors; but where they are indigenous, taking their rise in the land, given by the people themselves from their native language, they will commonly be found significant in the vernacular, as the others are in the tongues whence they are derived.

* Contrast the meagre remains of Cornish literature, enumerated on page 4, with the account Mr. M. Arnold gives in his essays "On the study of Celtic literature," in the "Cornhill Magazine" for 1866.—The Myrmyrian manuscripts (Welsh) in the British Museum amount to 47 volumes of poetry, containing 4,700 pieces, in 1,500 pages, besides 2,000 Englynion, or epigrammatic stanzas; and 53 volumes of prose, in about 15,300 pages. In the library of Trinity College, Dublin, and in that of the Irish Academy, there is, according to Professor O'Curry, even a greater number of Irish manuscripts. There are the Book of the Dun Cow, the Book of Leinster, the Book of BallyMOTE, the Speckled Book, the Book of Lein, &c., &c. The Annals of the Four Masters give the years of the foundations and destructions of churches and castles, the obituaries of remarkable personages, the inaugurations of kings, the battles of chiefs, the contest of clans, the ages of bards, abbots, bishops, &c. There are books of pedigrees and genealogies, martyrologies, and fastalogies, and topographical tracts, in which we touch the most ancient traditions, traditions which were committed to writing, when the ancient customs of the people were unbroken. We get the origin and history of the countless monuments of Ireland, of the ruined church and tower, the sculptured cross, the holy well, and the commemorative name of almost every townland and parish in the whole island. Such materials are invaluable in the study of nomenclature, and they have been made good use of by Mr. Joyce in his excellent work on "The Origin and History of Irish Names of Places." Such helps, alas! are altogether wanting in Cornwall.

† See B. m. on page 207.
A greater variety of family names or surnames exists in Cornwall than in any other county; for, in addition to the common ones found in all parts of England, especially patronymics, there are many names that are peculiarly Cornish. Some of these are the Celtic equivalents of common English ones, which are found in Cornwall side by side with them, and are derived from that infinite variety of sources that have given rise to surnames, such as trade, occupation, rank, profession. natural temperament, bodily peculiarity, animals, birds, trees, &c. But others, and these more easily recognized as Cornish, are the local names beginning with the well-known prefixes "Tre, Ros, Pol, Lan, Caer, and Pen," by which, as Camden says, "You may know the most Cornish men." Not that persons bearing such family names are the most numerous in Cornwall, they are far outnumbered by those who have simple patronymics; but these are the most distinctly and peculiarly Cornish names; and persons bearing such names, wherever found, may, as a rule, but not without many exceptions, be considered as from Cornwall, i.e., taking their name from some place in Cornwall, whether their ancestors, who first had the name, were originally Cornish, or only Anglo-Saxon, Norman, or other settlers, connected with the place whence the name was taken, by ownership or otherwise. Many however of these local family names have been so altered, through ignorance, or caprice in spelling, that one cannot say positively, in the absence of documentary evidence, whence they were originally derived, and they may be referred to several places as their possible source.

In conclusion, the compiler would apologize for the many irregularities and inaccuracies, mistakes and misfits that he knows exist in the Glossary. He must plead in extenuation of these, want of experience in the art of book-making; the nature of his undertaking, something like a first attempt to recover a lost language; and the length of time the work has been passing through the press.* It is more than six years since it was announced as shortly to be published, and subscriptions solicited to enable him to bring out his book, a work of immense labour, but one, in which, from its nature, but few could be expected to take any interest. He has at intervals published parts of the book, to show the progress he was making, excite and keep up an interest in the subject, and obtain hints and help. He has never wished it to be supposed that he considers himself to have succeeded in discovering or recovering the original, and therefore the correct, rendering of all, or even most of the names; he has attempted to

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* It might be thought that the length of time the work has been in hand ought to have made the result more perfect. The compiler has constantly been adding to his materials, and seeking fresh information, by communication with persons in all parts of the county, correspondence in the public papers and lecturing in various towns. He has again and again had to modify his views as to the meaning of words and names; and now after being so long occupied with this, he feels less inclined to speak candidly with regard to many of the names, than he did when he began to publish nearly three years ago. He has been blamed for giving so many and so different meanings to the same names; but where authorities are given he thought it best that each writer should be heard, and where no authority is mentioned, the names seemed to him fairly to admit of these varied renderings; and he would say, as E. Lhuyd formerly said, "Eliglit lector quod maximè placebit." It is possible, too, that as the same names occur over and over again, in various parts of the county, the different derivations and meanings may fit different places. It is the same with proper names, as Professor Miller says it is with other words, while one word may, by a varied process of corruption, assume different forms, widely different words may, by the same means, assume the same form.

† Many of the names in the Glossary, to which a conjectural derivation, often little better than a guess, has been given, might rather have been relegated to the Lists of Unexplained Names; and the compiler thinks, if he had to do his work over again, he should now so do; but at the time he was influenced by the feeling that led Lhuyd to write his Cornish Grammar. In his preface he says, "I know very well that the inhabitants could have done this work much better than is done by me. But yet I considered, that it was better to give some sort of help, than no help at all, and likewise that this poor work of mine might induce another to begin a good one."
explain. The number of notes of interrogation (??), marks of doubt, and also the various renderings he has given of the same names, shew this. It would require a much better acquaintance with the history, traditions, and peculiarities of so many families and places than is attainable, to speak with certainty of their true derivation and real original meaning. He wishes his renderings, &c to be considered for the most part as conjectural—tentative, and suggestive. He courts correction, and would be obliged by anyone pointing out mistakes and misfits with regard to their own names, or the names of places in their own neighbourhood; and to scholars living in other countries, where not only a Celtic nomenclature prevails, but also a Celtic language is still spoken, if, from the analogy of their own nomenclature, they would point out what may seem to them more probable meanings of these names in Cornwall. It is possible that these latter persons may see in the many names found in Cornwall, which are in the Glossary characterized as Teutonic, a Celtic derivation;* and also that the general philologist may detect in many of the names, especially in those in the lists of Unexplained Names, traces of other languages, and proofs of various theories that have been propounded as to a Semitic or Turanian element. The compiler does not at present enter into a discussion on these points. Whilst giving the best explanation he could of the apparently non-Celtic names, referring them to what appeared to him their proper languages, his chief aim has been to shew how much of the old Celtic vernacular appears to be still preserved in the current nomenclature of the county.

* Dr. Stratton, in his interesting little work on the "Celtic Origin of Greek and Latin," gives the Celtic roots of many classical proper names; but, W. Obermüller in his "Deutsch-Keltisches Geographisches Wörterbuch," goes much beyond this; reversing the plan followed by the Rev. W. Lysons in his "British Ancestors" and holding that the Celt was the precursor of civilization everywhere, and the universal nomenclator of the world, he gives Celtic derivations not only for the names of rivers, cities, provinces, peoples and persons belonging to the Aryan family in Europe and Asia, but also to the Turanian in China, and the Semitic in North Africa and Palestine; and has a Celtic derivation even for the sacred, incommunicable and ineffable name of the incomprehensible, self-existent, all-creative, omnipotent, omnipresent, eternal and immortal Most High God.

THE TETRAGRAMMETON,

POSTSCRIPT.—UNEXPLAINED NAMES.—Page 193.—It was intended, as is intimated at the foot of page 192, to have had inserted after the Glossary, the third and fourth pages of the wrappers of Parts 1 to 1V, on which were given the names the compiler had met in his researches, but for which he could not at the time give a reasonable conjectural rendering. He has, however, been persuaded to reprint these names, and has added many others which he has since found in the Welsh Apportionments of the parishes referred to in the number put after the name, the key to which will be found in the lar, page xii. He solicits assistance from persons connected with the places, to enable him, if possible, to get at the true derivation and meaning of these names, and to trace in them any relics of the old vernacular. To some of these persons many of the names may seem to require no explanation; but, it may be otherwise with those who have not the knowledge they themselves possess of local history, traditions, peculiarities, usages, idioms, &c., and therefore it may be desirable that explanations should be given. Some of the names, doubtless, are plain English, "meaning what they say," and either, given with some definite reason, or are mere "fancy names," or, "called after some other place." But, on the other hand, some of these apparently English names may be modifications of good old Celtic words, disguised by bad orthography, or changed by the "metamorphic process" common in all "countries where two languages come in contact with each other, and where, in the end, one is superseded by the other." (Max M. Chips, v. iii., p. 300). Some again may be the result of mistakes, either from the imperfect pronunciation of those who gave the names to the surveyors, or from the difficulty these found in catching the sound, or in spelling names that never before had been spelt; or they may have arisen from their own mistakes in copying from "rough notes," or are misprints. As a consequence many may be of little value. However, it has been thought desirable to give all. They will serve to illustrate the nomenclature of the county in a way that has never before been attempted, and those who may follow the compiler, in the same field of philological research, will be saved the immense labour he has had in amassing and arranging them. The names explained in the Glossary will enable any one to see a probable, possibly the correct, meaning of many of these Unexplained names.
A LIST of the 298 ANCIENT PARISHES wholly or in part in the COUNTY or ARCHDEACONRY of CORNWALL, 
Arranged and numbered so as to show their relative situation, east and west, beginning with the Isles of Scilly and going from the Land's End towards Devonshire; 136 are as far west as Truro; 28-35 in the Meneage or Lizard district; 69-114 as far west as Bodmin; and 137-208 are beyond the limit laid down by Mr. Herman Merivale, in his Historical Studies, as the boundary between 
Celt and Saxon.

1 Isles of Scilly, (S. Mary's; Tresco; S. Martins; Bryher; S. Agnes). 2 Sennen. 3 S. 
Levan. 4 S. Just in Penwith, (Pendeen). 5 Buryan. 6 Morvah. 7 Sancreed. 
16 S. Hilary, (Marazion; S. Michael's Mount. 17 Perranuthnoe. 18 Breage, (Godolphin). 
19 Sithney, (Porthleven). 20 Germoe. 21 St. Erth. 22 Phillack, (S. El- 
26 Crowan. 27 Wendron, (Helston; Carmanellis). 28 Gunwallow. 29 Mullion. 
30 Landewednack. 31 Grade. 32 Ruan Minor. 33 Ruan Major. 34 Cory. 35 Maw- 
gan in Meneage. 36 S. Martin's in Meneage. 37 S. Keverne. 38 Manaccan. 39 S. 
Anthony in Meneage. 40 Constantine. 41 Mawnan. 42 Budock. 43 Falpouth, 
(Penwerris). 44 Mabe. 45 Stithians. 46 S. Uny, Redruth, (Treleigh). 47 Illogan, 
(Tuckingmill; Trevenson or Pool; Portreath). 48 S. Agnes, (Mount Hawke). 
49 Gwennap, (S. Day; Lannarth). 50 Kenwyn, (Chacewater; S. Johns and S. Georges, 
Truro; Tregavetban). 51 Kea, (Baldinn). 52 Perranworthal. 53 Gluvias, (Penryn). 
54 Mylor, (Flushing). 55 Froom, (Devoran). 56 S. Anthony in Roseland. 57 S. Just 
in Roseland, (S. Mawes). 58 Gerrans. 59 Philighe. 60 S. Michael Penvekel. 
61 Lomorran. 62 Merther. 63 S. Clements, (S. Paul's, Truro) 64 S. Mary's, Truro. 
65 S. Erme. 66 S. Allen. 67 Perransabuloe, (Mithian; Perranport). 68 Cubert, 
69 Cranstock. 70 Newlyn East. 71 Ladock. 72 Probus. 73 Cornwally. 74 Ruan 
Lanihorne. 75 Veryan. 76 S. Michael Carhayes. 77 Caby, (Tregony, S. James). 
78 Goran. 79 Mevagissey. 80 S. Ewe. 81 Creed, (Grampound). 82 S. Stephens in 
86 S. Columb Major. 87 Mawgan in Pkyar. 88 S. Eval. 89 S. Ervan. 90 S. Merryn. 
91 Paddown. 92 Little Petherick. 93 S. Issey. 94 S. Broeck, (Wadebridge). 95 S. 
Wenn. 96 Withiel. 97 S. Dennis. 98 Roche. 99 S. Mewan. 100 S. Austell, 
(Pentewan; Charlestown; Treverbyn). 101 S. Blazy. 102 Luxulyan. 103 Ty- 
wardreath, (Par; Tregaminion). 104 Fowey. 105 S Sampson or Golant. 106 Lan- 
Hervy. 107 Lostwithiel. 108 Lanivet. 109 Lanhydrock. 110 Bodmin. 111 Eglos- 
hayle. 112 S. Minver, (S. Enoder; Forthilly). 113 Endellion. 114 S. Kew. 115 S. 
Mabyn. 116 S. Tudy. 117 Helland. 118 Cardlingham. 119 S. Winnow, (S. Knight's). 
120 S. Vee. 121 Lanteglos by Fowey. 122 Lalsallois, (Polperro). 
123 Talland. 124 Polbynt. 125 Lanreath. 126 Duloe. 127 Boconnoc. 128 Brodawk. 
129 S. Pimcock. 130 Warleggan. 131 Temple. 132 Bilisland. 133 S. Breward or Simon- 
ward. 134 Michaelstow. 135 S. Tæth. 136 Tintagel. 137 Trevalga. 138 For- 
raby. 139 Minster. 140 Lanteglos by Camelord. 141 Advent. 142 Lesnewth. 
143 Davidstow. 144 S. Clether. 145 Altonern, (Bolventor). 146 S. Neot's. 147 S. 
Cleer. 148 Liskeard, (Dobwalls). 149 S. Keyn. 150 Menheniot. 151 Morval. 
152 S. Martin's, (East and West Loe). 153 S. Germans, (Tideford; Hensenford). 
154 Sheviock. 155 S. Erney. 156 Landrake. 157 Quethioke. 158 S. Iwe. 159 Lin- 
kinhorne. 160 Northill. 161 Lowanwick. 162 Traven. 163 Laveast. 164 Tre- 
neglos. 165 Warbstow. 166 Otterham. 167 S. Juliott. 168 S. Gennys. 169 Pound- 
174 Morwenstow. 175 Lannellas. 176 ¥ Bridgemerr. 177 Jacobstow. 178 Week S. 
Mary. 179 Whistone. 180 N. Tamerton. 181 Presmere. 182 Tremaine. 183 Eglos- 
kerry. 184 *N. Petherwin. 185 Boyton. 186 *Werrington. 187 S. Stephens by 
Launceston, (Newport). 188 S. Thomas the Apostle, Launceston. 189 S. Mary 
Magdalene, Launceston. 190 South Petherwin. 191 S. Lawhitton. 192 Zeant. 
193 Stoke Climsland. 194 Southill. 195 Callington. 196 Calstock, (Gunnislake). 197 S. 
Mellion. 198 Pillaton. 199 S. Dominick. 200 Busfremingem. 201 Lanudolph. 202 S. 
Stephens by (saltash). 203 Antony East, (Torpoint). 204 S. John. 205 Rame, 
(Eddystone). 206 ++Maker. 207 S. Budeaux. 208 *S. Giles in the Heath.

* Marks the parishes in the County of Devon but Archdeaconry of Cornwall; ‡ a parish partly 
in Devonshire but wholly in the Archdeaconry of Cornwall; § parishes partly in the County but 
not in the Archdeaconry of Cornwall. See also p. 267.—The Tithe Apportionments of the Parishes 
in italics have not yet been examined; the loan of these is solicited. The places within parenthesis are towns 
new parishes, or chapelties, now or formerly, wholly or in part, dependant on the ancient parish with which 
they are here joined.
UNEXPLAINED NAMES.

Continued from Page 200.


Domesday.—Arganth, Argental, Bentewoin, Bettecote, Bewintone, Bochenot or Botchenod, Borge, Botcinit, Botchatuuu, Broclesbeorge, Cabulian, Cariaholl, Dovenott, Egleshos, Eile, Eill, Ermenhew (e.), Ghiaive, Glocret, Heli, Hermihen (e.), Karsalun, Lancharet, Lanchehoc, Landelech, Landicle, Lanchoc, Lantloha, Lavredoche, Lisnestoch, Melledham, Nanchar, Nantuet (a. Namtecat), Odenol, Pennadelwan, Peret (e. Pedret).—For continuation see Page 205.

Domesday Tenants.—Ahnet, Chital, Dorgeret, Edzi, Haemar, Haeche, Merken.
Inscribed Stones.—Ailron 101, Clotuali 22, Eindus 8, Isnioc 63, Morgratti 22.—For continuation see Page 205.

Bodmin Manumissions.—Aedoc (s.), Adoyre (w.), Artaca (w.), Cili-sri or -fri, Disuist (s.), Glowmoeod (s.), Gluinceun (s.), Gua-dret, -ithith (w.), Guenguin (s.), Guennereen (s.), Guenneret (s.), Guentunet (s.), Guranteest (s.), Gurcennor (s.), Gurheter (s.), Guricunt (s.), Gurnarett (s.), Heneriat (s.), Hinecomhal, Hresmen (w.), Hiihut (s.), Inaprost (s.), Inissian (s.), Judhent, Lecem (w.), Letherl, Loe or Loi (s.), Macoes (w.), Macurth (w.), Macilhoe (s.), Madshuth (s.), Medguistic (f.s.), Medhuil (f.s.), Methwinstel (s.), Meoro (f.s.), Millan (w.), Modred, Morth-atho, -nthitho, -redo, -ytho, -ith (w.), Moriw, Ogureen (s.), Osian (w.), Ous-dyuhal (s.).—For continuation see Page 205.
ADDENDA, CORRIGENDA, ET DELENDA.

ÆTHOC, for "rich oak, t., Y." read "fiery.
ALSHIR, high (hir, long) cliff (als), Cu.
APPLEDOR, add "i.q. ALVERTON.
ARAD, add "?= au palder, an apple tree, s.
ARALLAS, add "?= ar-gollas, bottom or low land, B.M.
ARROW = garrow, rough, E.G.H.
ARGANTEIL, silver harp (telyn, w.)
BACCHUS PARK, bush (bagas) close (port).
BAGH BARRACK, for "stubble," read "fallow.
BAIN PARK, i.e. PARK BEAN.
BEHENNA, for "little," read "Littler, n.f.
BARGAINS, i.q. PARK EANES.
BEQUEST, i.q. PARK QUEST.

BINDON, little down, C.
BISCOVEY, = pisgwedd, lime or linden trees, w., C.; ? bishop's (escop) place (ma, va), G.H.
BLOOD PARK, i.q. PARK PLUD.
BODRANE, the rookery, C.
BODELLIS, Ellis's house, R.W.
BODINALGAN, house (bod) by the (a'n) tin (alcan, w.) works, C.
BODINICK, abode by the fortress (din, i.c, adjectival), C.
BOIA, = bai, yellow, i.
BOITSTONE, d.d., "Boia's enclosure, t."
FOR BOLANKEN, read BOLANKAN.
BONNY, n.f., = bonne haie, good enclosure, f.; i.q. Fairfield.
BOSAVERN, for "tree," read "trees.
Bothog, = bothoc, a cottage.
BOWDEN, hill (din) house, W.H.
Brand-ice, -ize, y.s., three cornered [field], t.
Brodehoc, d.d., from bro, a country, and 
tie, a farmer, W.S.
Buchent, d.d., cow (buch) path 
(hent, w.), W.S.
Burcom, i.q. Berrycombe.
Busveal, beal’s, or Veal’s house 
(bos); or bus (i.e. calf, m.c.) field.
Busvigo, Vigor’s (n.f.) house.
Cabel Cut, wood (coed) chapel 
(capel) T.C.
Callibudgia, fold (boudghi) field 
gweal, or grove (celli).
Callington, i.q. Collenton.
Callm-ady, -udu, Madoc’s field, 
T.C.
Cancer, i.q. Cansford, the ford 
causeway or path (causwe, m.c.)
Carbilly, after “castle,” add “or 
town (caer),” t.

Carewrge, add “ewrge goats, pl. of 
irch, W.S.”
Carioergel, d.d., iorqell = iyrchell, a 
young roe, w., W.S.
Carn Goleua, rock of adoration 
gol) of the moon (leua), C.
Carnkief, rock basin, C.; rock or 
castle of hiding (ccuddua), Ev.
Carnhoar, boundary (or) rock, M.
Carndedjack, add “hynadsha, to 
groan, sigh.”
Chillcott, back of the wood, W.S.
Crinnis, = gorenrys, a peninsula.
Feock, = fiach, a raven, c., Ou.
Garverot, d.d., rough (garve) acres 
eru, pl. erot, w.), W.S.
Huel Bags, = gweal bagas, bush-
field.
For “Hythancer,” read “Hytha-
neer.”
Kerr Park, owl (erch, w.) field.
Park Paw, dirty (baw) close, M.

Baldhu, black hill. Spelter is a name in commerce for the impure metal, but no
one would speak of a spelter mine. R.H.
Bellyache, the vulgar or slang name for a place, where smuggled brandy (a cure
for the complaint) was formerly to be got, A.A.V.
Bolventor, m., = Bol vena tor, mountain of (china) clay stone, or, little (wren) clay
(b.1) hill (tor), F.R.
Bodmin, in note strike out “monk’s house, B.” and add “B” after “Wh.”
Budeock, in line 2 from bottom of foot-note, for “S. Budeaux, partly situated west
of the Tamar,” read “partly in Cornwall though wholly east of the Tamar.”
Castell an Dinhas, the earth-fort with a stone citadel, C.
Cobleyt Cut, Coblodeice, &c., names derived from a boy’s game with nuts.
Conium, m., given from supposed that Truro river was the Kenion of Ptolemy.
Coparcenary, to be struck out: (a legal term that has crept into the Tihe Appor-
ciation, and means property in undivided shares, T.C.)
Goonglaze, add, the sea, or green (glas) plain (gwen), B.
Hellmouth, m., derived from a black gloomy gap in the cliffs: there is no water;
it is not the Hegelemith of Malmesbury.
Knightons Kieve, the vat (cyf, s.), or, retreat (cuddua, w.) of S. Nectan.
Laughher, n.f., pronounced Laffer, T.C.; = lan near, great enclosure.
Morwenstow, place (stow, s.) of S. Morwenna, R.S.H., of S. Wenna by the sea, C.
Myenu, “blak (du) mouth (min) chimney,” Lc.
Park Olwyn, swarow (golfin, w.), or bench (colfin, w.) close, M.
On Page 209 under Nord., for “written 1584,” read “the survey is supposed to
have been made in 1584, but it must have been written much later as he makes fre-
cquent references to Carew’s Survey and Camden’s Britannia.
On Page 210 for “Ta” read “T.a.;” and instead of “Wanted, &c.” read See List
of Parishes, &c., Preface, Page xii.

For more Addenda, Corrigenda, et Delenda see Wrappers of Parts i., ii., and iv.; also, Page 206
where strike out in line 34 from bottom, “see also Page 290,” and the whole of the last line.
For Authorities, References, Abbreviations, &c., see Page 207.
For Unexplained Names, See Preface, Page xii., and 192.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ABB</th>
<th>ÆL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ables Field, from personal name Abiel, w.B.m., diminutive of abo, a man, t., F. (t); or, colts’ (ebot) field.</td>
<td>Addit or Adit Field, the mine conduit or water-course field.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accasiny, ? Acca’s manor-house (inne, s.).</td>
<td>Adelces, presbiter, B.m., noble pledge, t.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ackey’s field, Hercules’* field.</td>
<td>Adgevor, ? an chy veor, the great house.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ackland, n.f., oak (uc, s) land, t.</td>
<td>Adgewednack, ? an chy wednack, the (an) white house.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acre Croft, ? daisy (egr) croft.</td>
<td>Adgewella, ? an chy ulcena, the higher house.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acton, oak town or enclosure (lon, s.), or hill (dun).</td>
<td>Adjels, ? low (isal) [fields].</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Actsworthy, ? Acca’s field or farm (worthig, s.).</td>
<td>Adlgun, f.s.B.m., ? noble war, t.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adalberd, presbiter, B.m., noble bright, t.</td>
<td>Adnis, ? = St. Agnes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Addalburg, s.B.m., noble protection, t.</td>
<td>Advent, (parish), from patron saint Adwen, (O.).†</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Addicroft, Addy’s (? = Adam’s or Eddy’s) croft.</td>
<td>Ædoc, f.s.B.m., ? rich oak, t., Y.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Ælchon, Æulcen, s.B.m., ? i.q. Adlgon.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Ælgyth, f.s.B.m., elf gift, t.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Ælfric, B.m., elf ruler, t.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Ælfwerm, B.m., elf protection, t.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Ælwwein, B.m., elf friend, t.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Ælger, w.B.m., formidable (egel) spear, t.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Hercules is a not uncommon forename in the County, sometimes represented by the equally unchristian name Archelaus.

† S. Adwen, given by Leland as one of the twenty-four sainted children of King Brechan (5th cent.), is not found in the Welsh lists, though they give him twenty-four sons and twenty-four daughters, all saints. The Inquisitiones Nonarum, according to Dr. Oliver, calls the saint Sca. Athewenna.
ÆLSIG, ÆLSIE, ÆLSIG, w.B.m., elf or formidable, conquest, t.
ÆLWOLD, B.m., elf power, t.
ÆTHÆSTAN, w.B.m., = Athelstane, noble, or precious, stone, t.
ÆTHAN, s.B.m., fire, k., Y.
ÆTHELÆD, B.m., noble increase, t.
ÆTHELGAR, B.m., noble spear, t.
ÆTHELÆDHE, B.m., noble cheer, t.
ÆTHELÆLAED, B.m., noble counsel, t.
ÆTHELÆLAERD, B.m., noble protection, t.
ÆTHELÆLWINE, B.m., noble friend, t.
AGAR, n.f., = Egiheri, formidable warrior, t.; or, = (Egir, the god of the sea, Y.
AILBRIC, AILBRIHT, t.d.d., noble bright, t.
AILM, t.d.d., = formidable (ag) helmet (helm), t.
AIRE, back, behind, the poop or stern, Pr. (aeros, R.W.).
AISSETONE, d.d., = Ashton; or, Saltash, “Esse his towne,” Cor.
AIULF, t.d.d., = Agilulf, formidable wolf, t.
ALAN, = all aon, white river, ga., I.T.
ALBALANDA, i.q. Blanchland, Whiteland, lat.
ALBASTON, = Alva’s (Alueua) town, t.
ALEURY, t moor (hal) by the hill (bre); or, old (ald) fort (hurru), t.
ALDERCOMBE, Aldervale, or = Algar’s coombe, t.
ALDERMYLLE, corruption of Algar’s mill.
ALDESTOWE, the old (ald, s.), or, Athelstane’s place (stow), t.
ALDON, = hal dun, hill moor; or, aldton, old town, s.
ALDREN, = thorn (dren) moor (hal), or, hill (alt).
ALDWINNICK, = the marshy (gwinnick) height (alt).
ALE AND CAKES, = hal an cegas, hemlock moor.
ALESDON, open (ales) height, or, hill (dun), Pr. (?) See ALSTON.
ALESTAN, t.d.d., = i.q. ALSTAN.

ALFEG, t.d.d., = Efæg, high as an elf, t.
ALGAR, t.d.d., hall, or noble, spear, t.
ALICE VEA, little (vean) broad (las), or green (las) moor (hal).
ALLAN GUE, == hal an gev, moor by the gev, or, best field.
ALLEN, n.f., from ALAN or ST. ALLEN.
ALLEN CROFT, for hurling croft.
ALLECOMBE, Alder-tree vale, t.
ALLERTON, Alder town or enclosure (ton), t.
ALLE, ALET, ALLIOT, = hal yet, moor gate.
ALLE WYDN, == hal y widn, white-moor.
ALLEYS, ALICE, == hal ies, broad moor; or, green (las) moor.
ALLGATE, == hal goed, the wood moor, or Moorgate.
ALLVES, ALOES, for hallow, moors.
ALMAR, t.d.d., hall, or noble, fame, t.
ALNOD, t.d.d., hall, or noble, compulsion, t.
ALRIC, t.d.d., noble (adel) ruler, t.
ALS, ALSA, HALSE, cliff.
ALSEPHRAN, ALSIFARN, the hellish cliff, i.e., deep as hell, B.
ALS, t.d.d., = i.q. ÆLSIG.
ALSTAN, t.d.d., hall, or old, stone, t.
ALSTON, high-cliff (hill) (dun), Po. = the town of Alsi, d.d.
ALSVEAR, great (veor) cliff.
ALTARNUN, ALTERNON, the altar of the nun, or, of St. Nonna (the patron saint of the parish).
ALTERWEN, = the oak (derwyn) moor (hal).
ALTON, = ald ton, old town (s).
ALUREDUS, t.d.d., elf peace, t., Y.
ALURIC, t.d.d., i.q. ÆLFRIC.
ALUOLOD, t.d.d., hall power, t.
ALVACOT, (d.d. ALVEVACOTE), the cottage (cot) of Alva, (Alueua, d.d.). Howling (olva) cot, Pr.
ALVARDUS, ALWARD, t.d.d., hall guard, t.
ALVER, n.f., == hal veor, great moor.
ALVERN, Alder (gwern) moor (hal).
ALVERTON, the town, or enclosure, (ton) of Aluuard (d.d.).—High green hill, Pr. (!) 
ALVIGGAN, little (bichan) moor (hal).
ALWIN, t.d.d., hall, noble, or, elf friend, i.
AMAL, AMEL, AMYLL, ?=ymyl, w., a boundary.
AMALIBRIA, hill (bre) Amal.
AMALVEOR, great (veor) Amal.
AMALVEAN, AMALWIDDEN, little Amal.
AMANETH, ?=an menebdh, the mountain.
AMBERS HILL, Ambrose’s hill.
AMBLE, AMMAL, ?from St. Adhelm, or, i.q. AMAL.
ANAGUINSI, s.B.m., ? Ana (? ph. = Grace) the hostage (guistl, w.).
ANAU, w.B.m., ? Ana, or Grace, the younger (og, i).
ANAU, priest B.m., ? Grace.
ANAUDAT, s.B.m., Ana, or Grace, the wise (doeth, w.).
ANCHOR, the hermitage, Pr. (Ancar, a hermit) (?=the corner (cor).
ANDARDON, ANDERTON, the (an) oak (dar) hill (dun), Pr.
ANDENIS, the fortification (dinas).
ANDERS FIELD, Andrew's field.
AN Dinas Hill, the fortification hill.
ANDRE, the town or dwelling (tre).
ANDREAS, t.d.d., =Andrew.
ANDREW, n.f., ?=handeru, a cousin german; or, ?=an derow, the oaks.
ANDREWARTHA, ANDWARTHA, n.f., the higher town.
ANERAY, o.n.f., ?=an hir hay, the long enclosure.
ANGARACK, the rock (carrae), Pr.
ANGER, n.f., ?=an gaer, the camp.
ANGEVAL, the horse (cevit).*
ANGEW, the support, Pr.
ANGEWNACK, ?=an chy wednack, the white house.

ANGLE DITCH, earthworm (angletwitch, m.c.) [field].
ANGOLLA, the bottom (goes). 
ANGOOSE CROFT, the wood (coos) croft.
ANGOLVE, n.f., the smith (gof).
ANGROUSE, the cross (crows).
ANGUIDAL DOWNS, the Irishman’s (gwyddel, w.) downs; or from gwyddwal, a place full of thorns, brambles, bushes, w.
ANGWIN, n.f., the white.
ANHAY, ANHEY, the enclosure (hay).
ANHILL, the hall (hel), H.
ANJARDEN, ?=an chy ar dun, the house on the hill.
ANJEWINACK, ? i.q. ANGEWNACK; or ?=an chy win issack, the lower white house.
ANKERBURY, the camp hill (bre); or a reduplication, bury = castle, t.
ANKERVIS, ?=an gaer ves, the camp outside.
AN MAROGETH ARVODE, the armed knight, H.
ANNEAL, n.f., ?=an hal, the moor; or, heyl, river.
ANNEAR, ANAER, n.f., ?=an hir, the long.
ANNERSEY FIELD, ? the long dry (an hir sicb) field.
ANNELÖ, =Agnete, little Agnes.
ANSTEE, ANSTIS, n.f., =Anastasius.
ANTERTAVES, i.q. HANTERTAVES.
ANTONY, (parish; d.d. ANTOKE), ? from former patron, SAINT ANTONY, (now Saint James, 0.).
ANTICOSE, ?=haner coos, half the wood.
ANTRON, the (an) promontory, nose, tongue, or projection of land, Pr. —?=haner oon, half, or middle, of the down.
ANTYR DEWETH, the Land's-end, H.
APLIN, n.f., son (ap) of the king, (belin); or ?=aplyn, apples, s.

* Gavel, w., is a fork or pass in a mountain; Angeval might be “the mountain pass,” (R.W.).
APPLEDORE, apple, or colt’s (ebol), land, (dor).
APPLEDORFORD, Appledore road (ford), or passage.
APPLE PARK, colt (ebol) field.
APPs, n.f., ?a w., happus, happy; or, heps, m.c., a half door.—Son of Appe, from apr, fierce, t., F.
ARALLAS, upon (ar) the cliff (als), Pr.
ARAWAN, upon the down (oon), or, rivulet (lewun), Pr.
ARCHDEKENE, o.n.f., archdeacon.
ARDEVORA, ar devra, upon the lap, or bosom, or lake; or, upon the haven, Wh.
ARGALL, ARGLE, ARGOLL, on the ridge, promontory, or point (col); or, in front (arag) of the moor (hal); or, w. argel, a concealing, hiding.
ARGALLACK, on the rock (clog).
ARGALLAS, on the bottom (goles).
ARGANBI, s.B.m., silver (argant) honour (brì), w.
ARGANTEILEN, f.s.B.m., silver fore-head (talcen), w.
ARGANTINOLET, s.B.m., silver fortune (tynged), w.
ARGENTEL, d.d., = TREGANTLE.
ARGUE, o.n.f., on the best field (gaw); or, high (ard) gew.
ARISH PARK, stubble (arish, m.c.) field.
ARILYN, on (ar) the lake (lyn), or grove (lewun, w.).
ARNALL, ARNOLD, n.f., eagle (urn) power (uld = vald), t.
ARRISH CROFT, stubble croft.
ARRY or ARA VENTON, spring (fenton) field (eru).
ARSCOT, n.f., boundary (hars) wood (coed, w.), or cottage (col, t.).

ARSON BEON, arish an bean, the little stubble [field].
ARSON BROAZE, the great stubble.
ARTACA, v.B.m., Arthguil, high courage, i.
ARTH, high (ard, arth) or, arird, ploughed land, w.
ARTHUR, high (ard) land (door).*
ARVOS, upon the ditch or entrenchment (fos), Pr.
ARWENNACK, upon the marshy place, Pr.—From arwyna, w., blissful, happy, N.
ARWOHAL, upon (arworth) the salt river (heyl), Pedler.—See PERRAN ARWORTHAL.
ASGAR, t.d.d., divine spear, t.
ASHLEY, the ash pasture (leu), t.
ASHTON, the ash enclosure (ton, s.), or = isia ton, lower lay.
ATALBERTH, presbiter, B.m., noble brightness, t.
ATHILL, ATTEL, by the hill, t.
ATHWART PIECE, the cross-piece.
ATLEYS, by the pastures, t.
ATWELL, ATWILL, by the well, t.
ATWOOD, by the wood, t.
AUDIT FIELD, = ADIT FIELD.
AUSTIN, AUSTYN, n.f., Agustinus, B.m.; Agustin, s.B.m.; Austinus, w.B.m.
AVALDE, d.d., apple (aval) land (vir), = ALBALANDA.
AVARD, n.f., summer (haf) height (ard).
AVER, n.f., aexer, a kind of grass.
AVERACK, the fallow (huwerec, u.).
AVERY, n.f., haf vre, summer hill.
AVOH BICKEN, the signal, beacon, or proclamation, house, H. (?)
AWSCOTT, i.g. ARSCOT.
AXFORD, Acca’s ford, t.
AXLE CLOSE, the low (isal) close.

* The name of King Arthur is derived from arth, a bear, w., (R.W.); or from ardrigh, ardeher, the highest chief, t., (Y.). Some of the Cornish Arthurs are corruptions of ANDREWARTHA. Ardder, w. is a husbandman; ardwyner, a governor.
AYL, n.f. (t.d.d. Ailmer), = Athelmar, or, Egilmar, noble, or, formidable name, t.

AYSLAND, waterfall (eas, ga.) land, 

Bead. 1 eas = hays, enclosures, t.

AZZEL PARK, the low (isal) close (parc); or, hazel field.

BAAL FIELD, the mine (bal) field. 

Bab, n.f., = papar, an anchoret father, o.n.

Baber, Bab's land (ar).

BABRINGTON, the enclosure (ton) of the descendants (ing) of Bab, t.

BACCHUS PARK, field (parc) at the back of the house.

Bach, Bache, Bagge, Bach, n.f., = w. Baugh = little, R.W.

Back Bean, ? little (byan) back [field] ; or i.q. Park Bean.

Backwell, n.f., = parc uchel, high field.

Back Widow, ? ? = trees close, (widow = gwydhow), R.W.

Bacon Park, the beacon, or the little (bichan), close.

Badaford, ? house (bod) by the ford or road (fordh).

Badcock, n.f., ? red (coch) house.

Baddon, Bad Down, ? house (bod), or peat (beat), down.

Badge, Badgey, n.f., = boudshi, cowhouse.

Badger Park, ? long (hir) cowhouse close.

Badgery, n.f., ? cowhouse (boudshi), or the badger's field (cru).

Badham, Adam's house, (bo = bod).

Badharlick, ? house by the battle (heir) stone (lech).

Badwannick, ? house in the downy place (gwonnick).

Baga Park, ? little (bach) close.

Baggans, ? = parc eanes, lambs' close.

BAGH BARRACK, ? = parc havrec, stubble close.

BAGNEL FIELD, i.q. Parc an hal.

BAGSTON, bush (bogas) hill (dun), 

Pr.—1 Bagge's enclosure (ton), t.

BAGWELL, n.f., i.q. BACKWELL.

BAHON, BAIN, n.f., = byhan, byan, little.

BAINCOAT, n.f., little wood.

BAKE, the beak, point, or promontory, Pr. (pyg, a projection, w., R.W).

BAKE RINGS, small (bach) circular entrenchment, M-L.

BAL AN DREATH, mine (bal) on the sand (traith).

Bal, BALL, a mine; also, a place, a spot; a field, Halliwell.

BALCOATH, the wood (coat), or old (coth), mine.

Balcobme, ? ? field (ball) in the coome.

Balcoughty, ! woods' (coitau) mine.

Baldees, ? the people's (dees) mine.

Bal Downs, Bal's, or the mine, downs.

Baldue, Baldhu, David's, or the black (du), mine or place.*

Balhatchet, n.f., ? the mine, or field, with the hatch-gate (yet).

Balins, ? lambs' (eanes) field (ball).

Balkin, ? mine on the ridge (ein).

Balkwell, n.f., the boundary-ridge (balk) well, Halliwell.

Ballance, ? lambs' (eanes) field (ball).

Ballard, ? the high (ard) place.

Balleswhidden, the mine by the white (gwidu) court (les).

Ballet, n.f., ? mine gate (yet).

Bal Lode, Zawn, mine lode cave, or cove (zawn).

Ball-ruhol, (Nord.) = bal whal, high mine.

Ballyack Downs, ? hedge-hog (baluzev, w.) downs.

* Baldhu, a new vicarage in Kenwyn, is "black mine," from the spelter, zinc, or black jack mines there. The church is dedicated to Saint Michael.
BALMANEAR, long stone (maen hir) mine.
BALNOON, mine on the down (an oon).
BALROSE, the heath, or moor (ros), mine.
BALS CAT, the stopped, bankrupt, or, knocked (scat), mine.
BAMFIELD, BANFIELD, n.f., tree (beam) field, t.
BAMPUSH, = parc an bos, the bush close.
BANKEY CROFT, broom (banal) croft.
BANKEY FIELD, the field with banks in it, = parc an ce, the hedge field.
BANS, ban, a mountain, hill, high ground, Pr.
BARAGWANATH, n.f., wheat (gwaneth) bread (bora).
BARALLAN, corn (bara) enclosure (lan), Pr. = i.q. BORALLAN.
BARANWOON, top (bar) of the down (an woon).
BARAPILL, corn harbour (pill), Pr. (?)
BARBALINGY, field (pare) by the house pool (pol an chy).
BARBARY, BARBERRY, n.f., = top (bar) of the hill (bre).
BAREPPA, BARREPPA, BARRIPPA, BARREPER, &c., = Parc haf mar, the great summer close; or, = Beaurepare, fair retreat, f.
BARGUS, top of the wood (euz); or, wood close (pare).
BARGWANNA, =G. BARAGWANATH; or, wheat field (pare).
BARHAM. n.f., the bear’s home, t., F.B.
BARLANDREW, “God’s acre” (landlu) summit; or, top (bar) of David’s enclosure. = Black orchard (perlan, v.), R.W.
BARLANZY, top (bar) of the dry (sech) enclosure (lau).
BARLOWENA, Mount (bar) Joy (lowene), or Mount Pleasant.
BARNACOT, = barn by the wood (coat); or, the barn cot, Pr.
BARNCOOS, top of the wood.

BARNETT, = barn gate (yet); or, little bear, t.
BARNICOAT, n.f., i.q. BARNACOT.
BARNOOON, BARON, BARANNOON, THE BARNROON, i.q. BARANWOON.
BAROGLAZE, nickname, grey beard, Gw.=baro glas, R.W.
BAROKE, over (bar) the oak, Pr. (?)
BARRABALL, BARRABLE, n.f., = barrow field (ball); or, i.q. BARAPILL.
BARRAS NOSE, = cod-fish (bareas) headland (ness, t.).
BARRATON, = barrow enclosure, t.
BARKETT, n.f., little bear, t.
BARSHEBA = parc scaber, barn close.
THE BARTERESS, = i.q. PARK DARAS.
BARTH, BARD, BATH, n.f., a mimic, bard, poet, Pr.
BARTILEVER, = great (voor) Bartholomew’s (Bartle) meadow (lea, t.).
BARTINE, BARTINNEY, hill (bar) of fire (tan, c., teine, i.); fiery top, B.
BARTON, the demesne lands of a manor.—The enclosure for the bear or crop, T.
BARNELL, = bar-uchel, high summit.
BARWICK, = beor-wic, barley village, t.; or, over (war) the creek (gwic).
BARWIS, n.f., = o.h.g. Berwis, Bearbold, F.; or = parc vesc, outside close.
BASCOMBE, n.f., i.q. BOSCOMBE.
BASELEY, BAZELEY, n.f., = birch (bezo) pasture (lea, t.); or bees’, or bays’ pasture.
BASHER, n.f., = bashdour, low water, Pr., a ford, B.
BASIL, a herb, a palace, T. = bos-hal, moor house.
BASKAFULL, n.f., i.q. Baskerville, f.; or = BOSCA FIELD, cottage field.
BASSETT, n.f., diminutive of bassi, a bear, a norse, F.
BASSOW, = bissoe, birches.
BASTAIN, BASTIN, BASTION, n.f., = tin (steu) house (bos), or mine (bal).
BAT, BATE, BATH, BATT, n.f., i.q.
BART, = Bartholomew; or, bat, a dormouse; or, bath, a coin, money.
BATAVELLAN, mill (melin) house (bod).
BATTEN, BATTIN, BATTON, n.f., diminutive of BAT; or=BAWDEN, or BATTEN.
BATTERY, fire (bat, ga.) place (ern, s.), Beal.
BATTERSHILL, BATTESHL0, o.n.f., i.q. Boteshall.
BATTISON, BATSON, n.f., Bat’s son.
Bawden, castle or hill (dun), house (bod).
Bayscuberry, = bosca bre, the cottage on the hill.
Bazone, = house (bos) on the down (oon).
Beacon, Beaken, an eminence, a token, a look out, Pr.
Beaden, n.f., = beat, m.c.) down (oon).
Beaks Park, = outer (ves) close, T.C.
Beaglehole, n.f., = corruption of Beaglehole, n.f., = HALAN BEAGLE.
Beagle Moor, shepherd’s (bigel) moor.
Beagle Rose, shepherd’s heath or moor.
Beagle-todden or -ton, shepherd’s pasture (ton), or hill (dun).
Beak, i.q. Bake.
Beal, Beale, Beel, n.f., = i.q. Beli; or= Baal; or, Bal.
Bealbury, = Baal’s hill (bre); or, Beli’s castle (bury, t.).
Branchy, n.f., = little (byhan) house (chy).
Bean Park, little (byhan) close.
Bean Stitch, little long narrow strip.
Beard, n.f., = i.q. Barth, or, Birt.
Beardon, = the farm (bere, t.) on the hill (dun); or, barley (bere, s.) hill.
Beare, n.f., = veor; great; or, bere, s., a farm.
Bear Field, great (veor), or barley, field.
Beareford, n.f., = Barfut, barefoot, or bearfoot, t.
Bearland, = barley (bere, s.) land, t.
Bearrah, Beara, = the farm, or, the barley enclosure (hay), t.
Beatley, the peat (beat, m.c.) pasture.
Beaton, n.f., = peat down (oon).
Beat Park, peat field.
Beauchamp, n.f., = de bello campo, of Fairfield, f.
Beaucome, Beaucahn, n.f., the same; or= Bod combe, vale-house.
Beauford, n.f., = bod-fordh, house by the road; or= Beaufort, fair castle, f.
Beaureper, (15 cent.), i.q. Bareppa.
Beaufre, n.f., = de bello pruto, of the fair meadow, f.
Becham, little [field].
Beckerleg, n.f., = i.q. Bekelege.
Becket, n.f., = little (bech) gate (yet); or, little (beck) brook, t.
Beckon hill, beacon hill.
Beconion, i.q. Boconnion.
Becoven, = i.q. Boscoveyan.
Bedack, = the place of birches.
Bedrue, = bedho, birches.
Bedlake, = willow (helic) house (bod).
Bedman- or Pedman-dowe, Nord., for Pedn-mean-du.
Bedrawel, = the house (bod), or grave (bedh), of Riowal.
Bedrewthan, Bedruthan, = beth-ru-haun, the graves on the sloping haven, M’L.; = red (rudh) cove (haun) grave or house.
Bedrick, = parc dowrick, watery field.
Bedroge, = Ric’s grave.
Bedrona, = long (hir) grave (bedh) on the downs (oonow).
Bedruggan, = i.q. Bodrughan.
Bedwin, the aspen; or, i.q. Bodwin.
Bedyer, long (hir), or battle (heir), house (bod), or grave (bedh).
Bedzangavar, = cowhouse (boudzhi) for the goat (gavar).
Beef Park, Bee Park, = cow, or beeve (beuch), close.
Beeny, = the lesser (byhenna) [field].
Beer, = the farm (bere, s.).
Beersheba, i.q. Barsheba.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>English</th>
<th>Welsh</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Beeston</td>
<td>? the bees'</td>
<td>or the cattle (best) enclosure (ton, t.)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Beafnel</td>
<td>moorfield</td>
<td>(parc an hall) house (bod)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Befillick</td>
<td>i.q. Bofillick</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Beg Meadow</td>
<td>? little</td>
<td>(bech) meadow</td>
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<tr>
<td>Behan Park</td>
<td>little</td>
<td>(byhan) field</td>
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<tr>
<td>Beheathland</td>
<td>Bohelland, = bo-hel-lan</td>
<td>the dwelling by the water nigh the church, Pr.—? Heathland, or, moor (hal) house (bod), or field (parc)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Behenna, n.f.,</td>
<td>? a comparative of byhan, = “Little” (le, less)</td>
<td>the Beheury, ?i.q. Park Wherry, or Bohurra</td>
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<td>Beira</td>
<td>i.q. Bearrah</td>
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<tr>
<td>Bejosah, Bejaynsa, Jose's house</td>
<td>(bod) or field (parc); see Iosa</td>
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<tr>
<td>Bejowan, = Bod Jowan, the lonely dwelling, or John's house</td>
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<td>Bejunno, i.q. Bojudno</td>
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<tr>
<td>Bekelege, (14th cent.), ? little</td>
<td>(bich) pasture</td>
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<tr>
<td>Bell, Bell</td>
<td>fair, or far off, Pr.</td>
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<td>Belatherick, i.q. Bolatherick</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Belerion, the Land's-end of Diodorus Sic. (Bolerion, Ptolemy), = bol e rhin, head of the promontory, Bax</td>
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<tr>
<td>Bellay, the fair enclosure, Pr.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Bell, s.B.m., a giant, from belian, to bellow, o. worse, F*? from ph. Baal</td>
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<tr>
<td>Belingey, the mill (melin) house (chy), Pr.</td>
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<td>Belinnis, fair, or distant, island</td>
<td>(ymys), Pr.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Bellitho, n.f., i.q. Bolitho</td>
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<tr>
<td>Belkey, ? far (pel) hedge (ce)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Bellasize, ? lower</td>
<td>(iso) pillars [field].</td>
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<tr>
<td>Bellesdone, d.d. ? Bell's hill, (dun)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Belling, n.f., ? the descendant</td>
<td>(ing) of Beli, t.</td>
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<td>Bellooan, Bellowan, ? distant down</td>
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<tr>
<td>Bell Rick Field, distant</td>
<td>(pel) stack field.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Bells Downs, ? pillas, or Baal's, downs</td>
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<tr>
<td>Bells Gwidden, ? little</td>
<td>(vidn = vean) pillas field</td>
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<tr>
<td>Bellyache, Belly Hake, ? = bolec, calves' house; or, i.q. Ballyack.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Belotha, Boloytha, Belowdy, Belowda, ? house (bod) by the dairy (laity); or = Park Laita.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Belover, ? chimney</td>
<td>(huef, w.,) house; or, the great (veor) calf's (loch) house.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Benallock, Bennallack, Benallack, broomfield, or, the broomy place, (banal, broom).</td>
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<tr>
<td>Benathlack, n.f., the same.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Benbole, Benboul, ? i.q. Penpol.</td>
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<td>Benbow, n.f., ? = Park an Beu, or Penpol.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Benedict, s.B.m., blessed, lat.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Benethic, ? = parc en ethic, the great close.</td>
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<td>Benvale, ? i.q. Park en Able.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Benfield, n.f., ? little</td>
<td>(byan) field.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Benhore, ? i.q. Park en Hoar.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Beniamen, w.B.m., = Benjamin.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Beniskey, ? = parc en is ge, close below the hedge.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Benithen, ? i.q. Park Nithan.</td>
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<td>Benmer, nickname, great head = Penmer, Gw.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Bennerton, ( ? d.d. Bennartone), ? Bernard's town, t.; or, long (hir) hill (pen) enclosure (ton, t.).</td>
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<tr>
<td>Bennicke, o.n.f., ? = pinnick, the wryneck, Po.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Benny, ? the same; or = Behenna.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Bennyon, ? i.q. Benithen.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Benock, Benoke, n.f., ? i.q. Benickie.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Benorth, ? = parc en arth, the high</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

*This and other names of serfs in the records of manumissions in the Bodmin Gospels, referred by Mr. Ferguson to the Teuton, belong rather to the Celtic or Phoenician. “Beli was a great prince of the ancient Britons. See Williams's Eminent Welshmen.” (R.W.).*
| Biscolsa, school house, Pr. | Bescollin, ? holly (celin) house. |
| Bescowes, ? outside (ves) elder-trees (seaw) field (parc). | Besider, ?= besedor, a window. |
| Beslow, ?= parc isala, lower close. | Besuar, Besore, the clomb, mud, or earthenware (oar) house, Pr. ? i.q. Basher. |
| Besowa, i.q. Bosawsa. | Bepsalfan, prayer on the palm of the hand, H. (!). i.q. Bospolvun. |
| Besoe, Bessow, the birches. | Bessy oon, ? birch, or, cowhouse (boudzhi) down (oon). |
| Best Park, ? cattle (best) close. | Bestrease, ? the tailor or cutter's (trahes) house. House in the meadow (pras), Pr. |
| Besurrel, =? bos ar hal, house on the moor; or, Seiriel's (w.) house. | Beswaric, Beswetherick, n.f., i.q. Boswetherick. |
| Betallack, i.q. Botallack. | Betan, ! the grave (beth) on the moor (hal); or, = benathel, broom. |
| Bethaw Hall, =bethow hal, graves' moor. | Betherednix, the lonely (idnic) grave. |
| Beuty Bill, T.A., ? field (gweal) by the cow (beuch) house (ti), (w.beudy). | Bevan, n.f., = ab-Evan, = John's son. |
| Beyle, n.f., i.q. Beal. | Bezack, i.q., Bedack. |
| Bezoan, = bos oon, down house. | Bezuern, i.q. Boswen. |
| Bice, n.f., = bais, a ford, passage, w.; or, bois, a wood, f. | C |
Bicke, n.f. = bich, = w., bach, little.
Bicket, n.f., = bigal, a shepherd.
Bickerleigh, Bickerley, Bickerly, n.f., = Bekelege.
Bickford, n.f., little (bich) passage (forth).
Bickle, n.f., little pasture (lea, t.).
Bicton, (d.d. Bichetone), little town or enclosure.
Bidick, n.f., = buddic, an axe; or, i.q. Budic.
Bidojo, i.q. Bethego.
Biggal, little islet or rocket, A.S.; shepherd, N.
Bigletubben, shepherd's bank.
Bigloun, o.n.f., shepherd's down, (oon).
Bilcrook, ?barrow (cruc) field (gweal).
Bilgars, Bilgors, i.e. fen (cors) field.
Bilkum, the coombe field.
Bill, n.f., i.q. Beli. An axe, gentleness, t., F.
Billacot, i.q. Beli's cottage.
Billet, n.f., i.q. Blight, or, Blewett.
Billin Croft, ?ball (pellen) croft.
Billows, pillas [field].
Billy Bounder, ?lane field (gweal).
Bilson, n.f., ? pillas down (oon).
Bindon Beacon, top (pen) of the hill (dun) beacon.
Bin Down Hill, ? a triplication of hill; or, little down hill.
the Bin, the little (bhan) [field].
Binner, ? long (hir) hill (pen).
Binner Veian, little Binner.
Birchinhay, n.f., birchen enclosure, t.
Birhsi, Bryhsige, Byrehtsige, &c. w.B.m., bright victory, t.
Birt, n.f., = Bright (beort, s.).
Biscavillet, ? the cottage (bosca) in the quillet or little field.
Biscaw Woune, Cam., the cottage on the downs (gwen).
Biscovallack, lower (wollach) cottage.
Biscovey, ? little (bich) cottage.
Biscow, Nord., the cottage.
Bishops Balls, ? Bishop's fields.
Biskey Broom, ? pixey, or fairy, broom [field].
Bissa, Bissoe, Bissow, Bizza, birches.
Bissick, the birch (bezo, a.) place.
Bla Land, ? plain (ble, w.) land.
Blacaler, n.f., ? cleared land (dar, i.) by the calves' house (bloeck, Po.).
Blackadown, ? calves' house down.
Blackamoor, ? calves' house moor.
Blackaton, ? black hill, or town.
Black Hay, ? calves' house close.
Black Park, ? calves' house close.
Blackum, ? calves' house coombe.
Bladder Park, ? dog-stones (baladar, w.) close.
Blagdon, ? calves' house hill (dun).
Blake, n.f., = bloeck, calves' house, Po.
Blarick, Blary, ? the place abounding with water cress (beler).
Blass, n.f., i.q. Pellas; or = plas, a palace.
Blayble, Blable, = pol ebol, the colt's pool.
Blederic, Duke, ? Beli, the red (deary, ga.).
Blee, n.f., i.q. Boleigh or Bligh.
Bleidiud, s.B.m., ? from blaidd, a wolf, w.
Ble-Kennok, W. Worce., ? parish (phu) of Caenog (w.s. 5 cent.); ? Bocconoc.
Blenecow, n.f., ? the mound (how) of the Billings, t.
Blenville, ? ball (pellen) field (gweal).
Blerrake, a place of content, Sc.
Blethcuf, w.B.m., ? wolf belly (kaf, a.).
Blethros, w.B.m., ? wolf warrior (rhys, w.).
Bleu Bridge, parish (phu) bridge, Bl.
Blewitt, Bluett, n.f., hair (bleo, a.) corn (et, id), i.e. barley, W.N.
Blight, n.f., i.q. Bolett; or, blaidh, a wolf.
Blisland, parish (o.Blieston), ? Beli's
Bliss, Bliss Park, pillas field.
Blithe, n.f., i.q. Blight.
Blowse Hay, Bloyses or pillas close.
Blue Field, mine (bal) field.
Boase, Boays, n.f., ? = bos, meat; a house, a dwelling; a bush.
Bocaddon, ? the house by the wood (coal) on the down (oon).
Bocarne, = bod carn, rock house.
Bochym, cow or cattle (beuch) house (ham), H. (?).
Bocconnion, ? cold (ian) down (gon) house.
Bodannan, ? bod an oon, down house.
Boddardle, Bodarde, o. Bocardel, ? the exiles' (gur deol, w.), or, Gwthrwl's (w.s.) house.
Bodbrane, the crow (bran), or, Bran's house.
Bodbrean, hill (bryn), or, tree (pren) house.
Boddenar, Bodinar, ? high (arth) fort (din) house.
Bodean, ? John's (eann = Evan) house.
Bodeeve, ? Ives, or, summer (haf), house.
Bodego, the smith's (go) house, R.W.
Bodellan, ? fir tree (aidhlan) house.
Bodellick, ? Alexander's (Allick), or, willow (helis) house.
Bodellis, step-son's (els), or, green moor (hal las) house.

Bodelva, ? Alva's, or, moor place (halva) house.
Bodenna, i.q. Boddennar.
Bodennick, bod an ick, house by the water, H.; solitary (unic) house R.W.
Boder-logan, -luggan, -ludvan, ? long house by the grey stone (llwyd van, w.).
Boderwenack, ? the monk's (manach) long house (bod hir).
Bodeworgoin, d.d.? Wurcon's house; or, house on the down.
Bodeworgy, (d.d. Bodeworwei), house on (war) the water (gwyd).
Bodgate, ? the serf's (caid) house.
Bodgury, Bodgara, the further (gwarra) house.
Bodiga, ? Iago or James's house.
Bodilgate, Elchut's (w.) house; or, i.q. Bodulgate.
Bodillan, ? church (lan) moor or hill (hal) house.
Bodillick, i.q. Bodellick.
Bodilly, house by the church (illy = eglos), T. ? i.q. Bodillick.
Bodinalgan, O., ? Ælchon's hill (dun) house (bod).
Bodinar, a habitation on a hill, Gw. (bod an arthi). i.q. Bodennar.
Bodiniel, the house by the river (heyd, T.Q.C.), or, on the hill (hal).
Bodinnock, Bodnock, i.q. Bodennick.
Bodithiel, ? Ithel's (w.) dwelling.
Bodivial, ? Eval's (c.s.) dwelling.
Bodlay, lay or pasture house.
Bodlent, ? milk (lait), or Elaeth's (w.s.) house.
Bodlevan, Levan's (c.s.) house.
Bodman, Boidyan, O., the monk's (manach), or, stone (maen), house.
Bodmin, parish, (d.d. Bodmine), the monks' (menech) house; (c.d. St. Petrock).*

* "Bod-men, stone-house; bod-myn, the kid's abode; also, the dwellings on the ridge, or, edge of a hill, Lh." Pr.; "monk's house," B.; "mansion of the monks," Le., Cam., Car., Wh., &c.; "preacher (bode) man or men," T. (!)
BODOWAL, Howell's (w.), or, high (uchal), house.

BOD, Bos-prowel, Riowal's (a.) son's (ap) house.

BODRANE, Bodrean, the thorny (druen) dwelling (bod, Pr.), or close (parc).

BODREGAN, Regan's house.

BODRIFTY, the house by (ar) the summer shed (hafty).

BODRIGY, house by the sea side, or tide place (triged), Pr.

BODROKE, Raoul's house.

BODROGAN, Bodragan, i.q. Bodregan.*

BODUELL, i.q. Bodowal; or, = w. Bodweil, house of honey (mel), R.W.

BODULLA, elm tree (elaun), or, owl's (uolu) house, Gw.; (? wollach, lower).

BODULGATE, bod hal cout, Morewood House; or, Moorgate House; or, moor house gate.

BODVALLAN, (Bodulcan, Le.), Ælchon's house.

BODWAIN, n.f., i.q. Boduell.

BODWAIN, Bowwain, i.q. Bodwin.

BODWANNICK, down (gwon) house.

BODWAY, house by the river (gwur).

BODWEEN, Bodwen, house near the poplars or aspen trees (bederwen), Pr.

BODWIN, white house, or, house on the marsh (uin), Pr.

BODWITGHY, (d.d. Bodewitghi), house near the trees (gwthil) by the river (gwur).

BODWITHEL, Withiel's house.

BODY, Boddy, n.f., = parc ty, field house; or, bodi, a messenger, o.m.

BODYFORD, n.f., i.q. Badaford.

BOFARNELL, i.q. Befarnel.

BOFILLICK, Phillack's house.

BOFINDLE, ? Gwendal's (w.), or, little (bihau) dale (dol) house (bod).

BOGAN, n.f., = bochan, little; i.q. Vaughan.

BOGEE, Bojea, = boudzhi, cowhouse.

BOGER, n.f., = Bouchier, or Bourchier, (f.); or Bowyer, see Boia.

BOGIEF, ? summer (hif) cowhouse.

BOGULLAS, lower (gullias) house.

BOHAGOE, ? Iago or James's house.

BOHALLAND, Bohellan, i.q. Beheathland.

BOHENNA, n.f., = Behenna, or, Bohenna.

BOHETHERICK, ? Ydroe's (w.) house.

BOHURRA, Bohurtha, higher or further (urra, urtha, = gwurtha) house.

BOIA, w.B.m., Boie, t.d.d., = boge, a bow, s., whence n.f. Bowyer.

BOJEWYAN, i.q. Bojoway. Abode of the Jews (edzhevon, B.), A. Esquires.

BOJIL, ? the moor or hill (hal) cowhouse (boudzhi); or, low (isal) house.

BOJOWAN, John's (Dzhuun), or, the lone (jowan) house.

BOJUDNO, ? cowhouse (boudzhi) on the high naked exposure (uthno, Pr.).

BOKELLY, Grove (celli) House.†

BOKENNA, ? Caenog's (w.s.) house.

BOKENVER, ? Cynvor's (w.), or, the great (vor) ridge (cein) house.

BOKIDDICK, Cedig's (w.) house.

BOLANKEN, LUNCN'S house (bod); or, the pool (pol) on the ridge (an cein).

BOLASE, n.f., i.q. Bolarise.

BOLATHAN, i ox (ludn) pool.‡

* Druid's house, B.:= "Bo daro gun, the house on the oak downs," Pr. and Po.;

† Carew derives the family name from Boch. "a goat," and Kelly, "to lose, The lost goat," and adds "a goat he beareth for his coatage."

‡ The Chronic. Alexandrin., as quoted by Mr. Lysons in Our British Ancestors, says, "The Phoenicians and Syrians call Cronos" (Saturn) "El, and Bel, and Bolathan."
BOLATHERICK, i.q. POLLARDICK.

BOLEIGH, Boleigh, i.q. Boelit. Baal's, or, the long (pell) grave-stone (lech), W.N.

Boelit, the dairy or milk (lait) cottage (bod), Pr.; the place of slaughter (luith), Bl.; — ? house of the clan (leid).

BOLENN, BOLENNOW, house by the lakes (lynnnow) M.L.

BOLHAM, o.n.f., tī field (bail) dwelling (hem, s.).

BOLINGY, i.q. BELINGY.

BOLITHO, ? great (ilho), or, most distant (eithaw, v.) hill (bol), or, pit or pool (pol); or, i.q. Boelit or Boelhotha. A huge belly (bol), Pr.

Bollowal, high (uchel) pit or pool.

Bologgas, mice or rats' (loggas) house, Pr.; (locus, toffic, m.c.).

Bolothas, Bolothwas, house near the tumuli or barrows (loch, t.), M.L.

Bolotyha, i.q. Bolitho.

Bolster, the entrenchment (bolla), or clay (bol), ground (tir), Pr.; ? Pills ground.

Bolventor, new parish, &c. (c.d. Holy Trinity); = boll[d ad]venture, J.T.

Boly, n.f., i.q. Bodilly.

Bonady, n.f., ? Eddy's house on the down (booon).

Bonaford, n.f., tī down house by the ford, or, road (forth)."Bonallack, i.q. Banallack.

Bonally, Boneally, Bony Alva, ? Alva's down house.

Bone, Boon, n.f., down house.

Bonear, n.f., long (hir) down house.

Bonithon, Botynthon, the furry dwelling, Pr. (bod an eithen).

Bonnal, the house on the cliff (an alt), Pr.

Bony, n.f., ? bo an hay, house in the enclosure.

Boosey, ? i.q. Boudzh.

Boo Town, Bove Town, [field] above the town place or farm buildings.

Borallan, the house (bod), or hill (bar), opposite (rag) the lake (lyn), T.C.

BORDEW, ? black (du) summit (bar). BOREASE, ? lower (is) summit. BOREW, the bleak dwelling, T., (rew, frost, ice).

Borgwitha, ? higher or farther (gwartha) summit.

Borlase, the green (glas) summit or top, Pr.

Borlase Vath, high (worth) green summit.

Boruick, the dwelling (bod) by the (a'n) harbour or village (gwie), Pr.

Boropark, Borough, Borow, the barrow, or, mine-heap close.


Bort Hay, ? broad, or, Beort's (s.) enclosure (hay), t.

Bosadon, ? the house (bos) on the hill (duun); or, Sadwrn's (w.) house.

Bosahan, Boshan, the summer (han) house, Pr.; or = bos-haun, house on the haven, Po.

Bosankan, a disquiet house, or, house of trouble (anken, a.), Gv.

Bosanketh, the same, Pr. (16 cent.

Bussanguith, wood house).

Bosanko, house of death, (anconw).

Bosanneth, dwelling house, N.; house of rest, R.W.; (annedh, a dwelling).

Bosanquet, n.f., i.q. Bosanketh.

Bo-sausack, -sawson, the Saxon's (saws) house.

Bos-ava, -sava, apple-tree (aval, apples) house, T.C.

Bosavern, alder-tree (gewern) house.

Bosawnna, haven (haven) house, Wh.

Bos-cagell, -cadzhell, -caswell, castle house.

Boscarne, rock (carne) house.

Boscarnon, tī down (oon) rock house.

Boscastle = Botreaux's castle.

Boscatho, the boats' (scaitha) house.

Boscavernan, march (gewern) cottage (bosco); or, alder (gewern) thicket (bosc, o.n., I.T.).
BOSCAWEN, n.f., elder-tree (seauean) house, Pr. = bosca woon, the cottage on the down, Gw.

BOSCAWEN NOON, the dwelling (bos) on the down (an oon) of elders (seaue), Pr.; i down elder house.

BOSCAWEN ROSE, the house in the valley of elder trees, Pr.; i moor (ros) elder tree house.

BOSCEAN, BOSCEHAN, house on the ridge (cein), R.W.

BOSCOBO, BOSCOBPER, house by the barn (scuber).

BOSCOLLA, school house, Pr.

BOSCOMBE, Vale House.

BOSCOSWYN, O., white (wyn) wood (cos) house.

BOSCO-VEAN, -VEN, -VEY, the little (evhan, vich) cottage.

BOSCORLA, the house by the sheep-fold (corla).

BOSCREEGE, barrow (creeg) house.

BOSCREGAN, ? little (an) barrow, or, rock (carrag) house.

BOSCROWAN, house by the hovel (crow) on the down (oon).

BOSCUBBEN, little (en) coombe house.

BOSCUDDEN, ? wood-pigeon (cudon) house.

BOSCANDLE, ? family (cenedl, w.) house, R.W.

BONSENCE, BALSENCE, holy residence, M.L.; (syns, saints).

BOSSENT, ? the saint's (sant) house.

BOSSENVER, ? house by the road (cor).

BOSFRANCAN, the beaver (francan, w.) house; or, great (vow) house on the down (an goon).

BOSSSIGAN, BOSSIGANS, twenty (igans) houses, Pr.; (? i.q. BOSIGRAN).

BOSIGRAN, house of sand (grean), T.C.; i Eigron's (w.) house.

BOSILLIACK, BOSULIACK, ? SULLEISOC's house.

BOSIRON, ? i.q. BOSIGRAN; or, long (hir) house (bos) on the down (oon).

BOSSESEL, ? lower (isala) house.

BOSISTOW, BOSSISTOW, ? the advo-

cate's (sistwr, w.) house; or, i.q. BOSUSTICK.

BOSITHNEY, ? SITHANEY's house.

BOS-I Thi, -THOW, ? ivy (idhio), or, great (ithic) house.

BOSKEAR, castle (caer) house; (caer, lovely, Pr.).

BOS-KEDNAN, -KENNA, the house on the ascent (asen), Pr.; or, on the ridge (cein).

BOSKELL, ? house by the hazels, R.W.

BOSKENNAI, ? the house on the ascent (asen) of the cliff (alt), or, of Seachnall (w.).

BOSKENSE, BOSKINSE, the first (censa), or, CHENISI's house.

BOSKENWYN, KENWYN's house.

BOSKERR-AS, -IS, the dwelling on the summit (gwarhas), Pr.

BOSKEVELLICK, Cyfelac's (w.), or, the woodcock's (cyvelac) house.

BOSKINNIG, Cynin's (w.), or, leek (cennin, w.) cottage (boscu).

BOSLAMAN, SALAMAN's house.

BOSLEAKE, Helig's (w.s.), or, willow house.

BOS-, BUS-LEVAN, ? ST. LEVAN's house.

BOSLOGGAS, i.q. Bologgas.

BOSLOVER, ? i.q. Belover.

BOSLOW, ? i.q. BOSWALLACK. House near the water (l'eau, f.), Pr.

BOSLOWACK, i.q. BOSWALLACK.

BOSMAWGAN, ? ST. MAWGAN's house.

BOSNANARTH, ? high (arsh) down (an oon) house.

BOSBIEVES, NYWYS's (w.) house.

BOSOLLAN, ? SALLEN's, or, ALLWn's (w.) house; or house by the church (lan).

BOSORE, i.q. BESORE or BOSOUR.

BOSORN, ? corner (orn = corn) house.

BOSOUR, sisters' (hoer) house; or, house by the water (dour), R.W.; or, i.q. Basher.

BOSOWSA, i.q. BOSAUSACK; or, healthy (sawssac) house.

BOSPARVA, ? marsh (morva) house.

BOSPEBO, BOSPIBO, ? Pabo's (w.s.), or,
Bosward, high (gwarth) house.
Boswardha, higher or further house.
Boswardh-an, -en, house on (war) the hill (dun), T.C.
Bos-, bus-warva, ?i.q. Boswardha.
Boswase, ? outside (ves) house.
Boswarthick, ?i.q. Boswardha.
Boswavas, ? outside (ves) winter (gwaf) house; or, Gwava's house.
Boswedd-an, -en, i.q. Boswen.
Bosweddren, ? Medron's (w.) house.
Boswardnack, ? Wednec's house.
White (gwidn) house by the water (ack), T.C.
Bos-wen, -win, -wyn, white house.
Boswenneyn, i.q. Bosvennen. Bees' (guen) house, T.C.
Boswens, windy house, B. (gwens, wind).
Boswetherick, ?Petherick's house
Boswahrain, ?i.q. Boswarten.
Boswidde, ? Irishman's (gwidhal) house. House in open place, or one easily seen from, T.; (gwylh, conspicuous, high, B.).
Boswingran, ? white sand (Win gran) house, R.W.
Boswingy, white (gwyn) house by the rivulet (gwef), Pr.
Boswor-dy, -gy, -tha, -thy, ? house on (war) the river (gwy); or, i.q. Boswardha.
Bosworlas, ? lower (wollas) house; or, house on the green (warlas), R.W.
Boswoorlas leiau, ? Bosworlas flat stones (lechau).
Boswylllick, ? Meilig's (w.), or, the priest's (belec, a.) house.
Botall-ack, -ack, -ock, = bod talog, house on a promontory, R.W.; high (tallick) house, Pr.; house of the serpent (hac) god (al, ph.), Butler.
Botardevill, i.q. Bodardle.
Botathan, i.q. Botaden. The pope's, or father's (tad, tat) house, Pr.
Botconoan, d.d., i.q. Boccionion.
Botell, Botlett, (d.d. Botiled),
or, or, or, or, or, or,

Brasacot, ? meadow cottage.
Brasmore, Brazenmore, ? the great (mawr) meadow (pras).
Brass Well, ? high (uchel) meadow.
Bravery, ? further (guerra) hill.
Bray, Brea = bre, mountain, hill.
Breack Park, ? brake close.
Breage, parish, from p.s. Breaca, O.
Breanick, i.q. Bryannick.
Brea, ? i.q. Braes, or, Praise.
Breanick, ? i.q. Bryannick.
Brea Vean, little (bihan) hill.
Bre-ga, ?-Edga, ? lower (isa) hill.
Bremen, ? hill with the stone (mæen).
Brenci, s.B.m., ? king (bren) dog (ci).
Brendon, Ton, ? king’s hill. Crow’s (brahal) hill (dun), Pr.
Bren, Brent, Brenta, the hill, J.C.
Bretonor, hill (tor) of burning (brenning, s.), T.Q.C.
Bre, ? corn (ed, et) hill (bre).
Bretele, t.d.d., ? bright helmet (helm), t.; or, i.q. Britail.
Bretha Tor, hill of judgment (breath, ga), Beal.
Bretel, d.d., i.q. Burthy.
Brethoc, s.B.m., ? braducw, traitor, v.
Brew, ? high (uch) hill (bre).
Brewe-r, -Rs, ? from bruyere, heath, f., T.
Brewinney, ? = bruinic, rushy place.
Brey Down, hill (bre) down.
Brictric, t.d.d., bright rule (ric), t.
Bridgevelope, parish, Raoul or Reginald’s bridge, t.; (p.s. St. Michael, O.)
Bridgevine, stones (myun) of judgment (brys), T.C.
Brien-d, -sius, t.d.d., i.q. Bryant = Brian, strong, t.; or, bruynant, noisy, f., Y.
Briggernok, cent. 14, Cornish bridge.
Brightor, little (bigan) hill (tor), Pr. (?)
Brighton, ? clay (pry) hill (dun).
Brighferd, t.d.d., bright peace (frid), t.
Brill, ?? moor (hal) hill (bre).
Brimboit, i.q. Bromboit.
Brimmell, ? broom or bramble hill.
Brin, Brinn, = bren, a tree, Pr.
? Hill, bryn, v.
Bris-mar, -mer, bear (bersi, o.n.) fame (mar, s.).
Brisons, the prisons, Bl.
Briston, ? Bric’s, or, Birhs’s town or farm, t.
Bristual, t.d.d., ? bright (bricht) power (wald), t.
Brit, Brita, o.n.f., ? the Briton.
Britail, w.B.m., ? Brit the generous (hæl); or, i.q. Bretel.
Britnod, t.d.d., ? bright (bricht) compulsion (not), t.
Britton, Briddon, n.f., ? i.q. Bray Down; or, reduplication of Hill.
Broada Park, the broad close.
Broadoak, parish, (d.d. Brodehoc), see Bradock.
Brocka Barrow, badger’s barrow.
Brockle, ? badger’s (broch) hill.
Brode, o.n.f., ? Beort, bright, s.
Broken Park, the badger’s close.
Brodre, t.d.d., ? Beorhtric, bright rule, s.; (brodre, brothers, d.).
Bromboit, the boor’s (broman) hut (both), gu., Beal. ? = Broomwood.
Bromhill, broom hill.
Broneyer, cent. 14, ? battle (heir) hill.
Bronsehan, the dry (sech) round hill (bron), R.W.
Brotitcck, Car., i.q. Bradock.
Browndeep, ? = bron dubh, black hill.
Browncelly, ? grove (celli) hill.
Brown Queen, Brownquin, white (gwyn) hill.
Browsue, ? black hill.
Browncwilly, = w. Brownwy, hill of watching, R.W.; highest (uhella) hill, J.B.; female (braun) attendant (giolla), gu., Beal.
Brownwithan, tree (gwiden) hill.
Bruin Close, rushes close.
Brun, B.m., brown; or, impetuous, t., F.
Brune, n.f., ? the same.
Brunnion, ? = brunnan, a rush.
Bryannick, ? = bruinic, a rushy
place; the place under the hill; rather, = pry an ick, the place of clay, Pr.; the hill (bre) by the (a'n) water (ick), M-L.

BRYANT, n.f., i.q. BRIEND.

BRYDON, clay (pry) hill (down), Pr.

BRYHER, o. BREHER, long (hir), or, eagle (er) hill (bre), N.

BRY, i.q. BRIN.

BRYTHAIL, v. B.m., i.q. BRITAIL.

BUCCAS MEADOW, scarecrows' meadow.

BUCY, i.q. Boudzie.

Buck, n.f., = boch, a he goat.

Bucka, ? cow (beuch) field (hay).

Bucka Borrow, ? scarecrow barrow.

Buckenver, ? great (weor) ridge (cein) house (bod).

Bucklesome, ? Buggle's home.

Buckerne, Nord., i.q. BOCARNE.

Bucklawren, ? fox (lowern) hole (voag).

Bucyton, n.f., ? cow (beuch) enclosure.

Budda, w. B.m., a messenger, t., F.

Buddle, n.f., ? budele, a beadle, t., Lo.*

Bude, a haven, Pr. (?)

Budeauxhead, n.f., St. Budeaux Point.

Budge, Budgell, n.f., dim. of boda, a messenger, t., F.

Budget, ? cow-house (boudzhi) gate (yet) [field].

Budic, s.B.m., victorious (buddic, w.).

Budla, ? house (bod) by the enclosure (lan).

Budnick Field, ? bunchy (bothan, B.) field.


Budock vean Wartha, higher little Budock.

Budy Barn, cow-house (beudy, w.) barn [field].

Bufton, ? ox close; or, i.q. BOO Town.

Buggel, o.n.f., ? = bugel, a shepherd or herdsman.

Buggin, n.f., = Bacon, H.; ? i.q. BOGAN.

Bugle, ? cow (beuch) hill.

Bulland, Bulleen, clay (pol) enclosure (lan), Pr.

Bullapit, ? the bulls' or clay pit.

Buller, n.f., a deceiver, f., Lo; ? = belour, a combatant, a.

Bullmore, n.f., ? great (maur) pool (pol).

Bullock, n.f., ? = blouch', without hair, a.

Bullreath, ? red (ryth) pool.

Buls, ? = Pillas.

Bulsebear, ? pillas or poor farm (bear).

Bulsworthy, ? bulls' field (weorthe, s.); or, i.q. BUSEWORGY.

Bumble, rock, ? from pumpal, a bubble, w.

Bunerdaik, ? = pen eru tec, fair field end.

Bunny, Buny, ? i.q. Bony.

Bungays, Bungs Park, ? cooper's (bynciar) close.

Bunkershill, ? cooper's hill.

Bunt, n.f., a swelling in a sail, &c., o.e.; or, i.q. Benet.

Burcombe, ? birch (bocer, s.) vale.

Burdown, o. Burdon, ? top (bar) of the down, or hill (down).

Burgered, ? d.d., ? city council (red, s.)

Burges, ? gois, ? goss, ? gus, i.q. BARGUS.

Burget, ? = parc yet, gate field.

Burchgear, reduplication of castle.

* Rather = Buddle-boy, he who attends to the washing away of the impurities from the tin ore that has been crushed in the stamping mill.

† Budock, byth'ick, oak haven, or, the border or skirt of the harbour, Pr.; from bech, a hut, cottage, or booth (w.), and ick, adjectival, or a creek, Ped. St. Budeaux, partly situated west of the Tamar, is also dedicated to St. Budocus, and is one of the very few parishes in Devonshire called after the patron saint.
BURGWALLANS, ? lower (gwalla) lambs’ (canes) field (parc).
BURINS, ?= parc canes, lambs’ close.
BURITON, (now Penzance), castle town, Po.
BURKEHAM, ? birch (beorc) border (ham), t.
BURKENHALL, ? birch moor or hill (hal).
BURLAND, ? top (bar) of the enclosure (la), or barley (bere) land, t.
BURLACE, BURLASE, i.q. Borlase.
BUR-LAWN, -lorne, ? fox (lewarn) hill (park).
B. Egllos, Burlawn by the church.
B. PELLOW, ? further (pella) Burlawn.
BURLEY, ? burdock pasture, t.
BURLOWENA, i.q. Barlowena.
BURMODON, ?= Abraham’s hill.
BURN, BURNA, BURNE, ?= burne, a stream, s.; or, bron, a hill.
BURNAWITHAN, i.q. BROWNWITHAN.
BURNCOON, ? down (goon) hill.
BURNCOOSE, the high or hill (bron) wood (cos), Pr.; ? wood hill.
BURNERE, ? i.q. BERNERI, d.d.
BURGULLA, -oe, -ow, ? lower (gwolla) hill.
BUR-ON, -ON, -DOWNS, the high downs, Pr.; ? top of the (bar an) downs.
BURN-UHALL, -EHALL, well (burne, s.) in or above (yue) the moor (hal), Pr.; ? high (whal) hill (bron).
BURNWELL, the same.
BURRECOT, ? barrow cottage.
BURRETON, ? barrow hill (dun).
BURROW BELLES, the far (pel), broad, or large (les), burrow or sepulchre, H.
BURROW GAVES, ? barrow outside (ves) the fence (ce).
BUR-ELL, -ILL, ? bar hal, top of the moor or hill.
BURREIDGE, ?= broad ridge, t.
BURRUPPA, i.q. Bareppa.
BURSUE, the black (zu) top, Pr.

BURSWILICK, i.q. Bosvellock.
BURT-HAY, -HY, ?= i.q. Bort Hay; or, bush (perth) enclosure.
BUR-THOG, -THOGGE, n.f., ?= the same.
BURTHY BREWING, i.q. Berthey Brune.
BURTHY ROW, ? Rowe’s, or, rough Burthy.
BURWELL, i.q. Burnuhall.
BURWIN, white (gwin) top (bar), Pr.
BURYAS, ? i.q. Praise.
BURY, i.q. BERRY. The tumulus, C.
BURY CAMP, castle or hill camp, t.
BURY PARK, castle close.
BUSALLOW, i.q. Boswallock.
BUSAVEAN, ? little house (bos).
BUCADJACK, ? dirty (cassie) house.
BUSCAVERRAN, i.q. Boscaverran; old house, Pr.
BUSCAREN, ? the same; or, i.q. Boscarne.
BUSCOLL, ? i.q. Boscolla; or, house by the hazels (coll).
BUSCREEGE, i.q. Boscreeg; the dwelling by the cross or barrow, Pr.
BUSCRIGGAN, i.q. Boscregan.
BUSHORNE, ? i.q. Bosorn.
BUSKEYS, ? shade (sees) close (parc).
BUSLOW, -ELLA, -SULLOW, -WALLOW, i.q. Boslow.
BUSS MEADOW, calf (buss, m.c.) meadow.
BUSAS HILL, ? hill where the urns (busa, m.c.) were found.
BUSSAWSICK, i.q. Bosausack.
BUSILLIAN, i.q. Bosullian.
Bussion, ? i.q. Bosow.
Bussy, ? i.q. Boudgie.
BUSTICK, ? i.q. Bosstick.
BUSTOW, ? i.q. Bosistow.
BUSVEAL, the calves’ house, Pr.; ? house on the bare hill, (= w. Bod y voel), R. W.
BUSVEAN, i.q. Bosvine.
BUSWAGE, ? i.q. Boswase.
BUSWARA, ? i.q. Boswartha.
BUSWASBER, ? Vosper’s house.
BUSWEDEN, i.q. Boswedden.
Busweega, ? i.q. Bosvisack, or, Bosvigo.

Busworalas, i.q. Bosworalas; house on the high (worth) green (glas), Pr.

Busworly, i.q. Bosworly; house above the river, Pr.

But-, Butt-Park, archery close.

Butris, ?i.q. Bacteress.

Butsava, i.q. Bosava.

Butcher's Field, ?i.q. Boudgie.

Buts-Ber, -pur, ? Butts farm (bere).

Butteraville, Butter's house; or, place where there is a view (willy), E.

Butterdon, i.q. Botterton; or, long (hir) house (bod) hill (dun).

Buttorn, ?i.q. Battern.

Butterwell, ?i.q. Butteraville.

Button, i.q. Button; or, = bod oon, down house.

The Butress, i.q. Butris.

The Butts, the place where archery was practised, J.M.

Butty, ?i.q. Budy.

Buzmawgan, i.q. Bosmawgan.

Buzza, n.f., = Bussa, or, Boudgie.

Buzzaral, i.q. Bosurrel.

Byerlee, n.f., ?i.q. Burley.

Byhnst, s.B.m., ?= Brychstan, bright stone, t.

Byrchtylym, s.B.m., ?i.q. Bretel.

Byrhtfloed, B.m., bright influence, t.

Byrhtgyvo, B.m., bright gift, t.

Cadeon Barrow, ? battle hill (dun) tumulus.

Cadon, Earl, warrior (cadwr, w.).

Cadon, ? bondwoman's down.

Cadson Bury, Cadson Castle.

Cadualant, t.d.d., = Cadwallon, war lord, Y.

Caduscot, ? battle-field (cad, w.) below (is) the wood (coat); or, bondwoman's cot.

Cadwin, pr. Caden, soldiers' hill, M'L.

Caer an Kledh, the camp with the ditch or trench, M'L.; (cedleth, left, north).

Caer Bran, crow village, Gw.; Brennus's Castle, Po.

Caerfoss, -fossou, -foza, -voza, camp with the foss or dyke, B.

Caer Gonin, Conon's castle or camp.

Caerguidn, white castle, B.

Caerheiz, barley village, Gw.

Caer Kief, companion castle, Wkh.; castle with ditch, M'L.

Caer Kynock, ? Caenog's (ce) castle.

Caer Laddon, ? broad (ledan), or bank (ladn) field (cae, w.).


Caernengrey, the grey rock (carn).

Caerthillian, ? the owl's (dylluan) corn.

Caffil Meadow, ? horse (cevil) meadow.

Cair, = caer, a camp, castle, city, village; or, care, the mountain ash.

Cairne Hay, corn or rock close.

Cairo, ?= caerau, the camps.

Cakeval, ? horse (cevil) close (cae, w.).

Caladdrick, ? Edrick's field (gweal); or watery (douric) fields (gwealow).

Calamansack, the hard (cal) stony place, or, the stony grove, (celli), Pr.

Cala-Mere, -meer, ? great (mear) field.

Calarth, ? high (arth) field.

Cal-Artha, -atha, ? higher field.

Calcuff, ? the smith's (gof) field.

Caldow, ?= cold down.
CAL-EDNA, -DNA, -ENDO, -ENNO, ?i.q. GwalezaDNAK.
CALEN-DRA, -DRY, old house (hendra) field; or = celin dre, holly house, R.W.
CALENICK, holly (celin) place; or, moist (lynic) enclosure (cae).
CALL, n.f., hard, flinty, obdurate, H.
CALLASE, ? green (glas) field.
CALLE-AN, -ON, ? lamb (eau) field.
CALL-EVAN, -EVAN, ? smooth (levan) field.
CALLIANG, ? = gweal an chy, field by the house.
CALLIAD, hard (cal) broad (les) oak, T.; ? broad field (gweal) with the dead stock of a tree (stoc).
CALLIBARRET, ? Barrett's grove.
CALLIBUDGIA, cowhouse (boudzhi) grove (celli), or field (gweal).
CALLIEND, ? grove land.
CALLIMAY POINT, from the Breton festival Kalamae, on the calanuds of May, N.; ? w. Calunmai, R.W.
CALLING, v. KELLITON, d.d. CAL-WETONE, (p.s. St. Mary), chapel (cil, H.), or, grove (celli, T.) town.
CALLIWTH, ? = w. Collwith, hazel grove, R.W.
CALSTOCK, d.d. Calestock, (p.s. St. Andrew, O.), hard stock or oak, Pr.
CALVADNACK, i.q. Golwednack.
CALVENOR, ? slaughter (ar) stone (maen) field.
CALVER MEADOW, ? great field (gweal veor), or, pigeon-house (culver) meadow.
CALVORRY, ? further (warra) field.
CALBEAK, crooked (can) point (pyg).
CAMBERDEN, Camperden, Welshman's fortification (dinas), N.
CAMBERDOWN, Welshman's hill or down.
CAMBLAN, Camb ALAN, Cam., for Cabm Alan.
CAMBORNE, o. CAMBRON, (c.d. St. Meriadocus, O.), crooked hill (bron). The crooked or arched burne or well, H.; crooked river (burne, s.), Nord.
C. VEAN, little Camborne.
C. VEOR, great Camborne.
CAMBRIDGE, crooked bridge, Pr.; ? bridge over the crooked [river]; o. CAMBROSE, ?= carn bras, great carn, T.C.
CAMEL FIELD, = camomile field.
CAMELFORD, the passage over the river Camel.
CAMERRANACE, i.q. Carmerrance.
CAMOEN, ? crooked down (oon).
CAMPASSUCK, i.q. Carnpessuck.
CAMPBELL, Camel, n.f., ? from the river, C.S.G.
CANAEKEY, i.q. Carnakey.
CANAJIDGEY, -ISSEY, -EGIE, St. Issey Creek, B. ? carn on St. Issey moor (hal).
CANÀ PARK, ? = Corner close.
CANARTHEN, i.q. Carnarththen.
CANDRA, ? white or singing town.
CANDROW, ? down (goon) of oak (deru).
CANE PARK, ? ridge (ein) close.
CANEAN, ? lamb (eau) rock (carn).
CANEDON, i.q. Carnedon.
CANENVOR, -ER, ? rock (carn) by the road (en vor).
CANGRA, -ARA, field (eru) ridge (cein), Ped.
CANNALLACK, i.q. Carnhallack.
CAN-HEWAS, -ILS, i.q. Carnhewas.
CANNHILL, ?i.q. Goonhilly.
CANN, n.f., ?=can, white; a song; a hundred; the full moon, Po.
CANN-ELIAS, -ILS, i.q. Carnellas.
CANNER PARK, ?= corner close.
CANNICK PARK, ? rocky (carnic) close.
CANNICOOSE, ? rock (carn) by the wood (cus).
CANNYGLASTE, i.q. Carnyglase.
CANODGEON, ox (udzheon) carn.
CAN ORCHARD, ? Orchard's down (goon), or, carn.
CANNEREH, deacon, w.B.m., ? singer (cantor) of merit (reth), F.B.
Cantgwineithen, Cantgethen, Can-
gueden, deacon, w.B.m., ? singer of prayer (gweydi, w.), F.B.
Cannworthy, i.q. Carnworthy.
Cara, n.f., = carrag, a rock, a stone; or, carow, a stag.
Carrac diu, black (du) rock.
Cara-close, -clouse, -clowze, -cluz, -glose, -gloze, -gluz, the grey (ludzh, Lh.) rock.
Cara clowse en cowse, "the hoare rock in the wood" (cuz), Car.*
Cara Croak, = carrac, i.e. the rock, a reduplication.
Caradjer, = caer-, carn-, or cae issa, lower castle or town, carn, or close.†
Caradocus, king, w. Caradwgr beloved.
Caradon, ? castle on the hill (duan).
Sheep (caor, ga.) hill, Beal. (o. Car-
nadon).
Caralla, ? lower (quella) close.
Caralva, ? Alva's c.
Carealla, -ella, -illa, ? lower c.; or, i.q. Caribilly.
Care-arrow, -urrow, -orro, ? higher (gwarra) c.
Carbeen, d.d. Carbyhan, little c.
Car-beele, -billy, a rock mentulae formae, Sc.; ? rock of Bel or the sun.
Carbiglett, ? shepherd's (bigel) gate (yet) close (cae).
Carbilly, ? Bel's castle, i.q. Blis-
ton.
Car-bis, -bos, -bus, rocky wood (bois, f.), or, house or castle (bos) of stone, Pr.
Carblake, ? priest's (belec, a.) town.
Carbonenellis, i.q. Carboneles.

Carbouling, ? Peulyn's (w.) c.
Carbowl, ? the pool (pol) c.
Carc, = carrac, a rock.
Carcarick, ? rock c.
Carclaze, grey (glas) rock (Pr.), or castle, Po.
Carclew, o. Crucglew, the barrow (cruc) with the ditch or fence, (cluth), Po.; the enclosure (?) of barrows, H.; the rocky-land (carrak) of the creek (loo), Ped.
Car-cow, -oe, ? barrows (crogwe). Camp of the warrior or dog (cu, ga.), Beal.
Car-dew, -du, black rock or castle, Pr.
Cardi-est, -east, ? c. of the witness (test).
Cardiggan, ? sack (tigan, B.) close.
Cardinann, n.f., Dinan's c.
Cardingham, Dinan's or Dinham's town; (p.s. St. Meubredus, O.).
Cardinney, ? hilly (dinnick) c.
Cardodan, ? the c. below (ddan).
Cardreavy, ? the c. of the house (tre) by the stream (gwy).
Cardrew, oak (deru), or Druids' c.
Cardwen, = gard wen, white garden, R.W.
Care, i.q. Caer.
Careg-loose, -looz, i.q. Carag-
loose.
Caregroyne, the seal (groyne) rock, Po.
Careg Tol, the holed rock, Bl.
Carenick, ? the rocky place.
Carew, n.f., = caerau, pl. of caer, a camp, castle, &c., R.W.‡

* Cara Cowz in Cloweze, given in "Carew's Survey" (fol. 154), is either a misprint, or a corruption, of Cara cloweze in Cowse, "the ancient name of Saint Michael's Mount," (fol. 8.).

† In the following names, when from want of sufficient knowledge with regard to the several places, it is doubtful whether Car stands for caer, carn, or cae (the Welsh equivalent of ce, "a hedge, enclosure," &c.), the abbreviation "c." is used.

‡ The name is pronounced Car-ew in Ireland; Ca-rew' in Devonshire; Ca'-rey in Cornwall and Wales. The old historian gives his patronymic a Norman origin,

"Carew of ancient Carew was, And Carew is a plowe.
"Romanes the trade, Frenchmen the word, I doe the name anowe."
CareWr-Ge, -ga, d.d., the c. on the water; i.q. Trewoorgy.

Carey, river, = carow, a stag, or, garw, rough.

Carefy, the camp on the hill (bre).

Car-gaal, -aul, -al, the holy castle, Pr. (d.d. Cargay).

Car-gall, -ollon, the enemies' (gallon, w.) c.

Car-gese, iower (isa) barrow (crug); or, i.q. Carkease, or, Carnkez.

Cargelly, grove (celli) c.

Cargellyo, the groves c.

Cargente, ? family (cenedel) barrow (crug).

Cargenwen, ? Kenwyn's c.

Cargerrack, ? rocky or higher (gurwith) c.

Cargibbet, the miser's (cybydd, w.) c.

Carglith, the veiled or concealed castle or town, ga., Beal; ? trench (clawd, w.), or, glutton's (gluthw, w.) c.

Cargrean, rock in the gravel (green), Sc.; sun (grian, ga.) rock, Beal.

Car-gurrell, court (cur) castle (caer) wall (gwall), Wh.

Car-hall-ack, -ick, -ock, moor (hal) castle port (ock), or, the rocky moor of oaks, Pr.; i.q. Carallack.

Carhlangives, ? castle of the gyves or fetters; or, i.q. Carnhangives.

Carharrack, the long (hir) rocky dwelling, Pr. ? further (gurwith) c.; or, i.q. Carcarick.

Carhart, ? high (drith) c.

Carhayes, the enclosed castle, Pr.; the barley (heiz) village, Gw.

Carick Roads, rock roadstead.

Carick Starne, saddle (ysharn, w.) rock, N.

Caric-on, -one, ? rock (carrac) on the down (gwyn).

Carin Croft, ? carn croft.

Carines, ? lambs' (eanes) c.

Carinna, ? castle on the promontory (rhyn).

Carieway, ? David's (Dewi) close.

Carkease, iower (isa) rock (carrag).

Carkeek, ? look out c. (geek, to peep, m.c.).

Carkeel, ? i.q. Carbeele, Sc.; i.q. leech (gel) c.

Carkeen, ? St. Keyne's c.; or, lamb's (can) rock.

Cark-eet, -eit, n.f., i.q. Gurcaeth. (careath, a ray fish; gurcaeth, a prisoner).

Carkeval, ? horse (cevil) c.; or, St. Eval's rock.

Carkew, i.q. Carcow.

Carland, ? thec. of the enclosure (lan).

Carlanick, -innick, i.q. Calenick, or, = kea linec, a field of flax, Pr.

Car-lean, -een, -ine, -ion, ? i.q. Caerleon; or, = celyn, holly.

Carlennow, ? linen clothes (lennow) field; ? the c. of the learned (llen, learning), R.W.

Carlerrick, ? the c. of the lunatic (loerg, w.), or, of Lleurwg, w.

Carlescas, ? the burnt (leskys) c.

Car-lidden, -leddon, the broad (ledan) carn.

Carligga, ? i.q. Clighar.

Carlow Rocks, ? the martin (carlo, o.n.) rocks.

Carloggas, ? mice or rats' (loggus) c.

Carloose, grey (hudsh) rock, Pr.

Carlyon, o. Caer Lyghon, the camp (caer) place (le) on the downs (on = gwyn), M'L.

Carmailoc, cent. 11, Mailoc's c.

Carmeal Ball, "a honey (mel) hill of the beneficall worke," Nord.

Carmellow Rock, i.q. Carmailoc.

Carmelor, ? Meilyr's (w.) c.

Carmerrance, ? the c. of death (mennus).

Carminnis, i.q. Carnminnis.

Carm-innow, -ennow, little (minow) city, Pr.; the monks' (menech) castle, T.Q.C.; the rock hill (me nedh), H.; a rock immoveable, Sc.

Carn, Carne, rock, rocky place, natural pile of rocks.

Carn-abeggas, -beggas, bush (bagas) carn.
Carnacanow, ? Caenog's (w.) c.arn.
Carnadnes, St. Agnes c.arn, or c.arn of warning, protection (adnes, w.), N.
Carnadon, ? rocky hill (dun).
Carna-gwidden, guidden, the white (gwidn) c.arn. (K.arnawethan, the tree c.arn, B.)
Carn Aire, the inner point, or c.arn of slaughter, Bl. ; ? long (hir) c.arn.
Carna-key, ? c.arn by the hedge (ce), or, of the spirit (nuggage).
Carna-mina, ? i.q., Carnminnow.
Carn an Peal, the spire rock, B.
Carnans, ? lambs' (eanes) c.arn.
Carnanton, rock (carn) valley (nans) town, H. ; ? i.q., Carnadon.
Carna-then, ? c.arn on the hill (ar dun) ; or, Arthen's (w.) c.arn.
Carnbargas, ? c.arn at the end (pen) of the wood (c.us).
Carnbargas, kite's (bargus) c.arn.
Carn Barra, ? loaf (bara), or, higher (gwarra) c.arn.
Carnbeak, ? c.arn promontory (pigg, w.).
Carnbin, ? little (bihan) c.arn.
Carn-boneles, -bonelles, -bonels, ? the son-in-law's (els) or, green moor (hal las) down-house (bo oon) c.arn.
Carn Brone, the crow (bran) c.arn.
C. Bras, -brose, big (bras) c.arn.
Carnbrea, Le. Carnbray, the mountain (bre) rock, Po. ; ? caer an bre, the castle on the hill ; or, i.q., Macpherson's "carn-crowned hill."
Carnbury-anack, the still, quiet (anach) spar stone's (carn) grave or burying place, H. (Sec. Bryannick).
Carn Cavas, ? c.arn outside (ves) the hedge (ce) ; or, dirty (cawys) c.arn.
Carn Clew, ? c.arn of light (golec, w.).
Carn-clog, -clougy, the c.arn of hard rock, Bl.
Carn-craw, ? c.arn of the banshea (craevagh, i.).
Carn Creaght, the crying c.arn, Bl.
C. Creiz, the middle (crez) c.arn.
C. Crouse, ? the cross (croes) c.arn.
Carn deu, ? south (dehu) c.arn.
Carn-dew, -du, black (du) c.arn.
Carn-drose, ? c.arn of the boast (terros).
Carn-ebin, little (bihan) c.arn.
Carna-bin, ? down-house (bo oon) c.arn.
Carnedon, the rocky hill, T.
Carneg-an, -on, ? c.arn on the downs (goon).
Carneggo, ? the smith's (gof) c.arn.
Carna-ggy, -gie, ? the inside (agy) c.arn.
Carneglos, the grey (glas), or church (eglos) c.arn.
Carnego, ? c.arn of blood (gos).
Carna-guiden, i.q., Carnaguiden.
Carna Hallow, ? rock moors (hallow).
Carnellan, ? elm tree (ellan, Pr.) c.arn.
Carnell-a, -ow, ? c.arn by the moors.
Carnellas, ? green-moor (hal las), or, church (eglos) c.arn.
Carnels, the same ; or, son-in-law's (els) c.arn.
Carnemog, the pigs' (moch) c.arn.
Carnentral, ? the c.arn in the middle (hanter) of the moor (hal).
Carn Enys, island (enys) c.arn ; or, lambs' (eanes) c.
Carn-ethen, -thin, the birds' (ed-then) c.arn.
Carneton, i.q., Carnadon.
Carnervias, ? outside (ves) the long (hir) c.arn.
Carn Eval, ? St. Eval's, or, the bald (y voel, w.) c.arn.
Carna Warra Carne, the rocky waste about the higher c.arn.
Carna Wartha, the higher c.arn.
Carn Ewas, ? the c.arn of desire (yeues).
C. Frankas, the crow (bran) c.arn in the wood (c. us), T. C.
C. Gla-se, -ze, the green or blue stone, or, grey rock, Pr.
C. Goleua, rock of lights, B.
C. Golla, ? lower (gwollu) cairn.
Carngean, the rock or altar of the sun (grian, ga.), Beal.
Carn-geeb, -grieba, the rock like a bird's crest or comb (crib), Bl.
Carn-gress, -creese, i.q. C. Creiz.
Carn grey Rock, grey rock cairn.
Carn-gurtha, higher (gwartha) cairn.
Carn-hale, Carnhaut, Carnhingey, Carnhoar, Carnick.
Carniddris, Carnifriars, Carninous, Carninney, Carnithin,
Carnkie, Carnkiefs, i.q. Carnkie.
Carn - Lea, - Leih, the group of flat rocks, North. ? lesser (le) cairn.
C. Lehan, flat rocks (lechau) cairn.
Carnlesboel, ? ? the broad (les) cairn by the ox-cliff (bunall, w.).
Carnleskys, the rock of burnings, B.
Carnloge, the calf's (loch) cairn.
Carnlusack, i.q. Carnleskys.
Carnmannal, i.q. Carvannal.
Carn-marth,† open rock, C.
Carnmeal, honey (mel), or, Michael's cairn.
Carn-mear, -meor, great cairn.
Carnmearse, ? the moon (misor, Mur.) cairn.
Carnmellyn, yellow (melyn), or, mill (melin) cairn.
Carnmen, ? kids' (min) cairn.
Carnmenellis, ? green (glas), or, broad (les) moor (hal) stone enclosure (maen hay) cairn.
Carnmorval, whale (morvil) cairn, N.
Carn Murr, the rock frequented by the sea bird "murr," Woodley.
C. Near, = cairn hir, long cairn.
C. Niegan, twenty (ugain, w.) rocks, C.
C. Olva, cairn at the head of the beach, Bl. (olva, lamentation).
Carnon, ? cairn on the downs (oon); or, rock downs.
Carnorul, rough (harow) cairn; or, cairn on the slope (rhiw, w.).
Carnparee, ? i.q. Carnbre. A quantity or heap of rocks, (parre, w., a flock), C.

*Carn Keni-dzheek, -jack, according to some; rendered "the head indented, notched, or jagged (kenneagach, ga.) cairn," Beal; "the ridge or head (kean) of the flying (nedga) serpent (hac)," Buller. An old west-countryman, whose family (including himself) always prided itself on keeping up the meaning of Cornish names, makes it "the cairn of the nineteen (naunsac) dogs (cei)," T.C.

† ? i.q. Chenmerch, d.d.; Norden has "Kern-marsh Beacon or Carn marigh, signifyinge rocke wher horses (merch) shelter"; Whitaker, "the knight's (marhek) cairn or barrow"; Polwhele, "the cairn at the boundary (meare, s., mars, w.). Merch is also "daughter," c.
Carn-passack, -pessack, Easter (pose) carn. (Pesach, rotten).
Carn Pope, Pope's carn; pob, to bake.
C. Prior, the prior's carn.
C. Raw, Ralph's, or, the rough carn.
C. Ros, the carn of heathe or moss, Bl.
C. Scathe, the boat carn, Bl.
Carnsew, black or bream rock, Pr.; the dry (sew, m.c.) carn, Bot.
Carnsmerry, St. Mary's carn; or, Carne's miry hay or close.
Carn sper-n, -nac, bramble carn, C.
Carn-sullan, -sulan, Sulcan's (s.B.m.), or, Sulien's (w.s.) carn; = Bellevue, prospect rock, C.
Carnsworth, Carn-sullan, Carnsmerry, Carn-carrellowe, Carn-carraton, Carn-carran, Carn-carrack, Carn-Mellyn.
Carn-tonnen, the little hill (tomen) with the heap of rocks, Heath.
C. Tork, loft-like (lorth, w.) carn, Bl. (torch, a hog, w.; torch, a collar, w.).
C. Tyer, thatcher's carn. Spar stone (carn) land (tir), H.
C. Uny, St. Uny's carn.
Carnvassack, outside rock, Bl.
Carnventon, well (fenton) carn.
Carnvaseslen, the carn outside (ves) the enclosure (lan), T.C. (mesian, a mastiff).
Carnview, cow (beuch), or, look-out carn.
Carnvoel, i.q. Carn Evall.
Carn-vorth, -y vorth, ship (aorth, ga.) carn, Beal.
Carnvres, rock of judgment (bres), Buller.
C. Watch, look-out carn.
Carn-weather, -worthy, further (wartha) carn.
Carn-whidden, -wythan, -y with- an, the tree (gweithan), or, white (gwiden) carn.
Carnwinn-eck, -ick, boggy carn.
Carnwynnen, Gwynen's (w.s.) carn.
Carnyorth, i.q. Carnworth; carn of the bear (orth), Buller.
Carn y Vellan, i.q. Carn Mellyn.
Carn y Verth, hawthorn (frith) carn.
Caroe, i.q. Cairo or Cara.
Caron meadow, rock meadow.
Carpalloe, calf's house (bon loch), or, further (pella) c.
Carpenter, the c. on the headland, (pen tyr).
Carpuan, little (bihan) c.
Carrack an loar, moon (loer) rock.
Carrackdyes, sheep or tongue (deuis) rock. Black rocks, C.
Carrack Gladden, broad (ledan), or brink or edge (glan) rock, C.
Carracks, rocks, Bl.
Carra Ground, rock (carag) land.
Carran Carraw, stag (carow) carn.
Carraton, i.q. Caradon.
Carraw, brook (carrog) [field].
Carrenan, lamb's (eon) c.
Carr-eas, -ies, lower (isa) c.; or, i.q. Carines.
Carrellowe, c. on the moors (hal-low); or, i.q. Caralla.
Carrenack, rocky [piece].
Carrenver, c. by the road (an vor).
Carrick Calys, the submerged or lost (collys) rock; (calys, hard).
C. -dew, -dheuw, i.q. Carac diu.
C. Cloose, i.q. Caraclose.
C. Howell, Owl, high (uhal), or, Howell's rock.
Carricknath, bare (noth) rock.
Carrig Gonnvon, white stones, B.
Carr-ine, -ion, i.q. Carrean.
Carrines, rock island (enys); or, island city or castle, Pr.; i.q. Carninous.
Carrivick, Herwig's (t.) c.
Carrock Goal, moor (hal) rock; or, i.q. Cargaul.
Carroget, Argwedds's (w.) c.
Carruan, rocky river; or, castle on the river (auv), Pr. Iuan, = Roman, Po.; St. Ramon, C.
Carraigloose, i.q. Caraclose.
Carrawsen, the Saxons' camp.
Car scain, sedge (hesken) moor (cors), or c.
Carsella, d. d. Karsalan, a moor of the sun (haul) enclosure (lan), M-L. Stone of the view, (sula, w.), C.

Carsewes, ? outside (res) the dry (sech) c.

Car silhouette, rocky (carn) river (gwy) or house (chy) in open view (sul), Pr.; ? rocking (siglam) stone, C.

Carsize, ? Saxon's (sais) camp.

Carskilling, ? holly (kelinick) moor (cors); secluded rock, C.

Carsleywye, rock reflecting light, or, very bright, C.

Carsullan, ? i.q. Carselfa.

Cartathra, ? higher (artha) enclosure (garth, w.).

Carthamathra, rock over the Tamar river, C.

Carthwe, black (dhu) rock, Gw.

Carthion, ? John's enclosure.

Carthvean, little (bikan) enclosure.

Cartowl, ? the devil's (dined) c.

Cartreeve, ? rock of dwelling, C.

Cartuther, ? Tudor's c.

Carvabun, ? Mabin's (w.) c.

Carvaen, stone (maen) fort; or, i.q.

Carwen, white castle, T.Q.C.

Cary-valack, o.-valgh, -volgh, the castle with the deep trench, Po.; ? woolack, lower.

Carvanal, broom (banal) c.

Broomy place among the rocks, Pr.

Carvarth, -vath, the high (warth) castle, Pr.; varth, splendour, C.

Carvean, o.-vihan, d.d. -bihan, little camp; or marsh, Wh.

Carvedras, -vedras, ? wethers sheep (gewedhares) c.

Car-veer, -veor, great marsh or c.

Carvedra, ? castle of cunning or subtlety (feldra), C.

Carvenner, ? long-stone (menhir) crafth.

Carverth, the green (verth) place, Pr.; flat or sunk-in rock, C.

Carvery, i.q. Carfury.

Carveth, city (caer) grave (beth), or, castle burying place, Pr.

Carvynick, -ack, stony (maenick) town, B.W.*

Carvolth, ? Walloth's (w.B.m.) town. Malletha, to curse; emladhe, to kill one's self.

Carworry, ? stone of direction; (forry, to shew the way), C.

Car-vossa, -vossow, -vowsa, -voza, the intrenched castle, Pr.

Carwalsick, ? Wulsige's (B.m.) c.

Carwarthen, the c. on (-war) the hill (duw).

Carwedras, i.q. Carvedras.

Car-wen, -win, -wyn, white, fair, good, or advantageously situated camp, T.Q.C. White rocks, C.

Carwick, ? creek (gwic) c.; or, i.q.

Carwythenick, or, Carwinnick.

Carwine, i.q. Carvean, or Carwen.

Carwinen, -ian, -in, -ion, i.q. Carwen; or, white (gwyn) c. on the downs (oon).

Carwinnick, the dwelling on the marsh, Pr.; ? i.q. Carvinnick.

Carwithen, the c. by the tree (gewden).

Carwither, ? Uther's c.

Carwoll-en, -on, ? the high (what) c. on the downs (oon).

Carworgy, i.q. Carewrge.

Carwythenick, the castle in a woody place, Pr.

Carybulllock, = caer bulch, prince's town or enclosure, T.”

Caryquoit, quit-shaped rocks;

* The city, dwelling (caer), or stony (carn) marsh (winnick), Pr.; the rock (carn) spring, or fountain (fentou), leat, or rivulet of water (ike), H. Sharp-edged rock, C.

† Tonkin adopted this from Baxter, having previously rendered the name “the intrenched (boll) enclosure (caer) on the river (ick). Carew, fol. 115, tells us this was once a deer-park of the dukes; but “now it hath lost its qualitie through exchanging Deere for Bullocke.” See D.G., iv, 8.—Bullock = bulch, w., a pass, a ravine, C.
or = car y coedau, w., the rock in the woods, C.

CARZANTICK, sacred (santie) rock, C.
CASPARD, ? wood part (parth).
CASSACA-DDEN, -WEN, ? elder tree (seawen) wood (cus). The trench (cuy, w.) of the battle-field (cad-vo), C.
CASSLAKE, willow (helak) wood (cus) or marsh (cors).
CASTALLACK, castle place.
CASTEL AN DINAS, a reduplication.*
CASTERIL-LS, -LIS, ? wood (cus) land (hir) by the green-moor (hal las).
CASTIEC, ? Usteg’s enclosure (cae).
CASTILLEY, ? Tilley’s wood or marsh.
CASTLE ANOWTHAN, the new (noweth) castle.
C. BEAN, little (bihan) castle.
C. BROSE, great (bras) castle.
C. BURY, a reduplication; or, hill (bre) castle.
C. CAERTH, ? high (arth) enclosure (cae) castle.
C. CARNUIACK, see CARNIDZHEK.
C. CAYLE, ? see CAYLE.
C. COFFER, ? rivulet (gover) or goat (goivar) castle.
C. COMBRIA, ? hill (bre) comb castle.
C. DOOR, -DORE, -DOAR, castle by the water (dour).
C. FUST, club or mace (fust) castle.
C. GOFF, -GOUGH, the smith’s (gof) castle.
C. GOTHIA, -GOTHEA, castle surrounded by woods (coedau), M’L.
C. HAY, castle close.
C. HEWES, ? outside (ves) castle close.
C. HORNECK, the iron (haiarn) castle, Pr.; corner (horn) castle, Wh.
C. KAER KIEF, i.q. CAER KIEF.
C. KEYNOCK, KINNICK, CANYKE, CANOCK, &c., king’s castle, H.; ? Cyanoc’s castle.
C. -KILLY BIRY, -KELLY BURY, grove (celli) castle, (redup.).
C. MAWGAN, MAWGAN’s castle.
C. MENN-ACK, -ECK, the castle on the hill (pen) near the water (ick), M’L.; ? monks’ or stony castle, R.W.
C. PENCAYRE, ? head (pen) camp (caer) castle.
C. SCUDDICK, = LESCUDJACK castle.
C. TERRIBLE, treble walled castle.
C. VEEAN, i.q. CASTLE BEAN.
C. WARY, -WERRY, -WHARRY, castle on (war) the river (gwyv), M’L.
CASTLEWITCH, ? i.q. CASTLE Hewes.
CASTLEZANCE, holy (sans) castle.
CATA-CLEW, -CLUSE, corruption of CARACLOWSE.
CATACOMBE, ? wood (coat) vale.
CATCH, ? = cae issa, lower close.
CATCHER, ? long (hir) Catch; or daisy (gojah, B.) [field].
CATCHFRENCH, = cadge frys, the prince’s enclosure, Wh.; = f. chasse franche, free chase or warren, E.
CATGUSTEL, i.q. S.B.m., war (cad) pledge (guistel).
CATIN, m.s. Worthyvale, = Cadvan, war horn, Y.
CATSTON BURY, i.q. CADSON; ? war hill castle. Camp down barrow, C.
CATTEBEDREN, w., cad y bedren, battle burying place, C.
CATTICOOMBE, i.q. CATACOMBE.
CATUTIC, S.B.m. i.q. QUETHIOCK; or victorious (budic) battle (cad).
CAUNCE, CAUSE, the causeway.
CAUSELAND, ? moor (cors) land.
CAUSEWELL, i.q. by the causeway.
CAUTRELL, ? wood (coat) on (ar) the moor (hal).

* CASTELLAN DENIS or DANIS, the camp of the Danes, Car., Cam.; Tonkin has CASTLE CAER DANE; Whitaker suggests Castle on the hill (dun); Norden, the isolated castle, made by its ditch like an island (Castle en Inis). DINAS might be din enys, island fortress. Some make Castle to be a fortification of stone, dinas of earth.
Cavarah, ? higher (gwartha) close (ce).
Caveldra, i.q. Carveldra.
Caverlo, ? close (ce) over (war) the pool (lo).
Cavewednack, ? = ce wednac, white close.
Cavil close, ? horse (cevil) close.
Cavinack, i.q. Carvinack.
Cawder, ? = w., coed deru, oakwood.
Cawespark, ? causeway (coanse, m.c.) close.
Caweth, i.q. Carverth; or, Carveth, (? stone grave, C.).
Cawsgortha, ? higher (gwartha) wood (cuz).
Cawsawn, i.q. Coswinsawsen.
Caye, ? castle (eav) on the Hayle.
Cayse, i.q. Caase.
CAZEHILL, ? wood (cois) hill.
CEENGULED, s.B.m., ? feast (guledh) supper (cean).
Cengar, s.B.m., ? jewel (cein) of a friend (car).
Cenhuide, s.B.m., ? whelp (cyn) of scent (huadl), C.
Cenmynoc, B.m., ? chief (eyn) monk (manach).
Cenwyn, presbiter B.m., ? jewel of a mouth (meyn, v.).
CENT-ry, -ury, i.q. Sanctuary.
Chacewater, ? hunting ground by the stream; (e.d. St. Paul.)
Chair Ladder, ? redup. of cliff (scar, t.; ladr, k).
Challacombe, the valley of jaw-bones (challos), Pr.
Chall-acot, -cot, the cottage near the shed where kine are housed (chal, T.Q.C.).
Chall park, ? kine house close.
Champernowne, n.f., = Arnulph’s field (champ, f.).
Channel Croft, moor house (chy an hal) croft.
Chapel Amble, the dull, blockish, or ignorant chapel, H. See Amble.
C. an Crouse, chapel of the cross.
C.-an Gadgar, -Engarder, ? the pirate’s (ancredour) chapel.

C. Anjew, the ruined (andwy) chapel, C.
C. Aunger, hermit’s (uncar) chapel.
C. Carne Bray, Carne Brea with the chapel on it.
C. Hayes, chapel fields.
C.-Idne, -Jane, the narrow chapel, H.
C. Uny, St. Ewinus’ chapel.
C. Widden, ? little (vidn = vean) chapel. Whitechapel, C.
Charatón, Chariton, = cor y don, rocky down, C.; or, play (choary) hill.
Chark, ? cinder; or, i.q. Chork.
Charlack Croft, wild mustard croft.
Charleton, i.q. Charlestown, or, the church’s (eord, s.) enclosure.
Chaumond, n.f., = De calvo monte, of the bare hill, Car.
Chaypole, ? house (chy) by the pool (pol); or = chapel.
Cheater, ? house by the tor.
Checoose, wood (cuz) house.
Checough, house of blood (gudzh).
Cheddun, i.q. Chytane.
Cheddon, house in the lay field.
Cheesewring, pile of rocks like a cheese- (or cider, C.) press; (choarion, games), B.
Chefrye, house on the hill (ere).
Chegander, ? higher (gwartha) house; gardun (gardda) house, C.
Chegenter, ? nail (center) house.
Che-gwidden, -Gwin, white house.
Chei, d.d., ? enclosure (hay) house.
Chelean, linen (lín) house.
Chelenoch, d.d., i.q. Calenick.
Chellew, house in the lew or shelter, Bot.
Chelten, under (tan) moor (hal) house.
Chen-all, -hale, -hall, house by the moor (an hal); (heyle, river, C.).
Chenduit, ? David’s old (hen) house.
Cheneathro, ? house on the rough (raw) heath (heyth).
Cheney, ? = Chy an hay, house in the enclosure.
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<tr>
<th><strong>CHE</strong></th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CHENGWERTH, house in the green (gwyrdh) field.</td>
<td>CHILCOT, n.f., i.q. CHILCOIT, d.d.; = Colquite.</td>
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<tr>
<td>CHENISI, t.d.d., = censia, the first.</td>
<td>CHILDENNY, house on the hilly (dennick) moor (hal).</td>
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<td>CHE-NOWATH, -NOWAH, -NOWTH, i.q. CHYNOWETH.</td>
<td>CHILLWORY, ? grove (celli) on (war) the river (gwy).</td>
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<td>CHENOWEN, house on the downs (an oon); new (nowen) house, C.</td>
<td>CHILLIEN, ? linen (lin) house.</td>
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<td>CHENGWENS, = chy an guens, the windy house.</td>
<td>CHILLOWBETT, ? Chilow by the pit or grave (beth).</td>
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<tr>
<td>CHENTON, hill (dun) house; or, house on the lay.</td>
<td>CHILLY WILLY WATTLE BOROUGH, t.b., ? grove (cilli) field (gweal) refuse (attle) heap (burrow), T.C.</td>
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<tr>
<td>CHERSEASE, middle (crez) house.</td>
<td>CHILS-WORTH, -WORTHY, ? children's settlements, or, homestead for the husbandmen (ceorles, s.), Beul.</td>
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<td>CHERREREEN, house on the hill (rhyrn).</td>
<td>CHIMDER, ? reaper's (meder) house.</td>
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<td>CHERGWIDDEN, -GWIN, ? white long (hir) house; or = CHEGWIDDEN.</td>
<td>CHINESTAN, t.d.d., ? = jewel (cein) stone, t. Tin (ystean) house, C.</td>
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<td>CHESEWARN, lower (isa) house by the marsh (gwerp).</td>
<td>CHING PARK, white house (chy wyn) close, C.</td>
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<td>CHES-TEWAY, -TEWI, ? David's (Devñ) lower (isa) house.</td>
<td>CHINGWITH, house by the trees (geweth).</td>
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<td>CHETAN, i.q. CHYTANE.</td>
<td>CHINHALE, house by the river (heyld), C., or, on the moor or hill (hul).</td>
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<td>CHE-TOADN, -TODDEN, i.q. CHENTON. Toad's house, or h. on the hill, Pr.</td>
<td>CHIN-HALS, -ALS, house on the cliff (als).</td>
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<td>CHEVA field, i.q. Park skebeer.</td>
<td>CHINOAN, i.q. CHENOWEN.</td>
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<td>CHEVELAH, = chy vaela, house of trade, i.e. the shop, C.</td>
<td>CHINVY, ? house by the river (gwy).</td>
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<td>CHEVYTODDEN, ? barn (skeber) lay or unploughed field (todn).</td>
<td>CHIOWNE, CHOON, = chygwoon, down house.</td>
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<td>CHEYNEY, i.q. CHENEY.</td>
<td>CHIP Park, sheep close.</td>
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<td>CHEYNOY, ? nephews' (noi) house; or, i.q. CHENOWETH.</td>
<td>CHIPPER CLOSE, i.q. Park Skeber.</td>
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<td>CHIB FIELD, = sheep field.</td>
<td>CHIPPONDS, ? house by the bridge (pons).</td>
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<td>CHIBRAGGED, house of metheglin (braggad), T.C.</td>
<td>CHIPYE, ? magpie (pia, w.) house.</td>
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<td>CHICKEMBA, CHIKEMBA, = chyceam bre, house of crooked hilltop, C.</td>
<td>CHIRGWIDDEN, -GWIN, -GWYN, white long (hir) house; or, chir = chi.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHIDA, t.d.d., = Ceadda, war.</td>
<td>CHIRON WARTH, higher long down house; or = chy an wartha, the higher house.</td>
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<tr>
<td>CHIDOW, ? house by the water (dour).</td>
<td>CHISEL PARK, low (isal) house close.</td>
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<tr>
<td>CHIÆLOW, cell, or house, by the lake (lo), Pr. i.q. CHELLEW.</td>
<td>CHITODDEN, i.q. CHETOADN.</td>
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<tr>
<td>CHIENGWEAL, CHINGWEAL, house in the field (gweal).</td>
<td>CHITOL, house by the hole (tol), C.</td>
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<tr>
<td>CHIGOOLIN, ? house in the little field (gweal veun).</td>
<td>CHIVERTON, house upon (war) the hill (dun), Pr.; green (gwyrdh, w.)</td>
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<tr>
<td>CHILBROOK, ? grove (cilli) by the brook</td>
<td>CHILCHESTONE, d.d., i.q. KILKHAMPTON.</td>
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lay (ton), Gw.; (ton = down, C.).
CHIVILAS, house in the green field (gweal las).
CHIVORLOE, house over (war) the pool (lo), or, by the great (veor) pool, Pr.
CHOL, house on the moor or hill (hal); or, kine house (chall).
CHOLLOW, house by the moors (hallow).
CHOLWATER, higher (wartha) Chol; or, Chol stream.
CHOONS, house by the (isa) down house.
CHORI, d.d., = choary, a game.
CHORK, roebuck's (iorch) house.
CHORLEY, n.f., &darnel (jure, Po.) field.
CHOOSE Field, Joe's field.
CHOUGH Rock, daw or Cornish through rock.
CHRISTANE, middle (creis) under (tan) [field].
CHUBACOMBE, Chub's vale.
CHUB, n.f., house in the opening (hop, m.c.).
CHUDLEY, n.f., war (chad) pasture.
CHUNE, i.q. CHIOWNE.
CHURCH, church-yard or close.
CHURCHTOWN, village by the church.
CHUREEN, games (choarion); or, house on the hill side (rhyin).
CHURN Park, games' close.
CHYANCHEY, house by the house, R.H.
CHYANDAOUXE, dance or castle (dinas) house.
CHYANDROUR, house by the waterside (dour), Po.
CHYANGWENS, windy (gweans) house.
CHY-ANHALL, ENHALL, house on the moor (hal).
CHYAN NANCE, house in the vale (nans).
CHYANNOIR, the ram's (hor) house, Lh.
CHYANWHEAL, house by the work or mine (wheil).
CHYBARLEES, house on the high (warth) green (las), Pr.
CHYBARRAT, Barrat's house.
CHYDILLY, Bellis', or, the colts' (ebill) house.

CHYBUCKA, the cows' cot, Pr.; the haunted house (bucca, a spirit).
CHY-CARN-DRA, -DRA, house of the singing (can) town (tre), Po.; candre, white or bright village, C.
CHYCARNE, the stone house, or; on a rock, Pr. Rock House.
CHYCADRE, i.q. CHYCARDRA, Po.
CHYCOLL, house by the hazels (coll, w.)
CHY-COOSE, -COISE, -NCOISE, wood (cum) house.
CHYDOW, house by the water (dour); the house of the scold (dow), T.C.
CHYENDOURL, Weeths, Chyendour border fields or trees; (i gwydd, wild, untilled, w.).
CHYFONS, bridge (pons) house.
CHYGAYOWAN, John's down (goon) house; i.q. TREGAJORN, J. Ca.
CHYGARDER, fiddler's (crowder) house.
CHYGARKIE, house by the low hedge (gurgoey, m.c.); or, Gwrgi's (w.) house.
CHYGRIOUS, cross (eros) house.
CHYGWIDDEN, white house.
CHYHEIRA, battlefield (heiru) house.
CHYJAH, lower (isa) house.
CHY-KEMBO, KEMBRA, house of the Briton, B.; i.q. CHICKEMBRA.
CHYLAN, enclosure (lan) house.
CHYLAS-ON, SON, house on the green downs (glas oon).
CHYMBOLO, Embla's (t.) house.
CHYMDER, i.q. CHIMDER.
CHYMOW, the hogs' (mogh) house.
CHYN-ALE, HALE, i.q. CHINHALE.
CHYNANCE, i.q. CHYAN NANCE.
CHYNEEDY, the great (ethy) house.
CHYOSISTER, i.q. CHYSAUER.
CHYOON, i.q. CHIOWNE.
CHYPIT, pit or grave (beth) house.
CHYPRENS, bridge house.
CHYPRASE, meadow (pras) house.
CHYRANCHY, the place of the breach, the house by, or rather, over against (ar), the house, R.H.
CHY-REASE, -REASE, the middle house, Gw.
CHYRENEE Warra, higher (wartha) house on the hill (rhyn).
CHYROSE, heath (ros) house.
CHYS-AUSTER, -oister, heap- (sawch, w.) shaped (i.e. bee hive) houses, C.; dwellings on the south, Bl.; house of lodging (ostia), B.
CHYSHORE, ? sister's (hoar) lower (isa) house.
CHYTANE, lower house, Pr. (tan, under). ? Fire (tan) house, R.W.
CHYTRYAN, a house of cob or clay (pryan) walls, Pa.; (tryan, a third part, R.W.); ? house of homestead, C.
CHYVARTON, i.q. Chiverton.
CHYVAVIAN, ? Peiban's (w.) house.
CHYVELIN, mill (melin) house.
CHYVERANS, ? crows' (branes, w.) house.
CHYVOAGE, -vogue, house in the hollow or by the cave (vug).
CHYVOUNDER, house in the lane (bounder).
CHYWEDNACK, white (gwednack) house.
CHYWH-ELA, -eela, house in the fields (gwealow).
CHYWITTA, ? the widow's (gwetho) house.
CHYWWOON, down (gwon) house.
CIIRUSUIS, m.s. Fowey, = Kerus, beloved, Ped.
CLAH-AR, -air, ?= i.q. Clare.
CLAM-, CLAMP-, CLAN-PARK, ? close with the foot bridge; ?= llam, w., a leap, a stride.
CLAMPITS, ? the holes near the foot bridge.
CLAN, CLAUN, ?= w. llan, an enclosure; or, glan, a bank. A foot bridge, T.Q.C.
CLANDICE CLOSE, ? stack (disce, B.) close (llan, w.).
CLAPER PARK, ?? mire (clabar) close (parc).
CLAPPER Rocks, humpy rocks, C.; (clapier, to speak, Pr.).
CLARE, i.q. CLEGHAR.
CLARKENWATER, CLERKANWATER, ? the parson's stream, t.
CLEASE, CLEEEESE, ? lower (isa) field (gweal).
CLEATHER, n.f., from St. CLEATHER.
CLEAVE, CLEEEVE, the cliff.
THE CLEDE, ? the trench (cledh).
CLEEST, ? east (est) field (gweal).
CLEGHAR, = clegar, a rock, cliff.
CLELAR, Ilar's (w.) field.
CLEMOWE, n.f., = Clement.
CLENCH ZAWN, ? cave (zawn) into which the tide flows, (clench, to flow in), C.
CLEN-ICK, -nick, i.q. CALENICK.
CLENICOME, CLINCOMBE, holly (celinie) vale.
CLEVENNER, -long-stone (menhir) field.
CLEW, ? grey (lwyd, w.) [rock].
CLEWIS FIELD, ? GLUIS's field.
CLIAS, CLIES, CLYES, CLIJAH, a walled fence, Bot.
CLIDDERN, ? thorn (draen) field.
CLIDGEY, i.q. CLIAS or CLODGY.
CLIFTON, the cliff enclosure, t.
CLIGGA, i.q. CLEGHAR.
CLIKE, ? Isaac's (Ike) field.
CLIMSLAND, -TON, Clement's enclosure (lan, c., ton, s.).
CLINICK, CLINK, i.q. CLENICK.
CLINTON, ? holly (celin) hill (dun).
CLISEY, ? i.q. CLIDGEY; or, lower (isa) field.
CLIVER, ? great (veor) field.
CLOBERY, CLOWBERRY, ? echo (clow) hill (bre) or barrow.
CLODE, n.f., ?= clod, praise, fame.
CLODGY, CLOWGEA, CLOWGOY, miry, sticky [field], Bot.
CLOGDON, i.q. CLOGGER DOWNS, M.L.
CLOPPE COMBE, Clapa's (a.) vale.
CLOQUE, ?= clog, a steep rock.
CLOWANCE, = clownance, the hearing, or valley of echoes, Pr.; the valley of moorstones, T.; ? many (llawer) dingles (nans), C.
CLOWN, ? down (oon) field (gweal).
CLUBBERLEY, ? clover, or, dove-cot (culver) meadow.
CLUCKA MILL, ? rock (clog) mill.
CLUMYER FIELD, dove-cot field.
CLUNEWIC, d.d., i.q. CALENIC.
CLUNK, i.q. CALENIC.
CLUSION, = w., clues y on, encampment on the down, or, by the ash trees, C.
CNEGUMI, m.s. Mawgan, = w. Cnocus, wrangling, jarring, C.
COAD, COAT, CODE, n.f., wood.
COADDAH, = wood enclosure (hay).
COAL PARK, ? cabbage (caol) close.
COANSE, the causeway.
COARSE HECKER, i.q. COOSE HECCA.
COARSE MOOR, = a reduplication.
COATH, the wood (coed, w.).
COAT HILL, wood hill, or moor (hal) wood.
COAYER FIELD, field with the rivulet (gover).
COBALAND, = rivulet land. Graves (cobra) of the temple (lann), ga., Beat.
COBB, (n.f.) = from cob, to break; or, cob, mud or earth for building.
COBBET THORN, i.q. COPPET.
COBBLEDICK, n.f., = Cobbler Dick, S.P.A. = i.q. CUBLIDOICE.
COBBLEY CUT, = smithy (gowail) house (ty) wood (cot).
COBBISHORNE, = Cobb’s corner (horn).
COBER, (river) the stream.
COBHAM, = dwelling (ham) on the summit (cop), t.
COBBOOR, = top of the moor.
COBNAS, i.q. GABBNAS.
COCKALORUM, = ram’s (hor) dung (cagal) low-field (ham).
COCK CRIGATE, = heron (crychydd) down (goon).
COCKFORD, = red (coch) passage.
COCKINGTOM, = the enclosure (tun) of the descendants of Cocc (t.).
COCKLAKE = boat (cwich, w.) lake; or willow (helak) down (goon).
COCKLEMOOR, the moor where the weed Cockle grows; or, Cuckold moor. See COGLAND.
COCK MOYLE, = the mule’s (moyle) basin (cawg, w.).

COCK PULMARY, = red (coch) pool of Mary, (C.), or Moere, s.Bm.
COCKWELL, = red (coch) well.
CODIFORD, the passage (fordh) by the wood; or, wood by the road.
CODNA COOS, neck (codna) of the wood (cuz).
CODNA PORTH, neck of the bay, T.C.
CODNAVILL-Y, -AN, lapwing (codana-hvilan) [field].
CODNERETH, = coed an rydh, Redwood, T.C. (ryd, a ford).
CODNIDNE, the narrow (edn) neck, Pr.; = fowler’s (idne) wood, T.C.
COD PARK, = wood (coed, w.) close.
COFFEN OWLA, = lower (golla) excavation or open working.
COGEGOES, = JIGGAS, = ?= mallow (hocys, w.) wood (cuz).
COGGAN ROCK, = the red (coch) rock.
COGLAND, = red land. (from gohelu, w., to conceal or shelter, C.).
COISFALA, = COYTFALA, wood on the Fal.
COISPENHAILE, = wood at the river’s (heyl, Pr.) or moor’s (hal, R.W.) head (pen).
COITE, = coed, the wood, w.
COLAN, from p.s. St. Colanus, O.; from glan, bank; or, clone, a cave, B.
COL-, COLD-BIGGAN, the little (bichan) neck or ridge of the hill, Pr.
COLBORNE, = the dry well, Pr. (?) COL-COIT, -QUITE, = neck or ridge of the wood, Pr.; Wood-hill, C.; or, = w. Calcoed, thistles (call) wood, R.W.
COLCURROW, = deer (carrow) ridge.
COLD-, COLE-BROOK, = cold stream.
COOLCADE, = i.q. COLOIT; or, battle (cad) ridge.
COLDGARE, = snipe (giach, w.) hill (col), C. Castle (caer) hill, R.W.
COLDGOWREY, play (guare) ridge, T.C. = rock (carrag) field (geall).
COLD HARBOUR, = cold shelter, I.T.; the narrow neck (col) over (ar) the camp (barg), M’L.; = soldiers’ (arfer, w.) hill.
valley, J.W.M.; ? down (goon) by the wood (bryccini, T.R.)

CONAGON, ? corner of the down (goon).

CONAN, n.f., speech, i.e. orator, w., R. W.

COXANDERS, ? Andreas's (t.d.d.) down.

CONARD, ? high (ard) down.

CONCE, CONES, i.q. CAUNCE.

CONDER QUOIT TOR, ? Condor's (c.) quoit peak.

CONDOLDEN, ? Gundulf's woody pasture (den, s.).

CONDORA, ? the head (cean, ga.) between the two waters (douran), M.L.

CONDURR-A, -ow, druids' down, B.; the neck of water, Pr.; ? oak (deru) down (goon).

CONETOCUS, m.s. Cubert, ? = gonidec, victorious, a.

COLEY EAR, ? = goon y hir, the long down.

CONGDON, ? king's (konge, d.) hill.

CONGIER, ? camp (caer) down.

CONGWNIAN, ? bees' (gwennym) down.

CONIUM, ? coney or rabbit border (hem) [field].

CONLY PARK, ? down pasture (lea, t.) close.

CONNAMANNING, ? butter (manen) close.

CONNA-, CONNER-PARK, ? = corner close.

CONNERIES, ? dream (henrus) down.

CONNERTON*, the scolding (coner) place; Pr.

CONNINGS WOOD, ? king's wood, t.

CONNIRON, ? the down at the boundary (yrhian).

CONNOCK, n.f., rich, prosperous, H.

CON-NOR, -ORE, ? sister's (hoar) down.

CONQUER DOWNS, ? Congar's downs.

CONQUIDNO, ? Gwyddno's (w.) downs.

CONSTANTINE, from p.s. King Constantinus; (v. CUSTENTON).

CONVENE, ? little (bihan) down.

CONVENNA, lesser (behennu) down.

CONVENON, ? butter (menan) down.

CONYCOMBE, rabbit valley.

CONZION, i.q. Goonzion.

COOD, COODE, n.f., i.q. Coad.

COOF, ? summer (haf) down.

COOMFORD, i.q. Comford.

COON, ? = goon, goon, a down.

COOS, COOSE, the wood (cuz). COOOSEAN, little (bihan) wood.

COOSEHAY, wood close (hay).

COOSEHECA, Dickie's (Hecca) wood.

COOPOST, ? pillar (post) wood.

COOSYEA, COOZVEAN, little wood, Pr.

COOSWORTH, high (gwarth) wood.

COOZWARRA, higher (wartha) wood.

COPARCENARY, ? the stream (cober) near field ridge (kein ery, Ped.).

COPE HILL, ? top of the hill.

COPPET THORN, tufted (coppog, w.) thorn.

COQUARNELL, ? = ogo gwar an hal, the cave on the moor.

CORALLACK, ? i.q. Caralla.

CORAN, CORSEN, ? i.q. Carn.

CORDEW, ? i.q. Cardew.

CORG-A, -AY, -EE, ? = gurgy, a low hedge, m.c.

CORGARAH, ? further (gwarra) moor.

CORGELLY, ? the moor (cors) grove; or, i.q. Cargelly.

CORGERRICK, ? i.q. Cargarrack.

COR-LAIN, -LEAN, ? = corlan, a sheepfold.

CORLONEN, ? nettle (linhaden) close (cae); ? joyful (llon, w.) circle (cor), J.W.M.

CORMIGAS, ? Macos's (B.m.) close.

CORN-AGY, -JAGY, ? i.q. Carnakey.

CORN-AI, -AI, -EAL, ? corner (corn) of the moor; or, i.q. Cornhill.

CORNEGoes, ? carn of blood (gois).

CORNELLOE, ? corner of the moors (hallow).

CORNELLY, from p.s. St. Cornelius, O.

* o. CONMAWRTON, the town of the great (mor) hundred (caut), or, the great hundred town, C.S.G.; ? d.d. CONARDITONE, the town of Conard.
CORNHILL, i.q. CARNHALE.
COR-, Cor-Pesack, i.q. Carn Pes- 
sack (pysgaid, rich, w., M.).
CORNWALL, the horn (corn) shaped 
land of the foreigner.*
CORSULAN, i.q. CARSULAN.
CORSULT, Le., the conspicuous (sull)
moors (cors), Wh.
CORSUGAN, Æ Eorcon’s court (cor).
CORY, the court, camp, moor, or 
circle place (vu).
CORSISSACK, Æ ivy (idzio) croft.
CORVODE, Æ rich (veoll) moor.
CORWENNA, Æ white (wennack) rock.
CORY, n.f., Æ i.q. CAREY.
CORSWEN, windy (gwens) moor.
COSAW-ES, -IS, the woods, Pr.; i.q.
COSWINSAWSEN.
COS-EN, -SEN, n.f., Æ i.q. COSAWSAN.
COSGARNE, rocky (carn) wood, Pr.; 
Æ crane’s (guran) wood.
COSLAN, Æ summer (han, w.) wood.
COSMEAL, Michael’s or honey (mel) 
wood.
COSPOST, scratching post, w., J.W.M.
COSWSAWIN, the Saxons’ wood, Po.
COSTA LOSS, T.a., = Cost is lost, i.e.
Good for nothing [field].
COSWALL, Æ wall (geval) wood.
COS-,Coswo-Warth, high (gwath)
wood (cuz) or woods (cuzw) wood.
COS-WIN, -YN, white (gvyn) wood.
COSWINSAWSEN, Saxon’s white (gwyn)
wood. (sawch, a heap, w., C.).
COTFORD, i.q. CODIFORD.
COTHELE, the river (hewl) wood (coat); 
Æ cotele, a wood, R.W.
COTTAPIT, Æ cottage by the pit.
COT-TEL, -TLE, n.f., i.q. COTHELE.
COTTERELL, n.f., Æ wood on (ar) the 
river. (coterellus, a cottager, lat.).
COTTYE, n.f., Æ wood hay, or close.
COTTON, n.f., = down (oon) wood.
COTTON WEITH ZAWN, Æ neck (codna)
of the waste (gwydd, w.) ZAWN.
COTWYNE, n.f., Æ white wood.
COUCH, n.f., = w. Coch, red, R.W.
Æ gudzh, blood.
COULHENDERS, Æ old house (hendra)
fields (geval-s).
COULSON, n.f., son of Cole (d.).
COURLANDS, Æ coarse lands, or, i.q.
CORLEAN.
COURTENAY, n.f., Æ f. Court nez, 
short nose, Lo.
COURTEYS, CURTEIS, CURTIS, from 
lut. cors, cortis, a pen, cottage yard, 
Max M.
COURAGE, n.f., i.q. CROWDIE.
COURT PELLES, Æ distant court.
COVE BEAN, little (bian) cove.
COV-EN, -IN, n.f., Æ efyn, a ridge.
COVERACK, Æ stream (cober), or goat 
(gaver), place; or, = COBER rock.
COWAN PARK, Æ down (gevoe) close.
COW HEELS, Æ i.q. GWEAL GULLAS.
COWINAC, Æ i.q. CAVEWEDNACK.
COW-ISSACK, ÆYJACK, lower (issach) 
enclosure (carw, w.).
COWLING, n.f., Æ collagen, a hazel.
COWLOE, Æ cowlas, the bay with the 
builtu, Bl.
COWNANCE, Æ enclosure in the valley.
COYSPEHNILEK, 14 cent., Æ broomy 
(benalac) wood. (coys = coed).
COYTMOR, n.f., great (mor) wood.
CRABBINS PARK, Æ lambs’ (eanes) 
summer (hauf) rock (carn) close.
CRAB ROCK, Æ creeb, a crest.
CRACADILLOCK, Æ Dillic’s barrow 
(crug) or rock.
CRACK, = carac, a rock.
C. AN GODNA, Æ rock of the neck 
(codna).
CRACKER, Æ long (hir) rock.
CRACK-HAMPTON, -INGTON, Æ rock on 
the hill (an dun); Æ d.d. CRACHENWE, rock by the river (gwy).
Pr., Craydon, a place (ton) where are shells (cregyn).

Crag, rock field.

Cradgy Crack, ? Crowgey barrow (crug), or rock (carag).

Cradock, n.f., = w. crradog, beloved.

Craefthole, ? hill (hald) croft.

Cragantallan, the high (tal) barrow (crug).

Craggy Tor, rocky peak.

Cragoe, n.f., = Craig.

Craze, Creany, ? greane, gravelly.

Crear, ? mountain ash (care) summit (bar), or close (parc).

Creaw, ? close (ce) on (or) the hill (hald); or, hovel place (le).

Craw, ? hovel (crow) close.

Craze, n.f., ? i.q. Carhayes.

Creadle-, Cradle-Field, ? = w. cardoil, manured land.

Crean, ? green, gravel.

Creans, ? i.q. Carn Enys.

Creep, ? = i.q. Pengreep.

Creer, n.f., ? i.q. Crebar.

Creffel, = cypaphel, service berries, w.

Crefta, strong hatch or poleaxe, H.

Creg, Creggo, Crego, ? = cregow, hillocks, mounds, barrows, tumuli.

Cregan, = i.q. Cregan.

Creer, Creg-go, Crego, ? = cregow, hillocks, mounds, barrows, tumuli.

Cregan, = i.q. Cregan.

Creaw, ? close (ce) on (or) the hill (hald); or, hovel place (le).

Creawe, ? hovel (crow) close.

Craze, n.f., ? i.q. Carhayes.

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Creadle-, Cradle-Field, ? = w. cardoil, manured land.

Crean, ? green, gravel.

Creany, ? = greane, gravelly.

Crebar, ? mountain ash (care) summit (bar), or close (parc).

Cregaw, the crest (crib) [rock] with a tree (gwedhen).

Cre-, Creg-billow, the round (pel) barrow (redup. crug, k., low, t.), M.L.

Creed, the crest- or combe-like rock.

Creedacott, ? Cerdic's (t.) or Ceredig's (w.) cot.

Creed, from p.s. St. Crida.

Creedis, ? St. Crida's [cell].

Creeg carrow, the deer's (carow) barrow (crg), Pr.; or Roman (row) castle (cuer) barrow, Po.

C. Broaz, the great (bras) barrow, Pr.

C. Glabe, the green (glas) barrow, Po.

C. Logas, the mice (logas) barrow.

C. Meare, -Meer, the great (meor) barrow, T.; the rock (carag) on the sea (mor), Nord.

C. Murion, the ants' (murrian) barrow, Pr.

C. Pelloe, i.q. Crebillow.

C. Silluck, the barrow in open view, T. (sylt, a view, prospect).

C. Tol, = careg tol, the holed rock, Bl.

C. Vose, the intrenched barrow, Pr.

Creek, ? little (vean) barrow or rock; or, i.q. Cregan.

Creeke Luddra, ? thieves' (ladrow) rock.

Creeens, ? i.q. Carn Enys.

Creep, ? = i.q. Pengreep.

Creeper, n.f., ? i.q. Crebar.

Creffel, = cypaphel, service berries, w.

Creftoa, strong hatch or poleaxe, H.

Creg, Creggo, Crego, ? = cregow, hillocks, mounds, barrows, tumuli.

Cregaw, the crest (crib) [rock] with a tree (gwedhen).

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Creeg carrow, the deer's (carow) barrow (crg), Pr.; or Roman (row) castle (cuer) barrow, Po.

C. Broaz, the great (bras) barrow, Pr.

C. Glaze, the green (glas) barrow, Po.

C. Logas, the mice (logas) barrow.

C. Mear, -Meer, the great (meor) barrow, T.; the rock (carag) on the sea (mor), Nord.

C. Murion, the ants' (murrian) barrow, Pr.

C. Pelloe, i.q. Crebillow.
[dwellings]. Green (glas) hillock (creg), R.E.

CREM-BLE, -ILL, (Car. Crymell), the hill (ail, go.) of Crom, Beal; sharp-edged (crimp) hill, M.

CREN-ICK, -NICK, i.q. Carnick.

CRESS, i.q. Carn Evall.

Creswell, i.q. Carwen.

CRESKIN, i.q. Carscain.

Cresslow, midway (eres) [rocks], T.C.

Crestick, the scrubby (crestu) [field], M.

Crestick, Ye teg's (w.) rock (carn).

Crevellan, i.q. Carwollen.

Crewe, n.f., i.q. Carew.

Crewell, high (uhal) castle or rock.

Crewes, Cruis, n.f., curled, d., F.

Crib an Zawn, the crest (crib) by the Zawn.

Cribbage, lower (iza) crest.

Cribba Head, the crestlike headland, Bl.

Cribbawidden, i.q. Crebawethen.

Crickapit, the pit near the barrow (cryn) or rock (carrac).

Crickey Park, rocky close.

Crickley, rock pasture (lea, t.) or place (le, w).

Cridle, n.f., gamer (ard), an exile, w.

Cripp, Criffet, Crift, = croft.

Crippier, the long (hir) croft.

Crieft, the crofts.

Crigantallan, the high (tal) barrow (cryn), Po.

The Crigg, the rock or barrow.

Criggles, church (eglos) rock.

Crigmajor, rock feeding ground (mager, Pr.).

Cripa, Urla, i.q. Crella.

Crim, Crimp, sharp-edged [rock], M.

Crine, a carv hymn, the castle on the promontory, M-L.

Crinis, rock near the island (enss).

Cripson, Ton, Crapp's town, T.C.

Crist, east (est) rock (carn).

Croagan, hut on the downs (goon).

Croan, the cross, Pr.; the hut or styw (crow). (croan, round, w., R.W.).

Crockadon, the under (dado = dan) barrow.

Crockadon, the barrow (cruc) or rock (carrac) on the hill (duv).

Crockard, n.f., high (ard) barrow.

Crocker, Croaker, n.f., i.q. Crooker; or = krogour, a hangman, a.

Crochet, barrow gate (yet).

Crockwood, barrow or rock wood.

Crof Her, long (hir), or, higher croft.

Croft an Brose, the great (bras) or thicket (browse) croft.

C. an Cons, causeway (coans) croft.

C. an Creek, the field with the tumulus (cryn), M-L.

C. an Darren, the oak (dereven) croft, R.W.

C. and Crouse, the (an) cross croft.

C. & With, i.q. Croft en Gweeth, the croft with the trees.

C. an Garrat, the garden or enclosure (gervald) croft.

C. an Hellow, croft by the moors (hollow).

C. an Meere, the great (meor) croft.

C. an Vounder, the lane (bounder) croft.

C. Barth, Berth, side (parth), or bush (perth, w.) croft.

C. Bib, pipe (pib) croft.

C. Broase, Browse, i.q. Croft an Brose.

C. Cairn, the carn croft.

C. Chair, the darnel (jure, Po.) croft.

C. Coath, the wood (coat) croft.

C. Crow, hovel (crow) croft.

C. Dew, due, black (du) croft.

Crofteedor, d.d., (e.d.d., crateedor), great (ethy) croft by the water (dour).

Croft en Craneth, croft with the heap of stones (earned, w.).

C. Fold, croft with the sheep fold.

C. Frigels, church-road (for eglos) croft.

C. Garra, higher (gwartha) croft.

C. Godna, the neck (codna) croft.

C. Gothal, Irishman's (godhal) croft.
CROFT

C. Gurdd, ? mountain-ash (cerden) croft.
Croftand, convenient croft; or croft by the house (an ty); the fire (lan) croft, Francis.
Croft Harry, ? acre (eru) croft.
C. Kellier, ? long grove (celli hir) croft.
C. Loge, calf’s (loch) croft.
C. Main, stone (maen) croft.
C. Mainer, long-stone (menhir) croft.
C. Margrett, ? magpie croft.
C. Medlyn, ? Magdalen’s, or battle-field (midlan, w.) croft.
C. Milgey, greyhound (miloy) croft.
C. Nethan, the furze (an eithen) croft.
C. Noals, the cliff (an als) croft.
C. Oval, ? apple (axal) croft.
C. Pascoe, Pascoe’s croft.
C. Pedan, ? croft end (pedn = pen).
C. Pendrea, town end croft.
C. Pillas, pillas or poor croft.
C. Rose, heath or moor croft.
C. Sea, dry (zech) croft.
C. Shenaull, Chenhail croft.
C. Stubb-y, -ys, croft with the cut furze stems.
C. Sugal, rye (sygal) croft.
C. Tidney, ? Fowler’s or narrow (idne) croft, T.C.
C. Tottan, ? the lay (todu) croft; ? hill (dun) croft, T.C.
C. Vean, little (bihan) croft.
C. Wend-jack, -zack, ? lower (isach) white (gwun) croft.
C. West, west croft; (gewstu, to shelter).
C. Zeath, dry croft, Gw.
Croegan, thowell on the downs (goon).
Cro-get, -ith, wooden cross, T.; ? heath (heathy) barrow (crug).
Croghans, ? lambs’ (eaves) barrow.
Croke, n.f., = crug, a barrow, hillock.
Croll-a, -ow, ? calf’s (loch) hovel (crown).
Crone, Croon, i.q. Croan.
Cronick, ? frog (cronec) [field].

CROW

Crooker, ? long (hir) barrow.
Crook Heel, ? mooor (hal) barrow.
Crookland, ? barrow (crug) enclosure (lan).
Crook Park, barrow close.
C. Sans, ? holy rock (carac).
Croon Field, ? crooked (crom) field.
Croscombe, the valley at right angles to another.
Crossick, ? boggy (corsic) field.
Crossman, n.f., ? stone (maen) cross.
Crossoby, place (by, d.) of the cross, M.L.; ? i.q. CROUSE HARVEY.
Croug-ath, -arth, ? high hovel.
Crous, cross, or = cors, moor.
Crousa Downs, the cross downs.
Crousanrase, the middle (cres) cross.
Crousanvean, the little cross.
Crousanwragh, the witch’s (an wrach, w.) cross, R.W.; cross of the hill (bre), T.C.
Crouse Harvey, ? battle field (heirva) cross.
Crouslevan, ? St. Levan’s or lamentation cross (lleivain, to lament, w.).
Croussenigus, the blessed (beniges) cross, G.L.; ? the nun’s (manaches) cross.
Crow, the styre, hovel, or shed.
Crowan, from p.s. St. Crewenna, O.; crow-an, the cross, grouan, moorstone gravel, Pr.
Crowd-A, -ey, -er, ? hovel by the water (dour), T.C.; ? fiddler’s (crowder) [field].
Crowdillion, the owls’ (dylluan) hovel.
Crow-gey, -gie, cross hedge (ce), or house (chi), or dog’s (ci), cross, Pr.
Crow Hill, the hill with the camps (caeram) on it, M-L.
Crowl, Crowle, n.f., ? the same; or, hovel on the moor (hal), T.C.
Crowlas, grey (glas) hut, T.C.
Crowley, n.f., ? hut pasture.
Crownick, the dwelling at the cross, Pr.; ? i.q. Cronick.
Crown Park, hovel close.
CROWN ZAWN, 1 hovel ZAWN.
CROWSADJACK, 1 lower (issach) cross (crows).
CROWSATH, 1 high (arth) cross.
CRO-WSER, -ZER, 1 long (hir) cross.
CROWSWIN, white (gevin) cross, Pr.
CROWTON, 1 i.q. CROW HILL.
CROW WEETHIS, 1 crow trees (gwedd); or, uncultivated lands (gwedd, w.) with the hovel.
CRUCARESKEN, 11 cent., barrow by the sedgy camp (CRESKIN).
CRUDGE, n.f., = crudzh, crows, cross.
CRUFF, CRUFFE, n.f., = gariff, rough.
CRUGICIZARD, = crug a giz ard, tumultus of the woody ridge, M'L.
CRUCKERN, n.f., 1 barrow in the corner (corn), or, of the handmill (quern).
CRUG-LASE, -GLASE, green (glas) barrow.
CRUGMEER, the great (meor) barrow, Pr.
CRUGSILLICK, the conspicuous barrow, or, in open view, Pr.
CRUGVES, the barrow outside.
CRULLA, CRYLLA, 1 i.q. CROLLA, or CROWLAS, or CRUGLASE.
CRUMP, n.f., = crom, crooked.
CRUNDEL, = crudwell, a spring or well with a basin, t., Leo.
CRUNO, 1 = cernow, horns, corners.
CRUP-LIGHT, -LITE, i.q. CURPLY.
CRU-TER, -TUR, 1 hovel (crow) land (tir, doar), or by the water (dowr).
CRUTHERS, n.f., from CARTUTHER.
CUBBERT or CUPBOARD, mine, 1 i.q. CUBERT.
CUBERT, from p.s. St. Cuthbert.
CUBLIDOICE, 1 stream (gover) pasture (lea, t.) with the stack (disce, B.).
CUBY, from p.s. St. Keby, 0.
CUCURRIAN, 1 basin (cuavg, w.) at the boundary (yrhian).
CUDDAN BEAK, CUDDEN POINT, the woody promontory, Pr.; the promontory with a neck (codna), T.C.
CUDDIE, 1-g, n.f., = coed ty, house wood.

CUDDLE PARK, 1 Irishman's (gwyddel, w.) close.
CUDDRA, the wood by the house.
CUDDUCOMBE, 1 i.q. CATACOMBE.
CUJDORIE, CUGAR, 1 play (choary) wood.
CUDLIP, n.f., 1 moist (leb) wood.
CUDNO, 1 = codna, the neck.
CUGURRICK, 1 rock (carac) close (ce).
CULLION, i.q. CARLEAN, or CALLEAN.
CULLODEN, steer (lodn), bank (ladn), or broad (ledan) field (gewal).
CULLIS, n.f., = goles, bottom, lowest part.
CULLYNOUGH PARK, 1 holly (celenic) close.
CULLY PARK 1 grove (celli) close.
CULOMS, 1 from St. Columb.
CULVER-LAND, -PARK, dovecot (clo-miar) close.
CULVER-Y, -HAY, 1 the same.
CUMBERLAND, Welshman's close.
CUNA, CUNNY PARK, 1 corner or coney close, t.
CUNAIIDO, m.s. Carnsew, good (da) lord (cuniaid, w.).
CUNDAY, -Y, n.f., 1 i.q. CUNAIIDO.
CUNICOURT, (now PLACE), the king's court, t.
CUNMOR, duke, great head or chief.
CUNNACK, n.f., 1 i.q. CONOCK.
CUNNING, n.f., 1 i.q. CONAN.
CUNOWAL, m.s. Madron, head (cyn) of raise (maul), Dr.
CUNSIE, w.B.m., bold victory (sige), t.
CUNWORI, m.s. Fowey, = CUNMOR.
CURGALLON, i.q. CARGALLON.
CURG-EAR, -ARE, = carragh hir, long rock; or, grugyer, a partridge.
CURGENVEN, 1 Kenwyn's court (cur).
CURGURWEN, n.f., Gerwyn's (w.) court.
CURLY-THON, -ON, n.f., i.q. CARLYON.
CURX-O, -OW, n.f., = Cerniw, CORNWALL.
CURPLY, = caer plas, palace camp, Po.; 1 Bellis or Blight court.
CURRIAN NIEGAN, i.q. CARN NIEGAN.
CURRAS, = cors, a moor.
CURVEAN, little (bihan) close (ce).
CURVODA, ? court (curr) by the wood.
CURVOZA, i.q. CARVOSA.
CURWEN, white (gwyn) court.
CURY, from p.s. St. Corentinus, D.
CURYAN, ? = curwen, little court.
CUSBURRUR, ? long (hir) barn (skeber) wood (cus).
CUSECCA, i.q. COOSEHECCA.
Cushing Field, ? turf (cesan) field.
CUSK-AIN, -EAN, i.q. Car скаin; or, ridge (cein) wood (cus).
CUSK-AYS, -EASE, ? the enclosed wood.
CUSTUS, v.B.m., i.q. CONSTANTINE.
CUSTUS LOGGAS, ? = COST is LOST.
CUS-VARTH, -VEORTH, -WARTH, ? high (warth) wood.
CUSVEY, ? little (bich) wood (cus).
CUSWYN, white (gwyn) wood.
CUTBRAWN, = w., coed bron, wood on the hill.
CUTCARE, ? camp (caer) wood.
CUTCREW, wood with the hut (crow) or camps (caeraw); ? deer (carow) wood, T.C.
CUTECLIFFE, n.f., ? cliff wood.
CUTHILL, wood on the river (heyTel), Pr.
CUT-KIVE, -KIVE, ditch (keif) wood, M.L.; wood of hiding place (cuddawa, Ev.).
CUTLINWITH, ? high (warth) lake (lin) wood. (ewyth) ash trees.
CUTMEAR, great (meir) wood.
Cut PARK, wood close (parc).
CUTPARROT, ? gate close (parc yet) wood.
CUTPIT, ? wood with a grave (bedh).
CUTTEN PEAT, ? cutting peat [field].
CUTTFORD, -FORD, wood by the road (fordh).
CUTLINE, ? = coed wyn, white wood.
CUTTY, ? = w. coetiey, a field, R.W.
CYGNEY, ? kitchen (cicne, s.) [field].

DAB, n.f., ? dab, a flat fish; or, i.q. DOBB.

DACON, n.f., ? = diacon, a deacon.
DADDYPORT, the parent (tal, w.) port, W.h.
DAD-, DOD-DYCRWOS, cross of position or mark (doddi), C.; ? DOD'S, or, DADWID'S (s.B.m.), marsh (cors).
DAD Wood, ? fox (tod) wood, t.
DAGE, n.f., iach, a warrior, i.
DAG-GEL, -GLE, n.f., ? from TINTAGEL.
DALLA-WITTON, -WIDDEN, ? white (gwiden) daile; or, little DELL.
DALIAS GEW, ? foliaged or leafy ravine (cew), C.
DALLACK, foremost or front (tal) of land, or, headland, C.; ? the place in the daile.
DALLARD, ? high (ard) daile.
DAMASINNAS, ? the look out; (dan, round about, synu, to observe, w.), N.
DAMLESA, i.q. DEMELZA; ? under (dan) cliff (als), T.C.
DANDY, n.f., under (dan) house; or, i.q. DAWNAY, Lo.
DANE CLOSE, fire (tan), or, under (dan) close.
DANENCOMBE, the Danes' valley, t.
DANIEL, n.f., i.q. TINNEL.
DANGER, DAUNGER, n.f., ? under (dan) the camp (caer).
DANMONII, from den, men; or, dun, a hill; or, dyfn, deep; and moina mines. ? DAMNONII, from damn, or, w. dewyn, deep, R.W.
DANNAR'S CLOSE, ? i.q. DINAS.
DANNET, ? below (dan) the gate (yet).
DANNON CHAPEL, ? under (dan) down (oon) chapel.
DANNONDOZEL, ? under down low (isal) land (doar). (dewzel, a spout, w.).
DAPIFER, n.f., the steward (lat.).
Darby Park, ? little (bich) water (dour) or, oak (dar) close (parc).
DARKE, n.f., ? = darag, an oak, i.
DARKEY, ? = dowry, a low hedge.
DARLEY = Oakley; or, oak (dar) place (le); Oak green (lees), Pr.
DARMAN, ? stone (maen) field, (doar, land).
Dejey Field, ? house (tshef) field.
Delaboile, ? the clay (bol) hole (tol),

Pr.; ? Deli pit (pol).
Delahay, n.f., ? i.q. Deli; or, of (de) the (la) enclosure (haie), f.
Delaval, n.f., ? i.q. Delaboile; or, of the valley (val), f.
Delawyddle, ? Irishman's (gwiddal) dale.
Delbridge, n.f., ? Brixia's dale.
Deli, Delle, d.d. Deliv, ? dale (dal) enclosure (hay).
Delionuth, ? new (nowyth) Deli.
Dellas, ? green (glas) dale.
Dellymeer, ? great (meer) Deli.
Demble, n.f., ? i.q. Denneboul.
Demelza, ? eel (malas) house (ty).
Denant, ? du nant, black vale.
De narrow Zawn, ? rough (harrow) hill (din) Zawn.
Denbow, n.f., ? i.q. Denneboul.
Denby, ? little (bich) wooded vale (denu, s.), or castle (din).
Dench, Dinch, n.f., ? Dennis.
Denecreek, i.q. Tencreek.
Denemy, ? Amy's wooded vale, t.
Dengel, s.B.m., ? dangel, dungeon.
Denis-el, -ly, n.f., ? lower (isala) hill (din); or, i.q. Dinsul.
Denn, n.f., ? i.q. Dean.
Denna, Dinny-broad, ? castle (din) of treachery (brad).
Denneboul, clay (bol) hill (din), Pr.; fortress (dinahas) on round hill (bol), C.; i.q. Delaboile.
Dennick, the hilly [field].
Dennis, i.q. Dinas.
Dennis Eia, St. Iye's castle.
Dennithorne, n.f., ? the hilly (dinick) place with the thorn.
Denny, ? i.q. Dennick; or, Dennis; or, hill (din) enclosure (hay).
Den-sil, -zell, hill in open view (syl), Pr.; ? i.q. Dinsul.
Der Betlys, Derby's Close, ? beet.

* There is however "a bay of corpses." BAIE DES TREFASSES, in Brittany. Sailors call the Cornish headland The Dodman (T.C.); ? the stone (maen) of mark or position (dod), C. Gwavas says, Dubman or Gubman, a place where much ore (gubman, sea weed) is cast. Dudman is given by Bailey as scarecrow, hobgoblin; and is also a personal name.
DOL 0?, high
conspicuous wooded or, or, Dingle, Diary, DinGGO, Dinerdake, Dinas
DiDDY, Dickey, Dice
Deyman, Diamond, n.f., ? the stone (maen) house (ty).
DIARY, ? dairy [farm].
DICE MEADOW, stack (disce, B.) meadow.
DICKEY, Diggy, ? the tithe [field] (dege, tenth); ? = ty isu, lower house, T.Col.
DIDDIS, ? stack (disce) house (ty).
DIDDY LAKE, ?? Tehiddy by the pool (laca).
DIMELIOCK, ? Mailoc house or castle (din).
DINAH'S HILL, fortification (dinas) hill.
DINAKY, ? i.q. Tangey.
DINAN, n.f., ? i.q. Denant; or, the valley (nant) castle (din).
DINAS VEAN, the little (bean) fortification (dinas).
DINERDAKE, ? Arthog's (w.) castle (din).
DINGDONG, ? bell [mine].
DINGEREIN, Gerennins's castle, Wh.
DINGEY, ? i.q. Tangey.
DINGLE, ? wooded (gelli) valley (den, s.).

DINHAM, n.f., i.q. DINAN.
DINNAB-ELL, -OLE, -OWL, -OLD, i.q. DENNEBOUL.
DINNACOMBE, ? castle vale.
DINNARS HEAD, i.q. PENDENNIS.
DINNAVAL, i.q. DINNABELL.
DINNERS PARK, DINAS close.
DINNEY PIECE, THE DINNICK, ? hilly field, or, = DINNIS.
THE DINNIS, i.q. DINAS.
DINSUL, hill sacred to the sun (sul), B.; conspicuous hill, Wh.; high (uhal) castle (dinas), Po.; ? hill of view (sul).
DINWORTH, high (wurth) hill.
DIPPER PARK, ? pit (dippa) close.
DIFORD, ? passage over the water (dour), M'L.
DIRLING, w.B.m., darling, t.
DIRMANTLE, field (door) with the holed-stone (maen tol).
DIRTY POOL, ? water (dour) house (ty) by the pool.
DIRWYN, n.f., ? = derwen, an oak.
DISH, ? i.q. PARK AN DISE.
DISTIN, n.f., ? tin (stein) house (ty).
DITCHEN, ? John's (Dzhuan) house.
DITCHI PARK, ? i.q. Dish; or, DEJEY.
DIZZARD, ? i.q. DAZZARD; or = dysert, a wilderness, w.
DOB, n.f., ? dubh, black; or, dobb, boisterous, ga.; or, i.q. DABB.
DOBES, Dobbins, n.f., = Roberts.
DOBLE, n.f., = Theobald.
DOENA, ? i.q. PARK TUEBAN.
DOBWALLS, = doab (i.e. cob) walls, C.
DOCK, ? sheaf (attok) [field].
DODBROOK, ? Dodo's brook.
DODD, n.f., ? i.q. Dodo, t.d.d., from theod, people, s.; or, Daud, s.B.m.
DODDEN, i.q. PARK TODDIN.
DODMAN, i.q. DEADMAN.
DODNAL, ? under (dun) the moor (hal).
DODSON, ? Dodo's down (owd).
DOENGAND, s.B.m., ? ? dark (dun) fox (canddo, w.).
DOFFAL CROFT, ? dock (tufol) croft.
DOIDGE, n.f., ? = Dodo's son.
DOLCOATH, wood (coed) by the hole
or shaft (tol), C.; the old (coth) pit, T.C. ; old valley, dale, or meadow (dal), Pr.

Dol-eer, -yer, long (hir) dale.

Dolgey, i.q. Dollegy; or, hedge (ce), or dog (ci), dale.

Dolhue croft, i high (uch) dale croft.

Dolka park, ? Dolgey close.

Doll-ah, -ar Rock, rock of grief (dor, w.).

Dolland, i dale enclosure (lan).

Dollard, i high (ard) dale.

Dollegy, dale near the house (agy).

Dolling, ? little (vean) dale.

Dolphin, i.q. Godolphin; or, Dol-vean; or, little (vean) dale.

Dolree, i.dale field (eru).

Dolreyny, ? valley Reens.

Dolrunny, ? plum (aeranic) valley.

Dolsberry, ? dark (dulas) hill (bre).

Dolly-WHIDDEN, -WHIDDEN, ? white (gwidn), or tree (gwehden), dale.

Dolvean, i.q. Dolphin; ? little hole or shaft, C.

Dom Bucka, ? ghost or scarecrow (bucca) hill (dun); bucha, a milking fold, C.

Domellick, ? Mailoc's down (dun).

Donechennif, d.d., ? autumn (cynaif) castle; or, nut (cynfy) hill (dun).

Doney, w.f., i.q. Dawnay.

Dongey, w.f., i.q. Tangey.

Donnavern, i.q. Goonhavern.

Doniert, m.s. Redgate, i.q. Dung-erth, warrior (gereit) king (donn), ga., Beal.

 Donne-ny, -egney, ? Cennych's (w.) castle; or, worm (cynac) hill (dun); or, i.q. Donechenif.

Door Downs, ? water (dour) downs.

Dopp, ? the summit (top).

Dor, ? = doar, land, i.e. field; or, dour, water.

Doranvithan, the (an) tree (gweadhen) field.

Doras, i.q. Park an Daras.

Dor Att'y, Arthur's field, T.C.

Doraval, apple (aval) field.

Dorbear, ? barley (bere, s., C.) field.

Dorberry, ? rich (berric) field.

Dor bothick, ? cottage (bothloc) field.

Dorcass, wood (cus) land.

Dor Catcher, ? daisy (cajah) field.

Dorcley, ? grove (cellt) field.

Dor-coath, -oth, -oth, i.q. Dol-coath; or, Dorcas.

Dor-deaw, -dew, -due, ? south (de-haun), = black (du), or David's field.

Dordown, ? deep (dour) water (dour).

Dor Ear, long (hir) land.

Dor Eye, ? water (dour) field (hay).

Dorey, n.f., ? the same; or, i.q. Dowrick.

Dor Gulval, Gulval land.

Dor gwiden, white (gwidn) land.

Dor-heere, -Hair, i.q. Dor Ear.

Dorhervas, ? outside (ves) long field.

Dorjoan, ? down house (choon), or John's (Dzhuan) field.

Dor Lee, ? flat stone (lech) field.

Dorlis, ? broad (les) field.

Dor-men, -mun, stone (maen) field.

Dor-Marth, ? water plain, or meadow (marth, C.) land.

Dor-meer, -meer, -mer, ? great (meer), or marsh (mere, s.), field.

Dorinnack, stony (maenic) field or land.

Dor Minnis, ? little (minys) field; or lambs' (coves) stone (maen) field.

Dormullion, ? clover (meillion, w.) land.

Dorn, ? = trone, a depression between the furrows of a field.

Dorabella, ? the elm (an elaw) field.

Dorneouth, new (newydh) land.

Dornolds, ? the cliff (an als) field.

Dorothegva, ? theth (degeve) lands (doarow).

Dor Pol, pool or pit (pol) field.

Dor Pons, bridge (pons) field.

Dorracks, watery (donric) fields.

Dorre, i.q. Dor; or, Dorheere.

Dorseall, ? low (isal) land.

Dorset, seat, or, dry (sleth) field.

Dorspul, ? = Park Daras by the pool or pit (pol).
Dor Stenor, tinner or waterwagtail (stenor) field.
Dor Velih, ? look out (wylfa) field.
Dorvor, ? water (dour) lane (for), T.C.; or, great (cor) field.
Downard, n.f., ? = s. durn-weard, door-keeper; i.g. Portor, Lo.
Dorway, ? outside (res) field.
Dorwick, n.f., ? = dourick, watery.
Dosmar-E, -Y, Dozmere, a drop (dos) of the sea (mere, s.), C.*
Dotson, i.q. Dodson.
Doublebois, Two woods, f.
Double Park, ? dock (taxol) close.
Doulin, ? black (du) pool (lyn).
Doune, n.f., = dun, a hill, down.
Dour Connor, ? Connor's water.
Dourgan, white (cau) water (dour); or, water mouth (geanau).
Dourrock, ? watery or oak place.
Dovew, ? i.q. Dorvor.
Dovigger, daisy (egr) field, T.C.
Dowber, the short (ber) water (dour), Pr.; ? i.q. Dovew.
Dowdle, south (deau) or double (deau) dale (dal).
Dowernick, ? marshy (vernic) land (dor).
Dower Park, water (dour) close.
Dowgas, water in the wood (cus), Pr.; ? i.q. Dorcas.
Dowgath, ? south garden (garth).
Dowlans, ? south enclosure (lan).
Dowlasdown, water dingle, C.; ? devil's (dialau) down.
Downance, ? south vale (nance).
Down Chaney, ? Chenisi's down.
Downdersey, ? oak (derau) down.
Down Hay, ? hill (dun) close (hay).
Downing, n.f., ? narrow (ing, w.) down.
Dowran, ? i.q. Dourgan.
Dowrick, n.f., = douric, watery.
Dowstell, ? south (deau) shop (stal).

Dozer, ? darten (jure) field (doar).
Dragon Pit, ? king's pit.
Drainos, Drawns, ? thorn (draen) [fields].
Draisies, ? bramble (dreas) [fields].
Drake, n.f., = draig, a dragon, w.
Draekwallaws, ? conspicuous (drych) walls, C.
Drall, ? moor (hal) land (tir).
Drangling, ? = draen lan, thorn close, T.C.
Drangs Park, ? i.q. Drainos.
Drann-ack, -ock, ? thorny place (draenic). Place of oaks, Pr.
Draigmombe, ? oak (derow) vale.
Drawlas, Drellos, ? green (glas) oak; or, i.q. Drewollas.
Draig, n.f., ? tre, a dwelling, homestead; or, deru, oaks.
Drayton, Dredon, n.f., ? oak hill (dun); or, i.q. Dryden.
Dread, ? i.q. Park Dread.
D reservoir, Ball, ? bramble (dreas) down (oon) round hill (boll, C.).
Dreek Kerrow, ? = doar carow, stag land.
Drenick, ? i.q. Drannack.
Drewy, n.f., ? oak field (eru).
Drew, n.f., = derow, oaks.
Drewollas, ? lower (wolas) oak.
Drey Field, ? oak, or home (adre), or, dry field.
Dribna, ? = dor behenna, lesser field.
Drief, Drift, ? tref, a dwelling.
Draw, n.f., ? i.q. Trigg.
Drone Park, ? i.q. Park Troon.
Druskin, ? Hosken's land, T.C.
Drowngellow, ? down-land groves (celliow).
Druse, ? i.q. Dorwase.
Drusellet Downs, Druzel gate (yet) downs.
Druzel, ? i.q. Dorseall.

* Or, sea (mere) with small-pebble-beach (dos), C. Sweet or fresh water sea (douce mer, f.), Bond. Dos-mare, the water that ebbs and flows, Pr. From doz, to come, and mear, great, Car. The pool (mere) in the bush (dos), ga., Beal. The meeting or coming together (dos) of the lake (mer) water (uy), B. ? i.q. Merrymeet.
DUNNICK, hilly [field].
DUNSORD, n.f., ?castle (dinas) ford.
DUNSLEY, green hill, Pr.; ? i.q. DENISEL.
DUNSTAN, w.B.m., ?tin (stean) hill.
DUNSTANVILLE, Dunstan’s town, f.
DUNSTONE, ?dark (dun, s.) stone, t.
DUNSTER, n.f., ?castle land (uir).
DUNVETH, the grave’s (bedh) hill, Pr.
DUNY, ?i.q. DONEY or DUNHAY.
DUPATH, ?south (deheu) side (parth).
DUPLIN, n.f., ?black (dubh, i.) lake.
DUPORTH, black (du) beach, G.F.
DURANT, n.f., ?water vale (nant).
DUR-FOLD, -VAL, ?s. deerfould, deer park; or, oak (dur) field.
DURGAN, i.q. DOURGAN.
DURLAN, ?oak or water close (lan).
DUR LEAN, ?flax (lin) land (doar).
DURLO, oak (dar) pool (lo).
DURRA, river, ?the water (dour).
DURRABEANS, ?the little (bean) lands or fields (daourou).
DURRACOT, ?oak wood (coat).
DURRAW, ?-derv, oaks.
DURVA, oak or water place (va).
DUSTON, n.f., i.q. DUNSTONE.
DUSTOWE, n.f., i.q. DAVIDSTOW.
DUTSON, Dodd’s down (oon).
DUXHAM, ?the duke’s, or ducks’, border (hem) [land], or home.
DUXZARD, DYZART, i.q. DAZARD.
DWELLA, i.q. TREWELLA.
DYER, n.f., ?= tyor, a thatcher.
DYMMA, ?Emma’s house (ty), T.C.
DYMYSNS, =f. demesnes, the land occupied by the lord himself.
DYPPER, ?= dippa, a pit, E.

EAD, i.q. ETHY; or, EDDY.
EAD-, EAD-, EAD-LESS, Ethelred’s court (les), Po.
EARISH, i.q. ARISH PARK.
EARLING, ?= hurling, [field].
EARTH, ERTH, = arth, high.
EASEM CROFT, ?lower (isse) border (hem) croft.
EAISTRY, ?east acre or field (cru).
EAS

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Easy Park, i.q. Parkissey.
Eathnevias, ? Nywys's (w.) heath (heath); (neves,new, a.; hennaways, refuse, m.c.).
Eathorne, ? corner (horn) gate (yet), T.C.; ? thorn enclosure (hay).
Eaver Croft, eaver-grass croft.
EB BAL Rocks, ? colt (eol) rocks.
The Eber, fishing ground at the ebb-tide, T.C.; ? carcass (abar, w.) [rock].
ECGLOSTUDIC, e.d.d., St. Tudy church [land].
EDD-EN, i.d.a., i.q. Eduuad, rich (eol) guard, t.
Eddy, n.f., ? the same; or = ethic, great; or, s. eadig, happy, rich, prosperous.
Edelet, d.d., ? Ethelred's heath, now ALLET.
Edense, i.q. Enis.
Edgecombe, n.f., edge of the vale, t.
Edmer, t.d.d., rich fame, t.
Ednood, t.d.d., rich threatening, t.
Edricus, w.B.m., rich rule, t.
Edul, t.d.d., rich war (wieg), t.
Edyvean, n.f., little (bean) Eddy.
Efflins, ? St. Eval's island (enys).
Efford, = Ebbingford, the passage (forth) at the ebb of the tide.
Egbere, ? the farm on the edge, t.
EGLA-, Eglos-rose ? the heath (ros) church (eglos), Wh.
EGLASDERRY, ? Eddric's church [land]; or, church oaks (derow).
EGLASBERRIE, d.d., St. Berrion's church [land].
EGLOS CROC, church of the cross, Po.; ? of the barrow (cray).
EGLOSSELLIS, ? Ellis's church [land].
Eglossereue, ? church field (eru).
EGLOSSHALLOW, church moors.
EGLOSSHAYLE, the church on the river (Pr.), or estuary (M'L.), or of St. Helie, Wh. (p.s. not known).
EGLOSSHELLEN, ? church corner (elin); or, i.q. ELLINGLEAZ.
EGLOSSKERRY, church of love (Pr.), of St. Keri, Wh. (p.s. SS. Ide & Lydy, O.)

Eglosmerther, the church of the martyr (St. Co anus).
EGLOSSANT, holy (sand) church.
EIULPHUS, t.d.d., island wolf, t.
Elerchy, swans' (elerch) house (chy), i.e. the swannery, T.
ELF NOD, w.B.m., elf-bold (noth), t.
ELIOT, n.f., ? i.q. LIUTH, or; ALLET.
ELLA, ? = Elan, the elms.
ELLE RIDGE, ? bridge moor (hal), or, i.q. Telbridge.
ELLCOMBE, ? moor, or elm vale.
ELLINGLEAZ, green (glas) elms, Pr.
ELLERY, n.f., ? moor field (eru); or, from St. Hilary.
ELLIS, n.f., = els, a son-in-law; or, green (las), or, broad (les) moor; or, = Elias.
ELMENTOR, i.q., HELMENTOR.
ELMER, t.d.d., ? i.q. AYLMER.
ELPHINSTONE, n.f., ? moor stone.
ELRIC, t.d.d., noble (adel) power, t.
ELSON, n.f., ? i.q. HELSTON.
ELUIN, noble friend (wine), t.
ELVANS, ? nuns' (manaes) moor; or, from elean, moor stone.
ELWELL, ? high (uhel) moor (hal).
ELWERDUS, w.B.m., noble (adel) power, t.
EMBLA, ? i.q. AMBLE.
EMBLANCE, ? Hannibal's Enas.
EMLETS, ? little borders (hem).
ENAS, ? = eanes, lambs; or, i.q. PARK EN EANES; or, Enys.
ENDEAN, n.f., ? = an dean, the man.
ENDLESI GHS, pasture (leu) end [fields], T.C.; ? lambs' (eanes) pastures.
ENGW, ? = an ceow, the closes.
ENGLILLY, the (an) hazel grove.
ENGOLLAN, the bottom, Pr.
ENGOOSE, the wood (eus).
EN-IE, -NIS, i.q. ENAS or Enys.
EN-MOR, -MOAR, -NOR, great (maur) island, Po.
ENNIS-VARTH, -VATH, green (gwyrdd, w.) island, T.C.
ENNISWORGY, ? lambs' (eanes) pound (gwarcha, w.).
ENNYS MORVA, Enis marsh.
ENTRAL, -EL, middle or half (hanter) the moor.
ENYS, an island, R.W. ; also, a peninsula made by a river or the sea, Pr.
ENYS DODNAN, the island with the soil on it, El. ?
EPELT, n.f., ? colt (ebol) gate (yet).
EPPS, EPSE, n.f., i.q. APPS.
ERA, ERRA, ERO, ERROR, = eru, an acre, a field.
ERA GROSSIE, ? lower (isa) cross (crows) field.
ERA LEDAN, broad field.
ERA WIDN, ? tree (gewden) field.
ERCHENBALDUS, t.d.d., sacred prince, t.
ERE, ? i.q. ERA, or, Park Here.
ERISEY, the dry (sech) acre (eru) ; or, upon (er) the bottom (isy), Pr.
ERMEN, B.m., public, universal, t.
ERMENTHALDUS, t.d.d., public power, t.
ERMENTHEC, d.d., ? i.q. CARMINNOW.
ERO FENTON, spring field.
ERO PENVALE, moor's head field.
ERRA DRYESACK, ? thorny (dreisick) field.
ERRA GEAR, ? camp (caer) field.
ERRA WARTHA, higher field.
ERW WIDDEN, i.q. ERA WIDN.
ESCALLS, ? = esgols, the holy place ; or, iz goles, corn valley, T.C. ; ? the thistles (ascal-s).
ESCOTT, n.f., ? east (est) cottage, t.
ESSHES, ? stubble (arish) fields.
ESS, ESSE, o.n.f., ? = esc, the ash, s.
ESSA PARK, lower (isa) close.
ESSEL, n.f., ? below (is) the moor (hal).
ESSERY, n.f., ? lower field (eru).
ESSET PARK, ? lower (isa) gate (yet) close (parv).
ESSEY, i.q. PARK ISSEY.
ESTR-AY, -Y, ? east field (eru).
ETHNEVAS, i.q. EATINEVAS.
ETHORN, i.q. EATHORNE.
ETHY, ? the great (ethic) [house].
? i.q. TETHY.
EULCEN, s.B.m., i.q. ÆULCEN.
EUSERI, B.m. = Eusebius.
EVA-, EVAR-, EVER-PARK, i.q. EAYER.
EVANS, n.f., son of Evan ; = Johnson.
EVERY, n.f., ? i.q. Avery.
EWSANEC, s.B.m., ? = ewnhinsic, just.
EX, EXE, ? = aces, oaks, s. ; or, hesh, rushes.
EXWELL, well by the oaks, t.
EYLES, n.f., ? Long (hir), i.q. ANNEAR.
EYRIE, ? eagle's nest.

FAERDON, ? fair hill (dun).
FAGGELFORD, ? fowl (fugel) ford.
FAIRWASH, ? the fair stream.
FAL, the prince's (ful, Pr.) [river] ; 
FOIl, slowly, softly, ga.
FALMOUTH, mouth of the Fal (p.s. K. Charles the Martyr).
FAYWEE, cave (faw) river (gwy), Po. ;
FOBHAIDH, quick, nimble, ga.
FAWGAN, ? cave down (goon).
FAYTON, ? cave enclosure (ion, s.).
FEADON, ? i.q. FENTON or FAERDON.
FELT PARK, ? skin close, t.
FENDERLEASE, ? i.q. FENTALEY.
FENTAFRIDDLE, ? Bartholomew's (Bertyl) well (fenten).
FENTALEY, the spring on the green (les), Po.
FENTON-GLEDER, ? sparkling spring.
F.-HORN, corner (corn) spring.
FENTER-GAN, ? fountain of the singers, the singing, or the white well, Pr. ;
DOWN (goon) spring.
F. LARRICK, ? Alurie's spring.
F. NELLA, ? elm (elau) spring.
F. OON, spring on the down (oon).
F. VEAN, little (bean) spring.
F. WANSION, ? murmuring (manson) spring.
FENTON, = fenton, the spring, fountain, or well, Pr.
F. ADDLE, the soul or dirty well, Pr. ;
? well with a ladle (huddal, B.).
F.-ARE, -ER, ? battle (heir) well.
F. BERRAN, St. Piran's well.
F. EAST, the east (est) well.
F. GAY, ? spring by the hedge (ce).
F.-GOE, -GOV, the smith's (gof) well.
<table>
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<tr>
<th>Term</th>
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<td>Fawitona</td>
<td><em>i.e.</em> Fawey.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Fawey</td>
<td><em>i.e.</em> Fawey.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Fere, Ferny-splat</td>
<td>A spot (splot, s.) abounding with ferns.</td>
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<td>Feregl</td>
<td>Ferny-splat</td>
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<td>Ferego</td>
<td>Fern wood (coed) or brake.</td>
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<td>Feron</td>
<td>Fern (gwidn) hill (bre).</td>
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<td>Fesnewth</td>
<td><em>i.e.</em> Forsnough; or new (newydh) thicket (browse).</td>
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<td>Fetch Field</td>
<td><em>i.e.</em> Vetch field</td>
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<td>Fiddick</td>
<td><em>i.e.</em> Filteach, a vulture, a.</td>
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<td>Fiscar</td>
<td><em>i.e.</em> Pixie or fairy field (eru).</td>
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<td>Fitchet</td>
<td>N.f., the polecat, t.</td>
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<td>Flamank</td>
<td>N.f., burning (flam) glove (maneg), H.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Flammock</td>
<td>N.f., = flammog, blazing, w., R.W.; clear eyedness, H.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Flanker Croft</td>
<td><em>i.e.</em> Mill (melin) hedge (ce) croft.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Fletching</td>
<td>N.f., the polecat, t.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fowey</td>
<td><em>i.e.</em> Fawey.</td>
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* O. Burg de Fowy; d.d. Fawintone; e.d.d. Fawitona; "the town on the Fawy," i.e. N
Foyefenton, source (fenton) of the Fowy. Walled spring, H.
Freoc’s, the o.
Frard, n.f., ?-frath, noise, objection, B.
Fraddock, ? Frad’s hill (dun).
Fra-ggin, -dian, ? i.q. Park Jane.
Franket, ? i.q. Park an yet.
Frathy, Freathy, ? i.q. Freth; or great (ethic) hill (bre).
Frauninus, ? t.d.d. ? Frea’s friend (wine, s.).
Frayne, a.n.f., ? the same.
Freething, Freth, ? field with a wattled (frith) hedge or gate.
Frel, ? moor (hal) hill (bre).
Freoc, w.B.m., = fricca, a preacher, s., F. ; or, i.q. St. Breock.
Friggans,fox (uggeon) closes (parc-s).
Froan, ? i.q. Park owen.
Frog-coom, -ham, ? Freoc’s, or frog valley (cum), or home (ham), or border (hem), t.
Froxton, ? d.d. Forchetsstan, front gate (forgeat) stone (stan, s.).
Froxwater, ? ? Freock’s or frog (frox, s.) stream.
Frye, n.f., ? = w. bry, fry, high, R. W. ; fri, free, s., J.T.
Fudge, Fudge, Fuge, n.f., i.q. Foge.
Fuglesome, ? fowl’s (fugel) border (hem), or lowland (holm), s.
Fugoe, ? i.q. Fougou.
Furd-a, -ar, ? i.q. Forda.
Furlie, n.f., ifar, or the fairmeadow.
Furmudge, n.f., ? = f. fromage, cheese.
Furnell, n.f., ? = fern hill ; or, i.q. Parnell.
Furniss, n.f., wisdom, sagacity, w.
Fursnap, ? furze knap or brow.
Furspark, furze close.
Furza Park, the furze close.
Furz-don, -down, -on, hill (dun) with the entrenchment (foss), M. L. ; ? furze down or hill.
Furze Ball, ? furze field or hill.
Furze Ham, ? furze border (hem).
Furze Gwin, ? furzy down (gwyn).

Fyntengymps Yean, and Vean or Bian, 15 cent., great and little Fentongymps.

Gaballa, ? arable (palas, to dig) enclosure (ce); or, pillasdown (goon).
Gaber Lands, ? goat (gavar), or brook (gover), closes (lan-s).
Gabnase, ? i.q. Gobnas.
Gabrias, ? hill (bre) closes (ca-e-s).
Gaddons, ? lambs’ (eanes) wood (coed, w.), or, castle (dinas), close (ce).
Garden, ? i.q. Gudern.
Gadles, the moles’ (godh) green (les), Pr. ; the battle (cad) court (les), i.e. the camp, R. W.
Gadycumbe, n.f., ?goat (gat, s.) combe.
Gaffelford, i.q. CAMELFORD, Cam.; tribute (gafol, s.) ford, Bo.
Gaifer, d d. Gaer, i.q. Caer.
Gakesground, hemlock (cegas) land.
Galgullas, the bottom (an goes) field (gweal).
Galds, ? Gals-worthing, n.f., i.q. Goldsworthy.
Galgeath, field with trees (gwyth).
Gallacombe, i.q. Gollacombe.
Galland, ?bottom (golfa) close (lan).
Gali, Gale, Galy, n.f., i.q. Gelly.
Gal-len, -enna, -dna, ? narrow or Fowler’s (ideis) close (ce).
Galley Mead, ?grove (celi) meadow.
Gallyloes, ? ? barrow (lane, t.) grove (celi) [field].
Gallowires, i.q. Golowres.
Gallowspark, ?bottom (golfa) close.
Galver, ? great (meer) field (gweal).
Gam, = cam, the crooked [place], Pr.
Gambel, ? distant (pell), or river (heyl) combe.
Gambe Meadow, crooked, or combe meadow.
Gamber, Gamper, ? = campier, a champion ; or, crooked close (parc), or bay (porth).

"the water (wey) of the deep ditch, vault, or den (faw)," B. Carew has "Foy haven, in Cornish, Foath." p.s. St. Nicholas; o. St. Fimbarrus, O.
GAW

Cambridge, i.q. Cambridge.
Games, n.f., ? i.q. Keams.
Gammon Park, foot-path close.
Gammon, n.f., ? common, foot-path.
Gamphen seez, a crooked bay with a rock in it, Mur. (i)
Gang, a path, drain, s.; ? meeting-place, t., L.Sz.
Gangumpis, t.h., i.q. Goongumpas.
Ganhafforne, ? i.q. Goonavern.
Gan-hilly, -illy, -nilly, ? i.q. Goonhilly.
Gannel, the channel, creek, &c., Po.; ? river's (heyl) mouth (genau); or white (can) river.
Gannet, ? down (goon) gate (yet).
Gannick, ? i.q. Carnick.
Gant, n.f., ? i.q. Cant.
Ganver, ? great (veor) down.
Ganwheal, ? down field (gveal).
Gap, ? the breach, or = cape.
Garadown, ? i.q. Caradon.
Gard, n.f., ? caerd, a refiner, mechanic, ga.; or, i.q. Garret.
Garden and Bags, ? kite's (bargus), or back of the house garden, or enclosure (garth).
Garder warthia, and wolla, higher and lower fortification, T.
Gardy, ? castle (caer) house (ty).
Gare, i q. Gear.
Gargalle, d.d., ? by (gar) the grove (celli); or green (gare) grove.
Garges, Gargus, the wood (cus) afar off (cer), Pr.; ? over (goar), or by (gar), the wood.
Gargrave, n.f., ? enclosure (garth) by the grove or grave, t.
Garker moor, ? partridge (grugyerer) moor.
Garlenna, ? i.q. Carllennow.
Garl-ennick, -innick, -ynnick, ? i.q. Carlanick.
Garles, on (gaw) the green (les), Pr.; herb (les) garden (garth), R.W.
Garmoe, ? pigs' (mogh) yard (garth).
Garn Close, = garden close.

GARNDARNEY, thorny (draenic) garden; or by thorn (draenic) close (hay).
Garneggan, i.q. Carneggan.
Garnick, ? i.q. Carnick.
Garnon, n.f., ? i.q. Carnon.
Garrack = carrag, the rock, stone.
G. Downs, rock or rocky downs.
G. Sanz, holy (sans) rock.
Garrah, on the top of the hill, Pr.
Garrance, n.f., ? from St. Gerrans.
Garrapark, ? i.q. Cara park.
Garr-as, -is, -ows, -us, i.q. Garrah, Pr.; = gvarhas, summit.
Garrator, rough (garow) tor, C.
Garret, n.f., ? = gavait, a warrior, champion, ga.; or, Gerhard, firm spear, t.
Garrick, i.q. Garnick or Garrack.
G. Park, rock or rocky close.
Garricks, rocky [field]s.
Garrier, ? long (hir) leg's (gar), or heron's (erybyr) [field].
Garrigan, n.f., i.q. Gaverrigan.
Garrow, ? i.q. Garrah, or Carew.
Garthwaite, n.f., ? white enclosure (garth).
Garthwood, ? wood enclosure.
Gar-yes, -wes, ? i.q. Gaves.
Gaskin, n.f., ? sedge (hesken) close (ces, w.); or, i.q. Goonhasken.
Gass, n.f., ? = goaz, a goose, B.
Gate, n.f., ? = goat, a goat, s.
Gate Park, ? i.q. Park Yet.
Gathers, ? brambles (dresis) or close (ce).
Gatley, n.f., ? goat (goat, s.) pasture.
Gat-t-y, gate or goat close (hay).
Gaudrete, w.B.m., ? = Godred, divine council, t.
Gaver, ? goat (gaver) [field]; or, great (veor) close (ce).
Gaver-rigan, -gon, Gaurigan, the goat's down (goon), H.; twenty (iganz) goats, Pr.
Gaves, outward (ves) close (ce).
Gawdy, n.f., ? i.q. Cutty, or Gatty.
Gawens, ? from c.w. Gawen = gavin, hawk of battle, Y.
Gawland, ? enclosed (caw, w.), or manured (cawch) land.
GAW MEADOW, ? smith's (gof), or, cow meadow.
GAWN, ? = gwon, a down.
GAWTON, ? goats' or cows' enclosure (tun, s.), or hill (dun).
GAY, n.f., ? i.q. Gee.
GAYCHE, GEACH, n.f., ? cae issa, lower close.
GAYER, n.f., ?long (hir) close (ce).
GAYLAND, ? flourishing (gay, m.c.) field.
GAYLARD, n.f., ? the dancer (galliard, B.); or, i.q. Celert, w.s.
GAYLSE, n.f., ? green-moor (hellas), or cliff (als) close (ce).
GAYRICK, ? i.q. GARRICK.
GAYRY, ? i.q. CAREY, or GEARY.
GAYRLAKE, ? willow (helig) garth.
GAZA, ? daisy (ggr) close (ce).
GAZELAND, dirty (gasa), or deserted (gasa, to leave) enclosure (lan), Pr.
THE GAZERS, ? the daisy closes.
GAZICK COVE, dirty (gassic) cove.
GEAHOW, ? = ceow, enclosures.
GEAK, GEAKE, GEEK, n.f., to pry, peep, squinny, m.c.; or, giach, a partridge.
GEAL FIELD, ? a reduplication, gweal = field; or, leech (gel) field.
GEAR, = guer, a green, flourishing, lively, fruitful, pleasant place, Pr.; ? i.q. GAIRE.
GEAR PARK, ? camp close (parc).
GEARN PARK, ? alder (gwerw) close.
GEARS, green or camp [field].
GEAR VEAN, ? little camp [field].
GEARY, n.f., ? camp close (hay).
GEDGE, n.f., ? i.q. GAYCHE.
GEDRICUS, w.Bm., ? song rule, t.
GEDY, n.f., ? goat (geat) close (hay).
GEE, n.f., = ce, a hedge, a close.
GELGEE, ? hazels (clyfl) hedge (ce).

GELLANGYS, ? fields (gweal-s) by the house (an chy).
GELLIES, = celliow, the groves.
GELLINGWARTHA, ? = the higher (an wartha) field (gweal) or grove.
GELLY, = celli, a grove, more commonly, a hazel grove, Pr.
GELMEARS, the great (mear) fields (gweal-s).
GELYDNA, i.q. GALLENSA.
GEN-DALL, -TIL, n.f., ? = cendel, fine linen; or, cenedel, a tribe; or, i.q. KENDALL.
GENEAU, the mouth (genuw) or troubled (cen) water (eau, f.), Pr.
GENIS, n.f., from St. Gennys.
GENN, n.f., = gwen, white; or, cein, a ridge; or, gen, a chin; or, i. gen, a sword; or, from St. KEYNE.
GENNATT, ? huntsman's (cynydd) [field]; or, i.q. GUNNETT.
GEN-NING, -YAN, ? = cenion, skins or tents; or, cenin, a leek; or, cwningen, w., a rabbit.
GENTER CROFT, ? nail (center) croft.
GENVOR, = great (meer) ridge (cein) or head (cein, ga.); or, = Geneavour.
GERMOE, from p.s. St. GERMOCH.
GERNICK, ? = CAIRNICK.
GERRAS, i.q. Cairo, M'L.; GARRAS, T.
GERRESH, n.f., ? the same.
GERRIER, i.q. GARRIER.
GERRY CROFT, ? camp (caervau) croft.
GERRYS HILL, ? hill or moor (hal) top (gwarhas).
GERVEYS, n.f., spear eagerness, t.; ? = gervas, a good word.
GESTIN, w. B.m., ? = castan, a chestnut.
GEW, ? = ceow, pl. of ce, a hedge, enclosure, field.*
GEWANS, ? the valley (nans) GEW.

* "Gew, the stay, support. On many estates one of the best fields is called The Gew, from its being the support of the estate," Pr. A plain field, B. A plain amidst hills, which would be the best land in an estate, Wh. ?=w. cau, hollow, R.W. Sometimes it is "a common," as, The Gew, touching St. Agnes, Seilly, S.G. The Gew is often found; as also several fields in the same farm, called Gew with a prefix; as Barn Gew, Horse Pool Gew, Lower Hilly Gew, &c., in Pollard, Wendron. In Irish, cuan is a bay, a haven, a field; cuas, a hollow, J.B.
GEWENS, ? island (ensys), or lambs' (eanes) GEW.

GEW-GRAZE, -GREASE, middle (gres) hollow or cove, J.B.

GEW GYANCE, hollow or bottom leading from KYANCE cove, J.B.

GEW JANE, ? ox (udzheon) GEW.

GEW PEARIS, ? GEW meadow (pras).

GIBBIE MEADOW, ? from ST. CUBY.

GIDD-EEY, -Y, n.f., ? i.q. GEDY; or, = Ceadda, war, Y.

GILBERIC, ? fallow (havrec, a.) or fat (berric) field (gewal).

IDGEON, n.f., ? ox (udzheon) close (ce).

IDGEY, ? i.q. St. ISSEY.

GIDLEY, n.f., ? i.q. Gatology.

GIGGAS, i.q. COGOGEOS, R.B.R.

GIL ARD, -ART, -ERT, -URD, n.f., companion or servant (gele) of St. Bridget; or, bright pledge, t., Y.

GILCHRIST, n.f., ? servant of Christ.

GILL, ? = gewal-s, fields; or, moom (hal) fields.

GILL, n.f., ? = cil, a recess; or, gele, a companion; or, cell, a grove.

GILLA, ? = gewalow, fields; or, celliow, groves.

GILL ARD, -ET, ? i.q. Gaylard.

GILLEBON, ? down house (bo oon) grove (celli).

GILL-EY, -E, -Y, i.q. Gelly.

GILLIES, groves; or broad (les) fields.

GILLIN, ? = celin, holly; or, i.q. Glynn.

GILLINWARTHA, i.q. Gelingwartha.

GILLONS, ? lambs' (eanes) field.

GILL PARK, hazel trees (cyll, w.) close.

GILLY GABBON, ? foot path (cammen) grove.

G. TREGOD, woodhouse (tregoed) grove.

GIMBLECOM, ? = vale of the CAMEL.

GIMNEN SCREPHA, Beal, i.q. Gunmensorfy.

THE GIN FIELD, ? = cein, a ridge.

GINGYSN DOWN, T.a, = Jenkin's Down, T.C.

GIRLES, ? i.q. Garles.

GIRLS PARK, ? herb garden close.

GIRTLEY, ? = great lea, or meadow.

GIRTHY MILK STREET, the street of milk and girls, i.e. grits or groats.

GISGARD, n.f., ? = Giselhart, pledge of firmness, t., Y.

GLADNEY, ? i.q. Gelydna.

GLAND PARK, ? river-bank (gland) close; or, i.q. Glam.

GLANVILLE, n.f., ? town (ville, f.) on the bank.

GLAS-ENEY, -NEY, green water (ea, s.), Nord. (? enys, island); Le. Glamnith, green nest (nith); green ford, H. (hyth, a coast, port, haven, s.).

GLASS, n.f., ? = glas, blue, grey, green; the stomach; or, i.q. Goonlase.

GLASSCOT, n.f., ? green wood (coat).

GLASSWORTHY, n.f., ?higher (wartha) Goonlase.

GLASTON, n.f., i.q. Glazdon.

GLAZ DON, -ON, green hill or down (don).

GLAZELAND, green close (lan).

GLEBRIDGE, ? grove (celli) bridge.

GLEEST, ? east (est) field (gewal).

GLEN, n.f., i.q. Glynn.

GLEN CROSS, n.f., ? glen moom (cors); or, cross (crows) glen.

GLENDENEYING, n.f., ? Dinan's glen.

GLENDORGAL, ? = Torquell's (t.), or noisy glen. (deragla, to brawl).

GLENDURGAN, glen of the Dourgan.

GLEN WITHAN, ? = gewal an wedden, the tree field; or, tree glen.

GLIDDEN, i.e. broad (ledan) field (gewal); or, i.q. Glynn.

GL-, GLU-VIAN, ? little (bihan) grove (celli) or groves (celliow).

GLOOM, ? loom field (gewal).

GLOWETH, the down (goon) with the barrows (loweth), M'L.

GLOYS, ? = glens; or, lambs' (eanes) field (gewal).

GLUBB, n.f., ? = glub, wet, moist, a.

GLUDDENS, ? broad (ledan) fields (gewal-s).

GLU-IS, -YSS, n.f., from St. Gluvias.

GLUSTONE, d.d. for Bliston, ? church (eglos) town; or, i.q. Glazdon.

GLUTH, ? garden (lowarth) close (ce).
GLYNN, the glen; ? wooded (celli) valley with a river (avon).

GOAD, n.f., = coid, a wood; or, godh, a mole, a goose; or, god, s., good.

GOAH, = gover, a stream.

GOAL GWIDDEN, = tree (gwedhen), or white (gwival), field.

GOAMARTH, i.q. Gonamarth.

GOAN NOATH, new (nowyth) down.

GOARD, n.f., = high (ard) down (goon).

GOATSLAND, = goats’ close (lan).

GOBBAS VEOAN, = little Gobnas.

GOBB-EN, -NN, = little down (goon).

GOBMAN CROFT, = sea-weed croft.

GOBNAS, = lesser (belhenna) down (goon) [field]s, or closes (cae-s).

GODRIA, i.q. Goonyrea.

GODA, w.B.M., = Goth, s.

GODCOT, = Goda’s cottage, t.; or, cottage near a wood (coed, w.).

GODDARD, n.f., divine firmness, t., Y.; godard, a cup, w.

GODFREY, n.f., i.q. Godefridus, t.d.d.

G. Godfrey’s peace.

GODGEN, = ox (udzheon) down (goon).

GODOLGAN, o.n.f., = tin (alcan, w.) smelting (goddeithiol), C.; land of tin, ph., Po.; white eagle, Car.

GODOLPHIN, the same; a little (go) valley (dol) of springs (fenten), Pr. (c.d. St. John Baptist, Du.B.)

GODREN, = thorn (draen) down.

GODREY, little (go), or wood (coed), town (tre) by the water (vey), Pr.; godre, a border, edge, w.; godro, to milk, w.

GODRIC, t.d.d., divine king, t., Y.

GODVEN, t.d.d., divine friend, t., Y.

GOES FIELD, = blood (gos) field.

GOFADDLE, a shop, a workhouse, a smith’s shop, Pr.

GOGLAS, green (glas) down (goon).

GOGWELL, the cuckoo’s (go) town (ville, f.) or work (wheat), B.

GOLANCE, = lambs’ (eanes) field (gweal).

GOLANT (or St. Sampson, p.s.), adoration, C.; holy (gol) church (lan), Po.; the stream (naut) from the

down (goon) with the tumulus (lo, s.), (W.W. Golonant), M.-L.

GOLBERDON, = screech-owl (berthuan) field (gweal).

GOLBORN, holy well (urne, s.), Pr.

GOLD-ARROWS, -ARRISH, = stubble (arrish) field (gweal); or, field by the door (doras).

GOLDAWDEN, = lay (todn) field.

GOLDBERRY, = rich (berrie) field.

GOL-, GOAL-, GULDEN, i.q. Wolven; = col din, castle hill.

GOLDEN GUMPAS, i.q. Goon Gumpas.

GOLDEN VEEAN, little Golden.

GOLDEN VERRIS, = golden furze.

GOLDEW, = south (deken, w.) field.

GOLD FOLD, = fold (fald, s.) field.

G. HILL, = moor (hal) field.

G. HOSKEN, = rush (hescen) field.

GOLD-ING, -NEY, n.f., = narrow (idne) field, T.C.

GOLDMELLIN, = yellow (melyn), or mill (melin) field.

GOLD-, GOOL-MORRISH, Morrish’s or marsh field.

GOLD PERROW, = pear trees (perwyth) field.

G. RAFTER, = rough land (tir) field.

GOLDRICK, = watery (douric) field.

GOLDSITHNEY, = Sithney’s field, or hill (col), or hazels (coll, w.); v. Golsinny.

GOLD SLIP, = narrow-strip field.

GOLDSTANNA, = tinner or water wagtail (stenor) field.

GOLDSWORTHY, n.f., = further (wartha) bottom (goles).

GOLHOSKING, n.f., = Goll Hosken.

GOLL-A, -AH, = goles, a bottom; the bottom or lower place, Pr.

GOLLACOMBE, = lower (gwolla) valley (cum).}

GOLLASTREA, bottom near home (tre).

GOLLAWATER, stream in the bottom.

GOLLAWEST, = west, or shelter bottom. (gwesu, to shelter).

GOLLOBEN, = little (bihan) bottom.

GOLON, i.q. Colon.

GOLONA, = glanow, the banks, R.W.;
water flag (galung, f.), C.J.

Golourtes, at (go) the garden (lowarth), Pr.; tumulus (low, s.) down (goon), M.L.

Gol-ytha, -ytha, obstruction, C.; ? dairy (laitty) down (goon).

Golpithy, ? birch (bedho) field.

Golpronter, ? preacher’s or priest’s (praonter) field.

Golsans, ? lambs’ (eanes) bottom or valley (goles).

Golstick, ? narrow-slip (stich) field, or bottom (goles).

Golvadneck, ? stony (maenic) field; or, i.q. Colvannick.

Golwean, little field (gweal).

Golvoel, the bald hill (moel) of light (golow), Beal.

Golvarra, further (wortha) field.

Goman, n.f., ? stone (maen) down.

Gomer, n.f., ? horses’ (merk) down (goon).

Gona-barren, -barn, ? crow (brahan, bran), or, barn down.

Gonamarroes, ? Medrose down.

Gonamirth, ? down of the wonder (mirth), or horse (march), or water plain or meadow (march, C.).

Gonamena, ? stony (maenic) downs.

Gonebras, ? great (bras) down.

Goneva, ? down place (ma, va).

Gonew Visca, ? high (uch) down of the piskies or fairies.

Gongears, ? green or camp downs.

Gonghnit, furze (eithen) down.

Gonnets Park, St. Conant’s close.

Gonnorwartha, higher Connor.

Gonom Downes, no man’s down (re duplicated).

Gonormael, ? Gwrmael’s (w.s.) down.

Gonornan, ?? St. Rumon’s downs.

Gon Park, down close (paro).

Gonpiper, ? baker’s (peber) down.

Gonree, i.q. Goonreeth.

Gonvean, little (bihan) down.

Gonvellock, ? Mailoc’s down.

Gonverzeth, ? the dry (sech) great (veer), or, furze heathe down.

Gonwin, white (gwin) down.

Gonzion, Zion or Jews’ (edzhewon) down, C.; down with a defence (sion, ga.), Beal; ? i.q. Godgen.

Goo, i.q. Gew.

Gooch, n.f., i.q. Couch.

Good, n.f., i.q. God.

Good-agrane, -gream, ? gravel (grean) wood (coed, w.).

Goodall, n.f., moor (hal) wood.

Goodamoor, ? great (maer), or, moor wood.

Goodaveor, ? great wood.

Goodern, ? alder (gern), or oak (derwen) wood, R.W.

Goodgrace, t.b., ? middle (eres) wood.

Gooding, n.f., ? little (vean) wood.

Goodland, n.f., ? wood close (lan).

Goodman, n.f., the stone (maen) wood; or = Godmund, divine protection, t.

Goodmansleigh, Goodman’s pasture (leah, s.).

Goodmerry, ? Meore’s wood.

Goodness, ? lambs’ (eanes) wood; or, castle (dinas) down.

Goodwin, n.f., divine friend, t.; ? white (gwin) wood.

Goodyere, ? long (hir) wood.

Goodyvoal, ? blackbirds’ (moelh) wood, or field (coetiey, w.).

Goolamank, ? [fox] glove (maneg), or the monk’s (manach) field (gweal).

Goold darras, i.q. Gweal darras.

G. Harp, ? harrow (harp) field.

G. Herring, ? oak (derwen) field.

G. Hingey, ? field by the house (ancly).

Gool Vellan, mill (melin) field.

Goonabarn, i.q. Gonbarren.

Goonavern, alder (gweren) downs, R.W.

Goon Ballas, ? i.q. Gaballas.

G. Barrow, ? higher (warra) down.

G. Bel, the fair (bel), or far off (pell), or further down.

G. Brea, hill (bre) down, Po.

G. Broze, great (bras), or thicket (browse), down.

G. Crouza, the cross (crows) downs.
Goon Dean Downs, 1 castle (din) down (reduplicated).
G. evas, 1 the down outside (ves).
G. gallis, 1 bottom (goles) down.
G. gartha, 1 higher (gwartha) down.
G. gæth, 1 down of the limit (gæthy), or the trees (gweylh).
G. gillin, 1 holly (celin) down.
G. givin, 1 boundary (cuffen, w.), or ridge (cefn, w.) down.
G. glaze, 1 green (glas) down.
G. goose, the common by the wood (cus), Pr.; hill of blood (gos), Nord.; 
? cheese (goose) down.
G. gooth, 1 goose (godh), or wood (coed, w.) down.
G. gregor, partridge down.
G. gump, tcombe down. (gump, down hill, Pr.).
G. gumpas, v. goongumpy, wrestling or games (campau) down.
G. haskin, sedge (heseen) down.
G. haavern, i.q. goonavern.
G. heath, 1 heath (heyth) down.
G. hingey, 1 down by the house (an chy).
G. hower, down by the water (dour), 
Bot.; 1 ram’s (horr) down.
G. husman, husbandman’s (husman, w.), or, huntsman’s down.
G. innis, 1 Enys’s, or island (enys), or lambs’ (eames) down.
G. laze, green (lays) down.
G. loaf, 1 Leo’s (l.) down.
G. mellon, 1 clover (meillion) down.
G. menheere, long-stone (menhir) 
down.
G. mine, 1 stone (maen) down.
G. mine mellon, 1 yellow (melyn) stone down.
G. neweth, new (nowydd) down.
G. oon, -own, 1 Owen’s down.
G. pedny vounder, lane (bounder) end (pedan) down.
G. praunter, proynter, the priest or preacher (praunter) down.
G. prince, Prince’s down.

Goon Raw, rough or Ralph’s down.
G. reeth, open (rydd, w.) downs, Pr.
G. rinsey, 1 dry (sech) hill (ryhn) down.
G. soil, ? stubble (saut) down.
G. stress, 1 narrow (strez) down.
G. vean, little down.
G. veno, 1 lesser (behenna) down.
G. vrea, hill (bre) downs, R.W.
G. walkin, 1 frog (cucilen) down.
G. wartha, 1 higher (gwartha) downs.
G. widden, -wyn, -wyn, 1 white (gwyn, gwiden), or tree (gweddhen) down.
G. winnows, marshy (winnoc) down [field]s.
G. yerl, the earl’s (yerl) down, Pr.; 
Hearl’s down.
Goosebean, i.q. Coosebean.
Gooseford, the way or pass (fordh) by the wood (cus), Pr.
Goosegwarra, higher (gwarthah) wood.
Gooseham, 1 wood boundary (hem).
Goose Park, 1 wood close (parc).
G. Moor, i.q. Goss Moor.
G. Neck 1 neck of the wood.
G. well, 1 the wood well; or, high (uhel) wood.
Gooth, Gouth, 1 = coed, a wood, w.
Gore-den, -don, i.q. Caradon.
Gorget, o. Gorracot, on (gwar) the wood, Pr.; ? wood rock (carrag).
Goringy, 1 enclosure (garth) by the house (an chy).
Gorland, 1 a sheepfold or cote (corlan); or, a graveyard (corhlan).
Gorlyn, 1 = grelin, cattle pond.
Gormean, 1 by (gar, w.) the stone (maen).
Gormellick, on (gor) the mill premises, Pr.; i.q. Carmailoc.
Gorranc, from p.s. St. Goronus, 0.
G. gorras, 1 St. Gorran moor (cors).
G. hoane, Gorran haven (havven).
Gorres, 1 = garz, a hedge, fence, 
M.L.; guriz, a girdle, Po.
Gort lane, ivy or garden (gort, ga.) lane, Beal.
Goscott, 1 moor (cors) cottage.
Gosling, n.f., 1 goose pond (lyn).
Gospenheale, i.q. Coispenheale.
Goss, n.f., moor; or, wood (cos).
Gossmore, 1 great (maur) moor (corg); or, wood (cos) moor; or, a redup.
Gossose, i.q. Cosawes.
Gostick, n.f., 1 pleasant (tec) wood.
Goswarn, 1 alder (gewern) wood.
Gotcha, 1 i.q. Park Cadjaw.
Goth-a, -ers, i.q. Gathers.
Gotley, n.f., 1 goat or great pasture, t.
Goudge, n.f., 1 i.q. Couch.
Gough, n.f., 1 = goch, red, R.W.; or, gof, a smith.
Goular Rocks, coral rocks, Bl.
Gould, n.f., 1 golud, wealth, v.
Gourd, n.f., 1 i.q. Goard.
Gouth, 1 wood = coed, v.
Gouthers Rock, 1 Caruthers rock.
Gov-arroe, -errow, the streams.
Gov, rivulet, stream.
Goverrigan, i.q. Gaverigan.
Govett, n.f., 1 smith's (gof) gate (yet).
Gov-ile, -illy, -eyley, 1 stream place (le); or Beli's down (goon); 1 govail, a smithy, R.W.
Govis Water, 1 higher (gwarthah) down (goon) outside (ves).
Govorrack, nickn., snubnose, T.
Gow, 1 i.q. Gew.
Gow-ans, -ens, 1 i.q. Gew-ans, -ens.
Gower, n.f., 1 i.q. Gover.
Gowey's, 1 lower (iso), or outside (ves), enclosures (ceow).
Gown Park, down (gwon) close.
Grack, 1 rock (carray) [field].
Grad-don, -on, 1 i.q. Caradon, or Grady.
Grade, from p.s.; (c.d. Holy Cross and St. Gradus, O.).
Grad-ar, -er, -ey, 1 long (hir)
Graddon.
Grady Park, 1 steps (gradow) close.
Graper-ner, -ner, i.q. Gradnar.
Gragon, i.q. Caricon.
Graham, n.f., 1 i.q. Grim.
Graing Park, 1 grange close.
Gramaire, o.n.f., 1 = gramr, fierce, o.n.
Grambl-a, -er, the scrambling place, Pr., (grambla, to scramble).
Grammers Park, 1 grandmother's, or woodlouse (grammer sow) close.
Grammery, 1 grandmother's hay or close.
Grampound, a. Granfont, the great (grand, f.) bridge (pons, pont, w.); (c.d. St. Mary).
Grampus, 1 grandpapa's [field].
Granfars Meadow, the same.
Grankin, n.f., 1 = creynin, a limpet, w.
Grannick, 1 i.q. Carnick.
Grannkam, i.q. Cranckum.
Grant, n.f., 1 i.q. St. Geraint; or = grand, great, f.
Granville, n.f., great (grand) town, f.
Grasken, i.q. Carscain.
Gratna, i.q. Gradnar.
Gratt-an, -en, -on, 1 i.q. Graddon.
Grave, n.f., 1 = gerefa, a steward, s.
Gravesend, 1 i.q. Grovesend, end of the grove, l., (craobh, a tree, i.).
Grawley, i.q.Crawle, or Crowley.
Grazelaw, i.q. Gavelay.
Grazeland, 1 middle (cres) enclosure (lan); 1 parched (cras), w., R.W.
Grazes, the middle (cres) [field]s.
Greadon, 1 herb (gre) hill (dun).
Gre-ady, -edy, -diove, 1 Edy's or the Jew's (adhow) rock (carra).
Great Park, 1 the great, or steps (gradow) close.
Greeber, 1 long (hir) Greeb.
Greble, Gribble, n.f., 1 cattle (gre) pool (pol).
Grebs, rocks like the comb of a cock.
Greeb, = creeb, a crest, comb, summit.
Greeb Zawn, the crest or comb Zawn.
Greenage, 1 lower (iso) gravel (green) [field].
Greenamoor, 1 the green moor.
Green-away, -way, = greneweg, the green pathway, s.
Green Barrow, the sun (grian) tumulus, Beal.
G. Gripes, 1 green ditch filled with brambles, &c., (grep, a furrow, s.).
G. Gwail, 1 green field (gweal).
GREEN SCREEPS, ? green patches or strips.
G. SLADE, n.f., ? green bottom.
G. SPLAT, grass plot.
G. WEECH, ? green borderland; (gwyllyd, wild, untitled, w.).
GREEPS, ditches full of thorns, &c.
GREES, n.f., i.q. CRAZE.
GREENE MOULD, ? cress (carse, s.) meadow.
GREEN, n.f., i.q. GARRET.
GREENTHURST, n.f., ? great wood, s.
GREEN GEGAN, ? rock (carrag) with the slit (an gagen).
GREEN, GREGG, n.f., i.q. GRIGG.
GREENES, ? barrows (cryg) [field]s.
GREEN, n.f., heath-poul or black game, C.; partridge, R.W.
GREENROTH, grouse or heath-poul ground, C.
GREENY, n.f., partridge close (hay).
GRELENBEELS, 11 cent., cattle (gry) pool (lym) by the birches (beaula).
GRELLY FIELD, ? grelin, cattle pond.
GRENF-ELE, -VILLE, n.f., i.q. GRANVILLE; or Greenfield.
GREENSTON, = GREYSTONE.
GREENAT, i.q. GRATNA.
GREEN LAND, ? hovel (crow) field.
GREEN'S HILL, ? CAREW'S hill.
GREEN LAKE, ? i.q. CARHALLOCK.
GREY MARE, ? great (meer) heath (grag), C.
GRIDBROTH, ? crest (gryd) like headland (pen) reduplicated.
GRIDDEFOR, ? great (veor) GREEDY.
GRIDGET, ? barrow (cyyg) gate (yet).
GRIDFIN, t.d.d., = w. Gruffin, = lat. Rufinus, ruddy, Y.
GRIDFIN, n.f., = GRIDFIUD, v.B.m., the same.
GRIDG, n.f., = GRIG, heath or ling; or, i.q. GARRICK.
GRIDGIN, ? little (vean) rock.
GRIDLAND, ? heath land or close.
GRIDLEES,? cattle pond (grelin) [field]s.
GRIDLEES, i.q. GARLES.
GRIM, t.d.d., helmeted, t., Y.; grym, strong, mighty, w.

GRIMSBY, Grim's dwelling (by, d.); o. GRYNSEY, ? green sea, B.
GRIMSCOTT, Grim's cottage.
GRIP, n.f., = garv, rough, a.
GRISSLING, n.f., 1 hedge (garz) by the lake (lym).
GRISON'S POOL, = garz an pol, the hedge pool, M.L.; 1 hedge by the pool.
GRIST CLOSE, i.q. CRIST.
GRIZZLE, i.q. CAMPS (gear-s) hill, M.L.
GROAN, ROWAN, ? granite [field].
GROAT FIELD, ? field with pile of grute, i.e. roots (gwrydh) and rubbish, A.A.V.
GROGATH, GROGHE, limit (geyth) or boundary cross, or cross of the limits, Pr.
GROGLEY, ? rock pasture or place (le).
GROGOE, ? barrows (crog).
GROSE, GROWSE, the cross (crows) or marsh (cors).
GROSE PARK, ? cross close.
GROSSE, ? lower (isa) cross; or Saxon's (sais) hovel (crow).
GROTTENAGE, ? lower GRADON.
GROUGHS, ? from garv, rough, a.
GROUS CROFT, cross (crows) croft.
GROUSHE, ? cross close (hay).
GROUSE VEAN, little cross (crows).
GROUSIER, i.q. CROWSER.
GROWDEN, n.f., ? valley (den, s.) with hovel.
GROWER, ? long (hir) hovel.
GROW VINES, ? little (bihan) hovel (crow) [field]s.
GRUBB, n.f., = garv, rough, a.
GRUGODRAHENOT, 11 cent., ? EDNOD'S house (tre) cross.
GRUGTH, heath hillock, or barrow heath, Ped.; ? i.q. GROGATH.
GRUGKENNYWOL, 11 cent., ? CYNHAFAL's (ve.s.) barrow (crog) or cross (crows).
GRUMBLER, i.q. GRAMBLA.
GRUZELIER, n.f., ? huntsman's (hel-lier) cross.
GRYKE, n.f., i.q. GARRICK.
GRYLLS, i.q. GRILLIS.
GUA-EDRET, -ITHRIT, w.B.m., ?? = Guiderius, wrathful (?), Y.
GUEAL GUBBANS, ? Gobnas field.
G. LEDIA, ? dairy (laity) field.
GUALDRAN, i.q. Gweal Dren.
GUARANDRE, i.q. Warthantere, Sc.
GUAVIS, n.f., i.q. Gwavas.
GUBBIN, n.f., ? little (bian) down (goon).
GUEEES MEADOW, ? from St. CUBY.
GUDDA, t.d.d., ? the Goth, t.
GUDDER, ? from gudra, to milk.
GUDERN, brambly (draen) wood (coed), Pr.; oak (derwen) plain (gun), Ped.
GUE GRAZE, i.q. Gew Graze.
GUEL, Guelaz, easily seen, Mur.
GUEL CARNE, rock field.
GUENGUIN, s.B.m., ? doubly fair.
GUERD-EVALAN, d.d. (e.d.d.-AVALAN) ? apple tree (avallen) enclosure (garth). ?now WORTHYVALE.
GUEST MEADOW, ? shelter (guest) meadow.
GUEW, Gugh, a plain, field, Bor.; ?i.q. Gew.
GUFFAER, from gavar, a goat, Po.; (i now Tresco).
GULALLA, ? green-moor (hal-las), or cliff (als) field (gweal).
GULANCE, ? lambs' (caines) field (gweal).
GULAWANA, ? foxes' (lowernew) field.
GULBRAWS, great (bras) field.
GULCHYE, ? house (chy) field.
GULDONNEL, cask (tunnel) field.
GULDSMET, ? bat (hisomet) field.
GULEGGULAS, ? the lower (gullas) vallum (guar), Po.; ? bottom (goles) field.
GULF, summer (hal) field; also = wolf.
GULFWELL, = St. Gulval's well.
GULGUARN, alder (gwen) field.
GULGULLAS, i.q. Guleggullas.
GULGWARRA, higher (gwarra) field.
GULLACKAN, ? pond (lagen) field.
GULLACKS, ? lower (gicollack) [field]'s.
GULLACOMBE, ? combe field, or lower (golla) vale.

GULLA GEAR, the camp (caer) field.
GULLA-GUETONS, -QUETONS, ? tree (gwedhen) fields.
GULLAMAIN, ? the stone (maen) field.
GULLAND, the gull island.
GULL AN GEAR, i.q. Gulla Gear.
GULLANT, i.q. Golant.
GULLAS, ? green (glas) field, or = goles, bottom.
GULL BEAN, little (bian) field.
GULLEN, ? little (vean) field.
GULLET, ? gate (yet) field.
GULL GARRAS, i.q. Gweal Garras.
G. GWEEN, Gweek field.
G. GWIDDON, ? tree (gwedhen) field.
GULLIES, -YS, ? broad (les) field; or = goles, a bottom.
GULLI-IEWS, -OWA, ? fields in the loo or shelter (blocow, s.).
GULLIFORD, field by the road (fordh).
GULL NORS, ? the ram's (an hor) field.
GULLOVELLAN, apple tree (avallen) field.
GULLOW, ? = gwealow, fields.
GULLS PARK, ? bottom (goles) close.
GULL VEEAN, little (bihan) field.
GULLY, n.f., ? = celi, a grove.
GULLY AMBLES, ? Hannibal's field.
G. BOWLS, ? the ram's (an hor) field.
G. FAWN, ? hay (foen) field.
G. MEORS, the great (meer) fields.
G. PARK, ? grove close.
GUL-MEAN, -MEN, stone (maen) field.
GULMOOR, ? great (maur) field.
GULNANCE, valley (mans) field.
GULNNIS, the lambs' (anecanes) field.
GULREEVE, ? the steward's (s.) field.
GUL ROBIN, Robin's field.
GULTAN, fire (ian), or under (dan) field.
GULTOL, the hole (tol) field.
GULVAL, from p.s. St. Gudwall, O.; holy (gol) vale; or, bottom (golla) of the vale, Lh.; or, hazel (coll, w.) moor (hal), Pr.
GUL-YES, -VIAS, field outside (mes).
GUL-WARRA, -WARTHA, higher (gwartha, warra) field.
GULWEST, i.q. Gweal West.
GUMB, n.f., ? i.q. COMBE.
GUMBLE CLOSE, ? = combe hill.
GUMMA-Er, -ow, n.f., ? long (hir) combe; or the combes.
GUMMOCK, 'tpgs' (moch) field (cae, w.).
GUMP, down hill, Pr.; a plain, Bl.
GUM PARK, ? combe close.
GUMPS, a plain, B.
THE GUMS, ? combe [fields].
GUN, = gwon, a down.
GUNBURGESES, kites (barges-es) down.
GUNDAVEY, Davey's downs.
GUNDON, the downs hill (tron), Pr.
GUNDRY, n.f., ? home (tre) down; or, i.q. GUNDRED, war council, t.
GUNNETT'S WELL, St. Gundred's well, H.
GUNEW, ? high (nch), or Hugh's down.
GUNHEATH, ? stag (hydh, w.) down, R.W.; or, downy heath (heyth).
GUNLYN, the lake (lyn) down.
GUN MANNELS, ? sheaf of corn (manal yz) down.
GUNMANN-IN, -ING, butter (manen) down.
GUNMAR'R, Mercury's down, B.
GUMMESCERYFA, the down of the inscribed stone (maen-seryfa).
GUNNA, ? down enclosure (hay).
GUNNAMEER, ? the great (meer) downs (gunioew).
GUNNICK'S PARK, ? Caenog's (w.) close.
GUNNISLAKE, the rivulet (lacc) from the mining cavity (gunnies, m.c.); c.d. St. Anne, J.H.H.
GUNNON, ? St. Non's down.
GUNOAKE, ? empty (wak) down, R.W.
GUN PARK, ? down close (parc).
GUN POOL, ? down pool.
GOUNOUNSON, ass (rounsun) down.
GUNSWORTHY, ? higher (wartha) causeway (counce), or GUNNIS.
GUNTERS FIELD, ? Gundred's field.
GUNVEANS, little (vean) down [field]s.
GUNVER, great (meer) down.
GUNVERZETH, i.q. GONVERZETH.
GUNWALLO, from p.s. St. Wynwallaus, O.; the castle (gwal) mount (lo, s.) on the downs (gun), M'L.

GUNWALLO WINTON, ? the conquering town of Dunwallo Malmutius, H. !
GUNWELL, the gushing well, Beal; gun, a breach, a rapid river, go.
GUNWENNAP, Gwennap's down.
GUNWENSE, ? windy down, (gwyns, wind); or, spring (funs, a.) down.
GUNWIN, white (gwyn) down, Pr.
GUNWINTON, spring (fenten) down.
GUR-EN, -ON, ? on (gwur) the hill (dun); or, = cerden, the mountain ash; or, i.q. CARADON.
GURLAND, ? i.q. GORLAND.
GURLY, ? little (le) camp.
GURLYN, the husband's (gur) lake (lyn); or moist or wet place (ker, a.), Pr.; camp (caer) by the lake, M'L.; ? = grelin, cattle pond.
GURNEAR, ? the long (an hir) camp (caer), or rock (carn).
GURNETS HEAD, headland shaped like the fish gurnard.
GURNICK, ? i.q. CARNICK.
GURTLA, ? great lea, or pasture.
GURWEN, white (gwien) camp (caer).
GUSHLAND, o. GOSENDAL, = garlan, hedge enclosure, M'L.
GUSKUS, ? = guscles, shelter, cover.
GUSTER PARK, ? wood (cus) land (fur) close (parc).
GUSTE-VIAN, and -VOR, great and little wood (cus), Pr.; (?) -te- = ty, house.)
GUT, ? = coel, wood.
GUT GROUND, ? ivy (gort, i.) field, Beal.
GUY, n.f., ? = gwuy, water, w.; or, i.q. GWION (w.) or Caius (lat.).
GWALDRAN, i.q. GWEALDREN.
GWALLON, down (oon) field (gweal).
GWALYEVELL, the mill (melin) field.
GWANDRA, i.q. GWEAL AN DREA.
GWARDER, the summit (meurtha) near the water (dour), Pr.
GWARNICK, hay (gwair, w.) river, T., (? gwern, a meadow, w., R.W.); camp (caer) by the river (a'n ick), M'L.
GWATKIN, n.f., i.q. WATKIN.
GWA, winterly place, Pr.; ? [farm by the] winter [station]; the mole, C.
GWA, little Gwava.
GWEAL, a field; or = wheyl, a work, R.W.; huel, a work, a mine, B.
G. an aledh, field of the hill (alt), or key (alvedh) field, T.C.
G. an cooz, the wood (cuz) field.
G. an drea, town-place field, T.C.
G. an gear, the camp (caer) field.
G. an top, the top field.
G. an vez, the outward (mes) field, B.
G. bevill, field of the mean (vil) house (bo, bod), T.C.; Bevill's field.
G. carn, rock (carna) field.
G. clock permjar, ? prison (cloc-prendr) field.
G. cock, ? red (coch) field.
G. creec, ? barrow or hillock field.
G. darras, field before the door (duras).
G. derris, ? bramble (drez) field.
G. drea, home (tre) field.
G. dren, thorn (dren) field.
G. drisick, brambly field.
G. dubnas, ? banks (tubans) field.
G. dues, ? sheep (devas) field.
G. durant, Durant field.
G. eath, heath (heyth) field.
G. ednack, narrower (ednach) field.
G. elavellan, ? mill (melin), or yellow (melin) moor (hal) field.
G. field, a reduplication.
G. folds, ? fold fields, or folds' field.
G. garras, top (gwarhas), or parched (cras), or moor (cors) field.
G. gollis, bottom (goles) field.
G. guare, -gwarre, ? play (gware), or quarry (cuare, Pr.) field.
G. gullas, lower field, B.
G. gwarra, ? higher (gwarra) field.
G. gwarthas, higher (gwartha) fields; or, i.q. gwell warras.
G. haverbeck, fallow (havrek, a) field.
G. hellis, hills, broad-moor (hales), or son-in-law's (els) field.
G. hellow, -hillow, moors (hallow) field.
G. idneaux, narrower (ednach) fields.

GWEAL LANCHY, the house (an cwy) field.
G. LEDNACK, broader (ledanach) field.
G. Mayow, ? Mayow's or mowhay field.
G. Nayne, the lamb (an ean) field.
G. noon, the down (an oon) field.
G. nors, ? rams' (an hor-s) field.
G. -noweth, -noathi, new field.
G. on, ash (on) field, R.W.
G. paul, ? pit (pol), or Paul's field.
G. peas, peas (pys, w.) field.
G. -por, -Porth, cove (porth) field.
G. scawen, elder-tree (scawen) field.
G. skibber, barn (seeber) field.
G. sperson, thorn (sperson) field.
G. va, ? bean (fo) field.
G. veza, ? outer (vezach) field.
G. wartha, higher field.
G. west, shelter (gwest) field.
G. widden, ? white (wedn) field.
G. yate, gate (yet) field.
G. zelmer, ? great (meer) low (iso) fields; or, grass (gwells) moor (hal).
Gwelas, the fields, Pr.; ? i.q. Gwills.
Gwedna, n.f., ? white (wednac) down (goon).

Gweeg, Gweek, a village, bay, cove, Pr.; = guwik, the watery village, or village on the Guy, B.

Gweek Wollas, lower Gweek.

Gwel due, ? south (deheu) field.
Gwell, ? = gweak, a field.

Gwellan quarry, ? the quarry field.
Gwellin Gwethan, the tree (gweh) field.

Gwellmellan, mill (melin), or clover (meillion), or yellow (melin) field.
Gwell sowan, ? ox (ulzheem) field.
G. stink, ? pool (stanc) field.
G. tomas, Thomas's field.
G. vez, ou or outward field, J.B.
G. warras, ? top (gwarhas) field.
Gwen-dra, -draha, white town (tre); or, i.q. Gwindraith, white sand; ? = goon dreath, sand down, J.B.

Gwennap, from p.s. St. Weneppa, O.; (= white (gwen) face (enap), or son (map), Pr.).
Hack, n.f., = ac, an oak, s.; or, hege, a hedge, s.; or, each, a horse, go.

Hack Field, = oak field, t.

Hackmarsh, = Hack's or oak marsh, t.

Hackthorn, = hagathorn, hawthorn, s.

Hacton, oak enclosure (tun), s.

Hacumbe, o.n.f., = oak vale.

Haddy, n.f., =q. Eddy.

Hadle Hole, = rubbish (atal) hole.

Hadmore, n.f., = Cathmor, great in war, i.; or, Hadumar, fierce fame, t., Y.

Hagar, = daisy (egr) [field].

Hage, n.f., = hege, a hedge, enclosure, s.; i.q. cae, ce, k.

Haggart, n.f., = hay garth, rick yard, t., Lo.

Haggerowel, = Howell's land (acer, s.); or, ugly (hager) field (gweal).

Hagland, = Halghland, = willow (helig), or, holy (holig, s.) land.

Hailmen Tor, = great (hail) stone (maen) hill (tor), B.; =i.q. Helminster.

Hailshop Field, = field by the shop covered with slate.

Haily, n.f., = helig, holy, s.

Hainme, n.f., =i.q. Ham; or, Hem.

Haine, n.f., = hen, old, aged, w.

Haines, n.f., =i.q. Enys or Enis.

Haiske, n.f., = rushes (hesk) enclosure (hay).

Hake, n.f., =i.q. Hack.

Hakewill, n.f., = oak well, t.

Halabesick, = birch (bezo) moor, or hill (hal), or height (alt).

Halaglour, = earthnut (clor) moor.

Hamanna, = the monks' (manack) moor (hal), or moors (hallow).

Hamanniny, = butter (amenen) moor.

Halangy, = moor by the house (anchy); salt (halan) house, N.

Halangan, = the camp (anagaer) moor.

Halankean, = sortow (ancen), or the ridge (an cein) moor.

Halballock Moor, = calves' house (bo-loch) moor.

Halbathick, = cottage (bothog) moor.

Halboat, = boat moor, W.H.; boundary (bord, s.) rock (ail), M.F.

Hal Brown, = hill (bron) moor.

Halcoose, = wood (cos) moor.

Haldeen, = bramble (draen) moor.

Haldinas, = castle (dinas) hill, Bl.

Haldrawtha, = higher land (tir wartha) moor.

Halridge, = sand (tracth) moor.

Hal, = hal, moor or hill; or, heyl, a river.

H. an drean, = bramble (dreaen) moor.

H. an ogan, = the white-thorn berry (ogfaen, w.) moor.

* Halgalower, = Haul gote loer, the sun and moonlight district; or = halogwr, a profancer, ga., Beal. = hal got tuir, the down of the holy moon, Buller. = the moor (hal) of the moon's (loer) festival (go).
Hale an wyth, the trees (gwydd) moor.
H. Hal, mine (bal) moor.
H. Browse, the moor with the short furze thicket, Bot.
Hal-eegy, -egy, -gey, -legey, the near (agy), or Kea moor.
Halegarrack, rocky (carrag) moor.
Halegarras, moor near the summit (gwarhas), Pr.; camps' (gears) moor, M.L.
Halegatha, higher (gwartha) moor.
Halegineck, worm (cinac) moor.
Halegrase, middle (crees) moor.
Hale Lue, the moor pool (lo), Pr.
Halep, n.f., moist (leb) moor.
Halesva, ? cliff (als) place (ma, va).
Halesvor, ? great (mowr) cliff.
Haleven, little (bean) moor.
Haleventon, spring (fenten) moor.
Halevose, ditch (foss) moor.
Halewhist, ? shelter (gwest) moor.
Halewin, white (gwyn) moor; the fair of white hill, H.
Halewoon, the downs (gwoon) moor, Pr.
Haleworthy, i.q. Halwartha.
Haley, n.f., = heliyg, willows.
Halezy, lower (isa) moor.
Haligley, camp's (caer-s) hill, M.L.
Haliggo, goat (gwar) moor.
Hal-gebron, -gaborn, ? goats' moor; (= eeu vor, a hollow in the side of a hill, w., R.W.).
Haligland, i.q. Hagland.
Hal Hagar, the ugly (hagar) moor.
Haligley, n.f., = willow (helig) place (le); or, holy (halig) meadow, t.
Haliton, = willow enclosure (tun, s.); or, moor by the hill (dun).
Haliven, = smooth (leven) moor.
Hall, a mansion; or, i.q. Hale.
Hallabear, = moor farm (bere, t.).
Hallabezack, i.q. Halabesick.
Hallagather, = milking (gwar), or further (gwarhas) moor.
Hallagenna, ? ponds' (lagennow) moor; or moors' (hallow) mouth (genau); or, i.q. Hallegan.

Hallamelin, mill (melin) moors.
Hallamore, = great (mawr) moors; or, a reduplication.
Hall-lan, -land, = moor land, or enclosure (lun).
Hallan ponds, = the moor (hal) by the (a'n) bridge (pons).
Hallanvrane, the crow (an bran) moor.
Hall-at, -et, -ot, n.f., i.q. Allet; or = haletta, a hero, s., Lo.
Hallavideon, = hallow gwydhion, w., wild moors.
Hallaze, green (las) moor.
Hall dinnas, castle (dinas) moor or hill (hat).
Hall downs, moor downs.
Halle, li.q. Hall; or moorplace (le).
Hallest, east (est) moor.
Hallogan, = i.q. Heligan; or = haligern, a holy place, s.
Hallogo, ? smith's (gof) moor.
Hallennbeagle, shepherd's or herdsmen's (bigel) moor.
Hallendue, = the (an) south (deheu) moor or hill.
Halledubin, = little (bian) long (hir) black (du) moor.
Hall goath, goose or mole (godh), or old (coth) moor.
Hallivear, the great (meer) moor.
Hallivit, ? Leuitut's moor.
Hallhisk, = sedge (hese) moor.
Hallmore, = i.q. Hallamore.
Hallinge, n.f., = moor by the house.
Hallkisk, = mare's (casec) moor. (Kisky, the dry hollow stem of a plant, m.c.).
Hall michill, Michell's moor.
Halloon, down (oon), or Owen's moor.
Halloricule, = merchants' (harokei, ph.), or, Hercules' (Aercol) moor.
Hallovows, = cows' (beuch-es) moor.
Hallow, moors; or = halow, hills.
Halloway, = Llyw's (w.) moor; or, holy (halig) way (weg), s.
Hallowell, = moor field (gweal), or well; or, = Holywell, s.
HALLOW HILL, ?moors' hill.
HALREE, ?moor acre (eru).
HALLRICK, ?swan (elerch) moor.
HALLS, HALS, HALSE, ?= als, cliff, sea-shore; or, alt, a high place, M'L.
HALLTON, ?moor town.
HALLVELLAN, ?mill (melin) moor.
HALLWELL, ?i.q. HALLOWELL.
HALL-WIDDEN, -WYN, white (gwyn) moor.
HALLYVEAR, i.q. HALLIVEAR.
H. WOONE, down (woon) moor.
HALNOWETH, new (nowyd) moor.
HALROOKT, red (rudh) moor.
HALSEACRE, o.n.f., ?HALSE'S, or the cliff (als) field (eear, s).
HALSEY, n.f., i.q. ÆLSIG.
HALSON, ? Halse's down (oon).
HALSTENICK, tinnie (steanic) moor.
HALTON, moor town, T.; hall town, H.; a green place (ton) near the water (hael), Sc.
HALTOWRACK, watery (dowrick) moor (or sand, M'L).
HALUIN, s.B.m., hall friend, t.
HALURY, ? further (gварrh) moor.
HAL-VARRAS, -VERRAS, -WARRAS, ?top (gvarhas) moor.
HALVYNNAH, old moor, Pr. ; ? lesser (behenna) moor.
HALVEOR, great (mawr) hill (alt), M'L, or moor.
HALVERICK, rich (berrie) moor.
HAL-VOSSO, -VUSO, the moor ditches (fosso), Pr.
HALWARTHA, higher moor.
HALWELL, ?i.q. HALLOWELL.
HAL-WIDDEN, -WIDN, -WIN, -WYN, white (gwyn, gwiden) moor, Pr.; or, = altwín, the fair eminence, M'L.
HALWINNICK, marshy moor.

HALWOOON, the downs moor, Pr.
HALWORTHY, ?i.q. HALWARTHA.
HALZAPHRON, i.q. ALSEPHERAN.
HAM, HAME, a home, a dwelling, s.; a town, a village, Nord.; a level pasture, or flat ground, N.H., (= holm, R.N.W.); or, ?i.q. HEM.
HAMAIL, i.q. AMAL.
HAMBALL, ?the near (ham, s.) round hill (ball), or pool (pol).
HAM-BLAND, -LAND, -BLEN, ? HANNIBAL's enclosure (lan).
HAMBLEY, -LEY, ?Hannibal's pasture.
HAMELDON, n.f., ?HAMAIL hill.
HAM-ELIN, -LIN, LYN, t.d.d., ? = HEIMALIN, brought up or kept at home, o.n., F.
HAMETETHY, d.d. HAMOTEDIL, ? = great (ethic), or EDDY'S HAMMET.
HAMHORN, ? the home or dwelling in the corner (horn), t.
HAMM-EL, -IL, n.f., ?i.q. AMBLE; or Hannibal, grace of Baal, i.e. the lord, ph.
HAMM-ELL, -ILL, n.f., ?i.q. HAMAIL.
HAMMER, n.f., ?an meer, the great.
HAMMET, d.d. HAMET, ? home or border gate (yet); or, little HAM.
HAMMETFORD, HAMMET passage.
HAMMOND, n.f., ?i.q. Almund, hall protection, t. ; home defender, A.
HAMOAZE, ? water (uisg, ga.) border (hem).*
HAMPT, ?i.q. HAMMET.
HAMPTON, ? near or home (ham), or border (hem), enclosure (hun), t.
HAMSTOKE, 9 cent., home or border place (stoc).
HANBURY, ? old (hen) hill (bre) or earthwork (bury, t).
HANCANNON, n.f., ?i.q. the old ravine (ceunant, w.).
HANCOCK, n.f., = an cock, the red.

* "Hamose, a safe commodious road for shipping, compounded of the words ose and ham, according to the nature of the place." Car. "The wet, oozy, habitation, circuit, or enclosure," s., B. From amus, protection, safety, ga., Beal. From the hamlets (hamanx, f.) that were formerly on its shores, R.E. Others have thought it to be of Phoenician origin.
| HANCORNE, n.f., one (an) horn (corn), or unicorn, M.; ? the corner, J.B.  |
| HANDELL, i.q. HENDOLE.  |
| HANDER, n.f., ? i.q. HENDRA.  |
| HAND Field, ? dwelling-house (anneth, w.) field.  |
| HANDS, n.f., ? i.q. ENYS or ENIS.  |
| HANGARRACK, i.q. ANGARRACK.  |
| HANGER, ? the meadow, t.; or, = hen goer, old castle, R.W.  |
| HANJAGUE, ? old (hen) James’s; or JAGO’s isle (enis).  |
| HANKFORD, n.f., ? narrow (ænge, s.), or horse (hinge, s.) ford.  |
| HANKINS, n.f., diminutive of Hengst.  |
| HANNAFORE, i.e. Haven afore, or Forehaven, Bond = anneth wawr, great house, w., R.W.  |
| HANNAH’s meadow, ? lambs’ (eanes) meadow.  |
| HANNA, n.f., Hanne’s (t.) home.  |
| HANNON, the (an), or old (hen) stream (non), M.; the valley (nant), J.B.; ? old down (oon).  |
| HANSON, n.f., ? HANNE’s son.  |
| HANTERGANTICK, half (hanter), i.e. noontide or midnight, singing (cant) place, Pr.; old opening or cleft, C.; half-hundredth, R.W.  |
| HANTER-TAVAS, -DAVAS, half a tongue (davas), Cor.  |
| HANTERVATHEN, half the meadow (bidhen).  |
| HAPENSTOCK, [field with] stone mounting-steps (upping stock), t.  |
| HAR-COURT, -KET, ? = higher gate; or, = ar goed, over the wood.  |
| HARDING, n.f., HARDY’s descendant (ing, t.).  |
| HARDY, n.f., a hero (haddr, a lock, a curl, o.n.), F.  |
| HARDYcot, i.q. HERDACOT.  |
| HARE, ? = hir, long.  |
| HAREWOOD, ? the lord’s (hearre, s.), or, higher wood.  |
| HARFOOT, n.f., ? long (hir) ford.  |
| HARRHILL, ? battle (heir) hill.  |
| HARLAK, ? = Harlech, high (hardh) sloping stone (llech), w., R.W.  |
| HARLYN = ar lyn, upon the water, or river, or pool, Pr.  |
| HARN SCAUAN, ? elder-tree (scuuan) corner (horn).  |
| HARP-ER, -UR, n.f., ? = hearpere, a harper, s.  |
| HARVA VEEAN, little field (eru).  |
| HARRO-, HARP-BEAR, the place of battle (heirva), Pr.; ? arable farm (bere, t.).  |
| HARROW BALL, ? mine (bal) field (eru); or, rough (garw) hill (boll).  |
| HARRY, n.f., ? i.q. Era, or HARVEY.  |
| H. FILACK, ? PHILLACK field (eru).  |
| HARRY VEOR, great (meer) field.  |
| HARRSCOTT, ? cottage by the fence (harz); or, boundary wood (coat).  |
| HARSHAGER, ? daisy (egr) hedge.  |
| HARTLEY, n.f., the stag pasture, t.  |
| HARTSWELL, ? the stag’s well, t.  |
| HARVENNA, T.a., i.q. HALVENNA.  |
| HARVEY, n.f., = choure, bitter, a., Y.; or, heirva, battle field; or, heriwig, army war, t.  |
| HARVOS, i.q. ARVOSE.  |
| HARWARDE, n.f., ? battle guard, t.  |
| HARWICH, T.a., arish, i.e. stubble (arsc, s.) [field].  |
| HASLAM, n.f., ? the hazel border (hem), or home (ham).  |
| HASSLOW, n.f., the hazel wood, t.  |
| HASSONS MEADOW, ? asses (asen-s) meadow.  |
| HATCH, a forest gate, Lo.; or, flood gate; or, half gate, m.c.; or, i.q. Hutch.  |
| HATCHALL, ? i.q. HATCH MOOR (hal); or, house (dzhi) on the moor.  |
| HATCHARD, -ED, -ET FIELD, ? hatch gate (yet) field.  |
| HATCHMAN, n.f., ? HATCH stone (maen).  |
| HAT-HAM, -TAM, n.f., ? heath home.
(ham), or border (hem), t.
Hathfield, i.q. Heathfield.
Hatt, i.q. Yate.
Hatwood, i.q. Atwood.
Hauk-en, -in, -yn, n.f., little hawk.
Haulsey, n.f., dry (sech) moor (hal).
Haunch, n.lambs' (eanes) down (oon).
Havarack, Haverock, Havreck, = havrec, the fallow, a.
Haveland, n.f., summer (haf) enclosure (lan).
Haveley, n.f., summer place (le).
Haven, i.q. Hay vean.
Havet, = havot, summer hut, w., R.W.
Hawn Down, i.q. How Downs.
Haweis, n.f., i.q. Hewis.
Hawken, n.f., i.q. Hayken.
Hawkey's Praise, Hawkey's meadow (pras).
Haworth, n.f., = Hayward, hedge or enclosure keeper, t.
Hawston, i.q. Hurston; or, Bramble (hos) hill (dun), s.
Hawtebrig, Le., "i.e. high bridge"; now Horsebridge.
Hawtlyn, ? duck (hoel) pool (lyn).
Hay, Haye, i.q. hae, f., hage, s., cae, ce, k., a hedge, enclosure.
Hay Arish, stubble (ersc, s.) close.
H. Byeway, ? close by the road.
H. Craft, i.q. croft close.
H. Ditch, ? dick (dise, das, w.) close.
Haydon, ? hill (dun) close; or, high (heak) hill, s.
Hayes, n.f., = haies, enclosures, f.
Haygra, ? old woman's or witch's (gerock) enclosure.
Hay Lake Park, ? willows (helig) close (pore).
H. Lane, close lane, or lane close.
Hayle, river, B.; salt water river, Pr.; or, estuary, (rather, arm (el) of the sea), Ped.; or, cliff or shore, M'L.; = hal, a salt marsh, O.
Hayle a maenau, the stones of the shore, rocks, or sands, M'L.
Hayle Boate Rock, i.q. Halboat.
Hayle Down, ? moor (hal) down.

Hayled shop, shop covered with slate.
Hayle Kimbra, ? welshman's moor.
Haylinney, shed or lean-to close (hay).
Hayman, n.f., ? stone (maen) close; or, i.q. Haworth, or Hammond.
Hayne, n.f., house, home, s.
Hay Mowhay, close (hay) by the rick (mow) yard (hay).
Hayne, n.f., = hagen, a hedge meadow; or, i.q. Hean.
Haytisk, i.q. Hay Ditch.
Hay vean, little close.
Haywell, ? high (hea) well, t.
Haywood, ? high wood, t.
Hea, pr. and i.q. Hay.
Headon, i.q. Haydon.
Heal, i.q. Hall, or Hayle.
Healezey, i.q. Halezy.
Heame, n.f., i.q. Hayme.
Hean, n.f., high; poor, s.; or, = hen, old, w.
Heard, n.f., hard; a herd, s.
Heardbury, army (here) camp (bury), s., M.L. (hoord, treasure, &c., s.).
Hearle, n.f., = heorl, an earl, s.; or heir-le, battle place, w.
Hearm, n.f., ? from St. Erme.
Hearne, n.f., = hawern, iron; or, = Heron.
Heart, n.f., i.q. Heard.
Heat, ? = yet, the gate.
Heatham, ? heath border (hem).
Heathy Park, close with heath.
Heathy Rose, ? moor with heath.
Heaver, eaver-grass [field].
Hebbard, -erd, -ord, n.f., bright (beorth) mind (hige), s.
Hechnys, Hekens, n.f., diminutive of Richards.
Hedgeallack, ? lower (wallach) house (dchi) [field].
Hedger, i.q. Park Cadjaw.
Hedness, i.q. Enys, or Enis.
Heedon, i.q. Haydon.
Heglosenud-er, d.d., -a, e.d.d., St. Enoder church (eglos) [land].
Hegrow, ? hovel (crow) close (hay),
HEIL, n.f., i.q. HEAL.
HEINE, n.f., i.q. HEAN.
HEIN-ES, s.n.f., i.q. ENYS, or ENIS.
HELA, d.d., i.q. HALL.
HELAKA, i.q. willow (helig) close (hay).
HELANCLASE, v. The Green Hall; i.q. ELLANGLASE.
HELANGE, the smith’s (an gof) river, Pr., or moor (hal).
HEL-BORN, -REN, n.f., i.q. HAL BROWN, or HALGEBRON.
HELCHLADE, i.q. moor (hal) bottom (slade, t.).
HELCOOSE, river wood (cus), Pr.; rather woody river, J.B.; i.q. moor (hal) by the wood.
HELDRICUS, t.d.d., battle (hild, s.) rule, or power (rice, s.).
HELE, n.f., i.q. HAYLE, or HALL.
HELEN MOOR, i.q. the great (an mawr) moor (hal).
HELFORD, o. HAYLEFORD, river passage (fordh), Pr.; road over the sea-shore (hayle), M.L.; the concealed (hel) arm of the sea (fjord), o.n., C.G.B.R.
HELL, d.d., i.q. moor enclosure (hay).
HELIGAN, the place of the willows (helig), Pr.; or, holy (helig, s.) place (ern, s.); or, the legate’s hall (hel), H.; hall on the downs (goon), T.; or, i.q. HELAGAN.
HELING, o.n.f., i.q. hall meadow (ing), t.
HELACANOE, i.q. HALLAGENNA.
HELLADON, i.q. moors’ (hallow) hill (dun).
HELLAGAN,-ENNA,-ON, HELLEGAN, i.q. HELIGAN, or HALLAGENNA.
HELLAN, = ellom, the elms, Pr. (?); judicature, pretorium, tabernacle, H.; i.q. HALLAN.
HELLAND, d.d. HENLAND, i.q. old (hen) enclosure (lon); Helen’s land, (p.s. St. Helena, O.), T.; hall (hel) temple or church (lan), H.; i.q. HALLAN.
HELLANGEAR, i.q. moor by the (an) castle (caer).
HELLANOWETH, new (noweth) elms, Pr.; i.q. the (an) new hall (hel).
HELLAS, green (laz) hall, Cur., ? or moor.
HELLAS CROFT, green moor croft.
HELLER, Hellyer, n.f., a Slater, Thatcher, t., Lo.; a hunter, Pr.
HELLESBURY, earthwork (bury, s.) on the broad (les) moor (hal), or by the old (hen) court (les); ? from haul, hayl, the sun, M.L.
HELLESET, i.q. broad moor gate (yet).
HELLESLAND, i.q. broad moor enclosure (lan).
HELLESVEAN, i.q. little broad moor.
HELLET, n.f., moor gate (yet).
HELLISVEOR, the great shore or cliff (als), M.L.; i.q. great broad moor.
HELLMOUTH, i.q. river (hayl) mouth.
HELLNOWETH, i.q. HELLANOWETH.
HELLON-WARTHA and -WOLES, i.q. higher and lower enclosure (lan) on the moor (hal).
HELLOW, i.q. the moors (hallow).
HELLWIN, i.q. white moor or hall.
HELMAN, stream or river stone, C.; i.q. moor by the stone (maen).
HELMINTOR, moor stone hill, Pr.; the tor on the stone downs, C.
HELSOT, i.q. broad (les) moor (hal); or, Ella’s cottage.
HELSON, n.f., i.q. HELSTON.
HELSTON, hill (dun) by the green (glas) moor (hal), Pr.; town on the marsh, D.G.; town on the green river (hayl), B.; Ella’s town, Po.; d.d. HENLISTONE, old court town, Ped.; (p.s. St. Michael).
HELW-IDDEN,-YDEN, i.q. HELLWIN.
HELYGRAVE, holy (helig) grove, s.
HEM, i.q. border, limit, boundary, s.; or, i.q. HAM.
HEM-BALL,-BLE, i.q. old (hen) pool (pol); or, round-hill (ball) HEM.
HEMGATE, i.q. border by the gate (yet); or, wood (coa) border.
HEMLET, i.q. little boundary.
HEMLEY, n.f., i.q. HAMLEY.
HEMMICK, i.q. little (-ig) border.
HEMPARK, i.q. border close.
HEMPEL, n.f., i.q. Hannibal.
HEMPEY, ? hemp close (hay).
HEMPLING, ? old (hen) pond (pullan).
HENADA, the old (hen) good (do),
or God's (du) place, Beal.
HENAFRETH, ? the old hedge or thorn
(freth, Pr.).
HENCNETHEL, f.s.B.m. ? encinethel,
a giant.
HENCHMAN, ? i.q. ENESMANEN.
HEND-AR, -ER, n.f., old oak (dar),
R.W.; or, i.q. HENDRA.
HEN-DARSIKE, -DERSICK, -DRESICK,
the old (hen) corn (izick) land (dar),
T.C.; or, old dry (sech) oak (dar).
HENDDEARN, s.B.m., ?old oak (derwen).
HENDIN, n.f., ? old castle (din), R.W.
HENDOLE, ? old valley (dol).
HENDORA, ? the old lands (doarow).
HENDOWER, n.f., old water (dour);
or, = hen dwr, old tower, w., R.W.
HENDRA, the old town (tre), Pr., or
homestead.
H. BURNICK, old town well (burne,
s.), Pr.; ? old homestead in the
rushy place (bruwinic).
H. CHAPEL, Chapel HENDRA.
H. GOETH, HENDRA by the wood
(coel), M'C. ; or, old wood-house.
H. PAUL, -POL, HENDRA by the pool
or pit; or Paul's or pool HENDRA.
H. VENAN, little (bian) HENDRA.
H. VENNA, lesser (behenna) HENDRA.
H. VOSSAN, old town entrenchment,
Pr.; old house by the ditch or
fortification, T.C.
H. WETHER, ? higher (wartha) HEN-
DRA.
H. WINNICK, ? marshy HENDRA.
HEN DRAWNA, ? HENDRA on the
downs (oonow).
HENDR-EE, -Y, i.q. HENDRA.
HENDREETHEN, bird's (edhen), or furze
(eithen) HENDRA.
HENDRAY, ? i.q. HENDORA.
HENDY, n.f., old house (by), C.
HENEWARR, old fortification (gwarth,
B.).
HENFORD, the old road (fordh) or
ford.

HEN-GER, -GOR, the old meadow
(garth), C., or castle (caer), or
marsh (cors).
HENGI YST, s. king, a horse, frisian,
F.
HEN-JAK, -JAGUE, i.q. HANJAGUE.
HENKASTEL, the old castle.
HENLAND, ? poor (hean) land, t.; or
old enclosure (lan).
HENLISTONE, d.d., ? i.q. HELSTON.
HENNACLEEVE CLIFF, ? the old cliff
(reduplicated); or, = s. henge-cliff,
hanging cliff.
HENNAH, old enclosure (hay).
HENNAN, old valley (nance).
HENNAS VENAN, ? little ENIS.
HENN-ER, -OR, n.f., ? i.q. ANNEAR.
HENNESSEYS, ? Enys's [farm].
HENNIES GROUND, ENIS's land.
HENN-OT, -ET, ? old gate (yet).
HENPOINT, i.q. THE HEN (henna, s.)
point.
HENRY, ? = hen eru, old field.
HENSBURROW, old (hen) barrow, C.;
? Oenus's (king) barrow.
HENCARTH, ? old boat (soath).
HENSDON, ? shrovetide (enes), or
ENIS hill (dun).
HENSHA, ? heron's wood (shaw), t.
HENSLOW, i.q. HENSBARROW.
HENTER-GANTICK, i.q. HANTER-.
H. VENAN, i.q. HENDRAVEAN.
HEN-VAR, -VER, -VOR, the old road
(for).
HENVORSELLIE, old road grove (celli).
HENWELL, ? the old (hen) well.
HENWOOD, ? the old wood.
HEP-PLE, -WELL, ? the old (hen) pool
(pol).
HERDACOT, ? the herdsman's cottage.
HERLAND, ?long (hir) enclosure (lan);
or, the earl's (yerl), or higher land.
HERLE, n.f., i.q. HEARLE.
HERLES, pillar of Hercules, Sc.
HERMAN, n.f., a German deity, Lo.;
army man, or, public, t., Y.; here-
man, a soldier, s.
HER-NAN, -NANCE, n.f., ? long (hir)
vale (nance).
HERNE CROFT, ? heron croft, R.W.
HERNEST, ? east (est) corner (horn).
HEROD'S FOOT, foot or bottom of the higher wood, Gl. (c.d. All Saints).
HEROD'S HEAD, i.q. PENHEROTS.
HERSHAM, HESAM, ? the wood (hurst) home (ham), s.
HERSPOOL, ? horse or wood pool.
HERWOOD, i.q. HAREWOOD.
HESATOR, ? lower (isa) field (doar), or, water (dour), or, peak (tor).
HES-K-IN, -YN, = hescen, a rush, sedge.
HESAFORD, ? Essa's, or lower ford or road (forthi).
HESSENDON, ? Isan's (w.), or ox (ud±heiro) ford; (c.d. St. Anne).
HEUSCOTT, n.f., ? enclosure (hay) below the wood is coed).
HEW, ? upper (yew) [field].
HEWAS, owls, C.; ? the outside (ves) close (hay); or, i.q. HwIS.
HEWES EN FENNON, ? hide of land (hiwisc) by the spring (fynnon, w.).
HEWETT, n.f., dim. of Hugh, Lo.
HEXT, n.f., = hexta, highest, s., Lo.
HEXWORTHY, sedge (hesc) farm.
HEY, i.q. HAY.
HEYDAH, i.q. HAVDA.
HEYDON, i.q. HAYDON.
HEYES, n.f., i.q. HEWAS, or HEWES.
HEYLE BAY, ? estuary bay.
HEYLE LANE, water lane, T.C.
HEYME, n.f., i.q. HAYME.
HEYMOOR, ? great (mawr) enclosure (hay); or, high moor, t.
HICK, n.f., = ISAAC, B.m.
HICKENS, HIGGENS, n.f., ? = igans, twenty; or, i.q. RICHARDS.
HICKS, HIGGS, = Hick's son.
HIDERLEY, n.f., ? hither or nearer pasture, t.
HIGHAM, n.f., high home, or border (hem).
HIGH-ELL, -HALE, -HAL, high moor (hal); or, high (ueld) close (hay).
HIGHGATE, = HIGGEAT, the high gate, s.
HIGHWAY, = HIGWEG, the highroad, s.
HILCOSE, i.q. HELCOSE.
HILL, i.q. HALL, or HALE.

HILL BALL, ? moor field (ball).
HILLHAY, hill or moor close.
HILMAN, n.f., i.q. HAILMEN.
HILSTICK, narrow slip (stycce, s.) by the moor (hal), or on the hill.
HILTON, i.q. HILLHAY.
HINDRA, T.a., i.q. HENDRA.
HINGEY, ? old (hew) house (chry).
HINGHAM, ? Inge's (o.n.) home, t.
HINGON, ? old down (goon); or = hengen, a prison, s.
HINGSTON DOWN, = Hengestes dun, Hengest's down, s.; or, horse (henges, s.) hill (dun).
HIPPISLEY, n.f., pasture of the heap (hype, s).
HITCHAM, n.f., ? Richard's home.
HITCHIN, n.f., dim. of Richard.
HITHER BROW, ? near summit, t.
HIWIS, n.f., hiwisc, a family property, a hide of land, s.
HOAR ROCK, ? the grey rock, t.
HOBBACOTT, Hobba's cottage.
HOBLEY, ? Bob's pasture.
HOBL-IN, -YN, ? = O'Belin, descendant of a king, i.
HOCK, n.f., ? = hoch, high; or, hog, prudent, s.; or, i.q. Hawke.
HOCKADAY, n.f., fifteenth day after Easter, Lo.
HOCKBRIDGE, n.f., high bridge.
HOCKER, n.f., ? = Hawker.
HOCK-IN, -ING, -EN, n.f., ? = Hoking, descendant of Hoce, t.; or, i.q. HAWKEN; or, dim. of HOCK.
HOCKMORE, n.f., ? high or oak moor, t.
HODDY, n.f., i.q. HUDDY; or Edy; or, = odr, a dart, o.n.
HODGE, n.f., ? = Odger, or Roger.
Hoe Point, ? heel-shaped (ho, s.), or, high (hoch) promontory.
HOGG, n.f., ? = hog, a little lad, w.; or, i.q. Hock.
HOISWELL, n.f., ? duck (haws) well.
HOIT, n.f., ? = hoet, duck.
HOLBOAT, i.q. HALBOAT.
HOL-COMBE, -LACOMBE, ? hollow or holy vale, s.; or, i.q. GULLACOMBE.
HOLD, Holt, n.f., a grove, wood, s.
HOLD-EN, -IN, n.f., = holihuna, a woodcock, s.
HOLDRAN, i.q. Aldren.
HOLE, a hollow; or, i.q. Hall.
HOLDERODE, ? holy rood or cross, t.
HOLL-ABEER, -OBER, ? the farm (bere) in the hollow orcombe, t.
HOLLAMOUR, ? the great (mawr) moors (hallow).
HOLLAN, ?moor (hal) enclosure (lan).
HOLLOWAY, ? i.q. HALLOWAY.
HOLLOW Park, ? moors' (hallow) close.
HOLM, HOME-BUSH, holly bush.
HOLT, and YONDER GEW, nearer and further GEW.
HOM, ? nearer boundary.
HOMA Park, nearer stony (maen) close (parc).
H. NARE, -NARE, ? the (an) nearer long (hir) [field].
H. PARK Bowen, ? nearer beef or ox (boen) close.
H. SHOOTE Park, nearer waterspout (shoot, m.c.) close.
H. SLADE, nearer valley.
H. VENTON VARE, nearer great (meer) spring (fenten).
H. WAY Field, nearer path field.
H. WEEETH, ? nearer waste (gwydd, w.), or field (gwoeth, B.).
H. WELL, nearer well or field (gweal).
HOM Park, i.q. HOME Park.
Honey, Hony, n.f., = Hannibal.
H. Bag, ? Honey's close (pare).
H. COOMBE, ? Honey's, or the down (oon), vale.
H. MAN, n.f., = Hunimund, Hunn's protection (mund), t., F.
H. Vein, ? little (vean) down (oon).
HONYTON, Hony's enclosure (tun).
Hoo, n.f., = ho, a heel, s.; or, hou, a mountain, hill, s.
Hood Ground, ? woodland, t.
HOODELIF, ? hollow (eau, w.) cliff.
Huek, n.f., = hue, a cloak; or, ogo, a cave.
Hooke, n.f., = achor, small, slender; or, acher, a herald, w.
Huek Park, close with crooked hedge; (hoc, a hook, s.).
Hoop, ? hop, a dancer, s.
the Hoth, ? the waste (gwydd, w.); or, the bare, naked (hoeth, w.) place.
HOPKYN, n.f., dim. of Robert.
Hop Park, ? hop close (pare).
HOPPY, hop close (hay).
HOPSLAND, ? Hobbs' land.
Horapark, ram's (hor), or, further (warra), close (parc).
Hore, n.f., = hor, a ram; or, hoar, a sister.
HORESTONE, ? boundary (harz) stone.
HORGUE, ? ram's (hor) Gew.
Horn, n.f., = corn, a horn, a trumpet, a corner.
Hornabrook, n.f., ? corner by the brook.
Horn-acot, -ingcot, d.d., -icote, the iron (hauern) cot or house, H.
Hornawig, a poor bit of a place, fit only for plovers (hornywinks), B.M.
Horncastle, ? corner or iron castle.
Horner, ? long (hir) corner.
Horningtons, prayer (urnaige, ga.) summits, Beal.
Horniwinks, plovers (in the east), slugs (in the west).
Horn Park, corner close.
Horrarpool, further (warra) pool.
HORR-AS, -IS, ? boundary (harz), or horse [field].

HORREL, ? further hill; or, ram's (hor) moor (hal).

HORSCOTT, ? cottage by the fence (harz).

HORSE BEAN, ? little (bian) horse, or boundary [field].

H. BRIDGE, ? Horsa's (s.) bridge, Dr.

H. HAYES, ? boundary closes.

H. PARK, ? horse or boundary close.

H. PEN, ? pinfold at the boundary.

HORSEY, n.f., HORSNA PARK, ? horse or boundary close (hay, pare).

HORSO, ? Horsa's or the horse down (oon).

HORTON, n.f., ? ram's (hor) hill (dum); or, herb (ort = wort) garden (tun), t.

HOSGET CROFT, ? hogshead or horse-flake croft.

HOSKIN, -YN, n.f. ? hescen, a sedge, bulrush; or, from asc, the ash, s.

HOT POINT, ? from odd, a point, d.

HOTT-AN, -EN, n.f., ? i.q. Howton, or Holton, or Holden.

HOURSON, n.f., ? Howel's son.

HOUNDAPIT, ? dog's hole, t.

HOUSEAL, n.f., ? husol, an attendant on a priest at the sacrament, s.

HOUSE AN GWIDDEN, ? the (an) white (gwidn) house, or, by the tree (gwedhen).

HOUSE IN CREEG, ? house by the mound (creeg), or rock (careg).

HOUSE PARK, house close (pare).

HOUSEY, ? house close (hay).

HOWE, n.f., ? i.q. Hoo.

HOWEL, n.f., = Hywel, conspicuous, one that doth not hide himself, T.R.

HOWSE, n.f., The Howes, ? i.q. Huish; or, the house.

HOWTON, ? hill or tumulus enclosure (tun), t.

HUBBER, n.f., ? i.q. Hebbard.

HADDY, n.f., ? hedeg, cautious, s.

HUEAL GOOTH, ? old (coth) or wood (coat) field (gweed) or mine (huel).

HUEL A GUIDDEN, white (gwidn), or tree (gwedhen) field (gweed).

HUEL AN BRUSH, the (an) great (broaz) mine (huel); or, the field (gweed) of judgment (brys), T.C.

H. AN CREEK, ? the mound (creeg), or rock (careg), field or work.

H. AN DREAM, the thorn (draen) field or work.

H. AN GROUSE, the cross (crous) field or work.

H. ANOUTH, the new (nowydh) mine.

H. AN POOL, ? the pit (pol) field.

H. AN TEAL, the manure (teil) field.

H. AN TEASE, the stack (dis, B.) field.

H. AN TUTMES, ? Thomas's field.

H. AN YET, i.q. GWEAL YATE.

H. BAIL, ? mine (bail) field (gweald).

H. BOYS, ? bush (bos) mine.

H. BUDNICK, ? bumpy (bothanic, B.) mine or work.

H. -BUSSA, -BUSY, ? the busy work; (bussa, an earthen pot).

H. CARNE, Carne's or Carn mine.

H. CHANE, ? i.q. WHEAL JANE; or, jews' (ed:hevon) mine.

H. CHELLY, ? lower (isella) field.

H. CLEATH, ? trench (cleath) field.

H. CRAGE, ? i.q. HUEL AN CREEK.

H. CROFTY, ? croft close (hay) mine.

H. CULLACK, ? cock (celioe) mine.

H. DANCE, ? DINAS field or work.

H. FAT, ? fat or rich work.

H. -GALISHI, -GALLOWS, ? clay slate (killas), or hard (cales) mine; or, i.q. GWEAL GOLLIS.


H. GEAR, i.q. WHEAL GEER.

H. GOAZ, goose (goaz), or blood (gudzh) field; or, wood (cuz) mine.

H. -HOWLA, -OWLA, ? elm (ula), or lower (wolla), field or mine.

H. JOULE, ? the devil's (jouel) mine.

H. LAITY, ? milk-house (hait ty), i.e. dairy, or LAITY'S field.

H. LEATH, = gweed heyth, heath field.

H. LEENON, ? nettle (linhadén) field.

H. MALKIN, ? rag-mop (malkin) work or mine.
HUEL MENOR, (? long-stone (menhir) field or work.
H. NOWETH, new (nowydh), or bare (noeth) field or work.
H. OAK, (? oak, or empty (gwag), field.
H. OATH, i.q. HUEL ANOUTH.
H. OWLD, the old, or cliff (allt, w.) mine.
H. OWLS, cliff (als) mine.
H. PEEVER, i.q. WHEAL PEEBER.
H. REETH, red (rythk) work or field.
H. SEAREG, (? clot-bur (serchog) field or work.
H. SHUTT, work or field by the water-sport (shoot, m.c.).
H. SPARABLE, (? hob-nail mine.
H. SPEATH, (? work or field below (is) the draw-well (peeth).
H. STEAN, tin mine.
H. STERRAN, star (steren) mine.
H. TOWAN, (? sand-hill mine.
H. TYE, work by the house (ty).
H. VERRA, (? bragging mine (guerra, to brag, B.).
H. VLEW, i.q. WHEAL VLOW.
H. VOR, great (maur) work or mine.
H. VOLLE, (? bottle mine; or, budde work.
H. WIDDEN, white (gwydn), or little (vidn = vein) work or field.
H. ZAUDERS, Saunders’s mine.
H. ZION, (? i.q. HUEL JANE.
HUGH PARK, (?ewe, or high (uch) close.
HUGHTOWN, town near the height.
HUGOE, n.f., from huirg, thought, o.n., Y.
HU-GOOSE, -gas, -gus, high (uch) wood (cus), R.W.
HUIsh, HYWIS, n.f., i.q. HIWis.
HULKIE, (? camp (caer) moor (hal).
HUMBLEIGH, (? Hannibal’s pasture, t.
HUMPY, field (hay) full of hillocks, Jo.C.
HUNA, s.B.m., the Hun or giant, t., F.; also = oonou, the downs.
HUNCH, HUNDS, (? i.q. ENIS.
HUNFRIDUS, t.d.d., giant or hound of peace, t., F.; or = Humfrey, support of peace, Y.

HUNK-, -YN?, n.f., dim. of Humphrey, Lo.
HUNN, n.f., ? i.q. HUNA.
HUNTER, ? i.q. HANTER, the half.
HUON, ? = quon, a down.
HURDEN, -DON, long (hir) hill (dun).
HURDLE, (? higher dale.
HURLAND, (? higher land.
HURLERS, from ur, fire and light, and, lar, the hearth, ga., Beal; rather, from the game of hurling, R.H.
HURLEY, (? long (hir) pasture.
HURREL, (? higher hill or moor (hal).
HURRYGUTTER, (? gutter field (eru).
HURS-, Hus-ton, wood (hurst) town, s.; or, boundary (harz) hill (dun).
HUNTY FIELD, (? wortleberry field, t.
HUSSEY, n.f., = Houssaie, from houx, a holly, f.
HUSTLE FIELD, (? low (isol) field.
HUSTLER, (? n.f., innkeeper (hosteler, o.c.).
HUSTYN, wood (hurst) town (tun), t.
HUTCHINGS, n.f., (? i.q. HITCHINS.
HUTCH MEADOW, the meadow with a Hatch gate, a coop for animals, or a trough.
HUTHNANCE, (? the valley (nance), or lambs’ (an eanes) Hooth.
HUTT, (? = wood; or, i.q. HOOTH.
HUXHAM, n.f., (? sedge (hes), or ox pasture (holm, t.) or border (hem).
HYDE, n.f., (? = hyd, a family possession, a hide of land, s.
HYDE PARK, (? skin (hyd, s.) close.
HYM-AN, -EN, n.f., (? stone (maen) close (hay).
HYSCOT, (? i.q. ISACOT.
HYSTON, the high stone, H.M.W.
HYTHANCER, (? long (hir) furze (eithen) [field].
HYTHENS, (? furze [field]s.

IAGO, n.f., ? i.q. JAGO.
IARNWALLON, s.Bm., (? iron (haiarn) heart (holon = colon).
IEBBOTT, n.f., (? i.q. HeBBARD.
INCOMB-WARTHA, & WOLLAS, ? high-
er (wortha) and lower (wollas) oak (\(\alpha\), s.), or Isaac's (Ike) vale (canm).

ICTIN, Diodorus Siculus, tin (ph.) port; \(\alpha\).E.; bay (gwie) hill (din), J.B.; little (in) [abode] of hos-
ipple (icht) and good-natured people, Beal.

IDDY, n.f., ?-hydlig, heedful, cautious, s.

IDELESS, EDELES, the narrow (idn) breadth (thes), \(\alpha\); d.d. EDELET.

IESU, s.B.m., ?= Jesus.

ILBERT, n.f., ?= Hildebert, battle bright, t., Y.

ILCOMBE, evil vale, Nord.; ? willow (helig) vale.

ILLIFF, n.f., ?= Eylif, eternal, t., F.

ILLAND, ? hill or moor (hal) land.

ILLCUM, f.s.B.m., ill favoured, t., F.

ILLMEADOW, ? hill meadow.

ILLMOUTH, i.q. HALLACANOE, moors' mouth or opening.

ILLOGAN, from p.s. St. Illoganus, O.; = lug gan, white tower, or, lug gun, tower on the downs, or, lug dun, tower hill, Pr.

ILLWILL, ? well (wyl, s.) hill.

ILMSWORTHY, ? elm farm (worthig, s).

INCE, an island, Sc.; a peninsula, Pr.; i.q. ENYS.

INCEWORTH, = ines wartha, the island above, or the higher island, Sc.; the high (worth) peninsula, Pr.

INCH, n.f., i.q. ENYS.

INCOLEDON, n.f., ? angle (engel, s.) of the hill (dun).

INDEAN, n.f., i.q. ENDEAN.

INDES MEADOW, ? HENDY'S meadow.

INGLES, n.f., English.

INGRAM, n.f., Ing's raven, t., Y.

IN-S, -NES, -NIS, i.q. ENIS.

INISCAY, Le., isle (ensys) of elder trees (saww); now Tresco.

INISPRIVEN, Le., rabbit (priven) isle, R.W.; or, isle of rushes (brawyn, w).

INISVEAN, little (bihân) island.

INKPEN, n.f., ? Inge's fold; or, mead-
ow (ing, s.) by the pen, t.

INNEY, the little river (avon), I.T.

INNEYFOOT, the lower part of the river Inney.

INNSVOULS, ? sickle (fowls)-shaped, or deceitful (fowls) isle.

INNISVRANK, the french or free (franc) isle.

INNIS SARWARTH, ? Edward's (Jor-
worth, w.) isle; or, i.q. INISWORTH.

INOR, i.q. ENNOR, ? from St. Enecour, or Enemour, a.

INSIDGEN, ? ox (udzheon) isle.

INSWORK, INTS- or INIS-WORTH, i.q. INCEWORTH.

INTS, i.q. ENYS.

IOHANN, s.B.m., i.q. John, grace of Jehovah, h.

IONS FIELD, ?= John or Joan's field.

IOSA, B.m., ? raised, h.

IOSEP, s.B.m., he will add, h.

IRELAND, T.a., ?= higher land; or, long (hir) enclosure (lan).

IRISHES, ? arish or stubble (arce, s.) [field]s.

IRISHMAN'S HILL, ? HRESMEN'S (B.m.) hill.

ISAAC, messe preost, w.B.m., and n.f., laughter, h.

ISA-, ISSA-COT, the lower (isa) wood (coat), Pr.

ISBELL, n.f., ? under (is) the pool (poil).

IUSTUS, B.m., the just, lat.

IVY, ? ? small (bich), or water (wy) enclosure (hay).

IZZET PARK, ? lower (isa) gate (yet), or Z-shaped close (parc).

JACK, JACK-A, -ET, n.f., ? i.q. JAGO, or JACKMAN.

JACKY DAW, jackdaw [field].

JACKMAN, n.f., ? from jaeger, a hunter, d., F.

JACKYS PARK, ? snail (jan jeaks) close.

JACKYS ROCK, ? jackdaws' rock.

JACOBSTOW, Jacobus, i.e. St. James's (p.s., O.) place (stow).

JAGO, king, B.C., and n.f., strong (iach) spear (gwayw), F.W.P.J.; or,
i.q. Jacobus, James, (w., Iago).

Jahan, Jane, Janne, n.f., = Jean, John, f.

Jarvis, n.f., spear (ger) eagerness (fus), t, Y.

Jaul, Jaulf, t.d.d., = rich (ead) wolf (ulf), t.

Jeffery, -ies, n.f., from Godfried, God's peace, t.

Jenk-in, -yn, Jennings, n.f., dim. of John and Johns.

Jervey, n.f., i.q. Jarvis.

Jet, = gate (yet) [close].

Jetwell, the jetting well, T.C. ; or, ? well by the gate.

Jew, n.f., = le Jue, the Jew, f.

Jewelandrea, i.q. Gwealandrea.

Jewell, n.f., i.q. Joll.

Joel, n.f., = i.q. Joll.

Johns, Jones, Jonas (?), n.f., = John's son.

Joice, Joyce, n.f., sportive, lat., Y.

Joliffe, Jolly, Juliff, n.f., = jolif, fine, trim, gay, jolly, o.e., Lo.

Joll, Joul, Jowl, Jowlow, n.f., the devil; or, i.q. Joel.

Jordan, Jerdan, n.f., = darnel (jure, Po.), or play (choary), hill (dun).

Jory, Jury, n.f., = darnel (jure) close (hay); or = choary, play.

Jose, n.f., i.q. Iosa.

Joslin, Josceline, sportive, lat., Y.

Jovinus Jovin, t.d.d., belonging to Jupiter, lat., Y.

Jouly, n.f., = little (bich) devil (joul); or, Jaoul's place, d.

Jugger Park, = Jago's close.

Julian, n.f., = from Luxulyan.

The Jump, T.a., i.q. Gump, T.C.

Justin, n.f., = Gestin, Augustin, B.m.

Justing Place, = playing place, t.

Jutsworth, = the Jute's farm (weorthig), s.

Kandle, n.f., = candil, a candle; or, cendel, fine linen; or, i.q. Kendal.

Kannegy, i.q. Carneggy.

Karak clews, i.q. Caraclose.

Kare Moor, = mountain ash (care) or camp (caer) moor.

Karensy-worthy chapel, worthy love or affection chapel, (?). (c.d. St. Mary Magd.), H.

Karkeek, n.f., i.q. Carkeek.

Karkeet, i.q. Carkeet.

Karly, little (le) camp (caer).

Karramore, n.f., i.q. Kare Moor; or, great (maur) rock (carrag).

Karrow, n.f., i.q. Carew.

Karsalan, d.d., i.q. Carsella.

Kastell, n.f., i.q. Kessel.

Kay, n.f., = Caius (lat.); or, ce, a hedge, enclosure; or, from Kea.

Kay-le, -ell, i.q. Cayle.

Kea, an enclosure, Pr.; a hedge or mound, a quay or wharf, H.; (? from Pope Caius, T.; or St. Cuby, Wh.; or St. Tegai, O.; or Landaige. (p.s. not known).

Keagle Field, dirty (geagle) field.

Keals, n.f., = cyllys, lost.

Keams, Keems, n.f., outward (ames) close (ce).

Kearls, i.q. Garles.

Kearn, n.f., = cern, side of the face, w.; or, i.q. Carn.

Kease, n.f., = lower (is) close.

Keason, i.q. Cadson, or Kitson.

Keast, = east (est) close (ce).

Keate, Keete, n.f., = caid, a slave.

Keen, n.f., = i.q. Genn.

Keena Park, = worm (camac) field.

Keeve, Keive, = cuyf, a vat, s.

Keggell-ack, -ick, hazel-grove or copse hedge (ce), Pr.; ? dividing (gyllyc, w.) hedge, N.

Kegethen, n.f., the quickset (cercden) hedge, Pr.

Ke-, Ke-gwin, -gwidden, n.f., white (gwain, gwylin) dog (ci), Pr.; or, i.q. Whitfield, R. W.

Keich, Keych, n.f., = i.q. Kease.

Keir, n.f., i.q. Kare.
KEIROVER, ? ? great (vor) CAIRO.

KEISILGEA, ? tottering (sign, w.) hedge; or, i.q. CARSEILGEY.

KELBROOK, ? lleebh (gel) brook; or, retreat (cil) by the brook, R. W.

KELEANKER, i.q. KILLIANCAR.

KELHURLE, ? the earl's (yerl) retreat (cil), or grove (cili).

KELNACK, holly field, R. W.; nettle hedge, Gw.; flax field, Pr.

KELLAH, i.q. KELLIOW.

KELLAHAM, ? grove (celi) dwelling (ham, s.), or meadow (holin, s.).

KELLAND, ? grove enclosure (lan).

KELLAWAY, n.f., ? Grove path (weg, s.), or, retreat (cil) by the water (gwy).

KELLER, ? long (hir), or high (ard) grove, or field (quest).

KELLIFRAY, ? hill (bre) grove, or, grove hill; or, i.q. KILLYVERTH.

KELLOOG, cuckoo (cog) grove.

KELLIMAR'r, Mercury's grove, B.; or, horse (marsh) grove, R. W.

KELLI-NOON, -oon, grove on the down (an oon).

KELLIO, -IOW, -ow, the groves.

KELLOR PARK, ? earth nuts (clor) field (pore).

KELLOW PARK, groves' close.

KELLY, =celli, a grove.

KELLYBRAY, i.q. KELLIFRAY.

KELLYCOFF, the smith's (gof) grove.

KELLERS, ? boundary (hars) grove.

KELLYPRETH, i.q. KILLYVERTH.

KELLYGAN MOOR, ? ? sheath fish (cillygan) moor.

KELLY GREEN, ? gravel (green) grove; or, grove of the sun (grian), ga.

K. MELLAN, HELLAN grove.

K. MELLAN PRASE, KELLYHELLAN common or meadow.

K. LAND, grove land or field.

K. PARK, grove close (pore).

K. ROUNDS, KELLY circular entrenchments.

K. VOSE, grove with the ditch (fos).

KEL-SEY, -SEY, ? the dry (seck) neck (cil), Pr.

KELWAY, n.f., i.q. KELLAWAY.

KEMEL, n.f., i.q. KEMEL.

KEMP, KEMPE, n.f., ? = cempa, a soldier, a champion, s.; kempe, a giant, d.; cemp, a circle, w.; cemp, a game, a prize, w.; a contest, battle, war, camp, s.

KEMPEUTHORN, ? KEMP hill (iron), or thorn, t.

KEMSON, n.f., ? Kemp's son.

KEMUE, ? greater (wa) hedge (ce).

KEMUL-DREA, -CREIS, -AND-WARTHA, home or near (adre), middle (creis), and higher (wartha) Michael's, or honey (mel), or iron or gain (mael) enclosure (ce).

KEN, n.f., ? i.q. GENG.

KENACOT, ? KENCA cottage; or, ridge (cein) of the wood (coat).

KENAP, ? ? = cneop, the top or brow of the hill, s.

KENCREEK, barrow (creeg) ridge (cein), M'L.

KENDALL, n.f., ? head (cean, ga.) of the dale; or, i.q. KANDLE.

KENEGIE, -Y, the mossy (neag ?) hedge (ce) by the water (gwy), B.; mossy hedge, or, house near the bogs, Pr.

KENEWAS, ? ridge outside (ves).

KENIDJACK, i.q. CARNIDJACK.

KENKEE, ? enclosure (ce) ridge.

KENNACK, -ICK COVE, ? rocky (carnie) cove.

KENNACOMBE, ? KENCA's vale.

KENNAL, -EL, ridge of the moor (hal); or, above the moor, T.C.

KENNA PARK, T.A., ? corner close.

KENNARD, n.f., ? high (ard) ridge.

KENNAWENNA, ? white (gwennack) ridge (cein).

KENNEDO, ? i.q. CARNEDO.

KENNER, ? long (hir) ridge (cein).

KENNICOT, ? i.q. KENACOT.

KENNING, KEN-STOCK, king's (cunning, s.), or, rabbits' (cyning, w.) place (stoc, s).

KENSEY, river, ? dry (seck) ridge.

KENT, n.f., ? = ceneat, a singer; or,
Kenterbury, n.f., from Kinterbury (Devon), = earthwork (bury) on the headland (cennan tir, Beal).

Kenyver, n.f., i.q. Genvor.

Kenwith, n.f., = i.q. Penwith.

Kenworthy, = higher (vartha) ridge; or, Ken's farm (worthying, s.).

Kenwyn, from p.s. St. Kenwyn, O. = Cein, the virgin; or, jewel (cein) of a woman, Y.); the ridge (cein), or, rising of the hill over the marsh, Pr.; = cein wyn, white ridge, R.W.; fair ascent, Po.

Kereaglet, i.q. Cargeiglett.

Kereaw, = i.q. Carew.

Kergeck, n.f., i.q. Carkeek.

Kerkem, = rock (carag) border (hem).

Kerketh, = i.q. Crougath.

Kerley, = i.q. Karly.

Kerney, = rock close (hay); or, i.q. Kernick.

Kernick, the round (kren) or compact place; also, = carnick, rocky place, Pr.; or, horned, R.W.

Kernow, = the rocks [field].

Ker-ow, -ra, -row, = i.q. Carraw, Cara, or Carew.

Kerrier, = goror, higher coast, upper region, confine, border, w.*

Kerrinwell Moor, = = caer an uhel, the high camp.

Kerris, i.q. Gerry; a lovely place, Pr. (?)

K. Roundago, the round or camp at Kerris.

K. Vean, little Kerris.

Kerrow an Gelly, the camp in the hazel-grove (celli), M:L.

Kerr Park, = mountain-ash (care), or camp (caer) close (pare).

Kerrywerry, = the play (guare) enclosure (cae, w.).

Kers-, Kes-brook, = lake, = cress

(corse, s.) brook (leak, Pr.).

Kers-pit, -well, n.f., = cress well (pytt, s.).

Ker-then, -ton, = caerton, castle or rock on the hill, T.C.; or, cerden, the quenken or mountain ash tree, Lh.

Keskeys, i.q. Guscous.

Kes-sel, -tal, -tell, -teel, = castel, a fort, a village; pl., castel, R.W.

Kestlemenack, = the stone (maenic) fortification.

Kestlewood, castle wood.

Kettleigh, = i.q. Gatley.

Kever, = ce-arth, higher hedge or close, T.C.; or, cyewr, a piece of land.

Kever-ael, -el, the place of goats (cheverel, a goat, f.), Pr.; opposite or over against (cyewr, w.) the brow (ael), C.

Kevern, n.f., from St. Keverne.

Key, n.f., = i.q. Kea.

Keyche, n.f., = i.q. Gayche.

Keysheys, = Key's closes (haises).

Kiels Hill, = nine-pins hill.

Kig-gan, = gen or, = cegin, a kitchen; or, gagen, a cleft, chink, w.; or, the down (goon) close (ce).

Kilbury, = retreat (cil) on the hill (bre); or, earth-work (broy) grove.

Kilcoid, the wood (coild) retreat.

Kil-crew, = crew (celli) grove (croy) or (croy); or, i.q. Killigrew.

Kildown, deep (down) recess (kil), R.W.; = church (cil) down.

Kilford, = ford grove (celli).

Kilgather, i.q. Killigarth.

Kilgear, the pleasant or fruitful grove, Pr.; = camp (caer) grove.

Kilgoguie, = cuckoo (cog) grove.

Kilgorrin, St. Gorran's cell.

Kil-g-ote, -oat, = i.q. Kilcoid.

Kilhallan, = i.q. Killehellan.

* Carew, speaking of this hundred, says, "Kery in Cornish signifieth bearing; and yet you must beare with me, if I forbeare to derive Kerrier herefrom until I see some reason for my warrant." Hals says, "=kerryer, a lover"; Pryce, "Kirrier, the coast or border of the country (Kur-Urian)"; Whitaker, from "carhar, a prison."
KILHAM, ?grove or cell home (ham, s.); or, well (kelk) meadow (holm), t.
KILKEA, Kea grove or cell.
KILKHAMPTON, church (kirk) home or dwelling (ham) town, t., H.; e.d.d. KILCHETONA; (? cycle, a cycle, circle, w.); p.s. St. James, O.
KILKOBBOBEN, = Kilcrobben, crooked refuge, C.
KILLAGAN, summer (han, Pr.) grove (celli), or field (gewal).
KILLAGARTH, ?grove on the down (an oon).
KILLA PARK, ? clay (clai, w.), or grove close.
KILLAS, ?= gewal las, greenfield; or, goles, bottom; or, clay slate (billas) [field]; or, i.q. GULLAS.
KILLATON, -TOWN, ?groveenclosure; or, i.q. CULLODEN.
KILLAVARDER, grove on (war) the water (dour); or, i.q. GILLIN-WARThA.
KILLAWORGY, i.q. KILLYWORGY.
KILLCOT, i.q. KILCOID.
KILLEPRETH, -VERTH, i.q. KILLYVERTh.
KILLEGORGAN, ?grove on (gewar) the down (goon); or, Gurgwin's (w.) grove.
KILLEHELLAN, enclosed (lan) grove by the river (heydl), or grove of elms, Pr.; ? HELGAN grove.
KILLENICK, ? i.q. CALENICK, or KILNICK.
KILLEWERRAS, ? i.q. GWEAL GWARDHAS; or, the Virgin's (gwyrhes) grove.
KILLIACK MOOR, ?cock (celioe) moor.
KILLIANCAR, hermit's (ancur) grove; or, grove of the fort (caer), R.W.
KILLIARD, ? high (ard) grove.
KILLIERS, ? long (hir) grove [field].
KILLIGNANNOON, the sanctuary (cil) on the moors, C.; or, the grove by (gan) the down (oon), D.G.
KILLIGARTH, ? high (gewarth) grove.
KILLIGNOCK, grove of the hill (cweck, w.), R.W.; ? Caenog's (w.) grove.

KILLIGORICK, the grove on the waters side (gewarick), Pr.
KILLIGREW, the rough (garow) retreat (cil); or, herds' (grew, w.) refuge, C.; eagles' (eriew), or crane's (gewre) grove, Pr.
KILLIGWITH, ? ash (enwyth) grove.
KILLIMENSACK, -MENSACK, -MANJAC, i.q. CALAMANSACK or KILMANACH.
KILLINACK, i.q. KILINACK.
KILLIO-OW, the groves, Pr.; the sheltered or secluded place, C.; = celli wg, overspreading grove (w.), M.
KILLIS-ALLOW, -ULLOW, ? the lower (isellack) grove, J.B.; grove of elms (ulow), Pr.
KILLISERTH, steep (serth) grove, R.W.
KILLIVOAZ, -VOSE, the grove in the entrenchment or descent (?), Pr.
KILLIVOR, ? the great (maur) grove.
KILLIWERRAS, i.q. KILLEWERRAS.
KILLOCK, the oak grove, Pr.;
KILLYCOOSE, ? i.q. GWEAL AN COOZ, or KILCOID.
KILLY GRAWZY, ? grove by the cross (crouns) close (hay).
KILLYVERTH, white-thorn (frith ?) grove, Pr.; ? green (gewerth, w.) grove.
KILLYWITHICK, ? meadow grove.
KILLYWOAS, i.q. KILLYVOAZ.
KILLYWORGY, grove by the river (war gy), Pr.; upper-field grove, J.B.
KILMANACH, the monks' cell, B.
KILMAR, -MARK, -MARTH, the great (maur), the horse (march), or the wonderful (marth) grove, Pr.; the retreat (cil) of the chief (mar, ga.), Beal; hiding place or sanctuary in open ground (marth, w.), C.
KILMENORTH, the retreat on the stone (maen) ridge (arth), M'L.
KILNA, ? the kiln.
KILNEY MEADOW, i.q. CALENICK.
KILQUITE, i.q. KILCOID or CHILCOT.
KILTEER, ?TOR, ? grove or cell by the water (dour); or, grove land (dour).
KILVARRACK, ? horse (march) grove; 
or, St. Baruch’s (w.) cell.
KILVORRY, ? higher (warra) grove.
KILWARNICK, ? grove or cell in the 
marshy (guernie) place.
KIMBERLEY, the champion’s (cam-
pier), or welshman’s pasture.
KINANCE, dog’s (ci) valley, Po., or 
brook, C.; = ceunant, a ravine, 
hollow, w.
KINE PARK, ? ridge (cein) or kine, 
i.e. oxen close (parc).
KING-BEAR, -BEER, ? King’s farm.
KINGDON, n.f., ? the king’s hill; or, 
= KINGSTON.
KING-EY, -HAY, ? King’s, or rabbits’ 
(cuning, w.) close; or, ridge (cein) 
hedge (ce).
KINGLAYS, ? green (glas) ridge.
KINSEY, n.f., ? i.q. KENSEY.
KINSMAN, n.f., ? kine or cattle tender, 
R.B.K.; or, king’s man or servant.
KIPPISCOME, ? St. Cuby’s vale.
KIRCUM, rock (carrag) vale.
KIRGOE, rock wood (coud).
KIRKANOWAN, the rock (carrag) on 
the down (an oon).
KIRKETH, ? i.q. CARKEET.
KIRKLAND, rocky land.
KIRLAND, castle enclosure, T.Q.C.; 
land or place of berries (caur), C.
KIRSPIT, i.q. KERSPT.
KIR-TREN, -TON, i.q. KERTHEN.
KIRWIN, ? i.q. CARVEN, or CURWEN.
KISSING CLOSE, Kitchen Park, 
? turf (cesan) close (parc).
KISTLE MORRIS, ? castle marsh.
KIT-CHEN, -SON, n.f., ? i.q. CADSON; 
or, Christopherson; or = ce udezheon, 
ox close.
KITE, = coit, a cromlech; or, coed, 
a wood, w.
KITIEL, ? manure (teil) close (ce).
KITSHAM, ? Christopher’s meadow 
(holm), t., T.C.
KITTO, n.f., = kitter, a stealer of 
ore from another man’s pile, m.c.
KIVELL, n.f., = cevile, a horse.
KIVERN, ? from St. KEVERNE.

KLEDH, the trench, B.
KLYMIARVEN, modern, the little 
(vean) dovecot, Jo.C.
KNACKABY, ? the little (by) knoll 
(cwve, w).
KNACKERS, ?-kein acres, ridge of 
the acres, w., R.W.
KNAP-PARC, ? top (cwap) close, s.
KNAYA, n.f., ?-cwfa, offspring, son, 
boy, youth, s.
KNAYLE, n.f., ? i.q. CARNHALE.
KNEEBONE, n.f., ? i.q. CARNEBONE.
KNEIGHTON’S KEIVE, Knighton’s 
basin (cyf, s).
KNEVETT, o.n.f., ? from DUNHEVED; 
or, ridge (cein) head (heafod, s).
KNIGHT, n.f., ?= St. GONNET.
KNIGHTON, = NETHERTON, Beal.
KNILLY PARK, ? GOONHILLY close.
KNIVER, n.f., ? i.q. CARN Y VERTH.
KNIVETON, n.f., ? Knava’s town.
KNOLL, KNOWL, the promontory 
hill or eminence, a projection of 
hilly ground, Pr.; cndon, a hill, 
top, summit, s.
KNOTT, n.f., ?= St. GONNET.
KNOTWELL, n.f., ? St. Gonnet’s well.
KNUCKEY, n.f., ? i.q. CARNKIE.
KUGGER, ? play (choary) wood (cud).
KUSKARNE NA HUILAN, the lap-
wing’s (coddahwilan) rock (carne) 
by the wood (cus), Lh.
KUSKEASE, i.q. GUSCUS.
KYKYSHERE, ? long (hir) hemlock 
(cegas) [field].
KYLGAT, n.f., KILC OID.
KYMBER, n.f., ? welshman.
KYMIEL, i.q. KEMIEL.
KYNILM, w.B.m., ? chief helmit.
KYVER ANKOU, the place (cyvar) of 
death (ancow), T.

LAA, n.f., ?= illa, light, clear, M.
LABTER, ?= LAMPER, Peter’s church 
or enclosure (lun).
LABURNICK, rushy (bruinick) en-
closure.
LACCA FIELD, ? well or pit field.
LACKEY YEAR, ? great swamp, M.
LACUDAN, ? wood pigeon (cuodon) enclosure.
LADANDRE, Andrew's enclosure, T.C.; ? fire (tan) place (tre) enclosure, M.
LADDENVEAN, ? little (bihan) broad (ledan) (field); or, little bank (ladn).
LADDIS, ? stack (disce) yard (lan); or, Laity's (field).
LADNOR, n.f., ? i.q. LANDER.
LADOCK, from p.s. St. Ladocha, O.; steep hill (ladu?) of oaks, Pr.
LADY PARK, the Virgin Mary's close, Beal; or Laity close.
LAFEOKC, St. Feock's church or enclosure (lan).
LAFFAN, n.f., ? i.q. LAVIN.
LAFFENHAC, the church of the monks (menech); or, the stone (maenic) church, B.
LAFFORD, n.f., ? enclosure (lan) by the road (fordh); or = hlafor, a lord, loaf (hlafl) originator (ord), s.
LAFRONE, ? hill (bron) enclosure.
LAFROWDA, the church (lan) of the good (du) cross (rood), Buller. (?)
LAHE, n.f., i.q. LEAH.
LAHERNE, i.q. LANHERNE.
LI-ETY, -TY, milk (lait) house (ty), i.e. the dairy.
LAIN, river, = elaine, a fawn, B.; lyn, a deep still pool, or, leven, smooth, I.T.
LAIN, LAINE, ? = llan, an enclosure, a church; or, llawin, a slip of land, w.
LAKE, ? rivulet or stream.
LAKKA, a spring of water rising from the earth, J.P.
LAM-, LAN-AIL, the enclosure (lan) on the estuary (hayl), M-L.
LAMALKIN, ? rag-mop (maokin) close.
LAMANNA, LA MAYNE, ? monk's (manach) church (lan).
LAMAN-VA, -VER, ? enclosure by the great (veur) stone (maen).
LAMAR, ? the horse (march) enclosure (lan), or leap (lam).
LAMARN, ? ? salmon (maran, w.) leap.
LAMARTH, ? high (arth) leap.
C.; church of St. Maruan, Wh.,
(p.s. not known).

LAM-PARRO, -PRA, ?St. Baruch's, or
bread (bara) enclosure.

LAMP-ER, -IER, n.f., church of St.
Peter.

LAMPEN, ? = lamb pen, or fold.

LAMPETH-A, -O, ? i.q. LAMBEDO; or,
graves (beddau, w.) enclosure.

LAMPRENNY, i.q. LAMBRENNY.

LAMPRETHEN, ? enclosure of the
Britons (brethon), or, of the tree
(predn).

LAMPROBUS, PROBUS manor (lan).

LAMPSHIRE, n.f., ? i.q. LAMBESO.

LAMWIDDEN, ? little (edyn = euan) leap
(lam), or enclosure (lan).

LANAGAN, ? hawthorn-berry (hogan),
or Hagan's (l.) enclosure.

LANARTH, the high (arth) enclosure,
Pr.

LANATON, ?? the enclosure on the
hill (dun).

LANTRAEOIS, e.d.d., i.q. LAMPROBUS.

LANBUSHA, ? resting place (bovesva)
enclosure.

LAN-CAR, -CARE, rest rock, or rock
temple, H.; ? camp (caer) enclo-
sure; or church of St. Gwawr(w.)

LANCARE, ? grave yard (corf, a body);
or, rough (gariff) enclosure; ? d.d.
LANCHARET.

LANCARROW, ? deer (corow) park;
or, rough (garu) enclosure.

LANCE, LAUNCE, n.f., LANCH, ?ENES
enclosure (lan).

LANCELWYS, now Lansallos.

LANCORLA, ? sheepfold (corlan) en-
closure.

LANCROW, ? hovel (crow) enclosure.

LAMBETHIC, ? meadow land.

LANDARE, ? oak (dar) enclosure.

LAND-AVALE, -EVAL, ? apple (aval)
land; or, St. Idwal's enclosure.

LAND-AVEDDY, -AVEDDY, Tafyd or
David's enclosure, or farm, or
dwelling, T.Q.C.

LANDAWARNICK, ? the marshy (gwern-
ic) land.

LANDAZARD, ? high (ard) stack (das),
or wilderness (diserth, w.) enclosure.

LAND-EGAY, -EBA, d.d. -EGHE, ? KEA's
land; or, manor of St. Tegai.

LANDELAKE, ? willow (helig) field.

LANDENNER, ? long (hir) hill (dun),
or, the fowler's (edhelig) enclosure.

LANDER, ? oak (dar) enclosure.

LANDERITUN, 11 cent., ? oak enclo-
sure on the hill (dun); now
LANDRAKE.

LANDER-RY, -YAH, oak (deru) en-
closure.

LAN-DEW, -DUE, God's (du) enclosure,
or the churchyard, the sanctuary,
Pr.; or David's, or black (du), or
south (deheu, w.), enclosure.

LANDewednack, the white (guwde-
nac) roof (to) holy church, or
church of God, Pr.; church of St.
(du) Wednack or Winnock,
T.; (p.s. St. Winwolaus, O.).

LAND GOODIX, ? rush (hesk) wood
(coat) field (land, s.).

L. GREEK, ? mound (creeg) field.

L. HASSICK, ? field with the short
coarse grass (hassuc), t.

LANDICLE, d.d. ? church of St.
Tecla; ? now LANSELEY, J.Ca.

LANDITHEY, the place or enclosure
of piety or mercy (digethic), T.C.,
? of St. Teithi.

LANDIZEAGE, Eadsige's (t.)enclosure;
or, corn (izick) field.

LANDJEW, ? i.q. LANDEW; or, the
jew's (edshaw) enclosure.

LANDLEAKE, the church on the riv-
ulet (laca), Pr.; i.q. LANDELAKE.

LAND-LOE, -LOO, the land or en-
closure on the Looe.

LANDMANUEL, d.d., ? high (uhel)
stone (maen) enclosure; ? now
LEMAIN.

LANDNO, the bare (noadh), or nar-
rrower (ednach), enclosure.

LANDOHO, i.q. LANOW.

LAND-, LAN-RAKE, ? oak (derric) en-
closure; or, church of St. Rioch;
(p.s. St. Peter, O.).
LANDRAWN, i. w. Landraw, a
country over a river; (lan = glan,
a bank; draw, over; na, that),
R.W.

LANDRAYTH, -areth, i.q. LANREATH;
also, sand (traith) enclosure.

LANDREST, ? east (est) LANDER.

LANDREY, n.f., ? oak (deru), or sand
(traith), or home (tre) close.

LAN-DREyne, -drene, ? thorn (draen)
close.

LANDRIVIC, ? the dragon (druiuc)
enclosure; ? drigfa, a dwelling, M.
LANDRowse, ? Rowse's field (land, s.).

L. SEAGUE, i.q. LANSEAGE.

L. SEATON, land on the SEATON.

L. sew, i.q. LANDJEW.

L. SUGLE, rye (sygal) land.

L. SWORTH, ? high (warth) lands.

L. TALIC, ? high (talic) enclosure,
T.C.; or, land full of holes (talic).

L. THORNE, ? hill (tron) enclosure
(lan); or, thorn field (land, s.).

LANDUE, i.q. LANDEW.

LANDULPH, ? Ulph's land; or church
of St. (da) Ulf or Olaf; (p.s. St.
Leonard, J.Ca.).

LANDVINE, ? the stones (myin), or
little (vean) enclosure or close (lan).

LANDWITHAN, the tree (gweedhen)
enclosure.

LANDZION, ?i jews' (edshewon), or ox
(udshoon) enclosure.

LANEAST, eastern, or wood (hurst, s.)
enclosure; or, church of St. Just;
(e.d. St. Welvela & St. Sativola, O.)

LANEER, long (hir) enclosure.

LANEFF, ? evet's (anaf) close.

LANEGAN, ? Einigan's (w.) enclosure.

LANEGATH, ? enclosure of the [wild]
cat (y gath, w.), R.W.

LANEHAM, ? lane pasture (holm), t.

LANEHOC, d.d., ? ANAOC'S (B.m.)
enclosure.

LANE KIRDS, ? carrot (caretys, Pr.)
field (llain, w.).

L. PARK, ? i.q. PARK EN VOUNDER.

LANER, the templar, H.; i.q. LANEER.

LANERGH, 14 cent., = llanerch, a glade,
cleared place in a wood, w.

LANESCOT, ? enclosure below (is) the
wood (coat).

LANESELY, lower (isella) church,
W.h.; now GULVAL.

LANESKN, sedge (hescen) field.

LANESTICK, ? Ysteg's (w.s.) enclosure
or church.

LANEW, ? the high (uch), or yew-tree
(ye, w.) enclosure.

LANEWA, the enclosure of St. Ewa.

LANFEATHER, ? Peter's (Pedyr) enclo-
sure or church.

LANG, n.f., long, s.; or, i.q. LANK.

LANGARTH, ? long enclosure (garth),
t.; or, garden (garth) enclosure
(lan); or, i.q. LANEGATH.

LANGCARR, i.q. LANGAR.

LANGDAN, ? long enclosure (tan, s.),
or hill (tun).

LANGENWIT, d.d., ? Cynwidi's (w.)
enclosure; (cynwedd, land ploughed
the first time, w.).

LANGFORD, the long ford, t.

LAN-GHARNE, -ghairon, n.f., holy
or sacred laws, H.; ? Geirion's
(w.), or, rock (carn) enclosure.

LANGID, n.f., i.q. LANGUIT.

LANGISAL, i.q. NANJISAL, T.C.

LANGOR, d.d., CRANTOCK manor
(lan).

LANGOURD, i.q. LANGURTHA.

LANGREEK, ? the church of St. Cyric;
or, the mound (creeg) enclosure.

LANGRIDGE, long ridge, t.

LANGSTONE, t., i.q. MENHEIR.

LANGUHENOC, e.d.d., i.q. LANWEN-
hoc.

LANGUIT, the wood (cuit) enclosure.

LANGUNNET, ? i.q. LANGENWIT.

LANGURRA, the hay (gorra) church,
H.; i.q. LANGOR.

LANGURTH-A, -ou, -ow, the higher
(gweattha) enclosure.

LANGVITETONE, d.d., i.q. LAWITTON.

LANGW-EATH, -eth, i.q. LANGUIT;
or, the long wilderness (gweattha)
[piece].

LANGWORTHY, n.f., ? long farm or
field (wurthig, s.), t.; or, i.q. LAN-
GURTIA.

LANHADRON, the enclosure of the
mighty (cadarn), Wh.; a den of
thieves (ladron), Nord.; i.q. NANS-
LADRON, Pr.

LANHARGY, ? the forest glade (lan-
herch) enclosure (hay).

LANHASSICK, i.q. LANDHASSICK.

LANHAY, the church-yard (hay), Po.

LANHEVERNE, i.q. LAN KEVERNE.

LAN-HENGY, -HINZY, the church or
temple of sentence, judgment, or
deliberation, H.; ? the enclosure
by the old (hen) house (chy).

LANHER, d.d., i.q. LANNER.

LANHERNE, the sanctuary or church
built with iron- (huwrrn) or hard-
stone, Pr.; the church at the
angle (horn), Wh.; i.q. LAN-
HARNE; d.d. LANHERWEU, a place
of refuge (hercu, to flee, w.), T.

LANHERIOT, ? Hwroad's (w.'s), or
long (hir) wood (cuit) enclosure.

LANHEYL, i.q. LAMAIL.

LANHOUSE, temple (lan) of Hoesus;
or wood (cutes) enclosure.

LANHOLDNOW, ? St. Idno's (w.) church.

LANHYDROCK, ? watery (dourie) bank
(glam), or, church (lan) under a
watery hill, Pr.; ? Ydroc's (w.)
church, or, church of repentance
(edrec); v. LANHETHERICK, Heth-
erick's farm, T.Q.C.

LANIESCHI, lower (isa) church;
i.q. LANESLEY.

LANI-LEY, -LEY, ? St. Hely's church
or enclosure.

LANINE, n.f., cold (iein), or furze
(eithen) enclosure; or, i.q. LANYON.

LANIVET, ? church by the grave
(beth), or of St. Ivo (p.s., M.).

LANJETH, ? dry (zeth, Gw.) enclo-
sure.

LANJEW, i.q. LANDUE.

LANJORE, the enclosure of the lord
(ior) or ruler, Beul; ? play (choari,
ua.) enclosure.

LANK, young (lance, w.), or new
[river], C.; = lanherch, a clearance
in a wood.

LANKAIRE, ? camp (caer), or moun-
tain-ash (care), enclosure; or, oat
(oreh) field.

LANKEAST, ? east LANK.

LANKELLY, the church grove (celli),
Pr.; ? Gelhi's (w.) enclosure.

LANKEVERNE, St. Keverne manor.

LANKIDDEN, ? Icdn's (m.s.), or the
wood pigeon's (cudon) enclosure.

LAN-LAKE, -LEAKE, the lake (lacca)
enclosure, Pr.

LANLARON, d.d., ? St. Lawrence's
manor (lan).

LANLAVERY, ? Leuric's (t.) enclosure.

LANLAWNE, d.d. -LAWARNEC, ? fox
(lowern) enclosure.

LANLEDRA, ? cliff (ledra) enclosure;
or, = lam ledra, robber's leap, w.,
R.W.

LANLIVERY, church of books (livrou);
or, = Lan le Forch, St. Vorch's
church place, T.; i.q. LANLAVERY.
(p.s. St. Manaccus & St. Dunstan).

LANLOOE, i.q. LANDLOE.

LANLOOME, ? bare (lom) enclosure.

LANLOVEY, ? LOVEY's enclosure.

LANMIEL, o.n.f., St. Michael's en-
closure.

LANNACHEBRAN, d.d., manor of (a,
B.) St. Keverne.

LANNAR, a forest, a grove, a lawn
or bare place in a wood, Pr.

LANNARNE, ?marsh (gwrn) enclosure.

LANNARTH, i.q. LANNAR, or LAN-
ARTH; (c.d. Christ Church).

LANNAUGH, ? i.q. LANOW.

LANN-EAR, -EAR, -ER, i.q. LANEER.

LANNERVEAN, little (bikan) LANEER.

LANNIC, the water (ick) enclosure,
M.L.; i.q. LARNICK.

LANNIN, n.f., i.q. LANN.

LANNINGLE, ? cabbage (angle) field.

LANNOWETH, new (nóweth) enclosure.

LANOROW, rough (harow = garow)
enclosure.

LANOW, my (ow), or egg (oyow),
church or temple, H.; ? St. Kew's
enclosure; d.d. LANEHOC; (lanw, influx of the tide, w., M.).
LAN PARK, ? church close (pare).
LANPIRAN, d.d., St. Perran’s manor.
LANRAKE, i.q. LANDRAKE.
LANREATH, church of merit (reth), Pr.; o. LANRETHEU, church of laws (rheithow, w.), T., or near the forts, M’L.; e.d.d. LANREDOCH.
LAN-sallos, LANSALS, LANS
LANscavetone, beautiful Lanscavetone, LANS
LANant, Lansant, LANS
LAN-seague, Lansallos, Lansallos, LANS
LAN-endle, Lansendle, LAN
LANreath, or, Lanreath, St. Rheidiog’s church; (p.s. St. Sancredus, or St. Manaccus and St. Dunstan, O.).
LANsagey, i.q. LANDEGEA, H.
LAN-sallos, o. -SALUX, -SALEWYS, d.d. -SALHUS, ? Sulleisoc’s (s.B.m.) enclosure; enclosure of the altars, C.; p.s. St. Ildierna, O.
LANSANT, now LEZANT.
LANscavetone, d.d., ? elder-tree (seaut) enclosure town.
LAN-seage, -seage, ? dry (seck), or corn (issic), enclosure.
LANseaton, i.q. LANSEATON.
LANsidwell, ? Sidwell’s enclosure; v. NANsugwell.
LANsladron, ? St. Elddeyrn’s (w.) enclosure.
LANsownick, ? ISNIOC’s (m.s.) enclosure.
LANsugle, i.q. LANDSUGLE.
LANsulhas, ? i.q. LANSALLOS; or Julius’s enclosure.
LANslulien, ? St. Sulien’s (w.) enclosure or chapel.
LANtabethick, i.q. LANTYBETHICK.
LANtall-ack, -ick, ? Tallwch’s, or high (talic), enclosure.
LANtallan, ? Talan’s (B.m.) enclosure.
LANtavys, ? outside (dy veas) enclosure.
LANteglos, ? = LAMNULIZ; church or temple land, a., Leg.*
LANt-endle, -ERNDALL, ?? the (an) dale (dot) land.
LANtenny, ? St. Anthony’s place (le) or enclosure.
LANterrick, ? Edric’s (t.) enclosure; or, i.q. LANDRAKE.
LANtewell, ? the devil’s (dioul) enclosure; or, high (whele) land.
LANtwey, ? David’s (Deu, w.) enclosure.
LANthorne, i.q. Landthor, ? hill (tron), or thorn (draen) enclosure.
LANtic, sons (ie) of the Lann, ga., Beal; ? pleasant (teg), or the husbandman’s (tyne) enclosure.
LAN-tine, d.d. -THIEN, -TIEN, cold (iein), or furze (eithen), enclosure or land.
LANvit, i.q. LANVET.
LANtmatin, d.d. ? the manor of St. Martin.
LANtoom, ? the warm (tom) enclosure.
LANtorme, ?? heavy (tron) land.
LANt-rease, -rise, ? yonder (treas), or middle (tres) enclosure.
LANtresworth, ? high (worh) LANTREASE.
LANtuey, i.q. LANteWEy.
LANtundle, i.q. LANTENDLE.
LANtyan, i.q. LANTINE.
LANtybethick, i.q. LANDABETHICK, (? bushy, perthic, w., M.).
LANuah, i.q. LANewa.
LAN-udno, -uthno, o. -UTHINOCH, ? church of St. Wedenoc; or, the narrower (idnach) enclosure. (udd, one in authority, a chieftain, w., M.).
LAN-varnick, -WARNICK, ? i.q. LAN-LAWARNEC.
LANvean, little enclosure.
LANvorch, i.q. LANNELVY, T.
LANvornick, the church on the way (for) to the creek (an iec), Pr.
LANwaFFER, ? goat (gafr, w.) field, M.

* Dr. Pryce makes LANTEGLOS “church (eglos) of truth” (laute); Whitaker, “the church of some unknown St. Lany”; Maclauchlan, “the church or place on the beautiful (teg) spot of green (glas).” LANTEGLOS by Camelford is dedicated to St. Julitta; the p.s. of LANTEGLOS by Fowey is not known.
Lanwamaell, ? enclosure place (ma, va) of trade (mael).
Lan-weneoc, d.d. (e.d.d. -guenho) ? St. Winnow manor.
Lanwhiton, i.q. Lawhitton.
Lanwithan, ? the tree (gewdhen) enclosure.
Lanx-on, -ton, ? long stone, t.
Lanyein, i.q. Lanyon.
Lanyew, ? high (uch) enclosure; (yw, a yew tree, w., M.).
Lanyon, ? the church of St. Jona, Wh.; enclosure on the down (oon), B., or, of the ash trees (om), C.; or, i.q. Lanine.
Lanyhorn, church at the angle (horn), Wh.; see Ruam.
Lanzeague, i.q. Lanseage.
Lanzion, i.q. Landzion.
Lapean, ? little (bihan) enclosure (lan).
Lapp-ar, -er, ? pear (per) enclosure.
Lapstone, ? boundary (lappa, s.) stone, t.
Laptorn, ? boundary thorn, t.
Laran Bridge, the (an) floor (lar, i.) bridge, H.; ? i.q. Lerrin.
Larcum, ? the lark's vale.
Lare Close, T.a., ? lower close. (ller, overspreading, w., M.).
Lardyner, o.n.f. ? i.q. Landenner.
Largan, gen, -gyn, -rigan, ? Regan's enclosure.
Lark, n.f., ? i.q. Larrack.
Larky, 15 cent., ? i.q. Elerchty.
Larrick, ? louverie, fox place.
Laroche, n.f., ? of the (la) rock (roche), f.
Larr-ack, -ake, a place of content,

Sc.; ? = Larrick, i.q. Landrake.
Lasant, i.q. Lantsant.
Lashbrooke, n.f., ? salmon (leiz) brook, t.
Lasullian, ? Sulien's (s.B.m.), or Julian's enclosure; now Luxullian.
Latchet, ? latch gate (yet) [field].
Late Park, ? dairy (lait ty) close.
Latimer, n.f., interpreter.
Latty, milk (lait) house (ty).
Laughier, n.f., i.q. Lawyer, or Lower.
Laugherne, n.f., ? i.q. Lanherne.
Launce, ? Enes enclosure (lan).
Launcells, the cells' church (lan), T.; enclosure or holy cells, C.; grove retrato, cells, M.; ? church of St. Julinius. (p.s. St. Andrew, O.).
Launceston, v. Lanson, i.q. Lannstephan, St. Stephen's church, w., M.*
Launders, -dry, n.f., ? oak (dar, dero) grove (lwyn, w.), R.W.
Lavabe, Lavapper, now Mabe, ? St. Mabe's church (lan).
La Val, now Holy Vale, ? the vale, f. (? = lavaly, apples, M.).
Lavalsea, ? Walsige's (s.) enclosure.
Lavelis, n.f., the calves, f.
Lavethen, enclosure of graves, C.; ? the meadow (bidhen), or tree (wedhen), enclosure (lan) or place (le).
Lavorack, i.q. Lanvornick.
Lavrean, ? Urien's (w.) enclosure.
Lawarran, o.n.f., ? i.q. Lewarn.
Lawellin, the mill (melin), or Melyn's enclosure.

* Carew says, "Those buildings commonly knowne by the name of Launston, and written Lanceston, are by the Cornishmen called Lestephan (Lez in Cornish signifieth "broad," and these are scatteringly erected), and were anciently termed Lanstephan, by interpretation, S. Stephen's Church"; Camden, "Lanstephan, i.e. the church of Stephen"; Seawen, "= Leostpen, which is a place of large extent, or a broad end," others say, "Lancelot's town"; Leland, "Launstone, otherwwys caulfled Lestephan, yn old tyme caulfled Dunevet"; Borlase, "town of the church (lan) by the castle; or, long (lang) castle (ceaster) town, s.," agreeing in sense with "the old Celtic name Dunhevaid, long hill." d.d. Lanscavetone. The church is dedicated to St. Mary Magdalene; but the mother church is St. Stephens by Launcesto.
LEANSKATH, ? boat (scath) close.
LEAN TIE, ? house (by) close.
LEAPER PARK, ? leper close, t.
LEAR, n.f., the sea; or, i.q. HELLIER.
LEASE, LEAZ, the green open place, Pr. ; ? = hal lez, broad moor.
LEAT, a small stream, m.c.; (= lad, a way, journey; passage for water, s.).
LEATHER, n.f., ? lethhir, sea-board land; or, ledr, a cliff.
LEATHERGWEARNE, ? dairy (lait ty) by the alder trees (gwern).
LEATHLEAN, n.f., ? milk (leath) close (lan).
LEDDEN, ? broad (ledan) [field].
LEDDICOAT, -cote, n.f., ? dairy (lait ty) cot.
LED-DRÁ, -RAH, ? = ledra, a cliff.
LEDGYGOON, dairy down (gwon).
LE DEMMYS, 16 cent., the demesne, or land kept in the hands of the lord, f.; also called DYMYS.
LEDGET, i.q. LEDDICOAT.
LEE, i.q. PARK AN LEE, Pr., or, LEA.
LEE-DY, -TY, i.q. LAIETY.
LEEK PARK, ? flat stone (lech) close.
LE FEOCK, i.q. LAFEOCK.
LEFFRA, ? hill (bre) meadow, or enclosure (lan).
LEGAR, ? camp (caer) place (le).
LEGARD, n.f., ? i.q.LETCHER.
LEGARIKE, ? rock (carrag) place (le).
LEG-ASSICK, -GOSSICK, n.f., ? dirty (gassic) or woody (cassic) place.
LEG-E, -EA, d.d., i.q. LEA.
LEGEFFERY, Jeffry's lodge, t.
LEGG, n.f., ? = elegr, a rock.
LEGG-O, -OE, n.f., the same.
LEGONNA, ? place on the downs (gon-nou).
LE-GRICE, -GREICE, n.f., ? the (le) grey (gris, f.) ; i.e. the boar, W. N.
LEHA, a place for calves (levuh), or, = leitha, a small place, Pr.
THE LEHAN, ? i.q. LEAN.
LEIGH, LEIGHA, ? i.q. LEA; or, = le, a place.
LEISON, ? broad (les), or green (lus) down (oon).
LEJEARN, ? garden (idzham) place.
LELAND, unploughed land, t.
LELANT, o. LANANT, from p.s.*
LELIZ-ICK, -IKE, the heifer (ledzhik, Pr.), or bushy (lessick, Gw.) place.
LEMAILE, ? Michael's (Miel), or, trade (mael) place.
LE MAIN, -MAINE, ? ? stone (maen) place; i.q. LAMANNA.
LEMALLA, ? Mehalla's place, T.C.; or, place (le) of trade (maelva).
LEMAR, the place of horses, horse (march) place or green, Pr.
LEMARNE, ? Marian's (w.) place.
LEMBRAY, n.f., i.q. LENABRAY.
LEMELLION, ? i.q. LAMELLION.
LEMETTON, i.q. LAMETTON.
LEMON, n.f., i.q. LEMAIN.
LEMSWORTHY, ? i.q. ELMSWORTHY, the elm farm (woeighig, s.)
LENABRAY, ? enclosure (lan) on the hill (bre).
LENAS, LENNAS, ?=lenez, nettles.
LENTER, i.q. LANDER.
LENDERYON, n.f., oak (derwen) close (lan).
LENDON, the enclosure on the hill or down (dun).
LEN'RA, -DERYOU, i.q. LANDERYAH.
LENHORGY, n.f., i.q. LANHARGY.
LEN-GIA, -IDGA, ? ivy (idzhiro), or house (chy) close (lan).
LENIERS, ? long (hir) closes.
LENN, n.f., ?=len, faithful, true; full; a ling fish; a cloak, blanket.
LENON, ?Non's place.
LENoy, the nephew's (noi), or Noe's (B.m.) place.
LENT PARK, ?linden, or linnet close, t.
LENTY MEADOW, ? shed (lean-to, m.c.) meadow.
LENYER, ? i.q. LANHER.
LEOFSE, w. B.m., beloved victory (sige), t.
LEOW FIELD, ? sheltered (bleo, s.) field.
LERCEDEKNE, LERCHDEACON, o.n.f., the (le) archdeacon, f.
LERGAN, i.q. LARGAN.
LER-RIN, -RING, -YN, river or channel (ryn) place (le), M'C.; little (in) sea (lear), ga., Beal.
LERRY, ?=leary, hungry, empty, m.c., M.; ? moor (hal) field (eru).
LESAIION, ? ALSTAN's court (lis).
LESCADDOCK, ? Cadwg's court, H.
LESCARNICK, ? rocky court.
LESCAWNE, ? elder-tree (seauen) place (le); or, down (goon) court (lis).
LESCHELL, d.d., ? i.q. LESKEEL.
LESLISTON, ? scarlet oak (glastanen) border (lez, a.).
LESCROW, ? hovel (crow) field.
LESCUIJDECK, bloody (gudzhic) field (les), B.; i.q. LESCADDOCK, CARADOC's court, Bl.
LESENGY, ? court by the river (angy).
LESEW, ? dry field (le), W.B.
LESHOWTT, 15 cent., the (le, f.) water spout (shooit, m.c.).
LESEKEEL, ?rye (sygal) field.
LESKERNICK HILL, i.q. LESCARNICK.
LESEKEYS, ? the burnt (leskys) [field].
LESKINNICK, Cennych's (w.) court.
LESMANAEC, (13 cent.) the monk's (manach), or Meneage court.
LESNEWTH, new (newydh) width (les), Cur.; new, or ash-trees (enwith) court. (p.s. St. Michael, O.).
LE SORE or SOOR, n.f., the stag, f.
LESPERROW, ? pear trees (perwicth) court. (berw, a boiling, w., M.).
LESQUITE, the quoit, or cromlech place, T.Q.C.; =Llys coed, wood court, w., R.W.; ? place (le) under (is) the wood (euil).

* Whitaker makes the old patron saint to be Lananta, al. Kananc, a daughter of K. Brechan; the present patron saint is St. Ewinis or Uny. Tonkin makes LELANT =le tan, the church place; Pryce says, =tan nant, the church on the plain, or, by the river. R.E. compares the name of this sandy parish with Leslandes, on the Bay of Biscay. In legal documents the parish is called UNI LELANT, T.C.
LICHAM, the flat stone (lech) enclosure (ham), M.

LIDCOT, i.q. LEDDICOAT.

LIDDA PARK, ? dairy (lait by) close.

LIDDEL, n.f., = LITTLE, s.

LIDDENT, broad (ledan) [field].

LIDDER CROFT, ? dairy croft.

LIDG, f.m., = the ledge.

LIDGA, i.q. LETCHA.

LIDGATE, = hidigeat, a postern gate, a back door, s.

LIGGY, n.f., = i.q. HALLINGEY; or, ivy (idzio) place (le).

LIDWELL, Our Lady's well, t., M.

LIFTCOTT, old (coth) flood (liif, w.), M.; = cottage on the summit, t.

LIGGAR, -ER, = elegar, a rock.

LIGGRWARTH, place (le) near the shore (gwarth), M.; = root (gurved) place.

LILLECRAP, LILLICARP, n.f., = lily or little croft, t.

LIM-ITS, -ICKS, from limax, the sea snail, lat., Jo.C.

LIMIT, T.a., = lime pit.

LIMSWORTHY, i.q. LEMSWORTHY.

LINDERS, = oak (dar) closes (lan-s).

LINE, n.f., = lyn, a pool.

LIN-GER, -GEY, = flax (lin) close (ce).

LINHAY PARK, shed close, t.

LINKAN VOUNDER, the moist place (lynnic) in the (a'n) lane (boulder), T.C.

LINKANDALE, = the moist place in the dale, T.C.

LINKINGHORNE, = the church (lan) on the rising of the iron (hiaorn) hill, Pr., church in the corner (horn); (p.s. St. Miloros, O.).

LINNER, = long (hir) lake (lyn), or enclosure (lan).

LINNEY, shed (leant, m.c.) [field].

LINNICK, = flax (lin) field, R.W. ; or, moist place (lynnic).

LONYON, n.f., = i.q. LANYON.

LIPSON, n.f., = Philip's son.

LISART, d.d., i.q. LIZARD.

LISCOME, i.q. LISCOWNE.

LISEADREN, = Sadwrn's (w.) court.

LISKARD, = Carwyd's (w.) court; or court by the castle (caer) in the wood (cult).

LISKERNICK, rocky (carnic) court.

LISKERS, -ES, -IS, = lessys, burnt.

LISKOMBE, n.f., = Luke's, or bushy (lesic) vale; or, i.q. LOSCOMBE.

LISKROW, = heifer (ledzhec) shelter or hovel (crow).

LISKY, = bushy (lesic) close (hay).

LISLE, n.f., the (f') isle, f.

LISSNWIN, d.d., i.q. LESNEWTH.

LISQUITE, i.q. LESQUITE.

LISTER, n.f., = lyethler, fine land, w., R.W. ; or, lesser, a ship.

LISTETHA, = Theithi's (w.) court.

LISTOO, = luestou, cottages, w.

LITHIOCK, = llacthoig, yielding much milk, w.

LITHTON, n.f., = hill (don) side (leth).

LITH-OENY, -NEY, v. LUNY, = Theony's (w.) place (le).

LITTENS, i.q. LIDAN (ledan) [fields].

LITTLE GOOD GRACE, t.b., = little middle (gres) wood (coed); or, = little good-grass [field].

LIVELOE, cliff (clive) castle or tumulus (low), t., M.L. (?)

LIVERS, = Oliver's [field].

LIZARD, = high (ard) court (lis), or
cliff (als); or, steep (serth) place (le).*

LIZARENA WARTHADWOLLAS, ?higher and lower leper’s (lizar) enclosure (baw).

LIZZON or CLUSION, ? green (glas) down (oon).

LLOYD, n.f., = w. llwyd, grey, hoary, brown, R.W.

LOBB, n.f., = leof, beloved, s.; or, lob, a spider, s.

LOCKE, the calf’s (loch) place, T.C.

LOCKETT, n.f., = lokket, curled, i.e. a hero, d., F.

LOCKHAM, = Lucco’s home, t.

LOCK PARK, calf’s close.

LOCKSTICH, calf’s intake or narrow strip (sticce, s.).

LODDECOOMBE, = heifer (lodn), or muddy (lledidiog, w.), or prince’s (leod, s.) vale.

LODEN, = ladjn = glan, a bank.

LODENEK, Lodan, Brim or bank (ladd) of the water (ick), Wh.; LODERICK, robber’s (lader) creek (wic), Po.; now PADSTOW.

LOE, = lo, a lake, pool, pond, or inlet of water, R.W.; LOE Pool, a reduplication.

LOENTER, n.f., = lowender, joy, mirth; or, i.q. LAUNDER.

LOEVAN, little (biban) mound (low, s.), M-L.

LOGAN Rock, LOGGON Stone, rock- ing (loging, m.c.) stone.

LOGGAN, n.f., = Luke’s down (goon); or, from ILLOGAN.

LOGG-AS, -US, -ATS CLOSE, calf’s (loch) house (hws, w.), or wood (cus) close.

LONGAEAK, the long promontory or point (pyg, w.).

LONGA PARK, long close (pame).

LONG CARNE, = carn enclosure (lan).

LONG CHEPYNGE, 15 cent., = market (ceaping, s.) enclosure (lan).

LONGCOE, ? wood (coed) close (lan).

LONG GRACE, = long grass, R.B.K.; middle (cres) enclosure (lan).

LONGLEAN, = lavan lan, field of birds, T.C.; = long lane.

LONGORE, = the moor (cors) enclosure (lan).

LONGUNNET, = Cunedda’s (w.) enclosure; or enclosure of the downs (goon) with a gate (yet).

LONG VILLAN, ? mill (melin) enclosure; or, long mill [field].

LONKAMOOR, = long moor.

LONKELLY, = grove (celli) enclosure (lan).

LOOE, i.q. LOE.†

LOOM HILL, = naked or bare (llwm, w.) hill.

LOSE-LOHAN, = fox (loweri) bottom (goles).


LOPS CLOSE, = Lobb’s Close.

LOPTHORNE, [the lopped or cut thorn.

LOSCOMBE, = burning (lose), or camp (lost) vale (comb, s.).

LOSTWITHIEL, = Withiel, or the Irishman’s (gwyddel) encampment (lluest, w.).‡

• Borlase says, “LYSHERD, much (liaz) thrust out (herdyga, thrust forward, prominent); a chief place thrust forth, or headland jutting forth”; Gough, “something thrown forward and high”; Baxter, “high cape”; Hals, “lofty (ard) or dangerous gulf between two lands, &c., (liz)”; Norris (speaking of Lizard Point, Scilly) says, it implies a gate or passage = w. lidiard, or lidiard; Jephson refers it to lazar, a leper; others to the reptile lizard, from its resemblance; the Rev. W. Beal asks, “Was it in early days the high (ard) [beacon] light (les), ga.”?

† St. Mary is the patron saint of West Looe, O.; East Looe is otherwise called “St. Martin juxta Looe,” O.; Seawen renders Looe and Loe a low or watery place; MLanchlan prefers referring both Looe and Loe to the tumuli near, (low, a mound, tumulus, s.), rather than to llivch, a lake or pool, w., in Cornish, lo.

‡ The UXLA or UZELLA of Ptolemy, Cam.; = Les uthiet or uthal, the high palace (referring to its old site (?) at Restormel), Po.; the palace (lis) of [earl] Withiel, Wh.;
LUDGIAN, from p.s. St. Ludowanus, O. ; = lud, or lug van, high tower, B. ; = Lheydvan, grey stone, w., R. W. ; ? ox (udzheon) enclosure (lan), T.C.

L.-LAZE, -LEES, ? LUDGIAN meadows (leos-t, T.C. ; (les, broad, Dr., court, P.).

LUDGY, ? i.q. LIDGEY.

LUDON, ? sheltered (hleo, s.) down.

LUFF, n.f., ? i.q. LOVE.

LUFFCOTT, to. LUFFING COTTE, ? Leof's cottage, t.

LUGG, n.f., ? the undergrowth of weeds, clover, &c., among corn, m.c.

LUGGAN, n.f., i.q. LOGGAN.

LUGGER, n.f., ? i.q. LONGORE.


LUMBERT, ? Beort's (t) enclosure (lan).


LUNCEN, s.B.m., ? from w. lyngceu, to swallow; m.c., clunk.

LUNON, = Llywyn on, ash grove, w., R.W.

LUNSTONE, ? puffin (lundi, o.n.) rock.

LUKE, n.f., ? lwiur, a painter; or, i.q. LOWER.

LUSCOMBE, ? Luke's or Lywci's vale; or, i.q. LOSCOMBE.

LUSKEYS TOR, ? the burnt (leskys) hill, or tor of burning.

LUSON, n.f., i.q. GLAZON.

LUTMAN, n.f., a man who stoops (luwan, s.) in his gait, t., Lo.

LUTTRELL, n.f., dimin. of loutre, an otter, f., Lo.

LUX CROSS, St. Luke's cross.


LYD-COTT, -CUTT, i.q. LUDCOTT; or = llydiart, a country gate, w.

the tented encampment (lluést, w.) of the stranger (gwyddel, an Irishman), Fenton; the lion's (guifel, B.) tail (lost), L.e., Car. (!); vulgo, "Lost I (=in) the hill," from its very low situation, (!!); p.s. St. Bartholomew.
LYDE ROCK, from St. Elidius.
LYLE, n.f., i.q. Lisle.
LYNAM, n.f., dwelling (ham, s.) on the lake (lyn).
LYNE, n.f., = lyn, a lake.
LYNNER, river, long (hir) lake, B.
LYTHE, n.f., = lyth, a limb, the back, Pr.
LYWCI, s.B.m., = lion (lew) dog (ci).
LYZON, i.q. GLAZON.

MABBOT, n.f., dim. of Mabb = Abraham, Lo.
MABE, from p.s. St. Mabe, C.S.G., or St. Mabon or Mabyn, M.; son (mab) [of God], H.; o. LAVABE, v. LAVPPER, = church (lan) of the son of Mary (mabmaur).
MABELBURROW, = maple tree, or Mabil’s mound, t., Jo.C.
MABIN, n.f., from St. MABIN.
MACHEY, n.f., from Macei (Normandy), Lo.
MACHUS, t.d.d., MACCOS, w.B.m., = maximus, greatest, lat.; or, makarios, blessed, gr.
MACKWORTH, n.f., i.q. MACURTH, w.B.m., i.q. Machraith (w.s.).
MAD-DEN, -DERN, -ERN, -RON, n.f., from St. MADRON.
MADDERHAY, mugwort (madere, s.) enclosure (hay), t.
MADDOX, n.f., son of MADOC (w.), i.e. the beneficent.
MAD-ERS, -US, = Madern’s [place].
MADFORD, = the place (mod, w.) at the ford; or = mudford, t.
MADLY, = good (mad, w.), i.e. fertile place (le), or pasture (lea, t).
MAVERN, = alder (gwern) meadow (maes, maed).
MAEN ADDICK, = the great (uthic) rock or stone (maen).
M. DOWER, the stone near the water (dowr), Bl.
M. DU, the black (du) stone.
M. HEERE, the long (hir) stone.
M. TALLACK, the high (tallic) rock.

MAENTOL, the holed (tol) stone.
MAEN Y GRIB, the comb-like rock.
MAES PARK, = meadow (maes), or May’s close.
MAGARUS, m.s. Worthyvale, = makarios, blessed, gr.
MAGER, the feeding place (maga, to feed); MAGOR, n.f., the same, Pr.
MAGMAIN, a brood (mag) of stones (myin), i.e. many stones, M.
MAIDEN BOWER, = men vor, the great stone or rock, N.
M. HAYS, stone closes.
MAIL PARK, = Michael’s (Mihal) close (parc).
MAINADEW, i.q. MAENDU.
MAIN-, MAIN-PARK, stone (maen) close (parc).
MAINLAY, i.q. MANELEY.
MAINPORTH, = stone cove (porth); or stone of the cove.
MAINWARING, n.f., = Mesnil Warin, the manor of Warin, f., Lo.
MAIOWE, n.f., i.q. MAYOW.
MAKER, d.d. MACRETONE, = Macurth’s (B.m.), or Magarus’s (m.s.) town; (p.s. St. Julien, O.).
MALE, n.f., = Mehal, Michael.
MAL-EDDEN, -EDDEN, = broad (ledan) field (maes).
MAL-ET, -LET, n.f., a mace, t.
MALPAS, pr. MOPAS, bad passage, f., Pr.; = traffic (muel) passage, C.
MANABURLA, = place (man), or stone (maen) of embracing (byrle), or of roses (breilu).
MANACCAN, o. MINSTRE, MONATHON, monk (manach) town (tun, s.), Wh.; the stony (maenic) haven (an = havn), or, haven (ack) of white (can) stones (myin), Pr.; (p.s. St. Antoninus, O).
MANACK POINT, monk’s point.
MANACLES, church (eglos) rock or stone (maen), Po.
MANALLACK, = lower (wollach) stone.
MANATON, stony hill (dun), T.; monk (manach) town, Wh.
MANAULOB, tumulus (low, s.) of stone;
or, the monk’s (manach) tumulus, M'L.

MANE, = maen, a stone.

MANELEY, stone enclosure (hay).

MANELEY, the stone pasture (lew, s.), or place (le); or, i.q. MINGELL.

MANELS, ? sheaf of corn (manal yz), or MANELLS [field].

MANGITHA, ? St. Ceitho’s (w.) stone; or, great (thic) stone (maenic) piece.

MANHANICK, -tot, n.f., from MENCHENIOT.

MANHIRE, n.f., i.q. MENHEIR.

MANKEY, stone hedge (ce); or St. Cai’s stone.

MANLEY, n.f., i.q. MANELEY.

MANN, n.f., ? i.q. MANE, or MOWUN.

MANNA, n.f., i.q. MANELEY.

MANNEL, n.f., i.q. MANUEL.

THE MANNICK, the stony (maenic) [field].

MANNING, ? i.q. MANNERING.

MAN OF WAR, i.q. MENAFORE.

MANNERING, n.f., i.q. MAINWARING.

MANOR-GWIDDEN, -WIDDEN, white (gwidn) mountain (mener), Fr.; ? white long (hir) stone (maen).

MANUEL, n.f., ? high (whel) stone (maen); or = Emmanuel.

MANUEL SCUD, Manuel’s low ledge of rocks (scud, m.c.), T.C.

MANUTE, n.f., i.q. MENCHENIOT.

MANY GULLAS, ? maen y goles, the bottom stone.

M. PARK, i.q. MAINAPARK.

M. WITHIN, ? white (gywedn) stone.

MARADON, -RADON, ? horse (marh), or market (marchad), or boundary (mearc, s.) hill (dun).

MARAZION, Jews’ (edzhuon) market (marhas), B.

MARBLE FIELD, ?= maple field.

MARbury, n.f., ? from Marraborough.

MARCAEW, Car., i.q. Market Jew.

MARCH, MARH, w.B.m., ? horse.

MARCRADden, ? fern (reden) boundary (mearc, s.).

MAR-DEM, -DON, n.f., ? i.q. MARADON.

Margate, i.q. St. Margaret’s.

MARGHAS-BIGAN, -BEAN, little market; i.q. MARAZION.

MARHAM, the dwelling (ham) on the frontier, I.T.; ? MARH’s dwelling.

MARHAM, a. MARWYN-CHURCH, the church of St. Morwenna, p.s. O.

MARHASANVOSE, the (an) maid’s (mos), or trench (fos) market (marhas).

MARK, king, and n.f., i.q. MARCH.

MARKET JEW, Jew (ezow) market (marchad).*

MARKWELL, the knight’s (mar heg), or boundary (mearc, s.) well.

MAROONEY, i.q. MERTHER UNY.

MAROW, n.f., ? dead (marow).

MARRABOROUGH, ? knight’s barrow.

MARRACK, n.f., ? mar heg, a horseman, knight, cavalier, soldier.

MARR-AS, ?-YES, = marvis, marsh, f.

MARSHALL, ? marsh moor or hill (hal), or hall (hel).

MARSH PARK, ? marshy close.

MARSLENd, = marshy land.

MARtha, ? i.q. MATHA.

MARThA MEADOW, ? flat, low, or sea sedge (merydd, w.) meadow.

MASHGATE, i.q. MARSHGATE.

MASS PARK, ? i.q. MARSH PARK.

MATELE, d.d., now METHLEIGH.

MATHA, a flattening down (mahr, w.), a flat place, M.

* Professor Max Müller says, MARAZION may be “little (en) market” (i.q. MARGHAS-BIGAN, -BEAN), but, with friend and correspondent, J.B., prefers considering both MARAZION and its atlas Market Jew simple plurals of marhas, a market (pl. marhason), and its more ancient form marchad (pl. marchadyou). See “Macmillan’s Magazine,” April, 1867, p. 486; and “Journal of the Royal Institution of Cornwall,” 1867, p. 333. Leland, Camden, Carew, Norden, Oliver, &c., make both “Thursday (dieu) market,” the n being regarded as a mistake for u. Halliwell makes MARAZION “market on the strand (zian)”; Pryce, “market on the sea coast”; Histington, “market of the island (ia-n, s.)”; Isaac Taylor, “hill by the sea” (ph.); and others, “bitter Zion” (h.)!!
MEL

MATTOCK, n.f., i.q. Madoc, w.
MAUDLEY, -IN, -ING, i.q. Madly, R.W.
MAULS MEADOW, ? mules' (moyles, m.c.), or wether-sheep (mols) meadow.
MAUNDER, n.f., a beggar, t.; ? = mawdird, peatland, w., R.W.
MAWGAN, from p.s. St. Mauganus, O. ; ? = mor gan, by the sea, Pr.
M. PORTH, MAWGAN cove.
MAWLA, i.q. Mola.
MAWNAN, from p.s. St. Maunanus [and St. Stephen], O. ; boy's (mow) plain or valley (muns), perhaps MOR-NAN, valley or plain by the sea, Pr.
M. SMITH, Mawnan smithy, W.R.
MAXWORTHY, ? Maccus's (B.m.) farm (wcothrig), t.
MAX, n.f., ? = me, May, the month; (moy, a man, a maiden, s., F.).
THE MAY, ? the may-[pole place].
MAYARD, n.f., mighty (mein = megin) firmness, t., Y. ; ? high (ard) stone (maen).
MAYDY, n.f., i.q. MENDY.
MAYNE, n.f., i.q. MEAN.
M. PORT, i.q. MAINPORTH.
MAYO, o. MAYVIEW, n.f., ? the yew (eo) plain (maech), i.
MAYON, i.q. MEAN.
MAY PARK, ? hawthorn close.
MAY ROSE, ? hawthorn moor (ros); or, i.q. MEDROSE.
M. MEADE, -YN, ? meddal lyn, soft swamp or pond, T.C.; or, midian, a field of battle, w.
MEADRES, -ROSE, i.q. MODROSE.
MEER, i.q. MEAR.
MEHAL MILL, ? Michael's mill.
MEIN, n.f., i.q. MAYNE.
MENAN DANS, t.b., i.q. DAWNSMEN.
MEINNEK, rock, strong, Bl. ; ? stony.
M. POINT, stony (maenic) point, Bl.
MELANOCOISE, mill (melin) by the wood (cuz).
MELANDREWS, i.q. MELANDRUCHA.
MELANGY, -INGY, water-mill, Wh. ; or, mill by the water (gy).
MELGESS, the mill woods, Po.
MELHUISH, n.f., the mill estate (huise), t.
MELINDRAFT, yellow (melyn) sands (trait), C. ; mill scour (trof, w.), M.
MELINGISSEY, the mill woods, Pr.
MELAN-DRUCHA, DRUCHA, the mill with the solid wheel (drucha), W.B.
M. GOOSE, i.q. MELANCOISE.
M. BAR, long (hir) mill.
M. HAYLE, mill on the river (heyl), or moor (hal).
MELLANOWETH, new (nowyd) mill.
MELLENGTH, ? wood (coed) mill; or, i.q. MELLINSETH.
MELL-EWARNE, -WARNE, elder or marsh (gwater) mill.
MELLIDEN, ? mill vale (duw, s.).
MELLIDOR, ? mill by the tor, or water (dour).
MELLINNIKE, mill, lake, leat, or bosom of waters (ike), H.
MELLINSETH, the dry mill, Pr.
MELLY, n.f., = melin, a mill; or, meillion, clover, w.; or, melyn, tawny.
M. COOSE, i.q. MELANCOOSE.
MELLOW PARK, ? mallow close.
MELLUCKHORN, 16 cent., Maeiloc's (s.B.m.) corner (horn).
MELLYNCARNE, the yellow (melyn) rock, Bl.; mill of the rock, R.W.
MELLYS, ? lower (isa) or corn (iz) mill.
MELORN, ? mill corner.
MELROSE, honey (mel) moor, C.
MEN, o. MAEN.
MENABILLY, the colts' (ebilli) hill (mendid), Pr.; stone of the wolf (bleid), C.
MENACCHURCH POINT, ? monks' (ma nach) church point.
MENACRIN, ? stone of wailing (creen?).
MENACRUDDLE, hawk (cudyuill, w.) stone (maen), C.; ? Irish (gwyddel) monk (manach).
MENADARVA, rock by the running water, T.C.; the watery hill, or by the water, or, the hill of oaks, Pr.; rock of the oak place, R.W.
MENADEWS, ? stones outside (dyves); or, black-stone [field].
MENADODDA, ? Dudda's (t.) stone.
MENADRUM, ? ridge (trum, w.) stone.
MENADU, the black (du) mountain (mendid), Pr., or stone (maen).
MENAFIELD, ? the stone field.
MENAGISSEY, i.q. MELINGISSEY.
MENAGUE, the stone of lying (gue), or of the smith (gow), or of the chief (cu, ga.).
MENAGULLAS, i.q. MANYGULLAS.

MENALIDA, 12 cent., ? stone of wrath (llid, w.), M.; ? Idà's manor (mesnil, f.); ? now TEHYID.
MENALLACK, i.q. MANALLACK.
MENALU, i.q. MANALUC.
MENAMBER, Ambrose's rock, Car.; rounded (ambol) stone, C.; stone of crookedness (camder, w.), M.; i.q. MENANBAR, the top (an bar) stone, B.
MEN AN TOL, the stone with the hole (tol), or holed stone.
MENARRIDD, i.q. MANORGWIDDEN.
MENAR-VORTH, -WARTH, ? the high (arworth) stone.
MENAULS, i.q. MENAGULLAS.
MENAVEAN, little MEANHAY.
MENAVORE, the great (maur) stone or rock.
MENAW, ? = maenau, the stones.
MENAWETHAN, the rock of the tree (gweidhen), N.
MENDY, the black (du) stone, J.B.; or, house (ty) by the stone; or stone house.
MENEGLE, = maenic, stony, B.; the deaf (age?) stone, Pr.; a peninsula (ph.), Dr.; = meneague, stony clefts, C.
MENEBURL, ? rock of peril (peryl); or, i.q. MANABURLA.
MENEGLOS, ? church (eglos) hill (mendid), R.W.
MENEFES, ? outside (ves) MANEHAY.
MENEGISSEY, -GUSSEY, i.q. MELINGISSEY, the mill woods, Pr.
MENEGLASE, ? the blue (glas) stone; or, i.q. MANYGULLAS.
MENEGWINS, the white (gwyn) hills, H.; wind (gwyns) rock (maen), J.B.
MENE-HY, -HEY, i.q. MANEHAY.
MENELY, i.q. MANLEY.
MENERTUE, i.q. MENADU.
MENERLUE, i.q. MENALU.
MENESSA, ? lower (isa) MEANHAY.
MENEWETHEN, i.q. MANY WITHIN.
MENEWINK, i.q. MENVINNICK.
MEX FLEMING, the Fleming's Rock, N.
M. GEARN, ? the stone on the face
MEN

(corn) of the hill, R.W.
MENGLOW, the coal (glo, w.) rock.
MENGREENS, ? the middle (crest), or hedge (garz) stone.
MENHEIR, battle (heir), or long (hir) stone.
MENHEN-ICK, -ITT, n.f., from
MENHENIOT, the old (hen) stone (maen) gate (yet), H.; the mountain (menedh) of the elder (keneth), Wh., or, 1 of St. Neot, (1 o. p.s., now St. Antoninus, O.); a hill on a highway (?), Sc.
MENHERIAN, ? the boundary (urrian) stone.
MENIES, ? stone fields (haies, f.).
MEN-KE, -KEE, i q. MANKEY.
MENNA, MENNAH, i q. MEANHAY.
M. BROOM, ? broomy MEANHAY; or stone of offering (offrwn, w.).
M. GLAZE, i q. MEENGLASE.
M. WARTHA, higher stone (maen), or MEANHAY.
MENN-EAR, -EER, -ER, -OR, i q. MENHEIR; (mener, a mountain, Lh.).
MENNERIES, ? long-stone (maen hir) closes (haies).
MEN-PENGWIN, -PERKIN, the pilgrim or stranger’s (pirgirin) rock, N.; (pengarn, a gurnard).
MENPERHEN, ? the king’s (bren), or proprietor’s (berhen) stone.
MENSHAM, ? ? DUN’s (manaches) enclosure (ham, w.).
MENWI-DDEN, -DIION, the windy place (man), B., (gwyns, wind).
MENWINNI-C, -ON, head (men = pen) of the marshes, Pr.; marshy (winiç) place (man), J.B.
MEREDITH, n.f., sea protector, Y.
MERKIU, Com., i q. MARKET JEW.
MERLINS CAR, Merlin’s rock, Bl.
MERLIN, the great lake, Pr.; or, = w. merchlyn, the horse-pond, R.W.
MERR-ET, -ITT, n.f., i q. MEREDITH.
MERR-, MERRY-FIELD, = Mary’s field.
MERRICK, [the rock of the sea bird] merrick.
MERRIOTT, n.f., 1 Rhyod’s (w.) place (ma), or field (maes).
MERR-I, -OSE, -OWS, i q. MEDROSE.
MERRYMAIDENS, ? the dancing and therefore merry stones, (maidens = maen-s).
MERRY-MEETING, -MIT, ? the same; or, place where the hounds meet.
MERTHA, i q. MARTHA OR MERTHER.
MERTHEN, hill (din) by the sea (mor); or, i q. MERLIN, Ped.
MERTHER, from p.s. St. Conanus (O.) the martyr (merthyr, w.); or, the martyrion over his grave, J.Ca.; = mor dor, sea water, Pr. (?).
MERTHER-DER-UA, -VA, the martyrion in the oak (deru) place (ma, va).
M. UNY, the martyrion of St. Ewinus.
MESACK, the field, Pr.; dry (sech) field (maes), T.C.
MESKALL, n.f., ? = mareschal, a marshall, f.; or, hazel (coll, w.) field (maes).
MESMEAR, i q. MEASMEAR.
MESSENGER, ? ? field (maes) of the (a’n) camp (caer); or, from n.f.
MESSENGROSE, ? the(an) cross (crous), or marsh (cros) field.
MESSER, n.f., ? long (hir) field.
METFORD, n.f., i q. MADFORD.
METHER-ALL, -ELL, -ILL, ? ? the meadow (mead) on (ar) the river (heyl).
METH-ERES, -ROSE, i q. MEDROSE.
METH-ERIN, -ERN, ? the corner (horn) meadow.
METHERS COLLING, ? ? the martyr chapel of St. Colan.
METHERUISTEL, w.B.M., ? martyr (merthyr) pledge (guistel).
METHERUNY, i q. MERTHER UNY.
METHLEY, d.d. METHELE, ? feeding place (le); (methia, to feed).
METTERS, n.f., i q. MEDROSE.
MEULE, n.f., i q. MUEL.
MEVAGISSEY, from p.s. St. Mewa and
St. Ida (O.), or Issey, Car.; al.
MENAGISSEY, mill (melin) woods,
Pr.; a hill (mynched) to keep mares
(caseneg) in, Sc.

MEWDON, the great hill (dun), Pr.

MEWSTONE, ? greater (mu'), or gull
(maw, s.) rock.

MICHAELSTOW, the place (stow, s.)
of St. Michael, (p.s., O.).

MICHELL, n.f., i.q. Michael; or, from
MICHELL, o. Mwdishole, Meddes-
chole, i the low (isal) place (mod).

MICHELL MORTON, ? great (mycel, s.)
Morton.

MICHELSTOW, n.f., i.q. MICHELSTOW
MIDDLECOAT, n.f., ? middle cottage
(cote, s.), or wood (coat).

MID-DLING, -LEN, i.q. Medlane; or,
middle meadow (ing, s).

MID GARGUS, ? the meadow (mead)
near (gar) the wood (cus).

MIGEL, t.d., i.q. MITCHELL.

MIGHSTOW, i.q. MICHELSTOW
MILENOC, s.B.m., servant or dis-
ciple (mael, i.) of St. Cynoc.

MILCOMBE, the mill vale, t.

MILEN, -DRN, n.f., i.e. servant or
disciple of St. Edeyn.

MILE, n.f., i.e. Mihal, Michael.

MILET, n.f., i.q. MALET.

MILHAM, ? the dwelling at the mill,
t. ; d.d. MELLEDHAM.

MILLAN, w.B.m., ? = meilion, clover, w.

MILLA-DON, -TON, the mill enclosure
(tun, s.), t.

MILLAN, n.f., i.q. MILLAND, the
mill field (land, s.), or enclosure
(lan).

MILLANOC, i.q. MELANOC.

MILLENDRAFT, f.m., i.q. MELINDRAFT
MILET, n.f., ? mill gate (yet) ; or,
i.q. MALET.

MILLINRTH, mill on the sand
(traidh); o. MEYNTRAIT.

MILLINGTON, n.f., i.q. MILLATON.

MILLINOWAL, cliff (hal = als), or high
(uhal), or Howel's mill.

MILLINOWITH, i.q. MELINOWITH.

MILLINSE, ? dry (sech) mill.

MILLROSE CROFT, ? mill valley (ros)
croft, J.B., ? ros, a wheel.

MILLS, n.f., Michael's [son].

MILROY, n.f., ? the king's (rone, a.)
soldier (mael, a.).

MILTON, ? the mill, or middle, or
Michael's enclosure (tun, s.).

MILWAINE, n.f., ? i.q. Merlesuain, t.d.d.
MICHEN, -NACK, ? i.q. MANICK.

MINALTO, the cliff (allt, w.) rock
(menaen), N.

MIN-AMEER, -NIMEAR, ? the great
(meir) stones (myin).

MIN-ARS, -ORS, n.f., ? boundary (harz)
stone (maen), or stones (myin).

MINAS COVE, ? little (minys) cove, M.

MINTAMER, Sc., Welshman's rock ;
i.q. MENAMER.

MINCARLO, the martin (carlo, o.n.)
rock, N.

MINERD, ? high (ard) stone.

MINE-Y, -HAY, i.q. MANEHAY.

MINGEL, d.d., ? stone (maen) by the
grove (celli); or, Gelhi's (w.) stone.

MINEYS, n.f., ? i.q. MELINGISSEY.

MINGOOS, the kids' (min) wood
(cus), R.W.; ? wood mine.

MINTESLAKE, O., the nuns' (ma-
naches) lake.

MINT, = mynydd, a mountain, w., W.H.

MINMANUII, ? scruffy isle or rock;
(mawnydd, brushwood, w.), N.

THE MINTYACK, the stony piece.

MINNER, ? = menhir, long stone.

MINNEY, i.q. MANACK, or MANEHAY.

MINSSES DOWN, ? the nuns' (manaches)
down.

MINSTER, the monastery, (p.s. St.
Mertheriana, O.).

MINWONNET, ? the stone on the
down (gwon) with a gate (yet).

MIRRIL, n.f., = moor hill, t.

MISERY, ? i.q. me (eru) field (maes).

MISSLE PARK, ? moor (hal) meadow
(maes), or blackbird close (pare).

MICHEN, n.f., = Michael, or, migel,
great, s.; or, i.q. MICHEL.

MITCHINSON, n.f., i.q. MITCHELLSON.
MITHIAN, the feeding place, Pr., (mexthia, to feed); c.d. St. Peter.

MITTER, n.f., = meder, a reaper.

MIXTOW, i.q. MICHAELSTOW.

MOASE, n.f., = Moses.

MOCHIL TREWINT, great (mucel, s.)

TREWINT.

MOCK, n.f., = mach, a surety, bail, w.

MOCKARD, n.f., = a mocker; or, i.q. MACURTH, s.B.m.

MODDERN, n.f., from MADRON.

MODESHOLE, 14 cent., now MICHELL.

MODITON, = the meeting (mol) enclosure (tun), t.

MODITONHAM, the meeting or court dwelling, H.; or, MODITON home.

MODROSE, place (mod) in the valley (ros), Pr., or heath.

MOFFATT, n.f., = i.q. MUFFORD.

MOHUN, n.f., from Moyon (Brittany), Lo. (moun, lame, mauled, a.).

MOLA, = the bare (moel) place; or, = mola, a mill, lat., a blackbird, c.

MOLE, n.f., = i.q. MOYLE.

MOLESWORTH, n.f., = Mole's estate (weortug, s.); or, sheep (mols) farm.

MOLEYS, o.n.f., = i.q. MOLINESS.

MOLINGEY, i.q. MELANGEY.

MOLINICK, the place of goldfinches (molinek), Pr.; the mill place, Wh.

MOLIN-ESS, -ISS, = lower (is), or island (enys) mill.

MOLINSEY, i.q. MELLINSETH.

MOLLARD, n.f., = miller.

MONGLEATH, = w. Mwnglawdh, from mwn, ore, clawedh, a quarry, R.W.

MOON, n.f., = i.q. MOHUN.

MOPAS, sea (mor) passage (pas, f.), M.L.; i.q. MALPAS.

MOR, B.m., the sea; or, = maur, great.

MORAH, = i.q. MORVAY.

MORCANT, w. B.m., = sea margin (cant).

MOR-COM, -COMBE, n.f., a bend (cam) of the sea (mor), R.W.; = sea vale.

MOR-DAN, -DEN, = moor hollow (denu, s.), t.

MORELL, n.f., = moor hill, t.

MOR-EPS, -EBS, -RABS, -ROPs, ??[field]s by (ryp) the sea side, Pr.; = moreb, the ebb-tide, w., M.

MOR-ES, -IS, = i.q. MARRAIS.

Moresk, = morese, sedge, w., R.W.; sea (mor), estuary or creek (esk), M.L.

MORGAN, duke, by the sea, Pr.; sea born (genin, w.).

MOR-ICE, -RISS, n.f., = i.q. Mores.

Morkham, n.f., = i.q. MORCOM.

Morlah, = sea enclosure (lan).

Morland, moorland, t.

Morley, n.f., = moor pasture, t.

Mor-RAB, -RAP, by the sea-side, Pr.

Morshead, n.f., = i.q. PENHALLOW.

Morth, = marth, a foundation; or, marth, flat, open, plain, w., M.

Mortha, = i.q. MARTHA.

Morton, d.d. Mortune, = Mor's, or the moor enclosure (tun), t.

Moryah, the place (va) near the sea, Pr., or a fenney place (morfa, a marsh), Po.; (p.s. not known).

Moryal, the same, Pr.; sea valley, T.; brink (ael, w.) of the marsh, C. (p.s. St. Wenna, O.).

Morville, n.f., = the town (ville, f.) by the sea (mor); or Mor's town.

Morwel, = Mor's, or the moor well.

Morwinstow, the place (stow, s.) of St. Morwenna, (p.s., O.); place of St. Wenna by the sea (mor), R.S.H.

Mosal, = i.q. MODESHOLE.

Mosse, = the marshy piece, t.

Moteland, = the land where the assembly (mot) was held; or, field with a stump (mot, m.c.) in it, t.

Mottram, n.f., strong (rum) courage (mod), s., f.

Moudlinwell, Magdalene's well, t.

Mould, n.f., = mont alt, high hill, f., Lo.; or = moli, a wether sheep, w.

Mouls Rock, = wether sheep rock.

Moune, n.f., = i.q. MOHUN.

Mount Carless, = castle (caer) court (bis) hill, M.

M. Coldwind, = cold wind, or white hazels (coll win) hill.

M. Hawke, = Hawke's, or high (hawk, Pr.) hill.
MOUNT HERMON, t? long (hir) stone (maen) hill.

M. HAY, t hill field, t.

M. HOLMAN, t holed stone (tolmen) hill, M.

M. PISKEY, fairy hill.

MOUSAL, maid's (mos), or sheep (mols) moor (hal), or river (hayl).

MOUSE CLOSE, t wether sheep (mols) close.

MOUSEHOLE, from a large cavern near, Bp. Stafford; maid's (mos) river (hyl), R.E.; or, i.q. MOUSAL, or MODESHOLE. (= mousehole, the bone of the cuttle-fish, Jo.C.).

HOWAY, the stack (mov) enclosure (hay), t.

MOW PLOT, stack piece, t.

MOX FIELD, t Maccos's field.

MOXLEY, n.f., t Maccos's pasture.

MOYES, MOYSE, n.f., t Moses.

MOYLE, n.f., a mule, m.c.; bald-headed (moel), R.W.; or = moelh, a blackbird.

M. PARK, mule close.

MOZENS, t maid's (mos) island (enys).

MOZRANG, the maid's (mos) pool, Bl.

MUCH LARNICK, great LARNICK.

MUCHMORE, n.f., t great moor, t.

MUCKFORD, t dirty (muck) ford, t., T.C.

MUDGY, t muddy close (parc).

MUDG-An, -en, -ian, = muchan, a short chimney, H.; or = moelh, stone.

MUDGE, n.f., t = much, great, s.

MUDLEY PARK, muddy pasture close, t; or, i.q. MADLY.

MUEL, s.B.m., t i.q. MOYLE.

MUG-AUN, -en, n.f., i.q. MUDGAN; or, = mogyon, the vulgar, B.

MUFFORD, n.f., t mud, or swine (moc'h), or dirty (muck, t.) ford.

MUGBERRY, the great (much) hill (barg), t.

MUL-BERRY, -fra, -vera, -vra, the bare (moel) hill (bre), Pr.

MULLION, from p.s. St. Melanus, O.; St. Meliana, M.; the cold (tein) bare (moel) place or exposure, Pr.

MULLION PARK, o. clover (meillion) close (parc).

MULLIS, n.f., = moel-lys, bare court, or moelles, green bare place, w., R.W.; a she mule or ass (mules, w.), M.

MUM-, MUN-FORD, n.f., t St. Mawan's (w.) ford.

MUN-DAY, -dy, n.f., t ore (mwyn) or mine house (fy).

MUNGEON, n.f., t i.q. MUDGAN.

MUNGLOR, t musician's (cler) stone (maen), or place (man).

MUNSELL, n.f., t seal (sel) stone (maen); or, lower (isal) bog (moin, i.).

MURDON, great (mur) hill (dun).

MURLEY, n.f., t moor pasture, t.

MURTH, i.q. MORTH, M.

MURTON, n.f., moor enclosure, t.

MUSH-, MUS-TON, t moss or marsh enclosure, (tun), t.

MUTTENHAM, i.q. MODITONHAM.

MUN BEACON, t stone (maen) observatory.

MUTTON, n.f., from MODITON.

MUTFORD, i.q. MADFORD.

MYDHOPE, n.f., t middle opening (ope, m.c.).

MYENDU, Let., black (du) stones (myin).

MYLOR, from p.s. St. Meilyr, M., (Meilour, O.)

MYN, MYNNE, n.f., t = mwn, a kid; or, mwyn, a friend, intimate.

MYRMEN, v.B.m., t great (mur) stone (maen), M.

NABINE, t i.q. NAPEAN.

NACKERS, t i.q. NANCARRAS.

NACOTHAN, n.f., i.q. NANCOTHAN.

NADDERWELL, adder (uadre, s.) well.

NAFFEAN, i.q. NAPEAN.

NAFFTON, t NAVA's enclosure (tun, s.); or, i.q. NANCEVENTON.

NAG PARK, t horse close, t.

NAGLE, n.f., from wegel, a nail, s.; or, i.q. NIGELLUS.
NAILSBOROUGH, ? Nigels barrow, t.
NAIL, n.f., i.q. Nagle.
NAIRN, n.f., ? = an havarn, the iron.
NAJARROW, i.q. Nancharrow.
NAKERRIS, i.q. Nancarras.
NAMAIL (13 cent.), Michael’s (Mial) valley (mance) ; now Amble.
NAM-BELL, -bol ? distant (pel), or pit (pole) valley.
NAMPARA, ? hand-mill (brow), or higher (warra = wartha) valley.
NAMPEAN, i.q. Nancepean.
NAM-PETHA, -pitty, i.q. Nampitheo.
NAMPL-OE, -ough, -ow, ? further (pella) valley.
NAMPRAITHICK, ? meadowy vale.
NANCADENN, ? wood-pigeon (cudon) vale ; battle (cud) vale, Beal.
NACALLAN, i.q. Nancallan.
NANCAR, the valley rock (carn), or rock in the valley, H.; ? rock vale.
NANCARRAS ? fen (cors) vale.
NANCARROW, the stag (carow) valley, Pr.; brook (carog) vale, T.
NANCASSICK, ? woody (cussic), or the mare’s (caseg) vale.
NANCATHA, ? higher (gwartha) vale.
NANCE, a plain, valley, dale, ravine; = nant, a ravine, a brook, w.
N. ALVER, Alverton valley.
N. CROSSA, ? valley of the crosses (crowesow), or marshes (crowsow).
N. FYNTON, i.q. Nanceventon.
N. Glos, i.q. Nanseglos.
N. GOLLEN, i.q. Nansagollan.
N. JEVAL, i.q. Nankivel.
N.-KEAGE, -KUGE, -KUTE, the village (gwic) on the plain or near the valley, Pr.
N. LOE-GREAZ, -WARTHA & WOLLAS, the middle (cres) higher (wartha) & lower (wollas) valley with the tumulus (low, t.), or pool (lo).
N. LONE, grove (llwyn, w.), or fox (lowern) vale.
N. MABYN, ? St. Mabyn’s vale.
N. MARROW, ? ? the vale of the dead (marow) [man].
N. MEER, great (mear) valley.
NANCEMELLIN, mill (melin) vale.
N. MOLKIN, dirty valley, Pr.
N. NOY, nephew’s (noi), or Noye’s, or Noe’s valley.
N. NT, i.q. Nansant.
N. NTURIES, ? ? the valley of the Sanctuaries.
N.-PEN, -VEAN, little vale.
N. VENTON, spring (fenten) vale.
N. WALLON, i.q. Nansavallan.
N. WIDDEN, white (gwydn) tree (gweledhen), or little (vean) vale.
N. WRAITH, ? giant’s (wraith) vale.
NANCH-ARROW, -ERROW, ? higher (warra = wartha) valley.
NANCOLLAS, n.f., ? i.q. Nancollas.
NANKIVEL, i.q. Nankivel.
NANCLOSSONS, vale of the green (glas) island (enys).
NANC-LEDRY, -LEDRA, valley of cliffs (ledrow), T.C.; or, i.q. Nansladron.
NANCOLLA, ? lower (gwollach), or Collo’s (t.d.d.) vale.
NANCOLLAS, ? bottom (goles) vale.
NANCOLLETH, ? bottom (goles) valley.
NANCROBUS, ? valley of the hut (crow) by the bush (bos), or of Rufus.
NANCROSSA, i.q. Nancecrossa.
NANF-AN, -ON, n.f., i.q. Nancevean.
NANFELLOW, i.q. Nampiloe.
NANFISICK, Fisick’s (t.) valley.
NANFONS, ? bridge (pons) valley.
NANGARTH-AN, -IAN, n.f., ? valley of the mountain ash (cerden).
NANGES, cheese (ces) valley.
NANGIDNAL, ? ? narrow (idan) vale by the moor (hal).
NANGILES, ? the valley of Julius,
Silus (m.s.), or Giles.
Nangitha, i.q. Nangsog.
Nangollan, i.q. Nangsogollan.
Nangothan, i.q. Nancothan.
Nanguan, owl's (cuan, w.) valley, M.
Nanguithnea, i.q. woody (gwathenic) valley.
Nanguitho, i.q. the widow's (gedhow) vale.
Nanheallon, i.q. fir-tree (aidhlen) vale.
Nanhethal, high (uthal), Irishman's (gywddhel) or hawk (cudyll, w.) vale.
Nanjarrow, i.q. Nancharrow.
Nanjkenkin, Jenkin's valley.
Nanjeth, i.q. vale of the arrow (zeth).
Nanjeval, i.q. Nankivel.
Nanjewick, i.q. village (geic) vale.
Nanjzel Cove, the cove beneath the valley, Bl.; (isal, low).
Nanjulean, valley of hazels (coll), Pr.; i.q. king-fishers' (guilan) vale.
Nankeg, i.q. Nankeg, horse (celli) vale.
Nankersey, the winding vale, T.; (ceirsio, to wind, B.).
Nankervis, i.q. Gervis's (t.) valley.
Nankivel, horse (cevile) valley, Pr.
Nanpe-an, i.q. Nampean.
Nan-petro, -pitho, the rich valley (pethow, riches), Pr.; i.q. valley of the graves (bedhow), or birches (bedho, Pr.).
Nanphysick, i.q. Nanfisick.
Nanploe, i.q. Namploe.
Nanpocus, i.q. bush (bash) vale.
Nan-pus-car, -ker, four (pesquar) (piscadur) valleys, T.C.
Nanquidno, Gwyddno's (w.) vale.
Nans, Nanse, i.q. Nance.
Nansacre, ugly (hagar), or daisy (egr) valley.
Nansalvern, i.q. Nancealvern.
Nansadurn, the valley of Saturn, B.; i.q. Sadwrn's (w.) vale.
Nangsogollan, the hazel-tree (collen) valley, R.W.; i.q. valley of the holy (goi) enclosure (lan), T.C.; the hart's valley, Pr.; (colon, the heart !!).
Nansalsa, i.q. Sulleisoc's vale.
NansALTER, i.q. the valley of the altar, or of Aldar (w.), or of Aladur.
Nansant, holy (sant) vale.
Nansanton, the town (tun, s.) or hill (dun) of the holy vale, T.
Nansarth, high (arph), or steep (serth), or hedgehog (serth) vale.
Nan-saugh, -sough, the fat, i.e. fertile vale, (soath, soa, fat, tallow), T.; i.q. Nansog.
Nansavallan, apple-tree (avallen) valley, Pr.; i.q. from Albalanda.
Nansawhan, i.q. Zawn valley, T.C.
Nansawsan, the Saxon's valley.
Nanscarra, i.q. Nancarrow.
Nan-scaun, -scawn, -scoven, the valley of the elder-tree (seawen).
Nanscowe, vale of elders (seaw).
Nans-eddon, -don, i.q. furze (eithen), or bird (edhen) valley.
Nansedern, i.q. Nansadarn.
Nansefrink, French valley, Pr.
Nanseglos, church (eglos) vale.
Nanseven, i.q. little (bihan), or Evan's, i.e. John's valley.
Nanshearn, long (hir) vale.
Nanshutal, i.q. sorceress's (hodol) vale; or, i.q. Nanhethal.
Nansias, i.q. barleys (hais) vale.
Nansidwell, Sidwell's valley.
Nansilgans, i.q. Sulcan's valley.
Nansiset, i.q. corn (isic) vale.
Nanskervis, n.f., i.q. Nankervis.
Nanshuke, i.q. Nancekue.
Nanskyll, i.q. Nankelly.
Nansladron, the thieves' (ladron) valley, (or bottom, J.B.).
Nansloe, i.q. Nance Loë, the vale leading to the lake or pool, D.G.
Nanslowen, n.f., i.q. Nanceleone.
Nansme-ar, -or, i.q. Nancemeer.
Nansmellyn, i.q. Nancemelin.
Nansog, moist (sog) valley, Wh.
Nans-perian, -pian, n.f., the valley.
of thorns (spern).

Nanstallon, Talan's (w. B.m.) vale.
Nanstance, n.f., ? castle (dinas) vale.
Nans-, nan-trissack, ? brambly (dresic) bottom or ravine.
Nansug-all, -well, ? rye (sygal), or bench (scaed) valley.
Nans-whyden, -widden, the white (gwyd) vale, Pr.; or, tree (gwydden) vale.

Nantallan, the miry (teil, dirt, mire) valley, Pr.; the valley of the church or chapel (lan), M'L.; ? vale of the Alan river.
Nantallis, ? echo (odleis, w.) valley.
Nantarnan, ? Aronan's (w.) vale.
Nanteg, fair (teg) valley, R.W.
Nanteglan, ? enclosure (lan) in the fair valley.
Nantellan, ? elm-tree (elun) vale; or, i.q. Nantallan.
Nanteren, ? prince's (teyrn) vale.
Nanterrow, ? bulls' (tearrow) vale.
Nanthen, ? bird (edhen) vale.
Nantian, ? furze (eithen) vale; or, i.q. Nantiven.

Nantirrat, ? trout (trut) vale.
Nant-oryan, -urrian, ? boundary (yrhian), or Urien's (w.) vale.
Nantowas, sheep (daws) bottom (nant); or, vale outside (aves), W.B.
Nant-rellow, -ello, ? Trillo's (w.), or brewer's (darlawaidd, w.) vale.
Nants, i.q. Nance.
N. Mellyn, the mill river valley, Pr.; i.q. Nancemellyn.
N. well, ? valley spring.
Nanturras, ? bramble (dresis) vale.
Nantven, n.f., little (vean) vale.
Nantyrack, ? golden (oirech), or dung (orrach), or water (douric) valley.

Nap, turnip (neap, Po.) [field].
Naph-an, -ean, i.q. Nampean; or, = an vean, the little.
Naphant, n.f., i.q. Naffeton.
Napper, n.f., ? great (vear) vale (nans); or, = an vean, the great.

Naraboe, ? Riabach's (k.) valley.
Nare Point, ? the long (an hir), or battle (an heir), or Ner's (w.) point.
Nar-in, -ran, n.f., i.q. Nairn.
Narkurs, i.q. Nankervis.
Narrow Hale, ? park an arrow taken from, or by the moor (hal).
N. widden, ? tree (gwydden) Park an arrow.

Nash, n.f., ? = atten ash, by the ash, t., Lo.; or = naes, a cape, s.
Nassington, n.f., i.q. Nancefynton.
Natasiyas, i.q. Negosias.
Nathans Cave, i.q. St. Nectan's or Kneighton's Keive.
Nath Down, T.a., ? north downs.
Natt, n.f., ? from St. Neot.
Natter Bridge, i.q. Noddetor.
Nattle, n.f., ? i.q. Nettle.
Nautrisick, n.f., i.q. Nantrisick.
Nav-a, -as, n.f., i.q. Knava.
Nawkervis, n.f., i.q. Nankervis.
Nawns Croft, ? valley (nance) croft, H.M.W.

Naw-Voz, -whoors, -whawrs, nine maids or sisters.

Neagelle, ? grove (celli) down (oon).
Neam, i.q. Newhamp.
Neatford, ? St. Neot's, or the cattle (neat) ford, t.


Negosias, v. Nickies ease, Nicholas's resting place; or, i.q. Nankervis.
Nells, i.q. Parknells.
Nemea Sylva, Le., the wood (sylva, lat.) of the bright (naimh, e.) [fountain], Wh.

Nemetotacio, Ravennas, = nemetomagus, i.q. Dunhved, the citadel (magus i) in the groves (nemet, a., Z.), Bax. (magus = mach, a plain, e., Z.).

Ne-, Ni-otestov, d.d., the stow or place of St. Neot.
Nepean, n.f., i.q. Nampean.
Nethercombe, lower vale, t.
Netherford, lower ford, t.
Nether-ton, -town, lower town,
farm place or enclosure (tun, s).
Nettle, n.f., dim. of knight, a servant.
Nettleeed, bed of nettles, t.
Ne-ville, -voll, n.f., new town, f.
Newall, n.f., from Burnuhall.
New Berry, new castle [field].
New-combe, ? the new, or yew (an yew) vale.
Newer Park, ? i.q. Parken Ower.
Newett, n.f., ? new gate (yet), t.
New-hale, -hall, n.f., i.q. Newall.
Newham, the new home, t.
Newhay, the new enclosure, t.
Newington, = Newantun, the new town or enclosure, t.
Newis, Nord., ? i.q. Park an use.
Newkay, now Newquay, t.
Newland, ? recently acquired land, or the yew (an yew) land, t.
Newleigh, new pasture, t.
Newlcombe, ? new pasture (leu) vale, t.
Newlyn, new pool; or, = niul-in, in a fog or mist, Gw.*
Newnham, ? = Niwanham, the new home, s.
Newnoi, = noonnoi, the (an) nephew's moor or down (oon) T.C.
New Park, new close (parc).
Newport, nova porta, new-gate, lat.
News Rock, ?? the (an) rock outside (avos).
New-ton, -town, d.d. Newtowne, the new enclosure, farm, or town.
Nickell, Nicks, Nile, Niles, n.f., from Nigellus, t.d.d., from nigellus, darkish, lat., or nigel, a nail, s.
Nigh Park, ? the near close, t.
Nince, Ninnes, Ninnis, Niss Meadow, = an ymys, the island; or, Park an eanes.
Nizzle close, ? the (an) lower (isella) close.

Noel, Noale, Noel, n.f., christmas, f.; or, i.q. Park Nowel.
Nodde-r, -tor, snake (naerd, s.) tor.+ Noe, messe preosle, w.B.m., i.q. Noah, consolation, h.; or, Naoi, (i.); no, a nephew.
Nollas, ? i.q. Park Nollas.
Nomansland, waste piece, t.
The Nokey Field, ? the field full of corners, t.
Nooan Groses, the (an) down (oon) of the (a'nu) cross (crows).
N. Antron, Antron down.
N. Bell, the (an) far (pell) down.
N. Bellas, -Billose, -Bilows, the works or diggings (ballas) downs, J.B.; ? i.q. Pillas downs.
N. Cooth, the old (coth), or wood (cott) down.
N. -Creek, -Creed, the barrow (creeg), or rock (carrag), or heath (grig) down.
N. Croft, the down croft.
N. Galas, ? the bottom (goles) down.
N. Gay, ? the hedge (ce) down.
N. Glasson, ? Glazdon, or, scarlet-oak (glustinmen) down.
N. Goose, the wood (cuss), or moor (cors), or goose (goaz, B.), or mole (quail) down.
N. Graze, -Grease, the middle (cres), or cherries (ceivres, w.) down.
N. Grean, gravel (green) down.
N. Gumpas, i.q. Nungumpas.
N. Noweth, the new (noweth) down.
N. Reeth, the circling (reath, ga.) heavens (cion) ga., Beal; ?red (riddy) down; or, i.q. Goon Reeth.
N. Terras, ? the cross (tres), or tillage (trevas) down; or, the down by the door (duras).
N. Vares, ? summit (gwarchas) of the down, or down by the roads (varas, Pr.).

* The open or naked (noath) lake (lyn), Pr.; near (nes) the lake, R.E. The church of Newlyn East was dedicated, 1259, to St. Newetina.; that of Newlyn West, 1866, to S. Peter.
+ Or the tor or hill with a mark (nod, w.). The tor land (tir) or high place of the congregation (noit, ga.) for prayer (not, ga.), worship, &c., Beal.
NOON VEAN, the little down.

Nor VEA, the great down.

N. WARTH, the higher down.

N. ZERRAS, the down of the heath
cocks (xer-es, B.) or turkeys (Pr.).

NOOTH, i.q. PARK NOATH.

NO PARK, i.q. PARK Now.

Nop Hill, ? hill knap or top, t.

NORCOTT, i.q., NORTHCOTT, t.; or, NORTHWOOD.

NORRINGTON, n.f., ? north meadow
(ing, s.), or the Norwegian's (norma,
s.) town, t.

NORRIS, n.f., = Le Noris, the Norwegian,
f., Lo.; or, norice, a nurse, s.

NORS, ? the (an) boundary (hars), or stubble (ersc, s.) [field].

NORTHAY, w.f., the northern enclosure
(hay), or island (ig, s.), t.

NORTH HILL, t. (p.s. not known, O.,
St. Torney, C.S.G.).

NORTHPER JACKA, ? Jacka's north
close (parc).

NORTN, d.d., NORTONE, the north
town or enclosure (tun, s.).

Nor WEN,

? = an or wen, the white
land or field (or = dor).

NOSWORTHY, n.f., ? NOE's farm
(woerthyg, t).

NOTT, n.f., ? from St. Neot.

Norter, i.q. NODDATOR.

NOT-TLE, -WELL, n.f.; St. Neot's well.

NOWAN, i.q. PARK NOWAN.

N. VRODE, ? great (bras) down close,
or by the thicket (brouse).

NOWELL, n.f., ? i.q. NOAL.

NOYE, n.f., ? i.q. NOE.

NUBBY FIELD, ? field full of
knobs or hillocks, t.

NULING, n.f., from NEWLYN.

NUM-PHRA, -PHA, ? the down (an
oon) by the hill (bre).

NUNGUMPA, the (an) plain (gumpas)
downs, B.; ? playing.

NYTHAN, i.q. PARK NATHAN.

OAKWANGWEALS, ? oaken (aacen, s.)
fields (gweet-s).

OAKENHAYS, ? oaken closes, t.

OAK-LEY, -HAY, -PARK, oak close
(hagyge, s.; parc, c.).

OAT, OATEN-ARISH, oat stubble
(ersc, s.) [field].

OATEN, n.f., ? i.q. HOTTEN.

OATEN-HAY, -PARK, ? oat close.

OATEN STITCH, ? oat slip (sticce, s.).

OATY, oat close (hay), t.

OATS, n.f., ? = Otto's son, t.

OBY, n.f., ? = Obadiah, or Oby =
Robert, or Offy = Theophilus.

OCRINUM, Ptolemy, high (och)
promontory (vhin), w., Bax.; now
the LIZARD.

ODDIHAM, ? Odo's home (ham, s.).

ODD MILL, Odo's, or wood (ood) mill.

ODDIE, n.f., ? i.q. ODO.

ODGER, n.f., o. OGER, rich (ead, s.)
spear (ger, s.), Y.

ODO, t.d.d., ? = oddbr, a dart, a.n.

ODYCROFT, i.q. ADDICROFT.

OFFER & HOMER HALL WYN, further
& nearer white (gwyn) moor (hal).

OFFERS, i.q. OSGERD.

OFFIL, n.f., ? = Theofilus.

OGBERE, ? oak farm, t.

OGO, the cave or cavern.

OGOF HAYLE, the cliff (hal = als)
cave, M.L.

OKE, n.f., ? i.q. OAK, t.

OLD, OLDE, OULD, n.f., ? = allt, a
wooded cliff, a steep ascent, w.

OLECLIMS, ? Climsland old [town], t.

OLDER PARK, ? alder close, t.

OLDHAM, n.f., old home, t.

OLHAY, old enclosure (hay), t.

OLD-, OLDA-PARK, ? cliff (allt, w.), or,
old (eald, s.) close.

OLDS, n.f., ? = als, a cliff.

OLDSTOWE (16 cent.), old place or
station, t.; now Padstow.

OLLAS, ? bottom (goles) [field].

OLVER, n.f., i.q. HALVEOR, or ALU-
UARD.

ONCENDL, ONGENETHEL, s.B.m., ? the
giant (enchinethel).

ONE AND ALL, ? = gwon an hal, moor
down; or, river (hayl) moor, J.B.
ONE FIELD, down (gwon) field.
O NEWEAN, little (bian) down.
O NEWIAD, the little, or white (gywfn) down (gwon-s).
O NGLE, n.f., i.q. O NGENEDL.
O NNCO, s.B.m., ash (on) combe (cum), w., R.W.; uncomely or un-expected, t., F.
O NOIRION, O.,? boundary (yrhian) down (oon), or ash (on).
O ON-WEN, -WUEN, -WEEN, s.B.m., white (gwenn) ash, R.W.; joyless, t., F.
O NYPKIS, T.a., down (oon) of the hollows (voogou), T.C.
O NYRENE, ? hill-side (reen) down.
OPIE, OPY, n.f., i.q. OBY.
ORCHARD, o. ORCET, d.d. ORCET, ?oitgearth, a garden, orchard, s.; or, i.q. HARCOURT.
ORD., n.f., origin, chief, s.
ORDGAR, earl, chief, or rich (ead) spear (ger), or defence (gor), t.
ORDULF, B.m., chief wolf, t.
ORESTONE, ? i.q. HORESTONE.
ORFAL, ? over (air) the Fal.
ORGAN, ? penny-royal [field], J.S.
ORLAND, ? i.q. HARLAND.
ORNERSEY, ? long (hir) dry (seck) corner (horn = corn).
ORVES VEOAN, ? little (bian) outside (ves) land or field (ar).
OSBORNE, n.f., divine bear, t.
OSFORD, t.d.d., divine peace, t.
OSOLF, v.B.m., divine wolf, t.
OTCER, s.B.m., ? i.q. ORGDGAR.
OTFORD, n.f., ? at or by the ford, t.
OTTEN, n.f., ? i.q. OATTEN.
OTTER, n.f., ? i.q. OTCER.
OTTERHAM, ? OTCER'S home, t.
OULD, n.f., i.q. OLD.
OURDYLYC, s.B.m., gold (our) necklace (delec).
OUT & OUTER PARK, distant and further close (parc), t.
OUTH, ? i.q. PARK NOWETH.
OVERCOME, upper vale, t.
OVERHAYS, ? upper fields, t.
OVERLAND, upper land or field, t.
OVERLEIGH, upper pasture, t.
OVERWOOD, t., i.q. BARGUS.
OWANPRES, ? the down (gwon) meadow (pras).
OWELS, OWLES FIELD, ? cliff (als) field.
OWENVEAR, great (meur) down.
OWL, ? ulu, an elm; an owl.
O COMBE, ? elm vale.
O PARK, ? elm close.
OWLEY, ? elm or owl pasture.
OWN PARK, ? i.q. PARK-oon.
OXN-, OXN-AM, n.f., ? ox water-meadow (holm), t.
OXMAN, n.f., ? the same.
OZENTON, ? oxen enclosure, t.

PACKEN TYE, i.q. PARK AN TYE.
PACK JER, i.q. PARK CADJAW.
P. SUNDRY, ? Saunter’s close.
PA-CORRA, -GORA, i.q. PORTHGUAR, higher cove, J.Ca.
PACURNO, i.q. PORTBURNUS, J.Ca.
PADAM, ? Adam’s close (parc).
PADDEN, n.f., ? castle (dim) close.
PADDICOT, ? Paddy’s cottage, t.
PADDY, n.f., ? i.q. PACKEN TYE.
PADER-PAIRE-DA, prayers (pader) good (du), Pr.
PADERBURY TOP, ? prayer hill (bra) reduplicated.
PADDIVER, four (padzhaw) acre (acer, s.) [piece]; empty (posigw) [field], T.C.
PADSTOW, St. Patrick’s, or St. Pet-
rock’s (p.s.) place or station (stow,
s.); o. ALDESTOW.
PADZHWAER, ? = pasvera, the fourth.
PAINDAIN, i.q. PENDNE.
PAINDRAN, d.d., ? bramble (draen) hill (pen), now PENDREM.
PAINNE, n.f., = poganus, heathen, lat.
P. ROCK, ? rock at the point (pen).
PANTER n.f., i.q. PENTIRE.
PALACE, a fish cellar, A.S.; a court-
yard, J.S.; ? i.q. PLAS.
PALADINE, i.q. PELADINE.
PALES PARK, PILLES close.
Pal-lamunter, -maunter, mart-er, i.q. Palmantier.
Pallas Croft, i.q. Pillas.
Pallephant, i.q. Pollphant.
Paldreden, n.f., ? fern (reden) pool (pool).
Palzum, ? step mother's (lesvam) close (parc).
Pangvol, d.d., i.q. Pennivel.
Pan-hallyn, = Pant y llyn, hollow of the pool, w., R.W.
Papalls, i.q. Park Bellas.
Par, Purr, i [sund] bar; or = pawn, a cove; or, bar, a summit; or, i.q. Park.
Paradice, -dise, i.q. Park an Dise.
Parat, n.f., i.q. Barrett.
Parbrook, i.q. Badger (brock) close.
Parc-abin, -behan, i.q. Park Bevan.
Pardaberry, i.q. Wild gooseberry (davberry) close (parc); or, i.q. Paderbury.
Pardenick, i.q. Hilly (dinnick) close.
Pardon, n.f., i.q. Padden.
Park, = parc, enclosure, close, field, park.
P. -Abey, -Abia, i.q. Park an Abey.
Par, n.f., i.q. Park.
P. A Door, ? water (dour) close.
P. A Dory, ? watery (douric) close.
P. Almack, ? ? step foot (al-myck), i.e. pathway close, T.C.
P. Amber, i.q. summit (an bar), or Ambrose's close.
P. An ABBYER, the young-birds' (mabyer) close.
P. An ALS, the cliff (als) field, Gw.
P. An Anns, i.q. Park an Eanes.
P. An Bear, i.q. Great (bear) close.
P. An Bell, the far (pell) close.
P. An-Bewe, -beue, the cow (beuch) close. pl. Park an Bews.
P. An Bicken, the beacon, or the little (bichan) close.
P. An Bony, i.q. Pony close.
P. An-Boor, -Bore, ? the way (fordh) close; or, i.q. Park an Meor.
P. An Bounds, ? close with the boundary stones, or bridge (pons).

Park an Bowan, i.q. Park Bouan.
P. An Bowgey, i.q. Park Bougy.
P. An-Brake, -Brick, ? fallow (havrec), or the brake close.
P. An Broose, i.q. Park Bros.
P. An Burlys, the barley (barlys) field.
P. An Bush, ? the bush, or post (pos), or cow-house (boudzh) close.
P. An Butch, the cow-house close.
P. An Butts, ? the archery close; or, i.q. Park an Bus.
P. An Calle, i.q. Hazels' (coll) close; or, cabbage (cool) field.
P. An Camps, i.q. The games' (camp, w.) or camps' close.
P. An Cans, i.q. The pavement (caunse), or muns' (caines) close.
P. An-Carne, -Cairne, the close of the rock or heap of rocks (carny).
P. An Carrack, the rock (carrag) close.
P. An Chamber, i.q. P. an Skeber.
P. An Cherry, ? the play (choary) close.
P. An Chy, the house (chy) close.
P. An Claies, i.q. Park Clies.
P. An Cocking, i.q. P. Kiggan.
P. An-Crane, -Crean, the gravel (gream), or hide (crehan) close.
P. An-Crague, -Crig, ? the rock (carrag) or mound (crig) close.
P. An-Crown, i.q. P. An Growan.
P. An Danack, ? the hilly (denick, Pr.) close; or, i.q. P. Drannack.
P. An Danger, ? the close below the house (dan chy).
P. An Danor, ? the same; or, the fowlers' (edhanor) close.
P. An Darras, close by the door (duras); or, i.q. Park an Dreas.
P. An Davas, the sheep (davas) close.
P. And Deo, ? the south (dehou) close.
P. An Devon, ? ? the Devonshire cows' close.
P. And Hall, i.q. Park an Tol.
P. And Hill, i.q. Park an Hal.
P. An Diggy, ? the tithe (dege) close.
P. An DISE, -DIX, the rick (dise, B.),
or grandfather's (hendas) close.
PARK AN DOWLS, the hag's (diowles) close.
P. AND-PONS, -POND, -POUND, i.q. PARK AN-PONS, -POND.
P. AN-DRAIN, -DREAN, the thorn (draen) close.
P. -AN DREA, -ANDREA, the home (tre) close; the town field, J.B.
P. AN DREAS, the Bramble's (dreas), or cross (dres) close.
P. AND SPIDER, i.q. P. AN SKEBER.
P. AND STUFFLE, the dock (tufoil, w.) lambs' (eanes) close.
P. AND TOWER, the water (dour) close.
P. AND TREES, i.q. P. AN DREAS.
P. AN DUEL, i.q. PARK AN HUEL; or, the devil's (diowle) close.
P. AND VENTON, i.q. P. AN VENTON.
P. AN EAN, the lamb (eau) close.
P. AN-EANES, -EANS, the lambs' (eanes) close.
P. AN EAST, the east (est) close.
P. AN EBYER, i.q. P. AN ABBYER.
P. AN FAT, the dormouse (bat), or rich or fat close.
P. AN-FOLD, -FLOOD, the fold (field, w.) close.
P. AN FORYER, the thief's (forrior, B.) or, blacksmith's (ferror) close.
P. AN FOWL, the blackbird's (moelh) close; or, i.q. PARK AN POLL.
P. AN FOX, the bush (bagas) close.
P. AN GARNE, the garden, or heap of rocks (carn) close.
P. AN GARRACK, i.q. P. AN CARRACK.
P. AN GARRATT, the carrot close.
P. AN GATE, the gate close.
P. AN GAYAN, the ridge (cein) c.
P. AN GEAR, green (gear) field, T.C.; or, the camp (cær) close.
P. AN GEW, -GUE, the GEW close.
P. AN GILLIE, -GILLY, the grove or hazel grove (celli) close.
P. AN GLOW, the fuel (gloy, dried droppings of cattle) close, W.B.
P. AN GOOSE, the wood (cuiz), or goose (goaz, B.), or cheese (caus) c.
P. AN GORE,-GOVER, the brook (gover), or goat (gavar, gavar) close.
PARK ANGOT, the short (cot) close.
P. AN-GRAIN, -GREEN, i.q. PARK AN CRANE.
P. AN GROUSE, the cross (crows) c.
P. AN GROWAN, the groven, i.e. granite gravel (T.C.), or granite soil (W.B.) close.
P. AN GUEN, the wasp (guinen), or down (guen) close; or, the vine- (guine) yard: the GWEWS close, J.B.; the white or fair (guen) field, M.
P. AN GWITH, the trees (gwyth) c.
P. AN HAYL, -HALE, -HAL, the moor (hal), or river (haly) close.
P. AN HALS, i.q. PARK AN ALS.
P. AN HEAN, i.q. PARK AN EAN.
P. AN HERBS, the ripe (arreze) c.
P. AN HOAR, i.q. PARKEN HOAR.
P. AN HOWAN, i.q. P. AN NOON.
P. AN HUEL, the mine (huel) close.
P. AN-IPTHAN, -ITHEN, the furze (eithen), or bird (eithen) close.
P. AN JANE, the same; ox (udheon), or the chaff (isien) close.
P. AN JARNE, the garden (dzharn) c.
P. AN JAVIS, i.q. PARK AN DAVAS.
P. AN JEDNAS, the lambs' (eanes), or near (neas) gate (yet) close.
P. AN JETS, the gate closes.
P. AN JETT, the gate (yet) close.
P. AN JORA, i.q. PARK AN CHERRY.
P. AN JOSE, the outside (uines) house (chy) close.
P. AN-JOY, -JY, i.q. PARK AN CHY.
P. AN-LAY, -LEA, the pasture (lea, t.) close.
P. AN LEAR, the hunter's (heller) c.
P. AN LEE, the calves (lee) close, B.
P. AN LENIES, the nettle (linaz) close.
P. AN LORN, the fox (lowren) close.
P. AN-LOR, -LOUR, -LOWER, -LOWR, the garden (luar) close.
P. AN LOT, the mire (lued), or slaughter (luadd, to kill, w.) close.
P. AN LUAZ, the outside (ves) sheltered (lew = hleo, s.) close.
P. AN MANNER, the long-stone (maen hir) close.
PARK AN MENAS, 11 the little (minys), or corn-sheaf (manal yz) close.

P. AN MEOIR, the great (meir) close.

P. AN MEGW, 11 the greater (muy) c.

P. AN-MOIE, -MOW, the pigs' (mock), or rick (mow) close.

P. AN MOWWAY, the stackyard c.

P. ANNA, 11 parc genar, close at the mouth or entrance.

P. AN NARROW, 11 parc an warra, the further close.

P. ANNAS, i.q. PARK EANES.

P. AN NÉAN, i.q. PARK AN EAN.

P. AN-NEWETH, -NOWETH, the new (newyd, nowyd) close.

P. AN NICOLAS, Nicholas's close.

P. AN-NOON, -NOWAN, -OUNE, the down (geon) close.

P. AN NOWLES, -OLDS, -OWLES, -OWLS, i.q. PARK AN ALS.

P. AN ORBER, herbs-garden (erber) close.

P. A NOWER, i.q. PARK AN HOAR.

P. AN-PEAS, PEASE, the pease (pes) close.

P. AN PEATH, draw-well (peeth, W.B.) close.

P. AN PINK, 11 the wry-neck (pinnick), or bench (bene) close.

P. AN PIT, 11 the pit close.

P. AN POLL, the pool (pel) close.

P. AN POLLARD, 11 the lopped-tree close.

P. AN-POND, -POUND, 11 the cider-mill, or pond, or pound close; or, i.q.

P. AN PONS, the bridge (pons) c.

P. AN-POSS, -POST, the post close.

P. AN PRAPP, 11 the worm (pref) c.

P. AN QUAKER, 11 the mother-in-law's (hweyger), or merchant's (gweyger) c.

P. AN REES, 11 the middle (cres) c.

P. AN ROPER, rope-walk close, W.B.

P. AN ROSE, the heat (hos) close.

P. AN ROUND, 11 the round close.

P. AN SCREBO, 11 the barns' (sciberiow) close.

P. AN SEAYER, 11 the artizan's or carpenter's (saer) close.

P. AN SHOP, 11 the shop close.

PARK AN SHUTTER, 11 the shoot or waterspout close; or, i.q.

P. AN-SKEBER, -SKEBA, -SKEBO, the barn (sciber) close.

P. AN SHAFTS, 11 the mine shafts c.

P. AN SPARES, 11 the ghost (speris) c.

P. AN SPRING, i.q. P. AN VENTON.

P. AN STABLE, i.q. P. AND STUFFLE.

P. AN STAGAN, 11 the pool (stagen) c.

P. AN STALLEN, 11 the hedge (stillen) close.

P. AN STARVE US, 11 oak-field (dar ves) lambs' (eanes) close.

P. AN STEPP, 11 the gridiron-stile c.

P. AN STRIFE, 11 the dispute close.

P. AN-TIDNA, -TIDNO, 11 the close below (tudh).

P. AN TOL, the hole (tol) close.

P. AN TOP, the top close.

P. AN TRAP, 11 the trap, or bull (tarb, ga.) close.

P. AN TREATHE, the sand (traith) c.

P. AN TROAN, ANTRON, 11 close by the turning (torn), or of the depression between the furrows (trone); or, down-house (tre-oon) c.

P. AN TROUBLE, 11 the close by Dor Pol; or, mole-hill (turumel) close.

P. AN TULE, i.q. PARK AN DUEL.

P. AN TURK, the watery (douric) c.

P. AN TWIST, 11 the crooked c., W.B.

P. AN TYE, the house (ti) close.

P. AN UN, i.q. PARK AN NOON.

P. AN USE, 11 the nightingale's (eus, B.) or outside (aues) close.

P. AN VAU, 11 the cave (fow) close.

P. AN YEAR, the great (meir) close.

P. AN VEL, the honey (mel), or ball (pel), or distant (pell) close.

P. AN VELLAN, -VELLIN, the mill (melin), or clover (meilion, w.) close.

P. AN VELVAS, the lark's (melhues) c.

P. AN VENTON, -VENTUM, the spring (fenton) close.

P. AN VETHAN, the tree (gwedhen) c.

P. AN VICER, i.q. P. AN QUAKER.

P. AN VIEW, -VUE, the cow (bue) c.

P. AN-VOGUE, -VOGE, the cave or hollow (vug), or forge (foc) close.
PARK AN VOME, 't the balm (bawm, w.) close.
P. AN-VORN, -VORNE, the oven or furnace (forn), or alder (gewern) c.
P. AN VOUNER, field of pasture, B.; or, the lane (bounder) close.
P. AN VOUAS, 't the ditches', entrenchments', or walls' (fossow) close.
P. AN VOWNE, i.q. P. AN BOWAN.
P. AN VRANE, the crow (bran) close.
P. AN WATCH, 't the watching, or outside (ares) close.
P. AN WHALYER, the workman's (wayler) close.
P. AN WHEAL, i.q. PARK AN HUEL.
P. AN WHENS, the wind (gwens) close.
P. AN WRAHAN, i.q. P. AN WRAHAN.
P. AN WRECK, 't the woman's (gwrec) close.
P. AN YALE, i.q. PARK AN HAL.
P. APPLE, 't apple's close (aval) or orchard; or, colt's (ebol) close.
P. ARTER, 't Arthur's, or long (hir) hill (ard) close.
P. A VARCA, 't prison or cattle-pound (gwarchae, w.) close.
P. AVON, i.q. PARK AN BOWAN.
P. BACON, i.q. P. AN BICKEN.
P. BANNE, broom (banal) close.
P. BANS, 't close with the circular-entrenchments (bans), W.B.
P. BANT, 't close in the hollow, bottom, or valley (pant, w.).
P. BARROWS, barrows' close.
P. BASTARD, 't base-child's close.
P. BAUKER, i.q. PARK BUCKA.
P.-BEAN, -BEHAN, -BE, little (bihan) close.
P. BELLAS, i.q. PARK PELLAS.
P.-BENGY, -BINGEY, i.q. PARK BOUNGAY.
P. BENNET, Bennet's or beneath c.
P. BETTY, 't cow-house (bent) close.
P. BEW, i.q. PARK AN BEW.
P. BILLIER, water-cress (beler), or hogshead (biliar) close.
P. BLASE, i.q. PARK BELLAS.
P. BLOOD, 't blossom (blodh) close.
P. BOAZ, 't bush (bogas) close.

PARK BODA, 't the cow-house (bou ti) close.
P. BOLLEN, pool (polan) close.
P.-BORN, -BORUN, 't hill (bron), or oven (forn) close.
P. BOTTOM, bottom or lowest close.
P.-BOUAN, -BOWEN, -BOWIN, 't beef (bowin) close.
P. BOUGEY, -DIEG, -DIEJ, -DZHI, fold-close, T.C.; or, cow-(beuch) house (chy) close.
P. BOUND-EA, -ER, i.q. PARK AN VOUNER or BOUNDS.
P. BOUNGAY, i.q. P. BOUDGIE; or, boundary fence (ce) close.
P. BOUNDS, i.q. PARK AN BOUNDS.
P. BOUR, i.q. PARK AN BOOR.
P. BOWDEN, 't BAWDEN's close.
P. BRACKET, 't brake gate (yet) close.
P. BRAKE, i.q. PARK AN BRAKE.
P. BRAMBLE, bramble close.
P.-BRANS, -BRONS, crow (bran) closes.
P. BRAURE, 't brother's (broder) close.
P. BREENY, BRINEY, crows' (bryny) c.
P. BRENT, 't burnt, or Briant's close.
P. BRITON, 't southernwood (brytyen, w.) close.
P.-BROAS, -BRAZ, -BROZ, -BRAW, big (bras), or thicket (brouse) close.
P. BRONGY, 't breast of the house (brongy) close, R.W.
P. BRONSE, 't lambs' (eanes), or dry (sech) hill close.
P. BROOK, 't badger (broch) close.
P. BROOM, i.q. PARK BANNEL.
P. BROW, 't hand-mill (brow) close.
P. BROWN, 't hill (brow) close.
P. BUCK-A, -ER, scarecrow (beuce) c.
P. BUDGA, i.q. PARK BOUNGIE.
P. BULLA, the bull (bula, w.) close.
P. BULLAS, i.q. PARK BULVIS.
P. BULVIS, 't outside (ves) pool (pol) close; or, i.q. PARK AN VELVAS.
P. BU-NNY, -NEY i.q. P. BREENY.
P. BURGAN, 't bulrush (brychan, B.).
P. BUSSA, 't close of the earthen pot (busse), or birches (bezo); or, i.q. P. BUDGA.
P. Bovyvan, *little* (bhiw) cow (beu), or Vivian's close.
P. Cab, close with the mess (calf) in it; or, crooked (cabm) close.
P. Cadjaw, daisy (gejah, B.) close; *7= parc egr.
P. Caliger, *i.q.* Park Clodgey.
P. Callon, *hazel-tree* (colleen, w.) c.
P. Candy, *white-house* (candy, w., R.W.) close; or, *i.q.* Park antye.
P. Carn, Carn close.
P. Carnal, *moor* (hau) rock (carn), or corner (cornel), or crumble close.
P. Carreeth, *red* (rydh) fort (coer, R.W.) or rock (carn, J.B.) close; or, root (gurlell) close.
P. Carr-eg, -ig, rock (carrag) close.
P. Carry, *rough* (garow) close.
P. Caser, *i.q.* Park Cadjaw.
P. Castle, round or castle close.
P. Caull, *i.q.* Park Hall.
P. Chapel, *chapel* close.
P. Chay, Chie, Chuy, -Chuy, house (chey) close.
P. Chegrouse, *cross* (crows) house-close; or, Chyrous close.
P. Cherry, *i.q.* Park an Cherry.
P. Chiverton, Chiverton close.
P. Chywoolas, lower (wolas) house close; or, lower Park Chy.
P. Clebura, *Kellybray* close.
P. Clemoe, *Clemowe's* close.
P. Cli-es, -ze, wattle-lodge close, *W.B.*
P. Clift, *cliff* close.
P. Clodgey, Cludgie,-Clergy, sticky (edidgie, m.c.), *i.e.* muddy c.
P. Close, Cluse, *green* (glas), or church (eglos), or bottom (goles) c.
P. Cobber, *i.q.* Park an Gover.
P. Cock, Cook, *red* (coch), or cook or cuckoo's (cog) close.
P. Cocken, *hay* (cock (cwyn) close, R.W.; or, *i.q.* Park Hocking.
P. Colas, *i.q.* Park Close.
P. Coldern, Coldran, *thorn* (draen) hill (col) or moor (hal) c.
P. Colley, *lower* (golla) close.
P. Connin, *rabbit* (cynnin) close.
P. Coore, *goat* (gour) close.
P. Coose, wood (cuz) close.
P. Cootha, *mustard* (ceddhe, w.), or privy (gandy), or husks' (kutho) c.
P. Corner, *corner*, or long (hir) corner (corn) close.
P. Cousin, *turf* (cesan), or ox (udsheen) close.
P. Couth, *fold* (coth) close.
P. Cowing, *i.q.* Park Owen.
P. Cowl, *i.q.* Park Hall.
P. Cowls, *parc als*, cliff close; or, *i.q.* Park-Gullas or -Close.
P. Crab, *crab-tree* close.
P. Crane, -Crean, gravel (grean), or crane (guran) close.
P. Crank, *frog* (cromec), or toad (cromec du) close.
P. Craise, -Craise, -Crees, -Creis, -Cress, -Cries, -Crize, middle (cres) close.
P. Creazie, *crooked* (ceirsio, to wind) close; or, *i.q.* Parkeresey.
P. Crea, *cattle* (gre) close.
P. Creed, -Creed, *i.q.* Park Carreeth.
P. Creage, Creeg, *mound* (creeg), or rock (carrug) close.
P. Crigar, -Crocker, *partridge* (gruggen), or long-mound (cruig-hir) close.
P. Crigket, *heron* (crychydd, w.) c.
P. Cross, cross, or bog (cors) close.
P. Crow, hovel (corw) close.
P. Crow-an, -N, *round* (crwnn, w.) close.
P. Cuddal, Cuttal, *Irishman's* (godhal), or wilderness (gwyddwal, w.) close.
P. Cullan, *holly* (celyn) close.
P. Cullas, *is, bottom* (goles) c.
P. Cutchuy, *i.q.* Park an Chy.
P. Dangy, Dungey, *close* below (tun) the house (chy).
P. Daniel, *close* below the moor (hal); or, Daniel's close.
P. Daras, Darras, Darrow, *close* by the door (daras).
P. Darrow, *oaks* (derow) close.
PARK-DARY, -DAIRY, -i.q. P.-DREA, or -DOWRICK, or -CHERRY.
P. DAVERS, i.q. P. DEVAS.
P. DAVEY, -i.q. David's (Devi) close.
P. DAY, i.q. day, or house (ti) close.
P. DEAN, i.q. cream (dehen) close.
P. DEANS, i.q. castle (dinas) close.
P. DEES, i.q. rick (disu, B.) close.
P. DEGLIS, i.q. church (eglos) house (ti), or pleasant (tig) green (glas) close.
P. DEJAM, -zham, -i.q. poor (ezom, poverty, w.) house (ti) close.
P. DEVAR, -DEVERS, sheep (davas, pl., deves) close; or, tongue c., H.M.W.
P. DEWERRA, i.q. further (warra = wartha) side (tu) close.
P. DINNY, i.q. narrow or fowler's (idne) close.
P. DONAL, cask (tonnel) close.
P. DOWER, water (dour) close.
P. DOWN, i.q. deep (down), or hill (dun) close.
P. DOWRICK, water (douric) close.
P. DRAEN, -DRAIN, -DREAN, thorn (draen) close; home close, T.C.
P. DRANNACK, thorny (draenic) close.
P. DRAY, -DREA, -DREE, -DRY, house (tre) or homeward (adre) close.
P. DREA, AN WARTH, the (an) higher (gewarthu) home close.
P. DREE, i.q. long (hir) home (tre) c.
P. DRIES, brambles' (dries) close.
P. DRUID, i.q. oak-wood (deru-with) c.
P. DRUM, i.q. ridge (drum, w.) c.
P. DRY-SACK, -SACK, -SOCK, -SUCK, brambly (driesic) close.
P. DUCHY, i.q. Park Dangy.
P. DZAIN, i.q. chaff (ision) close.
P. EADER, i.q. common (cittyr, w.) c.
P. EALIN, i.q. lamb's (eann) moor (hal) close.
P. EANES, -EANS, i.q. Park Innis.
P. EAR, long (hir) close.
P. EAST, -i.q. east (est) close.
P. EAVES, -i.q. close outside (aves).
P. EITH-AN, -ON, furze (eithin) close.
P. EMMET, i.q. ant's close.
P. ENABLE, i.q. the (an) colt's (ebo) c.
P. EN BALL, -ENBALL, -i.q. the same;
P. EN SHAFTY, ?i lambs' (eanes) close
by the summer hovel (husidy) ; or,
i.q. Park an Shafte.
P. EN SKIBBER, i.q. P. an SMEBER.
P. EN SKIBBON, the barns (sciberion)
close.
P. EN SQUARE, i.q. P. an SMEBER.
P. ENTHORN, the thorn (draen) c.
P. EN TIDNOE, i.q. Park an TIDNA.
P. ENTOODEN, ?i the same ; or, the
lay (told) close.
P. ENTOEVER, the water (dour) close.
P. EN TREASE, i.q. P. an DARRAS.
P. ENTRUCKLE, ? ? the (an) small-
rugwort (teirecail, w.) close.
P. ENVAUGHAN, ?i.q. P. an VORN.
P. EN-VANE, -VEAN, the little (bihan,
bean, veun) close.
P. EN VELLIM, ?i.q. P. an VELLYN,
the mill (melin) close, W.B.
P. ENVEOR, i.q. Park an VEAR.
P. EN VOARN, i.q. Park an VORN.
P. EN VOR, the close by the road
(forth) ; or, great (mawr) close.
P. EN VRA-HAN, -N, crows' field, Pr.
P. ENWICKER, i.q. P. an VICTER.
PARKER. n.f., ? long (hir) close.
Park Era, ? acre (eru) close.
P. ERISSEY, field (pare) upon (er)
the bottom (izy), Pr. ; or, dry
(sech) acre (eru) close.
P. FAMOUS, ? fifth (pemfas) close.
P. FAT, ? i.q. Park an FAT.
P. FAYEN, ? brick (pobfaen) close.
P. FAYN, ? i.q. PARK an BOUAN.
P. FILLEY, ? colts' (ebilli) close.
P. FITCHEU, ? badger's field, W.B.;
or, four (padzhar) [acre] close.
P. FLY, ? colts' (ebilli) close.
P. FODDEN, ? little (vadh) close.
P. FOG, forge (fog) close.
P. FREAT, ? wattled-hedge close.
P. FHRIG-GLES, -GLEYs, -GLUS, -LES,
? church-road (for-eglos) close.
P. GABBIN, ?i.q. PARCABIN.
P. GABBY, ?i.q. Park ABAY.
P. GAGGER, i.q. Park CADJAW.
P. GALOWAS, ?i.q. Park GULLAS.
P. GARDAND, ?garden close.
PARK GARNE, i.q. PARK AN GARN.
P. GARR-ACK, -ICK, rock (arrag) c.
P. GARRAS, top (gwaras) close.
P. GARRET, root (gvereth) close.
P. GEAR, -ER, i.q. PARK AN GEAR.
P. GELLAS, ? bee-swarm (glez) close.
P. GERNICK, rocky (cernic) close.
P. GEUGLE, ? sheep-dung (cagal) c.
P. GIDEON, ? ox (udzebon) close.
P. GIGLESS, church (eglos) close.
P. GILLY, grove (cell) close.
P. GLASSE, -ZE, i.q. PARK CLOSE.
P.-GLIDDEN, -GLUTTON, -GOLDEN, ? broad (ledan) close.
P. GO, ? wood (coat) close ; or, = parcow, closes ; or, i.q. PARK GOVE.
P. GOAR, i.q. PARK AN GOAR, or PARKEN HOAR.
P. GOODNAS, i.q. PARK EANES.
P. GOON, down (gwan) close.
P. GORLAND, ? sheepfold (corlan) c.
P. GOVE, smith's (gof) close.
P. GOWTHR, ? mole (gulhar) close.
P. GRAIN, i.q. PARK CRANE.
P. GRIGLAN, heath (griglan) close.
P. GROSISE, GROSISE close.
P.-GROUCE, -GROUS, -GROWSE, cross (crows), or heath or moor (vos) c.
P. GROWN, i.q. PARK AN GROWAN.
P. GURYS, i.q. PARK GARRAS.
P. GUERNEN, alder-tree close.
P. GULET, ? QUILLET close.
P.-GULLAS, -GOLLAS, -GULLES, -GULIES, ? bottom (goles), or green-down (goon-las) close.
P. GUMPAS, i.q. PARK AN CAMPS.
P.-GURRA, ? hay (gorha) ; or, i.q. PARK-GWARRA, -GWARRATH, ? higher (gwarra) close.
P. GUTHAL, Irishman's (godhal) c.
P. GWAIL, ? mine (wheal) close.
P. GWANETH, wheat field.
P. GWARE, ? cattle (gwarhog) c.
P. GWEALDER, ? mastiff (guiller) c.
P. GWEENAP, Gwennap's close.
P. GWILLAS, ? grass (wells) close.
P. GWIN, white (gymn) close ; or, the VINE-(gwin) YARD.
P. HAGEL, ? sheep dung (eagel) c.
P.-HAIR, -HARE, -HEAR, -HERE, long (hiv), or battle (heir) close.
P.-HAL, -HALE, -HALL, moor (hal), or river (hawl), or cabbage (cool) c.
P.-HALES, -HALLS, ? cliff (als), or broad-moor (hal les) close.
P. HAM, ? Ham's close.
P. HAMBLY, Hambly's close.
P. HARBOUR, ? i.q. PARKEN HARBOR.
P. HARRY, i.q. P. HARVEY, ? Harvey's, or battle-field (heirwa) close.
P. HATCH, i.q. PARK CADDJAW.
P. HAY, ? hedge (ce) close.
P. HAYS, ? barley (haiz) close, R.W.
P. HEARNE, ? alder (gvern) close.
P. HEBYE, i.q. PARK ABEY.
P. HECCA, -KA, Dickie's close.
P. HEDRAS, i.q. PARK AN DARRAS.
P.-HELLAS, -HILLAS, -HILLS, ? greenmoor (hal las), or son-in-law's (els) close ; or, i.q. PARK HALES.
P. HENDRA, old-town close.
P. HENVER, old (hen) road (fordh) close ; or, i.q. PARKEN VOR.
P. HERRET, ? long (hir) gate (yet), or higher wood close.
P. HETCHA, i.q. PARKCADDJAW.
P. HEWAS, i.q. PARK AN USE.
P. HITHER, ? PARK COUTHA.
P. HOCK-IN, -ING, Hockin's close ; or, i.q. PARK COCKIN.
P.-HOE, -HOW, i.q. PARK GO.
P. HOLDWAN, i.q. PARK COLDRAN.
P. HOLLAND, ? Holland's close.
P. HOLLY, i.q. PARK COLLEY.
P. HOMER, homeward or nearer c.
P. HORN, ? corner (corn) close.
P. HOSK-EN, -IN, -ING, the field of rushes, Pr. ; ? Hosken's, or sedge (hescen) close.
P. HUMPHREY, Humphrey's, or the hill close (parc an ere).
P. HURGLE, ? heap (grachel) close.
P. IN, n.f., ? parc ean, lamb close.
P. INNARROW, i.q. P. AN NARROW.
P. IN BEAN, i.q. PARK BEAN.
P. IN-BELLOWS, -BELLS, the pillas, or peeled-oats close.
P. IN BOO, i.q. PARK AN BEW.
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<tr>
<th>PARK IN B</th>
<th>113</th>
<th>PARK MAB</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>P. Keen, = parc ean, lamb close.</td>
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<tr>
<td>P. Kennin, 1 wild leek (kennin, w.) field, R.W.; or, rabbit (cegin) close.</td>
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<td>P. Kerris, 1 i.q. Park Crase.</td>
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<td>P. Kew, 1 eve, or GeW close.</td>
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<tr>
<td>P. Kiggan, 1 kitchen (cegin) close.</td>
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<tr>
<td>P. Kine, 1 ridge (cegin) close.</td>
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<td>P. Kistall, 1 i.q. Park Whistle.</td>
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<td>P. Kitchen, 1 = parc udzeen, ox c.</td>
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<td>P. Knell, i.q. Park in Hell.</td>
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<td>P. Knolls, i.q. Park an Als.</td>
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<td>P. Knowan, i.q. Park an Oune.</td>
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<td>P. Knoweth, i.q. Park Noweth.</td>
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<td>P. Kruger, i.q. Park Creage.</td>
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<tr>
<td>P. Lea, -Leeta, -Leeta, 1 dairy (laitty) close.</td>
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<tr>
<td>P. Lance, 1 nettle (linaz) close.</td>
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<td>P. Lane, 1 i.q. Park an Lane.</td>
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<td>P. Lanyer, 1 glade (lanerch) close.</td>
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<tr>
<td>P. Latch, 1 grey (ludzh) close.</td>
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<tr>
<td>P. Lay, -Lea, -Lee, -Leah, -Leha, -Lev, 1 the lay, or pasture close; or, i.q. Park an Lee.</td>
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<td>P. Lean, 1 lean or poor field, W.B.; 1 = parc celyn, holly close.</td>
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<td>P. Lear, 1 i.q. Park an Lear.</td>
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<td>P. Leck, 1 = parc helec, willows' close.</td>
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<td>P. Leddon-Liddon, broad (ledan) close.</td>
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<tr>
<td>P. Legan, 1 pond (lagen) close.</td>
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<tr>
<td>P. Lehans, 1 nettle (linaz) close.</td>
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<td>P. Less, 1 broad moor (halles) close.</td>
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<td>P. Leven, smooth (leven) close.</td>
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<td>P. Lew, 1 sheltered (bleow, s.) close.</td>
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<td>P. Lieba, 1 sticky (clibby, m.c.) c.</td>
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<td>P. Lidget, 1 muddy (luedic) gate (yet), or Lidgate close.</td>
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<td>P. Lidgey, 1 i.q. Park Clodgey.</td>
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<td>P. Loan, 1 bush (aloen) close, R.W.</td>
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<td>P. Loar, -Lour, -Lower, -Loweth, -Luar, -Lure, 1 garden (lowarth, luar) close.</td>
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<tr>
<td>P. Loose, 1 grey (ludzh) close.</td>
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<td>P. Ludra, 1 grey (llwyd, w.) oaks (dorone), or Luddra close.</td>
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<td>P. Lugg, 1 field with much undergrowth of weeds, &amp;c. (lug, m.c.)</td>
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<td>P. Mab-er, -ler, -yar, 1 young-hen or pullet (mabyer) close.</td>
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</table>
P. Mage, ? discovery (myc) close.
P.-Main, -Mayne, stone (maen) c.
P.-Maise, -Maize, -Maze, ? close outside (anes) or outer close.
P.Mar-la-y, ?=dairymans's (maervr), or wall-builder's (murivr) close.
P.-Marth, -Math, ?= Martin close.
P. Martha, ? flat (mathr, w.) close.
P. Mart-in, -On, -Yn, ?= Martin’s, or Murdoch close.
P. Mayhaz, field of much seed (haz), T.C.; ? i.q. Park Maise.
P. Meag, discovery (myc) close.
P. Mean, stones (myin) close.
P.-Meanna, -Mena, 1’stony (maenic), or long-stone (maen hir) close.
P. Mear, -Meer, -Meor, -Mere, ?= great (mear), or the mere or lake c.
P. Menas, ? i.q. Park an Menas.
P. Men-ere, -Er, -Her, -Hor, -Ner, -Nor, -Or, ? long (hir), or boundary (or, w.) stone (maen) close.
P. Minnick, ? stony (maenic) close.
P. Minnus, ?= little (minys) close.
P. Moh, pigs’ (moch) close.
P. Moor, ? moor field, or big (mawr) close.
P. Mowhay, stackyard close.
P. Mutton, ? = morning (mytin) c.
P. Nance, ? valley (nans), or the lambs’ (an cones) close.
P. Napp, ? close on the brow (knap) of the hill; or, turnip (neap, Po.) c.
P. Nava, ? Knava’s, or old road (hewor) close.
P. Neague, ?= moss (neag, B.) close.
P. Near, the near, or long (an hir) close.
P. Nebil, the colt’s (an ébol) close.
P. Neen, the lamb (en ean) close.
P. Nees, ?= near or next (nes) close.
P. Nellans, ? the nettle (an linas), or lambs’-moor (an hél cones) close.
P. Nells, ? the son-in-law’s (an els), or cliff (als) close.
P. Nest, ? the east (an est) close.
P. Nethan, i.q. Park Nithan.
P.-Newan, -Nowen, -Nowan, -Noon, new, or the down (an won) close.
P. Newel, ?= the high (an whel) c.
P. Neweth, new (neweth) close.
P. Nicholl, Nicholl’s close.
P. Nievan, the yew (an hiwín) close.
P. -Nithan, -Nithon, -Nothing, -Nyon, the furze (an eithin) close.
P. Noath, -North, ? north, or bare (noath), or new (nwythl) close.
P. Nollas, -Nowles, i.q. Park an Nowles.
P. No-r, -Wer, i.q. Park an Hoar.
P. Now, -Nowah, ?= parc genau, close at the mouth or opening; or, bare, or new close.
P. Now-ath, -Eth, i.q. P. Noath.
P. Nowel, ? i.q. Park an Huel.
P. O’Dourick, i.q. Park Dowrick.
P. Olds, -Owels, -Owles, ? Park Gullas; or cliff (als) close.
P. Olvin, ? white (qvin), or stone (maen), or little (bian) moor (hal) close (i éan, trap rock, W.B.).
P. Oon, -Owin, down (gwoen) close.
P. Ouse, ? outside (aues) close.
P. Ow, ? i.q. Park Go.
P. O Plud, i.q. Park Plud.
P. Parsh, ? i.q. Park Broas.
P. Parnall, Parnall close.
P. Parnals, ? close by the top (bar) of the cliff (als).
P. Parrow, ? barrow close.
P. Paruck, ?= badger’s (brock), or fallow (havrec, a.) close.
P. Pascoe, Pascoe’s close.
P. Pate, ? peat, or Bate’s close.
P. Paw, ? foot (paw) close.
P. Peal, ? herdsman’s (bigel) close.
P. Per-an, -Rrin, ? purchase (perhen), or tree (pren) close.
P.-Peas, -Péase, ? peas (pes) close.
P. Peath, -Peeth, draw-well close, W.B.
P. Pel-ew, ? parish (płe) close.
P. Pell, distant (pell) close.
P. Pella, -ow, ? more distant (pellach) close.
P. PELL-AS, -ows, oat-grass, or poor close.
P. PENDAR, ? water (dour), or oak (dar) head (pen) close.
P. PENROSE, Penrose close.
P. PENTON, ? spring (fenten) close.
P. PENVER, ? close at the head (pen) of the road (for).
P. PENWITH, ? ash (enwith) head c.
P. PERES, ? meadow (pras) close.
P. PERROW, Perrow's close.
P. PILLAS, i.q. PARK PELLAS.
P. PILLEN, ? ball (pellen), or pool (pullam), or mill (melon) close.
P. PILLION, ? pebble (bili'en) close.
P. PINK, ? i.q. PARK AN PINK.
P. PLACE, ? i.q. PARK PELLAS.
P. PLEASANT, ? principal-house (plus an), or weedy (plos an) field, T.C.
P. PLETA, ?BOLITH close.
P. PLUD, ? pond (pludn, B.), or muddy (plud, mire, m.c., W.B.) close.
P. PODEN, ? cloth (paddn) close.
P. POND-S, -s, ? bridge (pons) close.
P. POOL, ? pool close.
P. POOR,-Por, ? ? poor, or fat (bor), or meadow (paur, w., M.) close.
P. PORA, ?morning (bor) close.
P. PORN, ? hill or heap or stack (bern), or rush (broun) close.
P. POS-EN, -T, ? the post close.
P. POT-CHER, -TS, ? i.q. P. BOUDGEY.
P. POUNDER, i.q. PARK BOUNDER.
P. POVERTY, ?? ? baker's-house (peber ti), or very poor close.
P. PRATTLE, ? Bartholomew's close.
P. PRAZE, meadow (pras) close.
P. PREA, ? hill (bre) close.
P. PRICKERS, ? kite's (barges) close.
P. PRIDD-EN, -ox, ? tree (predn) c.
P. PRILL, ? rose (brellu) close.
P. PROCTOR, ? maltster's (brager) c.
P. PROWSA, ? thicket (browse) close.
P. PRY, ? clay (pri) close.
P. PUCK, ? he-goat's (boch) close.
P. PUNCH, ? i.q. PARK BOUDGEY.
P. PUR, ? bush (berth, w.) close.
P. PYAS, ? Tobias's close.

P. PYE, ? magpie (pi, pia) close, R.W.
P. QUEST, ? west, or waste, or shelter lodging or inn (guest) close.
P. QUETT-A, -AR, ? mole (godhar) c.
P. QUILLA, ? lower (quollach) close.
P. RAMBLE, ? GRAMBLA close.
P. RANK, i.q. PARK CRANK.
P. REDDICK, ? radish (redic) close.
P. REENS, ? hill (rhyn) closes.
P. REES, i.q. PARK CREEES.
P.-REGULUS, -RG-GLOS, ? i.q. PARK WRIGGLES; or, heaps (grachel-s), or green-acre (eru glas) close.
P. RINSEY, ? dry-hill (rhyn sech) c.
P. ROD, ? red (rud, m.c.) close.
P. ROSE-, ASE, -USE, ? heath or moor or wheel (ros), or cross (crows) c.
P. ROUND, camp, or castle close.
P. ROW, rough (row, m.c.) close; or, i.q. PARK CROW.
P. RUMER, ? i.q. GRAMMER'S PARK.
P. SAFFRAN, ? crocus (saffrwm, w.) c.
P. SAUNDERY, ? ash house close, W.B.
P-.SAY, -SEA, ? dry (sech) close.
P. SCADDEN, ? wood-pigeon (ysgu-than, w.) close; or, i.q. P. SCAUAN.
P. SCATH, boat (scath) close.
P. SCAUAN, -WEN, -WN, elder-tree (scaven) close.
P. SCHEBA, -SHEEPER, -SHIVER, i.q. PARK SKEBA.
P. SCUE, ? privet (skewr, m.c., S.G.), or elders' (scow) close.
P. SHAFT-ER, -Y, -IES, -OES, ? i.q. PARK AN SHAFT.
P. SHEETER, -SHUTTER, ? water-shoot close.
P. SKE-BA, -BER, -BO, -BOR, -BOW, -PPER, -VER, barn (seiber) close; also, SKIBBER, SKIVER.
P. SKEATH, -SKITT, ? underwood (is cuft) close.
P. SKILLY, under-grove (is gelli) c.
P. SKINNER, ? SKINNER'S, or long (hir) rush (hesceu) close.
P. SLAD, valley (slad) close, N.H.
P. SLEEVE, ? under stream (is leat) c.
P. SLEDDON, ? little (vean) valley (slad) close.
P.-SOLE, -Sowell, ? stubble (soul), or under-moor (is hal) close.
P. SOON, ? ? under-down (is oun) c.
P.-SOOTHE, -SOUTH, ? south, or rich fat (south) close.
P. SPAR, spar-stone field, W.B.; or, ? barn (sciber) close.
P. SPARNEL, ? thorn (spern) moor (hal), or below (is) PARNALL close.
P. SPARNON, ? thorn down (oon) c.
P. SPEARN, field of thorns.
P. SPELTER, ? timber’s (spallier, Po.) close.
P. SPERM, ? crucus (saffrum, w.) c.
P. SPRY, -Spry’s close.
P.-STAIL, -STALL, -STEEL, ? ? plank or board (astel) close.
P. 'STAMP-IS, -S, ? mine stamping-mill close.
P. STARVEN, ? ? close below (is) the oak (derwen, w.); or, staving c.
P. STARVER, ? close below (is) the great oak (dar ver), R.W.
P. STERRES, close below the door (daras), or the brambles (drecis).
P. STRAY, ? under-town (is dre) c.
P.-TABLE, -TAMLYN, ? ? dock (tufol, tavolyn) close.
P.-TAN, -TANNA, ? under (tan) close.
P. TEM, ? thyme (tim) close.
P. TINKER, ? close under (tan) the castle (caer).
P.-TODDEN, -TODN, ? lay (todyn) c.
P. TOLL, ? high (tol), or hole (tol), or dale (dol) close.
P. TOLYAN, ? the hole-stone (tol vaen), or little (bihan) high (tal) c.
P. TOWAN, ? the strand or sand-hill (tovacn) close.
P.-TRAY, -TREA, home (tre) close.
P. TRE-ATH, -ETH, sand (traith) c.
P. TREBOR, ? three roads’ (tri vor) c.
P. TREENS, ? three lambs’ (eanes) c.
P. TREES, ? q. P. DARAS or DRIES.
P. TREMAN, ? passage (tremyn) close.
P.-TRESSOCK, -TRISACK, bramblely (drecisic) close.
P. TRESWS, ? outland (ir awes) close.
P. TRIGLEY, ? three-grove (tri gelli) c.
P. TRISSEN, -TRUDGEON, ? mole-hill (dorosen, B.), or starling (trodhen, Lh.), or Trudgeon’s close.
P. TRO-NE, -ON, close with the depression between the furrows (trome, T.Q.C.); down-house (tr-oon) c., W.B.; troy, a nose of land, R.W.
P. TROT, ? oak (dar) wood (cuit) c.
P. TRUST, ? east (est) oaks’ (derow) close.
P. TUEBAN, ? dam or bank (tuban) close; (tuban, a hard clod, W.B.).
P. TURTLE, ? close at the foot (troed) of the moor (hal).
P. URLIN, ? the hurling field.
P. VAIN, ? narrow (main, voin, w., R.W.), or stone (naen) close.
P. Vallen, ? apple-tree (wallen) c.
P. VARNE, ? alder (warn, guern) c.
P. VARRAS, ? meadow (pras) close.
P. VEAN, little (bian) close.
P. VEAN GLAS, ? the green (glas), or church (eglos) little close.
P. VEASE, ? close outside (aves).
P. VEDRAS, ? wether-sheep (wedhars, B.) close.
P. VELL-AM, -UM, ? William’s, or, i.e. P. VELL-AN, -IN, ? mill (melin) close.
P. VENT-AN, -ON, -UM, spring (feuten) close.
P. VENTON SAH, ? dry (sech) spring close.
P. VERN, alder (guern) close.
P. VERTH, ? green (gwyrrd, w.) close.
P. VERNY, ? ants’ (murrian) close.
P. VETHAN, ? meadow (bidhen) close.
P. VIEW, ? cow (bev) close.
P. VINE, i.q. PARK VAIN, R.W.
P. VINGLE, ? fen (fennochel) close.
P. VINTAL, ? winnowing (gwynytllio, to winnow) close.
P. VISTA, beast’s (besta) close.
P. VIZ, close outside (aves).
P. VOAN, ? i.q. PARK BOUAN.
P. VOGUE, ? forge (fog) close.
P. VOIN, ? sainjoin field, W.B.
P. VOLE, ? blackbird (moelho) close.
P. VOR, i.q. PARK EN VOR.
P. VORRAN, ? crow (bran) close.
P. Vorrian, ants' (murrian) close.
P. Vorth, ? road (fordk) close.
P. Vounder, i.q. Park Bounder.
P. Vourne, -Vowrn, oven (forn) field, T.C.; ? i.q. Park Varne.
P. Vregles, i.q. Park Friggles.
P. Vro, ? handmill (brou) close.
P. Vullen, ? pond (pullan) close.
P. Wall, the walled field, T.C.
P. Waller, ? workman's (wayler) c.
P. Ware-ne, -ren, warren, or alder, or marsh (gwrern) close.
P. -Warra, -Warrah, -Wartha, -Warro, ? i.q. Park Gwarra or Gwarrow.
P. Wartha Hale, higher close by the moor (hal).
P. -Warvell.-Wavel, ? kid's (cevereel, Pr.) close.
P. -Waste, -West, ? i.q. P. Quest.
P. Water, i.q. Park Wartha ; or, water close or field, Park Dower.
P. Watty, ? Walter's or hare c.
P. Wayn, ? wain or waggon, or white (gwyn) close.
P. -Weal,-Wheel, ? mine (wheel) c.
P. Well, ? cell, or high (wheel) close.
P. Wells, ? grass (gwells) close.
P. Whennon, ? bees' (gwynyn) close.
P. Wherry, wheel-dray close, W.B.
P. Whistle, ? lodging (gwestle, w.) close; or, i.q. Hustle Field.
P. -Widdon, -Withan, meadow (bidenh), tree (gewdhen), or little (vidn) close.
P. Withey, willow (t.) close.
P. Wollas, bottom (goles) close.
P. Woon, down (gvon) close.
P. Wreck, wife's (gwerec) close.
P. Wriggles, i.q. Park Friggles.
P. Yawm, ? home, i.e. near close.
P. Yet, gate (yet) close.
P. -Zeath, -Zeth, dry (zeh) field, Gw.; i.q. Park in Zeth.
P. Ziggan, ? close with the standing-pool (sagen, B.); or, elder-tree (scauen), or sedge (hescen) close.
P. Zom, ? poverty (ezom, a.) close.
P. Zoul, i.q. Park Sole.

Parleben, n.f., ? i.q. Porthleven.
Parleys, i.g. Parkless.
Parliant Garrick, ? Park Lee by the rock (carraig).
Parlour, ? i.q. Park Lour.
Parlyvosso, ? Park Lee by or with the intrenchments (fosso).
Parn-all, -ell, ? top (bar) of the moor (anhel); or, i.q. Park an Hal.
Parn Gover, i.q. Park an Gover.
Parnvose, ? the (an) fortified or intrenchment (foss) cove (porth).
Parquest, i.q. Park Quest.
Parquin, i.q. Park Gwin.
Parraamoor, ? i.q. Park Moor.
Parret, n.f., ? i.q. Barret.
Pary, n.f., = Ap Harry, i.q. Harrison.
Parsley, ? lower (tsella) close.
Partey Town, Park Day near the farm place (town, m.c.).
Parton Carne, v. Pairting Cairne, the rock dividing the farms, A.S.
Parventon, i.q. Park Venton.
Parvis, i.q. Park Vease.
Pascoe, n.f., ? i.q. Padstow; or, = parc scaw, elder-trees close; or, = pasche, easter, f.
Pat-er-da, -reda, -uda, -hada, ? i.q. Paderda.
Patrec, s.B.m., i.q. Patricius, lat.
Pattacot, i.q. Patrec's cottage.
Patten, n.f., ? i.q. Padden.
The Patter, ? i.q. Park Dour.
Paul, from St. Paulinus, p.s., O.; St. Paul de Leon, D.G.
Paul Pry, i.q. Pol-or Park-Pry.
Pawn, = parc on, ash close.
Paw-ten, -ton, d.d. Pautone, i.q. Polton or Poulton.
Payne, n.f., i.q. Paine.
Paynter, n.f., ? i.q. Penticre.
Peach, o. Pec, Pech, n.f., = bich, little.
Peele, a spire, Sc.
Peale, a spire, Sc.
Pea-prose, -vrose, ? little (bihan) meadow (pras); or, i.q. Park an Browse.
PEA PARK, ?pea or cow (beuk) close.
PEARLS, i.q. Porles.
P. Pearne, n.f., ? from Perran.
Peas Arish, pea stubble [field].
Peasen Close, the pea close, i.
Peath Field, i.q. Peeth.
Pecobben, i.q. Pencobben.
Pedan Ponds, i.q. Penfons.
Peddangwarry, Pednangwarry, ?i quarry end (pen); or, i.q. Plain an Gwary.
Peddanriden, ?i.q. Penrithen.
Pedeleford, d.d., ? the ford over the narrow stream (pedele, s), t.
Pedeneagar, ?i.q. Penengaer.
Pedenpoll, i.q. Penpoll.
Pedenvarden, i.q. Pednyadn.
Pedenvounder, -er, i.q. Penfounder.
Pedna Carne, ? rock end (pen); or, head of the Carn.
Pednemore, the great (maur) headland (pedan=pen).
Pednan-, Pedn-drea, top (pen) of the town, or = Townsend.
Pednakren, -cren, head of the spring, Po.; (cren, round).
Pednalaas, -lase, the (an) green (glas) head or promontory (pen).
\(H.\); (now the Land's End).
Pedn be Juffin, ? Bejowan point.
Pedn Boar Point, ? the great (maur) point or head.
P. Carn, ?i.q. Pedna Carne.
P. Condurrow, Condurrow head.
P. Crew, ? hovel (crow) end; or, head of the camps (caerau).
P. Cripton, ?? Tencriff point.
P. ervounder, i.q. Penfounder.
P. ey Crousia, ? end or top (pen) of cross (crows) close (hay).
P. Garrick, ? rock (carrag) end.
P. Gellier, ? long grove (celli hir) end, or top, or point (pen).
P. Gway, ?i.q. Peddangwarry.
P. Gwinion, ? head of the marshes (gwninnion, Pr.).
P. mean-du, -due, black (du) stone

(maen) head.
PEDN MENAN MERE, the (an) great (maer) stone head.
P. OLV-A, -ER, head of the breech (dolva), Bl., or of lamentation (olva).
R.W.; or, Oliver head.
P. Pol, i.q. Penpol.
P. Pons, i.q. Penpons.
P. Praze, i.q. Penpraze.
P. Sawanack, headland with the caversns, Bl. (sawan), a hole.
P. VADN, the little (vean) headland, Wh.; ? i.q. Penmean.
P. VENTON, i.q. Penventon.
P. Vounder, headland with a road, Bl.; ? i.q. Penfounder.
P. Warrow, ?i.q. Penwartha.
P. y Coanse, the causeway (coance, m.c.) head or end.
P. Yet, gate (yet) head or end.
Pee-per, -ver, ? great (vear) close (pare). Peber, a baker.
Peebow, cow (beuch) close.
Peeby, draw-well [field], W.B.
Peguarra, ?i.q. Park Warra.
P. afar off (pell), T.
P. Lamellin, i.q. Polmellin.
Pelastine, ? scarlet-oak (glastan, Lh.), or Austin's pool (pol).
P. Ayne, -ean, -lean, -lyn, ? lamb (eau) pool (pol); or, i.q. Penlene, or Pellyn.
Pella, ?i.q. Park Pella or Pellas.
Pellar Croft, ? wise-man's croft.
Pellars, -as, -is, ? peeled oats' (pellas) [field].
Pellelescourt, ? from "pel isca," distant water, Bond.
Pellew, n.f., ? head (pen) of the pool (lo).
Pellitras Point, gymnasium point, Woodley; (from the greek!); ? head (pen) of the slope (ledrod, v.), R.W.
Pellow Zawn, ? more distant (pella) hole in the rock (sawan).
Pelly, the distant pool (lin), or pool afar off (pell), Pr.
Pelly Point, ? more distant (pella) headland.
Pelsue, i.q. Polsue, T.

Pelue-vean, -wartha, & -wollas, little-(bian), higher-(wartha), & bottom (goles) calves' (leafk) field (pare).

Pellavan, i.q. Polvellan.

Pellynt, v. Plynt, ‡ pen-tyne, or -llynew, head of the streams or wood, M.L. ‡ head (pen), or bulwark (pil) of the grove (thyne), Bond; d.d. Plunet, ‡ parish (plu) of St. Nonnita or Non, p.s., Wh. ‡ (p.s. St. Mary, O.).

Pembarnose, head (pen) of the night (nos), or midnight (hantor nos), Sc.

Pem-bole, -pwell, i.q. Penpol.

Pembroke, Pembr-e, Pem-bole, Pemberrnose, Penare-wartha, Penallund, Pelynt, Penarth, Pen-ar, Penaponds, Penals, Penadl-ake, Penasken, Pelsue, Pelynt, PEI.

Algity, hal)

loeau, height, M'L.

or, St. -llicyn, (710s), (pil) 1

vertOn) d.d.
or, of Nonnita Plunent, St. -llicyn, (710s), (goles) 1 f

of the camp, R.W.; tumulus (haugr, t.) hill, Beal; ‡ i.q. Penhalgar.

Penavar-ra, -tha, the higher or further head or top (warra = wartha)

Penawaen, -win, head of the down (guen); or, white (guen) hill, J.B.

Penb-alle, -ole, i.q. Penpol.

Penbeagle, i.q. Penbugell.

Penbeath, ‡ head of the grave (bedh); or, boar's (baedh) head.

Penberth, the green (verth) top, Pr.; ‡ bush (verth) top, R.W.; ‡ head of the cove (porth).

Penberthy, top of the bushes, R.W.

Penbetha, head of the graves (bedh-ow), Pr.

Pen Blue, ‡ parc an plu, the parish close. (pelu, to play at ball).

Penbothidn-a, -ow, ‡ smaller (bobhatna, B.) end or top.

Penbraha-m, -n, the crows' (bran) head; or, i.q. Park en Vrane.

Penbraws, i.q. Park an Browse.

Penbraze, i.q. Penpraize; or, Penbrose, a nickname, great (bras) or dolt head, Car.

Penbro, i.q. Pembro.

Penbroth, i.q. Penberth.

Penbu-ale, -gell, -gle, the herdsman's (bugel) head, or superior herdman, Pr.; ‡ hound's-tongue (piegel, w.) close (pare ow).

Penbu-ithen, -then, -thon, ‡ thorn bush (perthen) end, M.

Pencair, headland of the mountain-ash (care), C.; ‡ head of the camp (caer); or, camp hill.

Pencallinick, head place of the holly trees (celynnoe), or head of the hollies, Pr.; head of the flax (linec) field (gweal), R.W.

Pen-caranow, -karanow, hill of rocks (carnow), T.

Pencar-N, -ne, i.q. Pedna Carne, or Park an Carne.

Pencarns, ‡ head of the rocks.

Pencarra Head, rock (carraig), or further (gwarra) head, reduplicated.

Pencarr-or, -ow, the head place of
the deer (caerow), or the stag's head, Pr.; headland of the stag, C.; head or height of the camps (caerau), M'L.; head Roman (row) castle, Po.

PENCAST-EL, -LE, castle head.

PENCAYEVAN, ? ridge (cefn) head.

PENCISE, ? = parc en syhys, the dry close.

PENCWLLYF, ? head of the cliffs.

PENCWDBEN, ? Gobben head.

PENCWOID, -COIT, -COll (?), -COOTH, head wood (coit), H.; ? i.q.

PENOOGUSE, -COOZ, -COWSE, head of the wood (cus), Pr.; or, wood hill, J.B.; or, i.q. Park an Goose, or.

PENCORSE, head of the moor, bog, or fen (cors).

PENCWY, -OYSE, i.q. Pencoose.

PENCRAFT, ? head of the croft.

PENCREB-AR, -OR, ? Greber head.

PENCREEK i.q. Park an CREAGUE.

PENCRENNOW, i.q. Pencaranowe.

PENCY GULLAS, ? = park en sech goles, the dry bottom close.

PENDEDWANVADAN, i.q. Pednvadan.

PENDAR, n.f., oak (dar) head, Pr.

PENDARY, ? otter (dourgi), or turf-hedge or water-dike (duryg) head.

PENDARVES, head of the oak (dar) field (maes), Pr.; or, i.q. Park an Davas.

PEN-VAEY, -VY, the projection (pedn ?) on the river (gwv), Pr.

PENDAVI-S, (d.d. -D), sheep's head, Pr.; ? i.q. Park an Davas.

PENDREEN, head man's (den) [place], Pr.; castled (dun) headland, Bl.; (c.d. St. John).

P. VOWE, Pendeen cave (fow).

PENDENHAR, now RAME- (hor, a ram) head (pedn), Sc. (?).

PENDENICK, -OCK, ? furzy (eithenig), or loosely (ylhac) headland.

PENDENNANT, 12 cent., head of the deep (down) valley (nant), R.W.

PENDENNIS, headland of the fort (dinas), C.; the peninsula or fortified headland, Pr.; also, i.q. Park an Eanes.

PENDER, n.f., i.q. Pen-dar or DREA.

PENDERLEY, ? Pender's pasture.

PENDERMOOR, ? head of the great (maur) oak (der), R.W.; or, Pen- DREA moor.

PEND-DW, -DIU, black (du) head.

PEND-LEY, (o.-VE, -VY), ? David's (Devi) head or end.

PENDILLY, ? close of the (parc an) cart (dilly, m.c.), or house-site (tyle).

PENDINANT, Le., ? head of the black valley (du nant), R.W.

PENDINAS, -NIS, castle (dinas) point; or, principal or head fortification, B.; or, island (emys) head (pedn), Ped.; i.q. Pendennis.

PENDIREN, ? i.q. Park an Drain.

PENDOURL, -DWAR, -DOWER, the land's (dour) end, or head of the water (dowr), Pr.; water-head, J.C.; or, i.q. Parkentower.

PENDOURVOSE, the head of a small (?) river or open water, Pr., or head of the good (vaz) land, Gw.; (fos, a trench, wall).

PENDOWN, ? ? down head or end.

PENDRATHERN, head of the sand-bank (traith), N.

PENDRAY, (n.f.), -DRE, -DREA, the principal town (tre), Pr.; head house, T.C.; head of the town, or Townsend; or = Park an Drea.

PENDREAN, -DRINE, the brambly head, Pr.; or, i.q. Park an Drear.

PENDREEFY, -IFFY, ? Pendrea by the water (gwv), or, i.q.

PENDRHEF, -DRIFT, ? = pentref, a village, w.; or, i.q. Pendray.

PENDRUFFEL, -UFFEL, ? chief place (pentref, w.) on the moor (hal).

PENDR-IM, -YM, head of the ridge (trum); or, i.q. Park Drum.

PENDRISICK, ? i.q. Park Drysack.

PENDRUSCOT, Pendrea below (is) or outside (aues) the wood (coat); Drws Coet, door of the wood, w., R.W.

PENDULOW, ? head of the two (dew) pools (low), or tumuli (t.).
PENARTH, ? high (earth) summit.
PENEGOU, ? i.q. PARK AN GEW.
PENELEWEY, i.q. PENALAWEY.
PENELIGON, i.q. PENHALIGON.
PENELLARICK, n.f., i.q. PENHAL-LURICK.
PENELICK, head of the willows (helic); or, i.q. PARKENELLICK.

PEN ENYS, island (enys) point.
PENERA, ? higher (warro) point.

PENES-KYN, -SKEN, [at] the head of the rushes, Pr.; or, the sedge (an hesen) close (pare).
PENESTA, ? i.q. wortleberry (iz din, B.) head, or close.
PENETVARRA, i.q. PENAVARRA.
PENTENT-EINON (Car.), -ENIO, -IDNOE, (d.d. -INIO), -NOW, head of the springs (fentiniowe).
PENF-ON, -OUN, head well or spring (fynnon, w.), H.; or, i.q. PENPNON.

PENFOND, head of the road (fordly).

PENPOUN-D, -DER, head of the lane (bounder), or, lane end, Pr.; or, i.q. PARK AN VOUNDER.
PENFRA-N, -NE, i.q. PENBRAHAN.
PENG-ER, -RE, head of the camp (caer); camp end or close.
PENGARR-ACK, -ICK, -OCK, the head rock (carrag), Pr.; ? rock end; or = parc an garrag, the rock field.
PENGARWICK, i.q. PENGERSWICK.
PEN-GELLY, -GILLY, o. -GELLY, d.d. -GELLE, head of the grove (celli), or of the hazel-grove, Pr.
PENGELLYS, Pengelly’s (n.f.) [farm].
PENG-ERICK, -ERICK, ? i.q. PENGAR-RACK, R.W.; watery head, T.C.; or, i.q. PARK O’DOURICK.
PENGERSICK, ? moorish or fenny (corsig) head, R.W.*
PENGIRT, ? i.q. PARK AN GARRATT.
PENGLA-SE, -ZE, the green (glas) head, Pr.; or, i.q. PARK GLASE.
PENGLEE, i.q. PARK AN GILLIE.
PENGOL, ? the end of the region or territory (gulat), or = parc en gould, the marigold field.
PENGOWER, the head of the rivulet (gozer), Pr.; or, i.q. PARK AN GORE.
PENGREEP, ? ridge (crib) end.
PENGRON, ?round (cron) head, R.W.
PENGROUSE, ? cross (crowes) head or end; or, i.q. PARK EN GROUSE.
PENGCRUHLA, -ER, heath (griglan) hill or headland, C.; ? head of the heath place (cruig le), R.W.
PENGUARE, d.d., play (guare) hill, J.B.; ? quarry (cuare) top.
PENG-URNE, -WERNE, head of the alder-trees (guern), or mast-head, Gur.; or, head of the marsh.
PENGULLAS, ? bottom (goles) end.
PENGWARRAS, ? top (guwarhas) end.
PENGWARRY, i.q. PARK GWARROW.
PENGWEDNA, ? ? downs’ (gwenau ?) end; or, white (guednac) head.
PENGWIN, i.q. PARK AN GWEIN.
PENH-AILLE, -ALE, -AL, -ALL, head of the moor (hal), Pr., or river (hayl) T., or strand, M’L.; or, i.q. PARK AN HALL.
PENHALE AN DREA, home (tre) P.
PENHAL-LES, -LIS, -LIS, ? broad-moor (hal les) end; or, i.q. PARK AN ALS.
PENHALGUYS, head of the Hele river, Po.; water (gwyn) from the head (pen) of the hill (hal), B.
PENHAL-HAM, -LAM, i.q. PENALLUM.
PENHALIGON, n.f., i.q. PENLIGGEN.
PENHALLACK, i.q. BENALLOCK.
PENHALL-ERICK, -URICK, head of the rich (berrie) moors, B.; ? end of LEURIC’s moor (hal).
PENHALLINYK, n.f., ? i.q. PENCAL-LINICK.
PENHALLOW, moors’ (hallow) head; hill (hal) top (pen) with the tu-mulus (low, M’L.).
PENHALT, ? cliff (alt), or wooded hill

* The green headland, Pr., Po.; the head (pen) ward (gueres) of the cove (ike), Mur.; from Pen gueraz, a head to help, Car.; the head word or command (gar) fenced or fortified place (wicke); or, the creek, cove, or bosom of waters (ike) head help, H.!
PENLAND, ?= pen lan, end of the village, R.W.; ? sheep pen field, t.
PEN-LEAN, -LEN, -LENE, -LYN, -LYNE, ? head of the grove (loin, w. lwyn), or pool (lin).
PENLEE, the lesser (le) head or point of land, Pr.; end of the place (le), or rock (lech), N.; headland to the leeward, Sc.
PENLEESE, ? Ellis end or top.
PENLIGGEN, ? Heligan end.
PEN-LITA, -LITHA, ? i.q. Park en Leta, or Bolitho.
PENLU, ? sheltered (heoa, s.) end.
PENLYER, ? i.q. Park an Lear.
PENLYKY, n.f., ? i.q. Penhalguy.
PENLYM, i.q. Pennalim.
PEN-MAN (n.f.), -MAINE, -MAYNE, -MEAN, stone (maen) end.
PENMARTH, ? i.q. Park Marth.
PENMEOED, ? reapers' (medel, w.) end.
PENMENETH, hill (meneth) end or top.
PENMELLEN, ? mill (melin) end.
PENMEN-ER, -NER, -OR, -NOR, the principal mountain (mener), Pr.; ? Menheir end or top.
PENMNNA, ? Manhay end.
PEN-MONT, -MOUNT, m, hill top.
PENMOYLE, mule's (moyle, m.c.), or bare (moel), or blackbird's (moell) head.
PENN, n.f., = pen, an end, point, top, summit, promontory, the chief or principal, R.W.; also a height, upland, hill, Po.
PENNA, n.f., ?= pennou, plural of pen, R.W.; or, i.q. Penneck.
PENNA-IR, -RE, i.q. Penar.
PENNALERICK, n.f., i.q. Penhalu- rick.
PENNAL-IM, -YM, i.q. Penhallam.
PENNALT, i.q. Penhalt.
PENNAN-CER, -S, -T, head of the valley or plain (nans), Pr.; nant, a ravine, brook, w.
PENNAR-D, -TH, ? high (ard) summit.
PENNA-TRILLY, -TRILLY, ?? head of the toft, or of the enclosure (hay) with the house-site (tyle, w).
PENNY-TINNY, beacon hill, J.B.; ? fire (tan) enclosure (hay) summit.
P. VEER, ? i.q. PARKENVOR.
P. VOUNDER, i.q. PENVOUNDER.
P. WILLS, ? i.q. PENHELICK.
P. WIN, white (gwain) head.
P. WRINKLE, ? periwinkle head.
PENOA, head oak, Pr.
PENOLVA, -ER, ? i.q. PEDNOLVA.
PENONACK, ? = parc an unack, the solitary or lonely field.
PENOWELL, ? i.q. PARK NOWEL.
PENPALL, ? i.q. PENNY BALL.
PEN PARK, ? ? sheep pen close (parc).
PENPELL, d.d., -PEL, far off or remote (pell) top or head, H.
PENPELLOW, top of the round (pel) tumulus (low, s.), M: L.
PENPERRY, ? ? hill (bre) top.
PENPERSES, ? Byrhisys's (B.m.) top.
PEN-ERTH, -ETH, -ITH, ? i.q. PENBERTH or PENEATH.
PENPETHY, -Y, ? i.q. PENBERTHY; or, head of the graves (bedhou).
PENPETHICK, ? PETHICK end.
PENPILL, -PILICK, head of the creek or little harbour, Pr.
PENPINE, ? i.q. PARK VINE.
PENPON, ? ? house (an bod) close (parc).
PENPO-L, -LE, -LI, -UL, head of the pool, well, pit, or lake (pol), Pr.
PENPON-DS, -S, -T, the head bridge (pons) or head of the bridge, Pr.; or, bridge foot or end.
PENPONSKIEENS, ? bridge foot rush (heseen) [field]s.
PENPRASE, -ZE, top of the meadow (pras); or, i.q. PARK PRAZE.
PENPRETHY, ? ? meadowy (prathec) summit or end.
PENQUAIN, -EAN, i.q. PENNYWIN.
PENQUARO, e.d.d., i.q. PENGUARE.
PENQUET, -IT, -ITE, -ITT, -OIT, top of the wood (cuil), Pr.
PENQUINDE, ? i.q. PARK VINTAL.
PENREST, ? ? top of the wood (hurst, t.); or, Grwst's (w.) summit.
PEN-RICE, -REES, head of the fleeting.
ground, (reese, to flit or slide away), Pr.; i.q. Parkanrise.
Perrithen, ? fern (reden) end or top; or, i.q. Pendrathen.
Penroose, -roose, red (roo) head, or top, or field; or, i.q.
Pen-rose, o. -ros, head (pen) of the moor, Pr. W., of the valley or moss, Pr., of the heath, T.; hill of the heath, Wh.
P. Burden, Burdon's Penrose.
P. Sophia, Soapar's Penrose.
Penruke, ?? Rieuk's (a.) summit.
Penryn, a curled head, Car.; head of the river channel (ryne), or promontory (ryhn), Pr.; ? hill (ryhn) end.
P.-e Bryn, -Foreign, or -Forryn, the court of Penryn, Wh.
Pensagollan, Nansagollan head, summit, end, or field.
Penscawn, ? elder-tree (scauen) end.
Pen-scob, -secombe, ? head of the dry (sech) valley (comb, i.).
Penshandy, ?? the springs (fenten-s) near the house (an dy).
Pensi-gillis, -quillis, head of the dry copse (celli), or dry hill of wood, T.; ? goles, a bottom or vale.
Pensigne, head of the dry valley (nans), Pr. W.
Pensilva, ? look-out (sulva, w.) summit or height.
Pensipple, chapel (seipal, ga.) hill, Beal; ? head of the dry pool (pol).
Pensize, ? parched (sylhs) end.
Pens-ken, -skin, i.g. Penesky.
Penstr-ase, -ays, -aze, ? i.g. Park Sterres, or,
Penstrass-a, -ow, head of the springs (streth, a fresh spring), T.
Penstra-w, -y, ? the field (parc en) below (is) the oaks (derow) or house (tre).
Pen-strad, -strode, -strodd, ?? springs head.
Penstruthal, ? the end below (is) the foot (troed) of the moor (hal).
Pentafriddle, i.q. Fentafriddle.
Pentane, ? i.q. Fenton.
Pent-ang, -engo, ? the smith's (gat), or wood (coat) well (fenten).
Pentargain, ? Durgan point.
Pentargen Hill, ? the head-dragon (pendragon) or supreme ruler's hill; or, silver (archans) well hill.
Pent-aval, -avall, -envall, the head or chief (pen) good or consecrated (da) spring or well, H.; the source (fenten) of the Fal.
Pentearth, ? bear's (arth, B.) well.
Pen-tella, -tilly, ? parc en teile, the manure close; or, elms' (elau) well (fenten).
Pentelvadden, ? the spring on the little (vadn = rean) moor (hal).
Pentenhale, ? moor spring.
Penter, n.f., i.q. Pen-der, or -tire.
Pentescoombe, ? Penter's, or the well (fenten) below (is) vale.
Penthoga, ? ? cave (ogo) spring.
Pentillie, = penteilu, the master's, or head of the family, Pr.
Pentinney, camp (dinas) of the head, or principal camp, M'L.
Petinnick, ? i.q. Park an Danack.
Pentire, the head-land (tir), Pr.
P. Glaz, -glaze, the green (glas) headland or promontory.
Pent-ell, -le, ? hole (tol) point.
Penton Cross, ? the [village of the] spring at the cross roads.
Pentonwarra, the higher (wartha) spring (fenten).
Pen-towan, -tuan, -tewan, -tewyn, head of the sand-banks (Pr.), or hillocks (Po.), or heaps (O.).
Pentre, i.g. Pen-drea, or,
Pentreath, head of the sands (traithi, Pr. W.
Pen Uchel Coit, the lofty hill in the wood; (now Lostwithiel), Cam.
Penve-arn, -rn, ? alder or mast (gvern) head; or, i.q. Park Warne.
Penvent-ennew, -ine, -ynowe, i.q. Penfentenow.
Penventon, spring (fenny) head, 
Pr.; or, i.q. Park an Venton.

Penvor, i.q. Park an Veare.

Penverance, ? crows' (bran-s) top.

Penvere, great (near) headland.

Penvergate, ? the gate, or wood (coat) by the great field (parc an veair).

Penveth, i.q. Penbeath.

Penwrdhas, i.q. Penwethas.

Penwivian, ? Vivian's head or end.

Penvoarn, ? i.q. Penvearn.

Penvorn, ? great (mawr) headland.

Penvorder, ? higher (wortha) head.

Penvories, ? i.q. Parkengwarras.

Penvoose, head of the intrenchment or ditch (fos), Pr.

Penvounder, i.q. Penfound.

Penvrane, head of the rookery,
Po.; ? i.q. Park an Vran.


Penwarne, ? the same; head of the alder-trees (gwer), Pr. 56

Penwartha, the higher (wartha) head or hill, T.

Penwater, ? head of the water.

Penwell, ? high (uhel) head.

Penwen-ack, -nick, ? ? white or marshy (winnie) head.

Pen-wenham, -winnam, ? Penwine meadow (ham).

Penwerris, the green or flourishing (gwer) head, Pr.; ? i.q. Pengwarras.

Pen-wethas, -withers, ? = parc en gudhar-s, close of the wether-sheep.

Pen-wth, -yn, ? i.q. Penawin.†

Penwindle, ? i.q. Park Vintal.

Penwith, ? the promontory of blood (guit).‡

Penwithen, ? i.q. Park-an-Vethan.

Penwithick, woody (withic, R.W.) end.

Penwortha, i.q. Penwartha.

Penworval, ? whale's (morvil) head.

Penwyt, ? head of the wood (gwynth), R.W.; or, i.q. Penwith.

Penygader, a chair (cadar) form of hill, a terrace, w., R.W.; ? pirate's (ancredour) point.

Penymaen, i.q. Penmain.

Penyo, ? upper (uch, w.) end.

Penyquindle, ? i.q. Penfound.

Penzance, holy (sans) headland.||

Penz-er, -our, gull (zethar) headland, T.C.; or, water (dour) head.

Pepper, n.f., ?=piber, baker.

Perbullar, ? i.q. Park Billier.

Percamlyn, ? Hamlyn's close.

Percent, i.q. Bosant, C.

Percock, ? cuckoo's (cog) close.

Perconger, conyer-eel cove (porth).

* = Pen varn nar, head of the alder-tree valley, T.; head notice or summons (gwarnda, to warn), H.; a head beloved, Sc.!!!

† "Penwyn is the beloved (t.) head or promontory; but properly, pen gwynsa (?) is head or chief wine," H. !!! ? white or fair end.

‡ This hundred is named after its most prominent feature the Land's End, "called by the British bards or poets Penrhinvaed, i.e. the promontory of blood; by their historians, Penwth, i.e. the promontory to the left (cheith, w.); by the Saxons, Penwith-stoart, stoart with them signifying ground stretched into the sea; and by the inhabitants in their language, Pen von (?) laz, i.e. the end of the earth," Cam., or "headland of slaughter (las=ladh)," Wh.; this is given by Leland " Penwolase, id est, innum caput," the last head or promontory; and by Carew Pen an Laz. — Other renderings of Penwith: "head of the Ashen-trees (enwith)," Car.; "head of the breach or separation" (gwynth), Gw., Pr., Po.; "head of the island" (nicet), Bax.; "high or conspicuous (gwydh) promontory," B.; " ? i.q. fenwith, the end," Po.

The saint's head, Car.; "that this is the right name appears from the arms of the town, which are S. John Baptist's head in a charger," Rp. Gibson, !! head of the Belr or sacred (sans) district, Beai; head of the bay (sans), T., Pr.; bay of the head, Wh.; head of the sands, Cam.; head of the channel (sivas), Gw.! ed St. Mary; o. St. Nicholas.
PERCOSE, i.q. cheese (carns) close.

PERCO THEN, i.q. Porthcothan.

PERCO THY, ?i.q. Park Gotha.

PERCRESSA, i.q. Porcrassa.

PERCUL-A, -las, i.q. Park Gullas.

PERCURTIS, ? Curtis's close (pace).

PERDREDDA, the traitor's (trayta, Pr.) field (pace) or, i.q. Padera.

PEREAVE, ? summer (haf) field.

PERelman, ? Helman close.

PEREM, B.m., i.q. Abraham.

PERGAL, ?i.q. Park Hal.

PERGUARRA, ?i.q. Park Warra.

PERGWINS, i.q. Park an Gwenw.

PERHILICK, ? withy (helic) close.

PERICLES BAY, = porth eglos, church close, N.

PERIL PARK, ? i.q. Park Prill.

PER-INA, -yn, i.q. Penryn.

PERIOCK, ? pig (yoch, B.) close.

PERKIBET, ? newt (ebhet) close.

PERKILLA, the hidden (celes, to conceal) close (pace), N.

PERKIN, n.f., ? lamb (eun) close.

PERLEDAN, i.q. Park Ledan.

PER-LLEEZE, -LESE, -LLEEZE, ?i.q. Parkless, or Borlase.

PERLINE, ?=perlann, an orchard, R.W.; or, i.q. Pellean.

PERLINNEY, i.q. Linhay Park.

PERLINDER, ?i.q. Park Lanyer.

PERLO, ?i.q. Portloe.

PERLUTES, ? midwife's (lavethas) close (pace).

PERMAYNE, i.q. Park Maine.

PERMELLIN, mill (melyn) port; or, yellow (melyn) close, N.

PERMEWAN, n.f., ? St. Mewan's cove.

PERMIZEN, -ZEN, ?= Porth Moesin, Moses's cove, N.

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PERNAGGIE, the broken port (agenus) to break; agenoc, fall of cracks), N.

PERNANCE, valley (nans) close.

PER-OS, -ROSE, -ROWS, ?i.q. Penrose, or Park en Rows.

PERPITCH, ? little (bich) cove.

PERPOL, ? pit or pool (pol) close.

PERRAN ARWORTHAL, Perran parish of the manor of Arwothel.*

P. Porth, Perran bay (porth).

P. UTHNO, Perran parish of the manor of Uthno.*

P. Vose, ? cove (porth) of the (an) intrenchment (foss).

P. ZABULO, Perran in the sand.*

PERROW, ?=perwith, pear trees, w.

PERRUP-A, -ER, i.q. Bareppa.

PERY, n.f., ? bre, a hill.

PERR-YMAN, -IEM, n.f., ?i.q. PEREM.

PERGULLIDDE, ? close (pace) under (is) the wilderness-piece (gwiddwal, w.).

PERT, n.f., ?=perth, bush.

PERTHCOLUMB, i.q. Porthcullum.

PERTHILLICK, ? willow (helic) bush.

PERTHSASNAC, Saxon's cove (porth).

PERRIVELL, ? mill (melin) close.

PER-WENNACK, -WINNICK, marshy (winnick) close (pace).

PETATSON, ? Petite's down (oom).

PETHER, PETHY-BRIDGE, n.f., ? St. Petrock's bridge.

PETERICK, from St. Petrock, p.s.

PETHERNION, ? the boundary (eironyn, w.) bush (perth).

PETERWIN, from St. Paternus (p.s., T.) the little (vean).

PETICK, n.f., from Petherick.

PETT, PETETT, PETTY, n.f., a. PETITE = le petite, the little, f.

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The patron saint of the three Perran parishes is St. Pierian (O.), the Irishman (Cornice, gwiddhal, godhal, wodhal), from whence, possibly, Arwothel, in the 14 cent. Arwothel; others say this is 'upon (ar) the noted (woth) cliff or height (hal),' Pr.; 'upon the noted river (heyth),' Wh.; upon (arworth) the salt-water-river (heyth), or estuary (el, an arm of the sea), Ped. The chief village in this parish is "Perranwell, so called from a chalybeate spring," D.G.—Uthno is "the high bare place, or naked exposure." Pr.; or "=edn, narrow," T.C.—Zabulo is from the middle latin sabulum, sand. Leland who speaks of "Rivius absorptum a sabulo," calls the parish St. Piranes in the Sandes; Cornice, Pierian in treth, Wh.
PETTIGREW, crane's (grew, Pr.) bush (perth).
PETVIN, n.f., from Petherwin.
PEVERELL, o.n.f., pevr, fair, w., R.W.; -ell, diminutive.
PEZZACK, n.f., i.q. Bezack.
PHARNISSECK, lower (isach) furnace (form), or alders (fearn, i.).
PHILACK, from p.s. St. Felicitas, O.*
PHILLEGH, from p.s. St. Filius, O.*
PHILLPOTTS, Philips, n.f., the son of Philip (a lover of horses, gr.).
PHILLEY, the village alias Philley.
PILL, harbour, i.f., Diminutive.
PILLANCE, a
PILLES, Penge's (forn), hill.
PILLENS, Penge's enclosure (tu7i).
PINES, Penge's hill (dun).
PILL, the little (bich) enclosure (hay).
PICK, of the enclosure (forn), house (furnace).
PIGSDON, d.d., Pigesdone, bush (zag) hill (dun).
PIKES, bush close (parc).
PILL, the salt-water trench, or little harbour, Pr.; the creek, Wh.; or = pil, a hillelock, mound; or, pol, a
pit, pool.
PILLANCE, lambs' (eanes) Pill.
PILLAS, -ARS, -ERS, -OWS, -OWES, -S, i.e. Pellars.
PILLATON, d.d., Piletone, the Pill enclosure (tun); p.s. St. Odulphus, O.
PILLER PARK, i.q. Park Billier.
PILLIANATH, wormwood (fuelein), or pebble (bilien) heath.
PILLORY, i.q. Fullery.
PILSEY, dry (sech) Pill.
PILVER, great (maer) Pill.
PENNARD, n.f., i.q. Pennard.

PICE, dry (sech) end (pen).
PICH, i.q. Park Eanes.
PINE, n.f., i.e. bihan, little.
PINGAR, i.q. Park an Gear.
PINGLE, i.q. Penge's [field].
PINGLESTONE, P enclosure (tun, s.).
PINK CARNE, the wry-neck (pinnick, Po.) rock or rocks (carn).
PINKNEY, the wry neck close (hay).
PINKSKIN, i.q. Park Hosken.
PINNACOMBE, Pinock's vale.
PINNA PARK, ? Penna's close.
PINNATON, ? Penna's farm (tun, s.).
PINNECK, pine (pin) [grove].
PINNIONS, Ap Enion's (w.) [field].
PINSDON, ? Penna's hill (dun).
PINSEY, ? Penna's enclosure (hay)
PINSKIN, ? i.q. Penneskin.
PISKER-PISCAY-, Pixey-Park, fairy close.
PISTAIL COVE, waterfall (pistyll, w.)
PITCHER, bowgeheer.
PITCH PARK, little (bich) close.
PITHER, pit or hole Ham.
PITNEY, the pit close (hay).
PIT PRAZE, pit meadow (pras).
PITTREY, clay (pri) pit.
PITSWY, -ERN, -REN, fox (luern) holes.
PITTEN PARK, the pit close.
PITT-ICE, -IES, pit closes (haies, f.).
PITTEN, pit farm (ten, s.).
PITT, pit close (hay).
PITTYM, Amy's grave (bedh).
PLACE, a. Plas, the palace, mansion, place (plas).
PLAIN AN GUARY, Plainengwary, Plengwary, the level place or plain of sport and pastime, B.;
the plain floor or stage for the
play (guare), Ped.
PLAIN PARK, playing close (parc).
PLAIN PLACE, playing place.

* According to Whitaker, St. Piala, Philley, Fellye, Phelack, Felack, Felix, or Felicitas came from Ireland A.D. 460. Dr. Oliver gives the name of the patron saint of Philley, alias Fellye, St. Filius de Egosros. Dr. Pryce gives "Phillack, = pill iek, the village near the harbour."
Plains, ? = pol eanes, lambs’ pool.
Plain Sanctuary, the playing [field] near or belonging to the church.
Plain Street, ? smooth road; or = pol an stre, the spring pool.
Plaming, n.f., i.q. Flemming.
Plane, ? i.q. Pelayne.
Plash, puddle, pool, swamp, bog, marsh; also, i.q. Pillas.
Plash Croft, swampland, T.C.
Plashford, ? ford at the swamp.
Plash Town, muddy town-place [field], W.B.
Plas Noun, the palace (plas) of the monk (nommas, lat.). Wh.
Plaunder, ? = plann-dir, planted field, R.W.; or, launder field (parc).
Playdy, = plaidey, partitions, w., R.W.
Player, n.f., ? = pol heir, battle pool.
Plint, ? i.q. Pelynt.
Plishay, Pillas close (hay).
Plosh, Ploshet, Plusha, Plosh Park, Plusha, Plash close.
Plot, ? = pol hoel, duck pool.
Plowden, n.f., i.q. Plund, the pool, Bl.; ? = pol vean, little pool.
Pllowsdon, Pillas or Plosh hill.
Plum-b, -f, pump [field].
Plumier, ? = dove-cot (clomior) close (parc).
Plussin, ? little (vean) Plosh.
Poad, Poat, Pode, n.f., ? = bod, a kite, w., a messenger, s.
Podbrane, ? i.q. Bodbrane.
Podestoc, d.d., ? Podes place (stoc, s.); now Poundstock.
Poffaland, ? people’s (pobyl) enclosure (lan); or, pebble (pabol, s.) land.
Poake Tor, ? Puck’s peak.
Polagenanna, ? the pool or pit (pol) at the mouth or opening (genau).
Poland, n.f., ? pool field (land, s.).
Polannes, ? lambs’ (eanes) pool.
Polarvan, ? St. Rumon’s pool, W.H.
Polath-a, -er, ? Uthr’s (w.) pool.
Poloughan, i.q. Pollawghan.
Polbarrow, tumultus pool.
Polbathick, pool of the coins (bath, a coin), C.
Polbithen, head (pol) of the meadow (bidhen), Gw. (?).
Polberock, ? i.q. Polbrock.
Polber-on-o, -ow, ? i.q. Polperrow.
Polborders, ? traits’ (browd) p.
Polbrages, ? kites’ (barges) pool.
Polbre-an, -en, ? hill (bryn), or tree (pren) pit or pool.
Polbridge, ? pool of counsel (brys).
Polbrock, -ke, -ok, ? hoar-frost (barrug, w.), or badger (broch), or St. Broock’s pool.
Polca-irn, -rne, rock pool.
Polcan, ? white or song (can) pool.
Polcarnick, rocky (carnic) pool.
Polcatt, ? battle (cad) pool.
Polcoat, forest (cot) pool.
Polcocks, ? red (coch) pools.
Polconla, ? the pool or pit (pol) with the rail (canllaw, w.).
Polcoverack, Coverack pool.
Polcrebo, ? Greerab pool.
Polcreek, ? mound (creeg) pool.
Poldaws, ? sheep (daues) pool.
Polden, ? i.q. Plowden.
Poldew, -due, d.d. -duh, c.d. -du, black (du) or God’s, or David’s (Du), or south (dehou) pool.
Poldice, ? stack (dise) pool.
Poldistra, ? home (tre) Poldice.
Poldory, ? watery (douric) pit.
Poldose, -dowsi, i.q. Poldaws.
Poldourian, ? pool of the shield (tarian, w.).
Poldower, -Dowr, water (dour) pit or pool.
Poldrea, homeward (adre) pool; or, pool by the house (tre).
Poldrisick, briery (dresic) pool.
Poldroas, pool by the door (duras).
Poleadrick, ? Ydroc’s (w.) pool.
Polean, ? lamb (eau) pool.
Polecack, ? dung (cac) pit.
Polegrass, ? dry (cras) pit.
POLE

POLEMARTIN, ?Martin's, or lake (mer-
thyn, a.) pool or pit.

POLEN德拉, HENDRA pool.

POLENNICK, ? ? moist or wet (lynnic)
close (parc).

POLEO, i.q. POLLOE.

POLLERRY, ? pool field (eru).

POLESCAT, d.d., ? the pit or pool
below (is) the wood (coat).

POLESKAN, ? sedge (hescen) pool.

POLEYs PARK, ? ? broad (les) pool
close (parc).

POLGA, ?smith's (gof) pool or pit; or,
i.q. POLCACK.

POLGANOOGO, i.q. POLKANOOGOU.

POLGARTH, ? pool of the enclosure
(garth), R. W.

POLGarvis, ? outer (axes) castle (caer),
or rock (carn) pool.

POLG-SICK, -SICK, -ZICK, ? dirty
(gassic) pool; or, mare's (caseg) p.

POLGAVER, goat's (gavur) pool.

POLGEAR, castle (caer), or green (gear)
pool.

POLGEEL, ? leech (gel), or horse (celel),
or retreat (cil) pool.

POLGIGGA, ? the fools' (gucci) pool.

POLGIGGAN, ? kitchen (cegim) pool.

POLGLA-CE, -S, -SE, -ZE, the green
(glas) top or pool, Pr.

POLGLEESE, ? church (eglos) pool.

POL-GOADA, -GODA, : wood (coal) pit
or pool close (hay).

POL-GOODH, -GOODH, -GOTH, the old
(coth) pits, Pr.; old pit, J.B.;
? goose (godlh) or wood (coal) pool.

POLGOON, down (gwen) pool.

POLGORRON, St. Guron's pool.

POLGOVER, a rivulet (gower) pool,
or head of the rivulet, B.

POLGRAIN, -EAN, -EEN, -ENE, gravel
(greann) pits, Pr., ? pit (pol).

POLGRAY, ? cattle (gre, wv.) pool.

POLGREER, ? shoemaker's (cereor) p.

POLGRIGGONS, ? pool of the gins
(crocan-s) pool.

POLGRINNA, ? cranes' (garanou) pool.

POLGUIN, white (greyn) pool.

POL-GUM, -GUMB, ? pool COMBE.

POLGURTAS, ? camps' (caer-s) head,
M.L.; ? castle (curtis, m. lat.) pool.

POLGUTTER, cess pool, m.c., W.B.

POLGWANA, ? i.q. PORGWANA.

POLGWARRA, ? higher (gwartha) pool.

POLGWINS, ? windy (gewens) pool.

POLHAL, d.d., moor or hill (hal) pit
or pool; or, i.q. POLWHELE.

POL-HARMAN, -HERMON, -HORMON,
? long (hir) stone (maen), or St.
German's pool.

POLHAY, ? pool close (hay).

POLHEATH, ? pool heath, or heath p.

POLHENDRA, HENDRA's pool, B.

POLHERN, iron (hern) pool, R. W.

POLHERNOUR, ? ? pool corners (corn-
now).

POLHIBBET, newt (elbet) pool.

POLHILL, ? ugly (hyll, w.) pool, R. W.

POLHISSA, ? Elisau's (wv.) pool.

POLHOLME, ? holly (holm, m.c.) pool.

POLHUEVERAL, ? kid's (ceverel) pool.

POLICY, ? St. Issey pool.

POL-IGEY, -INGEY, ? i.q. BOLINGY.

POLINGARROW, ? cattle (gvarhog), or
stag's (carow) pool (polan.)

POLISCOURT, ? underwood (is goat) p.

POLJEW, jew's pool, C.; black (zu =
du) pool, J.B.; zev, a bream, Pr.

POLKANOOGOU, ? ? close (parc) of the
(an) cave (ogo).

POLKEA, ? hedge (ce) pool.

POLKEATH, ? captive's (caeth) pool.

POLKEEVES, the drinking pool, Po.;
(? i.e., a basin, m.c.)

POLKERE, ? i.q. POLGEAR.

POLKERNICK, rocky (cernic) pool.

POLKERRIS, ? Kirys or Ciriusis's (m.s.)
pool, Lh.; or = pul kerriss, lowest
stream, (R.), B.

POLKERTH, ? quaking (creth) pool.

POLKIL, the pit in the slip or neck
(cil) of land, B.; ? cell pool.

POLKILLICK, ? ? cock (celioc) pit.

POLKINGHORNE, -HORN, pool with
(gan) iron (hoern), H.; chalybeate
or medicinal pool, Pr.; ? = parc an
gwarn, the alder close.

POLKIRT, ? tinker's (ceard) pool.
POLKYNTH, i.q. Polkeath.
POLLADAS, i.q. Bramble (drees) pool.
POLLAMOUNTER, the pool or mire under the hill, Po.; ? Mawnder or beggar's pool; maxum dir, peat land, w.; PILLAMOUNTAYNE, Nord.
POLLANDS, ? lambs' (cannes) pool.
POLLANGHAM, pond (polan) meadow (hum, t.); or, crooked (coan) pond.
POLLANNY, ? little-ewe-lambs' (oenig, w.) pool; or pond (polan) close (hay).
POLLAPHER, the top (pol) spring or fountain (feuten), H.; ? spring pools or pits.
POLLARD, ? high (ard) pool.
POLLARIAN, i.q. Pollurrian.
POLLAVAS, the pool outside (aeves).
POLLAWGHAN, i.q. Polyogan.
POLLAWYN, joyful (lowen) pool, R.W.
POLLBRANDY, ? crow (bran) house (ty), i.e. rookery pool.
POLL BROWN, rush (brun) pool.
POLLEAN, full (len) pool, Pr.; river (lin) pool, M'L.; ? i.q. Polean.
POLLEDAN, broad (ledan) pool.
POLLEOWE, n.f., i.q. Poleoe.
POLLESCAN, i.q. Poleskan.
POLFFRY, i.q. Polpry.
POLLIGLESE, i.q. Polegleese.
POLLGREASE, ? middle (gres) pool.
POLLGREEN, i.q. Polghain.
POLLICK, ? flat-stone (leck, B.) pool.
POLLINDRA, i.q. Polhendra.
POLLINGSHIRE, ? artizian's (sair) pond.
POLLINNY, ? Linney close (pare).
POLLIVEDEN, ? i.q. Polbithen.
POLLIWIDDEN, little (widden, m.c.) pit or pool, W.B.; or, i.q. Polwiden.
POLL LOCK, n.f., ? calf's (loch) pool.
POLLOE, ? the same; the pools (pl.), J.B.; or, sheltered (hleo, s.) pool.
POLL PARK, ? pool close (pare).
POLL STACK, ? stack pool.
POLLVA, ? pool place (mau).
POLLY Joke, ? heifer (ladshek) pool.
POLLYNE, ? linen (lien) pool; or, i.q. Pelosi.
POLLY VELLYN, i.q. Polmellin.
POLMANTER, i.q. Pollamounter.
POLMARH, horse (marsh) pool, Pr.
POLMARKIN, ? Merkin's (d.d.) pool.
POLMARTH, the wonderful (marth) pool, Pr.; ? open (mathr, w.) pool.
POLMARY, ? Meore's (f.s.B.m.) pool.
POLMASE, ? field (maes) pool.
POLS-ASICK, ? ask, -esk, the top (pol) or upper field, Pr.; ? stinking (musac) pool.
POLS-MAUGAN, -Mawgan, great (mogan) pool, Pr.; ? St. Mawgan's pool.
POLS-MEAR, -meare, -meer, great (meare) pool or pit, Pr.
POLS-MELLIN, mill (melin) pool.
POLS-NA, -NNA, -Nnow, ? monk's (manach), or monks' (menach), or stony (maenec), or little (menou) p.
POLS-MENAS, ? nun's (nunaes) pool.
POLS-MENN-ER, -or, ? long (hir), or battle (heir), or boundary (or) stone (maen) pool.
POLS-MORGY, ? dogfish (morgi) pool.
POLS-MOR-LA, -LAR, -LE, ? sea place (mor-le, R.W.), or sea calf (morlo, w.) pool.
POLS-MORLAND, ? moorland pool.
POLS-MORVA, marsh (morea) pool.
POLSNEY, ? pond (polan) close (hay).
POLSNIK, ? mossy (neaq, B.) pool.
POLSSTOC, cap-like headland, Bl.; = pen losteg, fox head.
POLSARROW, ? i.q. Polbarrow.
POLSATES, ? lunatic's (badus) pool.
POLS-FA, -Y, i.q. Poulpea.
POLS-AR, -OR, ? great (mear) pool.
POLSPENGY, the pool at the head (pen) of the field (ce), J.B., or end of the house (chy), R.W.
POLS-PENNICK, -Y, ? Pennick's, or nipple (pennig, w.) pool.
POLS-PEWTH, the pool at the head of the breach or separation, Pr.
POLS-PERR-O, -OW, sandy (parr, T.) or mud (pri, Bond) port (porth); Le. Poul Pirrhe, Paul's pier or quay, Wh.; ? i.q. Polbarrow.
POLS-EVER, ? ? beaver (befer) pool.
POLS-DNICK, -NK, ? i.q. Polpennick.
POLPRY, clay (pri) pit, Pr., or pool, Bl.; miry pool, W.B.; pool-clay, B.
POLPUCKY, ? scarecrow (bucca) pool.
POLPYKE, fish (pize) pool, (now Polperrow), Jo.C.

POLQUEST, ? shelter (guest) pool.
POLREAG, the woman's (gurec) pool.
POLRIMOTH, Rhydmarch's (w.) p.
POLRO-AD, -DE, ? messenger's (herod, w.), or wheel (rhod, w.) pool or pit.
POLROSE, Pol-sheas pool.
POLROZZER, Pol-ruddon pool.
POLRUNNY, wheel (ros) pit.

POL-RUAN, Pol-runny pool.
POLSCATHA, Pol-scath pool.

POLSCAD, Pol-scad pool.
POLSCOE, pool of the elders (seaw).
POLSCO-PP, -VE, ? bishop's (escop) pool.
POLSETHOW, southern (didhiow) pool, J.B.; ? pool of the arrows (sethow).

POLSEW, pool [sometimes] dry, or a tidal pool, W.B.; ? i.q. Poljew.

POLSCATHA, boats' (seatha) pool.
POLSCOE, pool of the elders (seaw).

POLSCWES, ? elder-trees' (secow-s) p.
POLS-ON, -TON, ? Paul's town.

POL PARNICK, ? thorny (sperrnic) pool (pol), or close (parc).

POLSTAIRS, ? narrow (striz, a.) pool.

POLSTANGY, muddy, sticky, stogyg pool, W.B.; (stone, a lake, B.).

POLSTEAN, the tin (steau) pit, or miry pit, Pr.; miry head, Car.; tin pool or pit, B.

POLSTOGGAN, muddy pool (stogged, stuck in the mud), Jo.C.

POLSTREATH, ? pool or cove (porth) of the fresh spring (stret).
POLSTRONG, ? Sadwrn's (uw) pool.
POLSURE, black (zu = du) pool, Pr.

POL-TAIR, -TARE, -TER, ? the back (der), or oak (dar) pool.

POLTARROW, ? bull (larrow) pit.

POLTEGGAN, ? Digain's (uw) pool.

POLTER-, POLTRE-WORCIE, ? Poltair on (war) the river (gy), or cattle pound (gwarclie, w.)

POLTESCA, ? pool is coed, pool below the wood, C., ? ti, house.

POLTICK, ? clear (tec) pool.

POLT, ? Paul's or pool town.

POLTRAY, ? home (adre) pool.

POLTREASE, ? bramble (dreas) pit.

POLURRIAN, ? Urien's (w.), or boundary (yrhiain), or silver (arian, w.) p.

POLVADDEN, ? stone (mae[d]un) pool.

POLVARTH, ? high or laughing (gwarth) pool; or, i.q. Polmarth.

POLVATHICK, i.q. Pobathick.

POLVELLAN, mill (melin) pool, C.

POLVenna, ? lesser (beheanna) pool.

POLVENTON, spring (fenten) head or pool, Pr.; ? i.q. Penventon.

POLVETHAN, meadow (bidhen) pool.

POLVILAN, -ON, ? snail (melyen), or pebble (bilen) pool.

POLWORTH, ? road (fordh) pit.

POLWAIN, ? white (goyn) pool.

POLWARthA, higher (gwartha) pool.

POLWHR-ARVEL, -EVEREL, ? kid's (ceverel) pool, Pr.

POLWHEEL, -WHELE, the pool work (wheyl), or top of the field (gweel), Pr.; miry (pol) work, Car.; head of the manor (gweel), M'L.; ? field p.

POLWILLS, ? pool of the willows.

POLWIN, -YN, white (goyn) pool.

POLWINK, ? marshy (winnic) pool.

POL-WORTH, -WROTH, -WRATH, ? giant's (wrath) pool.

- Roman (Ruan) pool or port, Po., Wh.; the river (ruan) head or pool (pol), or the pool of the river, Pr.; the head (pol) of the steep or sloping (rhiv, w.) haven (haun), M'L.; a frosty (rhew, frost, w.) bottom or pool, Sc.! ? i.q. Polbuman (Lysnewith), t., Henry IV, Car.
POYBLANK, n.f., 'colts' (blanc) pool.
POLYGLAIZE, n.i.q. Polgleese.
POLYMELLIN, n.i.q. Polmellin.
POLYPHUNT, n.i.q. Pollevant.
POLYN, n.i.q. (vane) pool.
POLYOGAN, n.i.q. Polven.
POLZEAL, low (sals) pool.
POMER, n.i.q. Park- or Pol-Mear.
POME Park, n.f. causeway (bom, a, B.), or sledge (bom) close (pare).
POMER-OY, n.f., = pomeraye, an orchard, f., Lo. ; or, i.q. Pombre, o.n.f., n.f., 'hill (bre) bridge (pont) ; or, Polmoria, i.q. Polmary ; or, Pembre, e-o, Le.
POND, n.f., = pont, a hollow, bottom, valley, w. ; or, i.q. Pont.
PONDHU, n.i.q. Black (du) valley.
PONJARAVAH, i.q. Bridge by the oak place (darva), J.B.
PONJIO, black (du, zu) bridge, J.B. ; ivy (idzio) bridge (pont, w.) or vale.
PONS, bridge (pons).
PONSANBERTH, n.i.q. The bridge by the grove (an berth), R.W.
PONSANDANE, the man's (den) bridge, Bl. ; i.e. foot bridge, T.C.
PONS AN MAIN OAR, the boundary (or) stone (maen) bridge.
PONSANMEDDA, n.f. The meadow bridge.
PONS-ANNOWTH, -ANOTH, the (an) new (nowyd) bridge, T. ; or, bridge by the naked (nawth) place.
PONS-ARDEN, -HARDYN, -HARDY, bridge of the steep (ard) hill (din), S.G. ; n.f. forest hill bridge, J.B. ; or = pont ardent, burning bridge, f.
PONS-AVERRAN, -EVARREN, n.f. Bridge by the alders (gwer, gwarn), J.B.
PONS-BRITAL, -PRITAL, n.i.q. Brithall's or Bartholomew's bridge.
PONS-MAYNE, stone (maen) bridge.
PONS-MOR, -UR, great (mear) bridge.
PONSONGATH, or Pont St. Garth, n.f. bridge of the cat (an gath), R.W.
PONT, bridge (pont, w.) ; or, i.q. Pond.
PONT-ABOYES, -BOY, -BOY, = pont de bois, bridge by the wood, f.
PONT BALDWIN, Baldwin's bridge.
POOLE = pol, a pool, pond, a miry place ; mire, mud ; a well, pit.
POOLER, n.f. long (hir) pool, R.W.
POOL-EY, -HAY, pool close (hay).
POOL HALL, n.f. pool moor (hal).
POOL PARK, pool close (parc).
POOL VENTON, spring (fenten) pool.
POOR GAMES, i.q. games' i.e. playing, or outer (anes) close (parc).
POPE, n.f., = pap, pope.
POPHAM, n.f. Pope's dwelling (ham, s.).
PORBuan, i.q. Porthepean.
PORCOLLAS, i.q. Park Gullas.
PORCRASA, i.q. Porthcrassou.
PORCULLUM, i.q. Porthcullumb.
PORDENACK, n.f. hilly (dinnic) cove.
PORE, n.f., = peochaer, peacemaker, a.
PORFELL, n.f. pasture (porfa, w.) field.
PORGUARNON, cove of the amphitheatre, Bl. ; (guare, a play).
PORGWANA, i.q. Park Gwaneth.
PORKAN HILL, the hill of the port or haven, Dr. ; i.q. Parkenhell.
PORK-ELLIS, -ILLIES -LES, gate (porth) of the grove (celli), Po. ; i.q. Ellis close (pare).
PORKIDNICK, n.f. pullet (idnic) close.
PORK-LEDAN, -LIDDEN, i.q. Park Leedan.
PORKLE, the inlet or cove (porth) of the tumulus (low, t.), M-L.
FORMER, i.q. Park Mear.
FORMENA, i.q. Park Meana.
FORMORRAN, n.f. woman's (morwyn, w.) or whale (morran, w.) port, N.
PORNANVEN, the port of the stony (maen) or rocky valley (nant), Buller.
PORREPTER, i.q. Perreupa.
PORSELLI, conger-eel (sellli) cove.
PORSKENTLE, i.q. Boscundle.
PORT-ALLAND, -ALLOW, TALLAND bay.
PORT BULLA, i.q. Park Bulla.
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Porth Lease. — Slaughter (ileus, w.) cove.


P. Looe, i.q. Porthloe.

P. Misken, [Moses'] (Mosen, w.) cove.

P. Pigham, i.q. Port Bean.

P. Prior, the prior's cove.

P. Quin, i.q. Portquin.

P. Reath, sandy (breath) cove, Pr.; red (rydth) cove.

P. Saussen, Saxons' (sousen) cove.

P. Scatha-A., -o, boats' (scatha) cove.

P. Uan, tumulus (ewn, Lh.) cove, M.L.; i.q. Porth Vyan.

P. Wrinkle, periwinkle cove.

P. Yllygros, i.q. Porthilly by the church (eglos).

P. Yllygres, i.q. middle (ures) P.

Posey, i.q. post (pos) close (hay).

Poterane, i.q. Bodbrane, C.

Poteness, i.q. Park Deans.

Potram, i.q. Potter's meadow (ham), t.

Pott, n.f., i.q. Pode.

Potter, n.f., ? = bodhar, deaf.

Poughill, v. Poffit, i.q. pou guil, the country frequented by gulls, or pou guila, the low country, Pr.; i.q. Polwhele; d.d. Podevella; p.s. St. Olave, O.

Poulgarrah, i.q. Polgwarra.

Poulpea, i.q. Polgwarra.

Poulters, i.q. Poldroas.

Poulton, i.q. Polton.

Poulza, i.q. Polza.

Pound, i.q. the pinfold; or, cider-mill (m.c.); or, i.q. Pond.

Pounda, i.q. Pound close (hay).

Poundscoanse, the causeway (coons) by or between the ponds, J.M.; or, Pound's (o.n.f.) causeway.

Poundscross, ?Pound's marsh (cors), or cross roads.

Poundstock, d.d. Pond-, Pod-estoch, ?Pound or Pound's place (stoc, s.); p.s. St. Neot, O.

Pou., Pow-ton, i.q. Polton.

Powder, the hundred, country, or province (pow) of oaks (dar); an

oak), Pr.; house (tre) of the province, Po.

Powell, n.f., = Ap-Howel, Howel's son; or, Paul; or, from Poughill.

Power, n.f., i.q. Pore.

Powlleis, i.q. Ellis pool.

Powles, n.f., ? Powell's son.

P. Combe, n.f., Powell's valley.

Poley, n.f., the pool (pol), or Powell's close (hay).

Powna, -all, n.f., i.q. Parnal.

Poyle, n.f., i.q. Powell.

Pradannack, i.q. ferny (redanic) country (pou), or close (parc).

Prade, n.f., Praed, Pratt, a meadow, prod, a.; i.q. Pras.

Pradeoe, i.q. = w. paradwys, paradise, R.W.; or, parc aradow, plow close.

Praes Meadow, a reduplication.

Praire, i.q. = parc hir, long close.

Pake, n.f., i.q. Bre-age, or -ock.

Pralla, i.q. Portalla.

The Pran, i.q. Prean.

Pras, Praze, Praise, Prayers, = pros, a meadow, common.

Praze an Beeble, i.q. (an) people's (pwybl, w.), i.e. common meadow, (pwybl, tents, pavilions, w.).

P. Bean, little (bichen) meadow.

P. Gooth, i.q. old (coth), or wood (coat) meadow.

P. Loar, i.q. garden (lun) meadow.

P. Ruth, i.q. red (rudh) meadow.

Pread, Pearde, n.f., i.q. Praed.

Pre-an, -den, -den, i.q. = pren, pren, tree, Pr.

Pregue, i.q. Park an Gew.

Pre Meadow, a reduplication; or, i.q. Bray.

Presingol, i.q. cabbage (ungol) meadow; v. Skall, i.q. ascall, thistles.

Preskin, i.q. Park Hosken.

Presleia, = Prest's pasture (t.).

Presstis, ? close (parch) below (is) the stack (dis, B., dus, w.).

Prest, n.f., = pres, ready, w., R.W.

Prestacott, i.q. priest's or Prest's cottage (t.).

Price, = ap Rhys, son of Rhys, w.
Pywell, Pyntar, Pydderley, Pycle, Pyatt, PussEY, PusKUS, PURUPPA, PULiAS, PULYNE, PULLiNGTON, Pulrose, Pulpit, PUlZA, PULZAK, PULZAGAN, PULSTRONG, Pulrose, PULYTE, -phen, n.f., i.q. from TREBAR-FOOT.

Pride, ? cave (ogro) cave (porh).
PRIDACOMBE, ? Pread's vale, t.
PRIDANCE, n.f., i.q. PRUDENS; or, PRIDE-AUX, -yas, n.f., clay (pri, prid) cliff or shore (als, aus), T.; = pres d'eau, near the waters, f., PR.; ? stack (disce) meadow (prad).
PRIDHAM, ? Pread's meadow (ham).
PRIGLIS BAY, i.q. PERICLES BAY.
PRILEY, ? primrose (briallu, w.) [field].
PRINDELE, n.f., a croft, Cam.
PRINKWELL, ? Brenci's (s.B.m.) well.
PRINN, n.f., Rhun's son (ap, w.).
PRINSEY, ? Prinn's enclosure (hay), t.
PRISCAN, ? i.q. PARK SCAUAN.
PRISK, ? = prysco, underwood, w.
PRISLOW, ? near (pres, f.) the water (fenn, f.), Pr.
PROBERT, n.f., Robert's son (ap), w.
PROBUS, from p.s. Probus [& Grace].
PROCTOR, ? = bragudwr, brewer.
PROCLAIM, ? foot-bridge (cam, m.c.) close (pare).
PRO-FFIT, -phet, n.f., i.q. from TREBAR-FOOT.
PROG, ? cave (ogro) cave (porh).
PROGAN, ? = bruchen, a spring, w.
PROSCEN, s.B.m., ? great (bras) head (cean, ga., = pen).
PROSPINICK, ? little (iq) magpie (pioden), or wry-neck's (pimnick) meadow (pras).
PROSTOCK, i.q. PORTHOSTOCK.
PROUT, n.f., ? Rhaawd's son (ap), w.
PROVIS, n.f., ? from PROBUS.
PROSEW, n.f., Rowse's son (ap), w.
PRUDENS, w.B.m., discreet, lat.
PRUELLS, ? i.q. PARK GWILLAS.
PRUST, n.f., ? i.q. Grwsts' son (ap), w.
PRY-CE, -se, n.f., i.q. PRICE.
PRYNN, n.f., i.q. PRINN.
PUCKEY HORN, ? i.q. PARK HORN.
PUCKLEY, ? cow (buck) pasture (t.).
PUCKWALLS, ? i.q. PARK WOLLAS.
PURINGCOMBE, n.f., ? Bywdeg's (w.) vale.
PUDIFORD, n.f., ? Bywdeg's ford.
Puddle, ? dale (dol) close (pare).
PUELEDOWN, ? deep (down) pit (pol).
PULE-GURRA, -kerrow, ? camps' (caerau) pool; or, i.q. POLGWARRA.
PULEJON, ? ox (udheon) pool.
PULGOOTH, i.q. POLGOODH.
PULLA, -ER, ? the pool (pol).
PULLANS, ponds or pools, W.B.
PULLCALLNICK, CALENICK pool.
PELLER, ? pool field (erw).
PULLEYS, ? green (glas) pool.
PULLINGTON, ? pond (polan) farm or town-place (lun).
PULL MAIN, ? stone (maen) pool.
PULL PARK, pool close (pare).
PULPI, ? i.q. POLPRY.
PULROSE, i.q. POLORE.
PULSACK, ? dry (sech) pit.
PULSTRONG, i.q. POLSTRONG.
PULTEGANN, ? Digain's (w.) pool.
PULYNE, n.f., ? i.q. PELAYNE.
PULZA, i.q. POLZEA.
PUMPLE, -WELL, ? five (pymp) wells.
PUMRIES, POMEROY's [place].
PUNCHARDUN, n.f., i.q. PONSARDEN.
PUNCHES, ? i.q. PARK AN GOOSE.
PUNJO, ? i.q. PONJIO.
PUNK PARK, ? bench (benc) close.
PURCHASE, n.f., ? = berges, a citizen, B.; or, i.q. BURGEES.
PUR-CULLAS, -GALLAS, i.q. PARK GULLAS.
PURGATORY, i.q. PARK A DORY.
PURLAS, i.q. PARK GLASE or GULLAS.
PURLAWN, ? fox (lownern) close.
PURRAW, ? i.q. PARK Row.
PURSE HILL, PUZZLE [PARK], ? = parc isal, low close.
PURUPPA, i.q. BAREPPA.
PUSKUS, ? close (pare) below (is) the wood (cus).
PUSSEY, ? post (pos) close (hay).
PUZLINCH, ? lambs' (eanes), or island (yunys) low (isal) close (pare).
PYATT, n.f., ? = piod, a magpie, w.
PYCLE, ? i.q. PARK GILLY.
PYDDERLEY, n.f., ? Peter's pasture, t.
PYDER, the fourth (pedar, four) [hundred], Pr.; from St. Peter, H.
PYNE, n.f., ? = bichan, little.
PYNTAR, n.f., ? i.q. PENTER.
PYWELL, ? magpie well, t.
QUANCE, i.q. Coanse.
QUANNA PARK, i.q. Park Gwaneth.
QUARDALE, i.q. = war dol, on the dale, or high (worth) dale.
QUAR-AM, -m, -me, i.q. worm, a serpent, t.
QUARL, QUERLE, i.q. quarry (quaire), or camp (caer), or play (game) place (le).
QUEEN-, QUEENA-, QUEENER-, QUENNY-, QUEENY-, QUEANA-, QUINN-PARK, white (gwyn) or marsh (wynn), or red-wing (winnard) close.
QUETHIOCK, the weaver’s place (gwia, to weave), Pr.; p.s. St. Hugh, O.
QUICK, n.f., i.q. Gweek.
QUILLER, -TER, n.f., long (hir), or water (dour) field (gweal).
QUILL-LET, -LOT, -T, i little (-et), or gate (yet) field (gweal).
QUILLYS, i.q. GOONLAZE, or GULVES, or GULLIES, or WILLY’S.
QUININ, 14 cent., i.q. Uny.
QUINT-REL, -EREL, i.e. Trywyll’s (w.), or Terrel’s down (wen).
QUITE COOMBE, wood (cuit) vale.
QUODRI, 14 cent., i.q. Cubert.
QUOIT, = w. coed, a wood; a cromlech or coit-like flat-stone.
QUOYKIN, 14 cent., i.q. Hockin, F.H.

RABBITS, n.f., i.q. Roberts.
RABEY, n.f., i.q. Trebigh.
RADNAN FIELD, i.q. field with sub-soil of decomposed coruneformed granite, W.B.
RACEL, i.q. = cres, middle; or, reece, a heap of turnips; (a row, w., R.W.).
RACK PARK, front (rag) close.
RAD-DALL, -DLE, n.f., i.q. RANDALL.
RADDON, n.f., = radn, a share, Ch.
RADFORD, i.q. red ford, t.
RADDOW, n.f., i.q. TRESreddow.
RADICK PARK, i.q. PARK REDDICK, i race (rheged, to run, w.) field.
RADLAND, i.q. = red land, t.

RADMORE, i.q. = red moor, t.
RADNOR, n.f., fern (reden) land (noor = an war = an door), Pr.
RAFFELL, the ready or quick well, T.C.; i.q. Ralph’s, or rough hill, t.
RAF-TON, -TRA, i.q. Ralph’s town.
RAG, before, in front of.
RAGNENNIS, opposite or in front of (rag) the island (emys), T.C.
RAGNLDUS, t.d.d., RAINLDUS, power (wuld) of judgment (regen), t.
RAIL, RAINS, n.f., = the same.
THE RAKE, i.q. Rag.
RAINFORTH, n.f., = Reginald’s ford, t.
RALEGH, n.f., = Ralph’s pasture, t.
RALPH, i.q. RADULPHUS, W. Worc.; i.q. RALDOH.
RAME (c.d. St. Germanus, O.), from RAME HEAD, the ram’s head, t.; the great, high, steep, or projecting (i?) headland, Ch.
RAMSACOMBE, Ram’s vale, t.
RAMSAY, -PARK, Ram’s, or the rams’ close (hay, t., pare, k.).
RAND-ALL, -ILL, -YLL, -OLPH, n.f., = shield (rand, s.) help (olph, s.).
RANNEYS, i.q. RAGENNIS.
RAPHEL, i.q. Raffell.
RAPSON, n.f., RALPH’s son.
RASCASSA, i.q. ROSECASSA.
RASCOW, Le., now TESCO.
RASHLEGH, n.f., rush (rese, s.) pasture, t.
RATH, RATHA, hill fort (rath, i.), Beal.
RATHWELL, o.-wil, = fort-well.
RATTENBEURY, i.q. fern (raden) hill (bre), or barrow or castle (t.).
RATTING FIELD, i.q. = w. rythdlan, an open area, level field.
RAUFF, o.n.f., now RALPH.
RAUGHTRA, i.q. RAFFRA.
RAVEL, i.q. RAFFELL.
RAVEN, i.q. = ar aven, on the river.
RAWDON, n.f., Ralph’s or rough hill.
RAWE, RAWLE, n.f., i.q. RALPH.
RAWLINGS, -S, = son, n.f., son of little Rawle.
RAYLE, i.q. = ar hal, on the moor.
RAYMOND, n.f., wise (regin, judg-
ment) protection (mund), t., Y.
RAYNSFORD, Reginald's ford.
RE-AD, -ED, -ID, -ATH, n.f., ? = rid, free; or, ryd, a ford; or, rydh, red.
READER, n.f., ? = ryd hir, long-ford.
REDANAN, a fern brake, Pr.
REDANACK, ferny [piece].
REDDON, n.f., ? = redan, fern.
REDYFORD, ? red or reedy ford, t.; or, ford, reduplicated (ryd, e.).
REDVALLON, = red valley, R.B.K.; ?apple-tree (avallen) ford.
REDGATE, = rhie-got, river's course, Bond; open (gaith?) ford, C.
REDIVER, ? darnel (efer) ford.
REDLAKE, ? willow (helic) ford.
REDMAN, n.f., ? stone (maen) ford.
REDMORE, ?? great (muwr) ford.
REDRUTH, druids' (druith) ford, B.; or, red (rydh) ford, or druids' town (tre), Pr.; = tre trot, the dwelling in the bed or channel of the river, Wh.; p.s. St. Euinus (v. Uny), or Erminius, O.
RED TYE, ford house (ti), Pr.
REE, i.q. RII.
REECE, REESE, n.f., ? = w. Rhys, i.q. gr. Ares, Mars.
REEDA-, REEDY-MILL, ? ford mill.
REEN, REIN, = ryn, hill; pl. REENS, REINS, RHEENS, RUINS, RUNS.
REEN-WARTHIA & -WOLLA, or -WOLNAS, higher and lower hill.
REES-E, -H, ?i.q. Race or REECE.
REEVE, n.f., ? = gerefa, steward, s.
REFRAWELL, o.n.f., ?i.q. TREFRAUL.
REFRY, o.n.f., ? i.q. REM-OR-TRE-FRY.
REGINNIS, i.q. RAGENNIS.
REGULAR PARK, i.q. PARK GRIGLAN.
REJANIE, ? ox (vazheom) ford (ryd).
REJARNE, ? garden (dzharn) ford.
REJOURRA, ? i.q. RESURRA.
RELISTIAN, ? Elystan's (w.) dwelling.
RELUBBUS, ? Lupus's (w.s.) dwelling (tre).
RELYTHON, ? on (ar) furze (eithin) moor (hal); or, RE- = TRE-
REMFRY, REN-FREE, -FREY, n.f., = Ragnfrid, ? judgment of peace or freedom, t., Y.
REN-AUDIN, -OWDEN, -ORDEN, n.f., power of judgment, t., Y.
RENUEL HILL, ? high (uhel) hill (ryn), reduplicated.
REPRIN, i.q. RESPIN.
RESAIR, ?i.q. TRESARE.
RESACDOCK, i.q. ROSCARROCK.
RESCARN-AN, -ON, i.q. ROSKARNO.
RESCARRETUNUS, 14 cent., ? CARADON heath or moor (res = ros).
RESCAS-A, -SA, i.q. ROSECOSA.
RESCOHER, 14 cent., i.q. ROSKEAR.
RES-COLLAR, -CORLA, -CORLAR, n.f.
ROSCEORLA, i.q. ROSECORLA.
RESCREADDEK, 14 cent., i.q. ROSECARROCK.
RESCHROWA, i.q. ROSCROW.
RESCUGDIAN, ? i turf (cesan) heath.
RESENEIGH, n.f., ? dry (sech) heath.
RESSEVEN, = roseyhan, the plentiful vale, Pr.; ? Evan's heath.
RESINGY, ? the heath by the house (an chy).
RESKADINICK, ? Cadanoc's (w.) heath.
RESKAGEAGE, -EAGE, ? privet (scadgwyl) heath or moor.
RESKEAN, i.q. ROSKEEN.
RESKOIF, i.q. ROSKIEF.
RESKENNAL, i.q. ROSKENNAL.
RESKER, n.f., i.q. ROSKEAR.
RESKILLEY, n.f., i.q. ROSKELLY.
RESKIVAS, -RS, ? Skewes, or barns' (siber-s) heath or moor.
RESKYMER, -imer, great dog (cimear) race, Car.; great dog marsh or fen, H., heath or moor.
RESOGAN, i.q. ROSAGAN.
RES-OGOE, -UGGA, i.q. ROSUGGA.
RESOLLA, ?i.q. ROSCOLLA.
RESOON, slippery (rees) moor (guon), T.C.; ? down (guon) heath.
RESORES, ?i.q. RESURRANS.
RESPARVA, i.q. ROSEPARVA.
RESPERWITH, 16 cent., ? pear-trees' (perwith) heath or moor.
RESPR-IN, -YN, ? king's (brenin, w.) h.
Resta, i.q. Trerest, Jo.C.
Restall-ick, -ock, ? Tallick heath.
Restigan, ? Digain's (w.) heath.
Restineas, ? ? deer (danas, w.) heath.
Restormel, = restor meal, the king's towerhill, Wh.; a bellyful of money, a place of honey, Sc.!! ? holly-mound (turmel, B.) heath.
Restowrick, i.q. Rostowrack.
Restrong-et, -eth, -eth, o. -as, valley with the deep (gwens, w.) promontory (tron), T.; valley of the wood (cuil) promontory, Dr.
Resudgian, i.q. Rosoggan, Pr.; ? ox (udzheon) heath.
Resuggan, i.q. Rosoggan.
Resurra, ? i.q. Roseworthy.
Resurrans, i.q. Rosurrance.
Resvine, i.q. Rosevine.
Ret, w.B.m., ? i.q. Read.
Ret-allback, allick, illock (n.f.), -ollock, a very (re-) high place (tallie), or with many pits (töllic), Pr.; or, i.q. Restallack, &c.
Reter-ghe, -th, the exceeding (re) strict charge or command; or, the exceeding or too much nipple, teat, or udder, H.!
Rethogga, the bearing (doqa, to bear) or fruitful town (tre), Po.; ? i.q. Trythogga.
Revell, o.n.f., ? yrveel, the smithy, w.
Rew, ? rthw, the slope, w.
Reyn-alds, --olds, n.f., i.q. Reginaldus, powerful judgment, t., Y.
Rezare, i.q. Resair.
Rheen Croft, ? hill (ryn) croft.
Rhi, Ri, chief, prince, king (ri, ga.), Beal.
Rialobran, m.s. Madron, royal (rial) prince (bren), B.
Ribbery, n.f., ? ripere, a reaper, s.
Rice, n.f., i.q. Reece.
Richards, -kards, n.f., i.q. Rickardus, stern (hard) king (ryce), s., Y.
Ricket Park, ? Rickard's close.
Ridgevean, ? little (bean) ridge.
Ridulphus, t.d.d., red (réid, s.) wolf (ulf, s.), t.
Rillaton, royal (riol) town.
Ringbury, round earthwork, t.
Ringford, ? ford by the round, t.
Ringle, ? grove (celli) hill (ryn).
Rings, ? rounds, or hills (ryn-s).
Rinsey, ? dry (sek) hill.
Riol, s.B.m., ? i.q. Rioval = king Howel, A. Butler.
Ripper, n.f., ? i.q. Ribberly.
Rit, s.B.m., ? i.q. Ret.
Riviere, great (meér) slope (rhe, w.), M'-L, or hill (ryn) = rywier, river, a., B.
Roach, from St. Roche, T.; o. la Roche, the rock, f.; p.s. St. Goe-
mandus or Conandus, O.
Road-a, -y, ? road close (hay), t.
Roas an Gean, ? the giant's (ghean, B.), or ox (udzheon) heath.
Rob-arts-er, n.f., o. Rotbertus, bright (beort) fame (hrod), t.
Rock-Hay, rock close (hay).
Rocksey, rocks' close (hay).
Rode Park, road close (pare).
Rogers, n.f., i.q. Rogerus, t.d.d., spear (ger) of fame (hrod), t., Y.
Romane, n.f., ? from St. Ruan.
Roose, i.q. Ros.
Rope Hawn, = rope haven, t.
Ros, a heath, Wh.; peatland, moor, common, mountain meadow, R.W.; a valley, or dale between hills, Pr.; also, a wheel.
Rosagan, n.f., white (can) valley, Gibson; i.q. Rosoggan.
Rosamund, i.q. Rosemundy.
Rosane, ? little (vean) heath.
Ros an Hale, ? the (an) moor (hal) or river (heyl) heath, &c.
Rosa Park, heath close (pare).
Rosarrick, ? i.q. Roscarr-ek, -ick, -ock, valley of the brook (carrog), Pr.; ? rock (carrog) heath; d.d.
Roscarrrett.
Roscarrlek Bigan, little (bichan) R.
Rosawen, ? heath of the hole (savon).
Roscas-owe, -sa, Roscassa, i.q. Rosecassa.
Heath, mountain-land, or sheep walk, Wh.; district or land of the moor, C.; from rhos, a well watered plain, Gough; "though the original of the name came as master Camden noted from his former thickets, yet his present estate resembleth a flowrie effect (rhos, roses, w.)." Car. Besides the district thus called, there are many fields bearing the name of Rose Land, i.e. heath or moor field; as also Rose-Field, -Down, -dale, -Garden, -Marsh, -Moor, -Meadow, -Croft, -Park, -Ham, &c., &c.
or peat-house (maun dy), or Mundy's
heath or moor or valley.

ROSE-NANNON, ? heath of the ash-
tree (an oman).

R. NEA, ? Ane's (w.) heath; or, heath
by the enclosure (an hay).

R. NITH-AN, -EN, -ON, the furze (an
eilthin) heath or moor.

R. NNICK, ? summer (hanic) heath.

R. NOWETH, new (nowydh) heath.

R. NUN, ? heath of the down (an
oon); or, Nonna's heath.

R. NURDEN, ? heath of the furze-
break (an redanan).

R. NYALE, ? the valley heath.

R. NVEAR, the great (meur) heath.

R. PANNEL, broom (banul) heath.

R. PARVA, ? pasture (porfa, w.) heath.

R. PEATH, draw-well (peeth) heath.

R. PLETHA, the moor of the house
of the tribes (bod leithow), T.C.;
or, heath of cursing (molytha).

R. RRAN-CES, ? ? lambs' (eanes) long
(hir) heath or moor.

R. RROW, -SERROW, ? higher (urra =
wartha) heath or moor.

R. SILIAN, i.q. Roselian.

R. SU-E, -EA, ? black (zu = du) heath.

R. TAIL, ? manure (teil) heath.

R. TEAGUE, fair (teg) heath.

R. UNDLE, ? the dale heath.

R. VALLAN, apple-tree (avallen) h.

R. VANNION, ? ? the heath with the
caves or hollows (guagion, Pr.).

R. VANNOCK, ? turbarry (mavenog, w.)
moor; or, i.q. Rosewarrick.

R. VEAL, n.f., calves' valley, Ch.

R. VEAH, little (bean) heath.

R. VE-ARE, -ERE, -OR, -RE, great h.

R. VELLAN, i.q. Rosemelin.

R. VETH, grave (beodh) heath.

R. VI-DNEY, -THNEY, ? lesser (beheada
= behenna) heath or moor.

R. VIN, -VINE, ? white (gwyn), or
little (bihan), or stone (maen) heath.

R. VINNICK, stony (maenic) heath.

R. WALL, ? high (whal) heath.

R. WAR-N.-NE, spreading or extensive
moor, C.; ? alder (gwarn) heath.

ROSE WAR-RICK, -WICK, the marshy
(gwarnic) vale, J.B.

R. WEDDEN, ? tree (gweden) heath.

R. WELL, ? field (gweal) heath.

R. WEN, ? down (gwen) heath.

R.-WICK, -WEEK, i.q. Roswick.

R.-WIDN, -WIN, -WYN, ? white (gwyn),
or little (widden, m.c.) heath.

R. WOON, down (gwen) heath.

R. WORTH, green (gwyrdh) valley, T.;
? high (wurth) heath or moor.

R. WORTHY, ? higher (wartha) heath.

ROSILLIAN, i.q. Rosellian.

ROSKADINACK, i.q. Reskadinick.

ROSKARNO, valley of the high rock,
Pr.; ? Caron heath.

ROSKAR, the lovely (care, to love)
vale, Pr.; ? castle (caer) heath.

ROSKARNE, ? alder (geurn) heath.

ROSE-KEN, -N, ? ridge (cein) heath.

ROSKEIF, ? ditch (keif, M.L.) heath.

ROSK-ELLY, -ILLY, -ILLEY, the grove
(ceil) in the valley, Pr.; ? grove
heath or moor or vale.

ROSKENNAL, ? Cynwal's (w.) heath.

ROSKENNING, ? Cennyn's (w.) heath.

ROSKERROW, ? camps' (curow) h.

ROSKESTAL, valley of the castle, Po.;
? castle heath or moor.

ROSK-KILLIN, o. -Celyn, -Chelyn,
-Quelin, ? holly (celin) heath.

ROSKORLA, i.q. Roscorla.

ROS Korwell, i.q. Roscorwell.

ROS KROW, n.f., i.q. Roscrow.

ROSKR-OWGIE, -UGE, i.q. Roscrouge.

ROS KURO-H, -K, hag's (grwch, w.)
moor, J.B. ; or, i.q. Roscrow.

ROSKYMER, i.q. Reskymer.

ROSM-ERAN, -ORAN, i.q. Rosemerrin.

ROS MINVET, d.d., ? brushwood (man-
vydd, w.) heath or moor.

ROSMO-REVY, i.q. Rosemoderiss.

ROSNTHON, i.q. Rosenthian.

ROS OGAN, the moist (sog-an) valley,
Pr.; (agen, a cleft, chink, w.).

ROSSMON, n.f., i.q. Rosemoon.

ROSPREEVE, n.f., ? i.q. Roseparva.

ROSRAGE, ? i.q. Roskurok.

ROSS, n.f., i.q. Ros.
RUSWICK, i.q. Roswick.

Rosarlock, i.q. Tallwch's (w.) heath.

Rosteadge, (leg) valley, Pr.

Rosier-sister, n.f., = ros tir, moor land, R.W.; or, Other's (w.) heath.

Rostidegon, i.q. Ditchen heath.

Roustrack, i.q. watery (douric) h.

Rostowda, i.q. Tudor's (w.) heath.

Rosuga, i.q. Rosogon. Pr.

Ros-uck, -wick, valley of the village, port, or haven (gwic), Pr.

Rosurrane, -ce, -s, i.e. lambs' (eanes) higher (urra =vartha) heath.

Rosunrow, i.q. higher heath.

Rosvean, i.q. Rosvean.

Rosve-ar, -er, -or, great heath.

Rosvarane, i.q. Rosvarane.

Roswarchick, n.f., i.q. cows' (gwartic, w.) heath; or, i.q. Roseworthy.

Roswarva, n.f., i.q. Roseworthy.

Rosy, n.f., = rhosyd, moors, w., R.W.

Roter, n.f., = i.q. Ruth Dower.

Rotheron, = rhiw derwen, the slope of the oak.

Rough, n.f., = i.q. Ralph.

Rouc-cyvall, -sevalle, the vale of the horse (ronse, a.), or of the bramble-thicket (raunse, f., W.B.); or, = n.f. Roun-Aville, -evel, -well (ville, town), f.

Roundago, = the round or camp, t.

Rounda Park, round close, t.

Round Ball, = round hill, t.

R.-Bury, -aberry, the round earthwork (bury), t.

R. Croft, = hill (ryn) croft, T.C.

R. Ham, = castle meadow (ham, s.).

R. Outh, = run nowyd, new hill.

Roundy Park, i.q. Rounda Park.

Rounsley = Rumon's pasture, t.

Rouse, i.q. Ros or Roswe.

R. Rose, = red (rooz) moor (ros).

Routh Moor, red (ruadh) moor.

Rovier, i.q. Rivier.

Rowan Cove, = St. Rumon's cove.

Row-den, -don, -down, = rough (row, m.c.) down or hill (dun).

Rowdy, = rhiu dy, house slope.

Rowe, n.f., i.q. Ralph.

Row-ell, -ie, n.f., = Raoul, house wolf, t., Y. ; = i.q. Ridulphus.

Rowland, round land or field, t.

Rowling, n.f., dim. of Rowell.

Rowly, rough pasture (lea, t.).

Row-Park, -Pock, rough close.

Rowse, n.f., = rooz, red.

Row-, Rough-Tor, rough (huero) hill, B. ; = riuog-tor, king tor, ga., Beal; red (ruadh) tor, P.S.H.

Roydon, = king's (rzy) hill (dun).

Ruallen, = rhih a lyn, the declivity or slope by the lake or stream, M L.

Ruan, from p.s. St. Rumon, O.*

Ruberry, = slope (rihu, w.) of the hill (bre).

Rud-all, -dle, -hall, n.f., = red (ruadh) moor or hill (hat); or, i.q. Ridulphus, t.

Rudhers, = Rother's [farm].

Rudley, = ford (ryd) place (le).

Rudliff, n.f., = red cliff, t.

Rudmoor, red moor, t.

Ruffy, = rough enclosure (hay), t.

Ru-in, -n, -ne, = i.q. Reen.

Rule, n.f., = i.q. Rowell.

Rum, s.B.m., a giant, t., F.

Rumford, Rum's ford, t.

Rumun, B.m., = the Roman.

Rund-al, -le, = i.q. Arundel.

Run Braws, = big (bras) hill (run).

Rung, i.q. Reen.

Run Guay, hill by the water (gwy).

Runnalls, n.f., i.q. Reynolds.

Ruscarrock, i.q. Roscarrock.

Rusden, n.f., = rush vale (denu, s.), t.

Ruse, (Rush, n.f.), i.q. Rose.

* Ruan Lanihorne, the church (lan) of St. Rumon in the angle (corn), Wh.; the iron (hainam) church of St. Rumon, Po.; the iron church near the river (ruan), Pr.; St. Rumon's by the horn-shaped enclosure (lan), C.; Ruan Major & Minor, St. Rumon's the greater and the less (lat.), Po.; Ruan Major, the great river, Ruan Minor, the less river, Pr.!! Ruon is found on the maen scryfa, Michell = royal, Po.
RUSHLADE, rushy water-course (leat), t.
RUSHY, rush close (hay), t.
RUSSLYN, i.q. Roskillin.
RUTH DOWER, red (rudh) water (dour)
RUTHERN, i.q. Rothern.
RUXMORE, rush (risc, s.) moor, t.
RUZ-A, -AH, red (rooz) close (hay).
RYALTON, royal (riot, town, Pr.
RYE-ARISH, -EARKISH, rye stubble
(ersc, s.) field.
RYE PARK, rye close (parc).
RYES HILL, middle (cres) hill.
RYLAND, rye land or field.
RYNE HILL, a reduplication.
RYT, B.m., i.q. Read.
RYVIER, i.q. Rivier.

SADELL, Sagell, Sadgewell, 
? sedge hill or well, t.
SADGE-, Sage-moor, n.f., sedge
moor, t.
SAFFRON PARK, i.q. Park Saffran.
SAINGUILANT, e.d.d., Sanguiland,
d.d., i.q. St. Gluvias or St.
Gennys.
SAINT-ADWEN, -ATHAWYN, -ANDU
WIN, ? = Athelwine, noble friend,
s., Y.; now Advent, v. S. ANNE.
S. AGNES, from p.s. (pure, gr.).
S. ALDHELM (chapel), noble (adel)
helmet (helm), s.
S. ALLEN, from p.s. S. ALUNUS or
Elwinus, O., = elf friend, s., Y.
or, S. Alun (a.s.); the (an) moor
(hal) saint, Hi.; or, church (lan)
moor.
S. AMBRUSCA (ch.), i.q. Ambro,
im mortal, gr.
S. ANDREW, Andreas, a stout or
strong man, gr.; see Calstock.
S. ANIANUS (ch.), ? = uniuun, just, w.
S. ANIETUS, e.d.d., i.q. S. Neotus.
S. ANTHONY, from p.s. S. ANTONI-US
or -NUS, inestimable, lat., Y.
S. AUBYN, u.f., o. SانتABYN, Sent-
ABYN, ? = albinus, white, lat.
S. AUSTELL, -TLE, from p.s. S. Aus-
tolus, O.; i.q. Hawystl, w.s.

holy hostelry, H.; holy altar, Po.
SAINT BARRE, i.q. S. Fim, Fin-bar-
rus.
S. BARTHOLOMOW, son of furrows, h.
See Warleggon, Lostwithiel, &c.
S. BENNETT’S (ch.), i.q. S. Benedictus,
blessed, lat.
S. BERINUS, W.W., ? = Bertwine,
bright friend, t.; or, i.q. S. Ber-
wyn, w.
S. BLAZEY, from p.s. S. Blaizius,
lisper, lat.
S. BREA, see Breage.
S. BREWARD, from p.s. Brueurdis,
O., Bp. Brewer, H.; from bruyere,
heat, f., T.
S. BRIDG (ch), = Brighid, strength,
i., Y.
S. BRIOCUS, ? = breach, spotted, i;
see Breock.
S. BUDOCUS, see Budock.
S. BURYAN, from p.s. S. Buriana, O.
S. CAD-IX, -OX, i.q. S. Cyricus, Ly.
S. CARANTOCUS, ? = coronedig, crown-
ed, w.; see Crantock.
S. CHRISTINA (ch.), christian, lat.
S. CHY GWIDDEN, holy white (guydun)
Thursday (de Jeu), Dr.
S. CLEA-, CLE-THER, from p.s. S. Cle-
derus, O., = clyther, a defence, R.W.;
clether, fencer or gladiator, T.
S. CLEER, from p.s. S. Clarus, O.,
bright, renowned, lat.
S. CLEMENT’S, from p.s. S. Clement,
O., gentle, merciful, lat.
S. COANUS, p.s. of MERTHER, O.
S. COLAN, FROM p.s. S. Colanus, O.,
? little (vean) dove (colom).
S. COLUMB, from p.s. S. Columba,
the dove, lat.
S. CON-AN, -ANDUS, see Roach.
S. CONGAR (ch.), ? = Concar (w.s.).
S. CONGOLASIU, (Bishop), grey (glus)
[haired] lord (con), Wk.
S. CONSTANTINUS, firm, lat.; see
Constantine.
S. COO-SE, -Z, holy wood (cus), Pr.
S. CORENTINUS, see Cury.
S. CORNELIUS, see Cornelly.
SAINT CRA

SAINT CrADOC (ch.), i.q. Caradac, beloved, w.
S. CReWENA, see CROWAN.
S. CRida, see CReed.
S. CUBY, i.q. S. KEBy.
S. Cuthbert, noted splendid, t., Y.; see CUBERT.
S.-DAChUN, -DACUNUS, ?deacon, gr.; or, i.q. S. Decumanus, farmer of tithes, lat.
S. DAVID, beloved, darling, h.; see DAVIDSTOWE.
S. DENNIS, from p.s. S. Dionysius; or, camp (dinas) saint, Hi.
S. Derwe (ch.), ? deru wy, the oak by the water.
S. DOGMEL (ch.), ? = w. S. Dogfael.
S. DOMINICK, from p.s. S. Dominica, O., Lord's-day born, lat.
S. DUNSTAN, see LANLIVERY.
S.-EAST, -EwST, i.q. S. JUST.
S. Ede, 14 cent., i.q. S. ISSEY.
S. EDMUND's, rich (ead) protection (mund), t., Y.
S. ELECTA (ch.), elect lady, lat.
S. ENDELLION, from p.s. S. Endellenta, O., Delian or Telian, T.
S. ENODER, from p.s. Ennodorus, O., i.q. S. Athenadorus, T., ? = Win-heder (w.s.); holy soul (ene) water (dour), or town (tre), H. !
S. ENODOCK, from p.s. S. Gwinodec, i.q. Conetocucus or CUNAIDO.
S. ERME, from p.s. S. Hermes.
S. ERN-EY, -A, -E, holy (san) hour (urna) or eagle (erne, t.), T.; p.s. not known.
S. ERTH or ERCY, B., v. EARTH, from p.s. S. Ercus, O.; holy earth, i.e. ground, H.
S. ERYAN, ? from S. Erbin (w.); a litany, H.; p.s. S. Hermes, O.
S. ETHELRED (ch.), noble (adel, s.) threat (thryth, s.), t.

SAINT EvoL, from p.s. S. Uvelus, O.; ? i.q. S. Ewall, = Ethelwald, noble power, t.; aval, an apple, Dr.
S. EVE, i.q. S. IVE.
S. EWE, from p.s. S. Ewaor Eustachius, O., happy in harvest, gr., Y.
S. EW-INS, -NY, ? = Unchi, contentious, i.; see CROWAN, RedRUTH.
S. Eye, 14 cent., i.q. S. Ives.
S. Felicitas, happiness, lat.; see PHILACK.
S. Feoca, see FEock.
S. FIDES (lat.), or S. FAITH (ch.).
S. Filius, see PHILLeigh.
S.-FIr-, -FIN-BARRUS, fine hair, i.; p.s. of FOWEY, O.
S. FINGAR (d.), i.q. Gwinear, Wh.
S. Francis (ch.), free, t., Y.
S. Gabriel (ch.), God's hero, h.
S. George, tiller of the ground, gr.; see TRENEGLOS.
S. Gerrans, from p.s. S. Gerrendus.
S. GERMANS, from p.s. S. Germanus.
S. GermoCus, see Germoe.
S. GI-dGEY, -Ggy, i.q. ZANzIDGIE.
S. Ginokes, Le., i.q. S. WINnow.
S. Gluvias, from p.s. S. Gluviacus, O., ? i.q. Gluwys Cerniw, w.; from glevas, to hear, H.
S. Goemandus, see ROACH.
S. Goran, i.q. GOKRAN.
S. GOTHIANUS, see GWITHIAN.
S. Grace, see PROBUS.
S.-GRADE, -GRADUS, see GRADE.
S. Gregory, watchman, gr.; see TRENEGLOS.
S. Gudwal, see GULVAL.
S. Gueryr, physician, Cam.
S. Gunnet, i.q. S. GUNDRED, war council, t., Y.; or, i.q. CUNAIDO.
S. Gunger, ?i.q. CENGOR, w.s.
S. Gwineoc, i.q. Gweddnic, a minister, w., R.W.; see S. ENODOCK.
S. Helena, light, bright, gr., Y.; see HELLAND.
S. Helie, see EGLOSHEYLe.
S. HENRY (ch.) home rule, t.
SAINT HER  

SAINT HERMES, see S. ERME; S. ERVAN.
S. HERYGH, i.q. S. ERTH, Wh.
S. HILARY, from P.S. Ilarius, O., 
cheerful, lat.
S.-HUGH, -HUGO, mind, t., Y., P.S. 
of Quethiock, O.
S.-HYA, -IA, see S. IVES.
S. IDA, thirsty, k., rich, happy, t., 
Y.; see MEVAGISSEY; S. ISSEY.
S. ILDIERNA, see LANSALLOS.
S. ILDUICITUS (ch.), I.q. ILLTUT, w.
S. ILICK (ch.), same; or, = Alexander.
S. ILLOGANUS, see ILLOGAN.
S. ING-ANGER, -UNGER, I.q. S. GUNGER 
or GANSEL = Wingel, Wh.
S. ISSEY, from S. Yse, w., Wh.; P.S. 
S.S. Ida & Lyda, J.Cu.
S. IVE, from P.S. S. Ivo, pers., O.
S. IVES, from P.S. S. Hya, 1a, or Ya, O.
S. JACOBUS (lat.), a supplanter (b.); 
see TREGONY; i.q.
S. JAMES, see JACOBSTOW.
S. JANUARIUS [with S. KEBY], P.S. 
of Cuby, Po.; = Gwenhwyfar, white wave, w.
S. JOHN (Baptist), from P.S. O.
S. JULIAN, see MAKER.
S. JULIOT, v. JILT, from P.S. JU-
LITTA, O.
S. JUST, from P.S. S. JUSTUS, O.
S. KANANC, i.q. LELANT, Wh.
S. KEA, i.q. KEA.
S. KEBY or KEBIUS, ? i.q. [Ja]cobus; 
see CUBY.
S. KENWYN, see KENWYN.
S. KERI, see EGLSKERRY.
S. KEVERNE, from P.S. S. KEVERAN 
or Kieran, O., black, i.; ? i.q. S. 
PIERANUS, Le.; e. d. d. SANCTI 
ACHEBRANNI.
S. KEW (P.S. unknown), ? S. KEBY, 
T.; or, i.q. W. S. KIWA.
S. KEYNE, from P.S. S. KEYNA, a 
jewel, Y.
S. LADoca, see LADOCK.
S. LALANT, W.W., i.q. LELANT, Wh.
S. LAUDUS (ch.), ? i.q. S. LAUDATUS, 
praised, lat.

SAINT LAWRENCE, (ch.) laurel, lat.
S. LEOFSTAN, B.M., beloved stone, s.
S. LEONARD'S (ch.) lion, strong, t.
S. LEVIN, from P.S. S. LIVINUS, O.
S. LUDOWANUS, see LUDGYAN.
S. MABE, see MABE.
S. MABYN, from P.S. S. MABENA, O.
S. MACHTUTUS, see S. MAWES.
S. MADERNUS, see MADRON.
S. MAGDALEN (ch.), from S. MARY.
S. MANACCUS, ? = manach, a monk; 
see LANBREATH.
S. MARCELLIANA, see TINTAGEL.
S. MARGETS, i.q. S. MARGARET'S.
S. MARTIN, from P.S. (= Mars, Y.).
S. MARVAN, ? = moreym, a maid, 
virgin, w.; see LAMORRAN; ? i.q.
S. MARY, alias S. MAWES, Car.
S. MATERIANA, see TINTAGEL.
S. MAUGANUS, ? = MORGAN; or, ? i.q. 
MUEGAN or Meigan, w.s.; see 
MAWGAN.
S. MAUNANUS, see MAWNAN.
S. MAWES (or MAUDITUS, O., or 
MARY, Car.), ? from P.S. S. MACH-
UTUS, MACHU, MACLOVIS, or MADO, 
Wh.; from Maw, a boy, A. Butler.
S. MELLION, from P.S. S. MELLANUS, 
O.; MELLYAN, Wh.
S. MERIADOCUS, ? = Meirdreigw, sea 
protector, w.; see CAMBORN.
S. MERRYN, from P.S. S. MARINA, O.; 
? i.q. S. Merin or Merini, w.
S. MERTHIANA, see MINSTER.
S. MEUBREDS, see CARDINHAM.
S. MEGA, see MEVAGISSEY.
S. MEWAN, from P.S. S. MEWANUS, O.
S. MICHAEL-CARHAYES-PENKIVEL, 
? s MOUNT, &c., from P.S.
S. MILORUS, (Meilir, w.), see MYLOR.
S. MINVER, from P.S. S. MENOFRIDA, 
O., = Maginfred, powerful peace, 
t., Y.
S. MORWENNA, see MORWINSTOW.
S. MYDBARD, i.q. S. MEUBREDUS, Wh.
S. NEDDIE, i.q. S. ENODER, Nord.
S. NEOT'S, from P.S. S. NEOTUS, O., 
compulsion, t., Y.
S. NEWELINA, see NEWLYN.
SAINT NIC

SAINT TATHEN, 17 cent., i.q. S. ADWEN.

S. TENNOCUS, TWENNOCUS, 14 cent., i.q. TOWEDNACK.

S. TERRYN, W. W., i.q. S. ERBYN.

THE SAINT TERRY, i.q. SANTRY.

S.-Tew, -TUE, i.q. S. EWE.

S. TISSIE, NOVd., i.q. S. ISSEY.

S. TORNEY, see NORTHILL.

S. TUDY, from p.s. S. Uda or Tudiws, O.

S. UL-ETTE, -iane, Le., i.q. S. JULIANA.

S. UNY, i.q. S. EWINUS.

S. UVELUS or VUELUS, ?i.q. S. EVAL, ^w. =huwe, humble; see WITHEL.

S. VEIP, from o.p.s. S. Vepus or Vepa, (= Guymp, w.s.), now SS. Cyrus and Julitta, O.

S. VORCH, see LANLIVERY.

S. WEDNOCK, ?see LANDEWEDNACK and TOWEDNACK.

S. WELVELA, see LANEAST.

S. WENDRONA, see WENDRON.

S. WENEPPA, see GWENNAP.

S. WENN, from p.s. S. Wenna (the fair), O.; ?i.q. S. Gwenman, w.

S. WERBURGA, powerful protection, i., Y.; see WARBSTOW.

S. WILLows, from S. WILLOCUS.

S. WINNIERIUS, see GWINEAR.

S. WINNOW, from p.s. S. Winnucus, O.

S. WIN-waloc, -Waloc, -wallo, -WOLaus, see LANDEWEDNACK.

S. WITHEL, ?= gwyddel, Irishman.

S. YDROG, see LANYDROCK.

SALLAKEE, SALLY KEY, ?= sul lechau, sun stones.

SALMON, ?i.q. SALMAN, w.B.m., i.q. SOLOMON (shalom, peace, h.).


SALTER, n.f., = saltiere, a maker of salt, s.; or, i.q. SALTERN, salt pit, s.

SAM-BELL, -BLE, -BALLS, -MELL, n.f., i.q. SAMWELL, w.B.m., = SAMUEL, asked of God, h.

SAMPY’S PARK, Sampson’s close.
Sancho’s Meadow, i.q. Sancoose, i.q. St. Coose.
Sancred, from p.s. St. Sancreedus, O.; = St. Faith, C.; holy belief, Pr.
Sanctuary, i.q. Santry.
Sandercock, n.f., ? red (coch) S.
Sanguinias, d.d., i.q. St. Gennys.
Sangviland, d.d., i.q. St. Gluvias.
Sankey, n.f., ? i.q. St. Key.
Sans, n.f., ? i.q. St. Agnes.
Sansom, n.f., ? i.q. St. Sampson.
Sansbury, Sauuin’s earthwork (bury, t.).
Santasperry Neck, ? isthmus of the Holy Ghost (saint esprit, f.), O.
Santo, n.f., ? i.q. Sanoe.
Santry, glebe or church land, = sant eru, holy acre or field.
Sanwinne, d.d., i.q. S. Winnow.
Saplyn, n.f., = S. Paulinus or St. Aubyn.
Sartin, n.f., ? = Sadow, w.
Satn’s Park, Sartin’s close.
Sauuin, t.d.d., a youth, d.
Sawannah, -nah, i.q. Sewannah.
Sawle, ? = sawell, healthful; or, i.q. Sawyl (w.s.).
Sawn. Vean, little Zawn.
Saxon, the Englishman.
Say-er, -Har, n.f., = sair, artizan, workman; i.q. Wright.
Sberh, t.d.d., = Ashjorn, divine bear, t.
Scaberias, the barns, or a sweeper, Pr.; sweepers or sweeping (scaberia, to sweep), Sc.
Scadd-en, -in, ? i.q. Scawen.
Scadg-ell, -hill, ? i.q. Boscadgell; or, ? under (is) the castle.
Scraith, ? boat (scath) (field).
Scantlebury, ? under (is) Gundulf’s, or Boscundle earthwork (bury, t.).
Scarberio, i.q. Skyburriowe.
Scarce Water, Scariswater, ? higher (wartha) [place] under the moor (is cors).
Scardon, -sdun, i.q. Scrosdon.
Scarne, ? under (is) Carn.
Scauan, -en, -n, elder-tree.
Scaues Water, ? higher (wartha) elders (scaw-e).
Scaun Park, elder-tree close.
School close, ? thistles’ (ascal) c.
Scilly, o. Sulley, flat rocks (lehan) of the sun (sul), B.; conger-eel (soldi) [isles], A.S.; cut off (scilly). Pr.
Scob-ell, -le, the broom plant, H.
a bench (scavell), Gv.; n.f., ? the town (ville, f.) of elders (scaw, a).
Scoffer, n.f., ? = scavorn, ear; or, scavornog, hare.
The Scoons, ? the elders (scawen-s).
Scorrier, from the tin scoria (int.), W.W.; ? long (hir) ridge (esgor, w.); or, i.q. Skyburrio.
Scoze, n.f., ? = is cors, under marsh.
Scot, n.f., ? i.q. Escott; or, ? is goed, under-wood, w.; or, Scotchman.
Scotland, underwood field.
Scowen, n.f., i.q. Scawen.
Scow Park, elder-trees’ close.
Scros-, Scraws-don, hill (dun) of fracture (sgaradh, ga.), Beal.
Scrouse, ? under (is) cross (crous).
Scudjeck, ? i.q. Lescudjeck.
Scuttle, ? under wood (is cotele).
Seage-, Sedge-moor, = seegesmore, sedge moor, s.
Seaforth, ? = sea-port (porth).
Seaton, town on the sea, t., B.; hill (dun) stream (sa, ga.), Beal.
Sec-combe, -cumb, -ombe, n.f., dry (sech) valley.
Seccouch, ? Couch’s seat (se).
Sechell, n.f., ? sedge hill.
Sedwick, n.f., ? sedge cove (guic), t.
Segar, n.f., idle, w.; victorious, s.
Seghs-, Seghs-Rock, the shag or cormorant’s (shagga) rock.
Seibertus, t.d.d., = Sigbert, conquering brightness, t., Y.
Seldon, n.f., 2 prospect (sell) hill (dun); or, hill of the sun (sul).
Selven, 16 cent., i.q. S. Levan, O.
Sellan Veon & Veor, little and great dry (sech), or low (isel), or sun (sul) enclosure (lan).
Selly, n.f., = selic, conspicuous.
Semers-, Semes-don, ? Seymour’s hill.
Semmons, n.f., Simon’s [son].
Semsworthy, ? Sims’ farm, t.
Sendrow, n.f., i.q. Sandoe.
Sennen, from p.s. S. Senana; the saint’s or holy (sans) Vale (nans), Pr.
Sentry, i.q. Santry.
Serpell, n.f., = sarf pol, serpent’s pool, Ch.; = service-tree hill.
Sescombe, n.f., i.e. sedge vale.
Session, n.f., = saesyn, a Saxon, w.
Seth-ney, -noe, = St. Idno; or, Idno’s seat (se).
Sevarta, high (worth) seat, Pr.
Seveak, -veock, the seat in the hollow (veage), Pr.
Sewanna, the seat by (? on) the downs (geonnow), Pr.
Sewinus, w.B.m., = sweym, a youth, d.
Seworgan, i seat (se) on (wear) the down (goon).
Sewrah, iold-woman’s (gcrach) seat.
Sewulf, w.B.m., sea wolf, t.
Sexton, o.n.f., the Saxon.
Seym-er, -our, n.f., = St. Maur, Lo.; or, seamere, a tailor, a packhorse, s.
Shab-ber, -bra, = scaber, barn.
Shakes Moor, shag or cormorant moor; (jan jeat, a snail, m.c.);
Shallbrook, n.f., shallow-brook, t.
Shallow Crease, ? middle cres) [field] under the moors (is hallow).
S. Park, under-moor close (pare).
S. Pool, jawbone (challa) pool, J.Ca.
Sharpitor, Sharp-y-Tor, -torry, = sharp point Tor, B.; n.f., Shap-ter.
Sharpnose, ? sharp point, t.
Shawl, ? = is holl, under moor.

Sheep-an, -en, -ing, = scipen, a cow-house, stall, stable, s.
Shekel Hill, ? rye (syyal) field (gweal), or hill.
Shepna-, Shepton-Park, Shippen close (pare).
Sherry, n.f., = Jerry, Jeremiah; also Sherr-i-es, -ys.
Sherston, shire boundary stone, t.
Shievock, the dwelling (? chy) by the oak river (gwy, Pr); or, i.q.
Seaveak.
Shillingham, the dwelling (ham) covered with slates, t., H.; ? Julian’s home.
Shilson, n.f., ? Julian’s son.
Shipley, n.f., sheep pasture, t.
Shippen Park, Shipping Port, cow-house (scipen, s.) close (pare).
Shipway, n.f., i. sheep walk, t.
Shiver Park, i.q. Park Sheeba.
Sho-al, (n.f. Sholl), i.q. Shawl.
Shoe-, Shoot-, Shoota-, Shooter-, Shot-, Shota-, Shut-, Shute-, Shutter-Park, i.q. Park Shutter.
Shoreston, i.q. Sherstone.
Shorley, n.f., i.q. Chorley.
Shover Park, i.q. Park Skeba.
Siebet Rock, Sibella’s rock, Bl.
Silva, prospect (sell) place (va).
Sim-coe, -mons, -s, n.f., from Simon, Lo.
Sinns, the saints’ [abode], Pr.
Sireuulod, t.d.d., conquering (sigor, s.) power (wald, s), t.
Sithney, the bishop’s land, Pr.; from p.s. St. Siduinus, O.
Sitwell, n.f., i.q. St. Sativola.
Siuward, t.d.d., = Sige-ward, conquering guard, t.
Size, n.f., = sais, a Saxon.
Skabbar, the barn (seebar).
Skawn, n.f., = seawen, an elder tree.
SKEERT, i.q. Roskear.
Skel-low, -y, i.q. Roskelly.
Skene, n.f., = ysgeir, a knife, w., R.W.
Skennock, -ock, n.f., ? sedgy.
Skewed, ? new (noweth) sedge [field].
Skentlebury, n.f., i.q. Scantlebury.
Skewerthers, ? ? cliff (sgeir, i.) sheep.
Skew-es, -is, -ish, -s, a shady place (sees, scod, a shade), Pr.
Skewjack, ? shady (seezack) [place].
Skibber, the barn (sciber).
S. Widden, ? white (gwaidn) barn.
Skidmore, n.f., = escud' amour, shield of love, t., Lo.; ? great (mawr) shade (scod).
Skin Field, ? sedge (huseen) field.
Skinham, ? sedge border (hem).
Skinnard, n.f., 'feltmonger; or, = Skinner, n.f., long (hir) sedge.
Skin-ish, -y, ?, sedgy.
Skipper Park, i.q. Park Skeba.
Skisdon, ? shady (sees) hill (dun).
Skitter Park, Skitty, ? privat (seedwith) close (pare).
Skibburriowe, the barns.
Slad, Slade, valley, N.H.
Sladdyvean, little valley.
Slade's foot, ? valley end.
Slater, n.f., ? i.q. Salter; or
Sluaghter, n.f., = slagter, a butcher, d.
Slay, -ea, -eigh, n.f., i.q. Treslea.
Slee, Slo-, Slu-, Sly-man, n.f., i.q. Salmon.
Slimeford, muddy passage, t.
Sloven's Bridge, from is loe vaen, under the stone tumulus, M'L; alias Slaughtcr Bridge.
Slushay, ? sloppy close (huy), t.
Slutscoome, ? St. Iltuts' vale.
Slutswell, ? St. Iltuts' well.
Smallacombe, ? little vale.
Smalla Park, ? little close.
Smeath, -athe, -eth, n.f., ? = smoethe, a smooth plain, a field, s.; or = Smith.
Smeaton, ? Smeath enclosure, t.
Smeatham, ? Smeath border (hem).
Smithick, Smytheke, Smythweek, ? ? Smeath's village (guic); or, smithy; or, smooth haven; now Falmouth.
Snail, Snell, n.f., ? = snel, bold, active, s.; or, i.q. Chynale.
Soady, Soddy, Sody, n.f., ? south, or moist (sog) house.
Soar, Sorn, corner (sorn), Pr.; or, = sorn, a causeway, pavement, B.
Sockemoor, n.f., ? moist moor.
Soden, n.f., ? south vale (deu, s.).
Soldiers' croft, from Sul, the sun, jar, lord or governor, Buller.
Solom-an, -on, n.f., i.q. Salmon.
Someries, ? Somer's, or summer leas or pastures, t.
Somerston, ? summer, or south lake (mer) enclosure or town, t.
Soo, Sore, Le Sor, Sower, n.f., = zav, heathcock, grouse, Pr.
Soper, n.f., ? south close (pare).
Southerland, ? southward field, t.
Southey, n.f., south close (huy).
South Hill (?); p.s. St. Samson.
Sowden, n.f., i.q. Soden.
Sowder, ? south, or moist (sog) land (hir).
Sowell, n.f., south hill; or, i.q. Sawle.
Soweth, n.f., ? south heath, t.
Sower, ? = zigyr, sluggish.
Spar Croft, ? barn (sciber) croft.
Spargo, ? barn wood (coat).
Spark, n.f., ? i.q. Sperrack.
Sparn-a, -eck, -ick, -ock, thorny (spernic) [place].
Sparnell, ? thorn moor (hal).
Sparnon, ? thorn (spern) down (oon).
Sparrot, ? = lower (isa) Park Yet.
Spear Hay, ? barn (sciber) close (huy).
Spearies Park, spirit ( speris) close.
Spearn, = spern, thorns.
Spec-cot, -ot, n.f., Speke's cottage.
STENALL-ES, -AS, stone meadows, s.
STEP, n.f., i.q. Stephens.
STEPHEN GELLY, Stephen’s grove (celli).
STEPHENSDON, Stephen’s hill (dun).
STEPH-, STEP-NEY, Stephen’s close (hay).
STER, i.q. START.
STICKEN BRIDGE, ? from stucken, a pale, post, stake.
STICKLE HILL, ? stile (stigel, s.), or steep (sticcle, s.) hill, t.
STIDIFORD, n.f., ? St. Tudy’s ford.
STITCH, narrow strip of land, m.c.
STOCK, n.f., = stoc, tree trunk or stock; or, a place, s.
STOCK-ADON, -ATON, -ETON, ? stock hill (dun), or enclosure (tun, s.).
STOCKE-, STOKE-LEY, ? stockaded or stock pasture, t.
STOCKWELL, ? stockaded well, t.
STODDEN, n.f., = ystoden, a swath of corn, w., R. W.; or, = isa todn, under lay.
STOGGY MOOR, sticky moor, t.
STOKE CLIMBLAND, the chief place (stoc, s.) on Clement’s land; p.s. not known.
STOKE-Meadow, i.q. Stock-.
STOKETON, ? stock or stockaded enclosure (tun), t.
STONEMAN, ? stone (maen), redup.
STOTTEN, n.f., i.q. Stodden.
STONE, the place, s.
STRANG, ? under (is) Drannack.
STRANG-WAGE, -WICH, STRANGeways, i.q. Restronguet.
STRATHILL, ? spring (stret) hill.
STRATTON, street (strat, s.), highway, or valley (ystrad, w.) town, B.; hill of springs, Pr.; p.s. St. Andrew
STR-AUL, -OWL, -OWL, ? couch-grass (strol, T. Q. C.) [field].
STRAY PARK, ? ? under-town (-is dre) close.
STREET AN G ARROW, ? the (an) rough (garow) street.
Street an nowan, the new street.
S. Mehale, Michael's street.
STRODE, -oote, n.f., ? = w. ystrad, a
valley; a street, paved-way.
STROILY MOOR, ? couch-grass moor.
STRONET, i.q. RESTRONGUET.
STURSDON, ? steers' hill (dun).
SUD-, SUT-COT, ? south cot, t.
SUFFENTON, ? south spring (fenton).
SUFFREE, ? south hill (lve).
SULJOR CROFT, i.q. SOLDIERS' CROFT
SUTTLE PARK, ? south-hill close, t.
SUTTON TOWN, south-town farm or
town-place, t.
SWAINE, -n, n.f., ? = yswain, a squire,
w., R.W.; or, i.q. SAUIN, t.
SWALLOW, from St. Wallocen (Bp.).
SWANNOCOT, SAUIN's cottage, t.
SWIFTAFORD, ? rapid ford, t.
SWIMMER, SWYNNAR, n.f., ? from
St. Gwinear.

TABB, n.f., ? i.q. DABB.
TABBIN'S HOLE, St. Aubyn's cave, t.
TABLE, n.f., ? i.q. TEBBOT.
TACA-, TAC-BERE, ? Tago's farm, t.
TA-COYSE, -gos, -gus, -ggs, ? wood
(cus) house (ti), or side (tu).
TADDIPORT, parent (lad) haven, Wh.
TAERBYN, n.f., O., ? i.q. St. Erbyn.
TAFFY'S CLOSE, i.q. Davie's close.
TAIL-, TALA-PARK, ? manure (teil)
close (parc).
TALAN, w.B.m., ? = talon, belly.
TALBOT, ? HALBOAT house (ti); n.f.,
a hunting dog, hound, t., Lo.
TAL-CARNE, -KARNE, d.d.-CAR, -GAR,
high rock, Pr., or heap of rocks;
or, i.q. TOLCARN.
TALGOLLE, d.d., ? top or front (tal)
of the grove (celli); now TOLGULLA
TALGOUSE, ? top of wood (cus).
TALGROGAN, ? high rock (carrag) on
the down (guon, goon, oon).
TALLACK, n.f., ? = talawy, one having
a large forehead, w.; or, talhac, a
roach or rock fish.

TALLAND, high church (lan), Pr.;
highland, H.; headland, C.; from
p.s. St. Tallanus, O.
TALLANGOVE, ? ANGOVE hill (tal).
TALLAWARREN, i.q TRELOWARREN.
TALLERVEY, n.f., ? = tal errew, end
of the fields, w., R.W.; or, tall
HARVEY.
TALLHAY, ? high enclosure (hay).
TALLING, n.f., ? i.q. TALAN.
TALLOW PARK, ? TALLACK's close.
TALMENETH, Le., ? mountain (men-
edh) height or top; now TALMENOR
TALSKI-DDY, THY, ? privat (sciddy =
seedwic, B.) hill.
TALVAN, ? = talva, a projection, w.,
R.W.; or, little (bean) hill.
TALV-AR, -OR, ? great (maur) hill.
TAL-VARN, -VERN, ? alder or marsh
(gwarn, guern) hill or summit.
TALVRAN, ? crow (bron) hill.
TAL Y MEAN, top of the stone, J.B.;
the tall rock (maen), Bl.
TAMAR, great (maur) water (tau,
B.; ta, ga., F.; ? dowr).
T. HAM, ? TAMAR meadow (ham, s.).
TAMBL-YN, -INSON, n.f., ? from THOM-
AS, = Tomlin, Tomlinson.
TAMELLIN, ? i.q. TAMILL, TA MILL,
or TAME MILL; ? the mill (melin)
on the gentle (tam, s.) [stream].
TAMERTON, the enclosure (tun, s.)
on the river TAMAR; p.s. not
known.
TAMLIN PARK, ? i.q. TAMLIN (i.e.
TAMBLYN's or TAMELLIN) field.
TAMZEN CLOSE, ? Thomasine's c.
TANCREEG, ? fire (lan) barrow (creeg),
Pr.; i.q. TRENCCREEK or TENCCREEG
TANGAY, n.f., banner (lan) hedge (ce).
TAN-HAY, -PARK, ? under or fire
(lan) close.
TANKARD, n.f., grateful (thanc) guard
(weard), or council (red), s.
TANKINS, ? Tonkin's [tenement].
TAPSON, n.f., ? i.q. Thomasine.
TARAVEOR, alias BULL- (tarow) LANE
(fordh, for, vor).
TARBREAN, ? little (bean) field (bir).
TERNOOTH, new (nowedh) land.
TERRORS PARK, i.q. Park Daras.
TERROSE, i.q. Roster.
TERWINCHE, i.q. TREWINCHE.
TETHEN HALL, ? furze (eithen) house (ti) moor (hul).
TEUTHEY, Le., i.q. THREUTHEY.
TEWAN, i.q. Towan.
TEWARDEVI, d.d. i.q. TREWARDREVA
TEWEATH, wood-house (gwedh, trees), R.W.; or, watch (gwith) house.
TEWINGTON, hillock, barrow, or tumulus (tumh) hill (dun), M.L.
THANKS, o. Thanceans, = ti angosu, house of view, Po. (?).
THICK, n.f., i.q. THICAG.
THIRD GROUND, i.q. THROAT.
THOMS, n.f., i.q. THOMAS.
THORL-ETON, -ibeare, ? Thorold's enclosure (tun) or farm (bere), t.
THIRSCUTT, n.f., i.q. TRESWICHT.
THE THROAT, i.q. THWART-LAND, the thwart or cross piece of land, t.
TIBBOT, n.f., i.q. TEBBOT.
TICOIITH, d.d., i.q. TUCOIS.
TIDDY, n.f., = tidi, a breast, pap; or, i.q. TEGHDY, or TIDI (river).
TIDICOMBE, vale of the TIDI river.
TIDIFORD, passage over the TIDI.
TIDWELL, = tude well, t.
TIENGILLY, ? house (ti) by the grove (an gelli).
TILLY, n.f., = teily, a family, household; or, from Bodilly.
TIMBERL-, TIMBERLIMB-, TIMBERHAM, i.q. timber-hill meadow (ham, t.) or boundary (hem), t.
TIN-, TING-COMBE, ? bottom of (tin), or house in (ti en), the coomb, R.W.; or, TINK's or the chaffinch (tinc, s.) vale.
TINCROFT, sharp-pointed (tyn) croft, T.C.; ? bottom (tin) of the croft.
TINDERN, under oak-tree (tanderwen), R.W.
TINDEROW, hill of the druids, Po.; ? oak (derow) hill (dun).
TINES, = dinas, castle, city.
TING-TANG, i.q. DING-DONG.
TINKERSLAKE, fire (tan) castle (caer) lake, Beal.

TINKLAND, ?Tink’s (n.f.) field, t.

TINNY, n.f., ?i.q. DENNY.

TIN PARK, ? castle (din) close.

TINTAGEL, the secure or impregnable (diogel) castle, H.; castle of deceit (dixelth'), T.; ??Togel's (t.) castle.

TINTEN, THINTON, ? bottom (tin) of the hill; or, fire (tan) hill.

TIPPET, n.f., i.q. TEBBOT.

TIPPITON, Tippet's farm (tun, s.).

TIRGRISS, n.f., mid (cre) land (tur).

TIVERNHAIL, d.d. TIWARTH-EL, -AL, i.q. TYWARNHALE.

TOBER TON, two barrows' hill, Mur.

TOBY, n.f., = Tobias (c.n.).

TODDEN, = toddn, lay or grass land.

TODDY WELL, ? tadpole well, t.

TODPOOL, tadpole pool, t.

TODSCAD, or TOLSCAD, the shady (scod, a shade) hole or pit, H.

TODSWORTHY, ?TODD'S (n.f., ? = fox, t.) farm (weorthig, s.).

TOKER, n.f., ? fuller, t.; or, twiwr, a clipper, w.; or, i.q. TALCAER.

TOL-CARN, -CIRNE, the stone or rock (carw) with a hole (tol) in it, or i.q. TALCARN, Pr.; T. WARSHA & WOLLAS, higher & lower T.

TOLDAVAS, sheep (davas) hole, or hill (tal), W.B.; i.q. TRELODAS.

TOLDOWER, ? water (dour) hole.

TOLESCAN, ? elder-tree (seawen) hill; or, sedge (hescen) hole.

TOLFRAK GREEN, [fair-]green free (franc, f.) of toll.

TOLGARRACK, -ECK, rock or rocky hill (tal) or hole (tol).

TOLGATE, hole or cell in the wood (caot), J.M., ?i.q.

TOLGOATH, wood hole or hill.

TOL-GOOSE, -GUS, the hole in the wood (cus), or the quaking hole; or, i.q. TALGUS, Pr.

TOLGROGAN, i.q. TALGROGAN.

TOLGULLA, -O, the bottom or lower (gwollach) hole, Pr.; o. TALGOLLEN; d.d. TALGOLLE.

TOLKERN, ?i.q. TOLCARNE.

TOLL, a hole, perforation; or, = tal, a forehead, a hill, high [place].

TOLLER, n.f., inspector of holes made for tin-bounds, Pr.; ? a toll gatherer (toller).

TOLL WIDDEN, ? little (m.c.) hole.

TOLMAN, n.f., hole stone (maen); or, high (tal) place (man).

TOLMEN, hole of stone, B.

TOLMENOR, ? the hole of the boundary (or) stone.

TOLMIE, n.f., ? i.q. TOLMEN.

TOL PEDEN PENWITH, ? the hole headland (pen, pedn) of PENWITH.

TOLROY, -Y, ? king's (ruy) hill.

TOLSCATHEN, ? washbrev (suggathan, w.) hole.

TOLSK-ADY, -EDY, -ITHEY, ? i.q. TALSKIDDY or TOLSCAD.

TOLVA-N, -DEN, high (ban) hole, T.C.; or, little (vean) hole; or, i.q. TOLMAN.

TOLVEDDEN, little (veden, vean) hole.

TOLVER, great (meur), or short (ber) dale (dol), H.M.W.

TOLVERN, -ORN, the foreigner's hole or high place, or oven's (forn) mouth, Pr.; ? toll-lowern, fox hole; or, i.q. TALVARN.

TOLY DAVAS, i.q. TOLDAVAS.

TOM, n.f., hot, warm, S.T.

TOMIALAND, ? the warm land.

TOM-S, -MYSS, n.f., from THOMAS.

TON-, TONN-A-COMBE, ? the farm or town-place in the vale; or, TONY's vale; (ton, leyland, a green).

TÓNNARROW, ? = w. tónn arw, rough ley, R.W.

TONKIN, n.f., dim. of TONY, Lo.

TONSEN, n.f., ? TONY's son.

TONY, n.f., ? from ANTONY.

TOP AN DRY CARN, top of the three carns, R.W.; = tuban druicy cunn, the druid’s full moon bank, T.C.

TOPPA, -ARK, top close (hoy, parc).

TOPVOUNDER, top of lane (bounder).

TOR CROBMB, crooked (crom) hill, B.

TORDRAIT, O., i.q. TYWARDREATH.
TREAT, the dwelling (tre) by the stone (an mean).
TREAT, i.q. TREAT.
TREATDDLE, ? Ardal's (i.) dwelling.
TREATDREN, ? Aerdeyn's (w.) d.
TREATICK, i.q. TREATICK.
TREA-SE, -ZE, the third, H.; ? lower (isa) town; or, i.q. TREAT.
TREASEL, ? Hawysti's (wv.) dwelling.
TREASNOW, i.q. TREATICK.
TREASMILL, ? lower-town mill.
TREASON, ? TREASE on the down (on = gwom); or, Isan's (w.) town.
TREATH, sand beach (treach); or, i.q. TREVETH, PO., or TREATH.
TREATOR, ? seedsman's (hadwr, w.) d.
TREAVE, = tref, a dwelling, w., R. W.; or, i.q. TREIFE.
TREAVEAN, little (vean) TREAVE.
TREAVES, ? i.q. TRABISS.
TREAWSET, 15 cent., i.q. TRAWISICOIT.
TREBAH, the boar's (baedh) town, Pr.; i = treva, dwelling place; T. WARTHA, higher TREBAH.
TREBANT, bridge (pont, w.) place, M.L.
TREBART, i.q. TREBARVAH.
TREBART, -ET, -ET, ? BARTRIT's d.
TREBARTF-OGT, -UT, the town over (ar) the vault or grave (bedh), Pr.; T. Barrot's (t.) dwelling.
TREBAR, ? Bran's (w.) dwelling.
TREBARM, dwelling by the barrow.
TREBARTH, -VA, -VATH, -WAH, the high (warth), or wonderful (march) place, Pr.; town of baths or washing fountains, H.; place of the bard (bardh), C; ? i.q. TREWARDAH.
TREBARTH, -VATH, -VETH, -WITH, ? i.q. TREWARTUARDAH.
TREBARTUAWOW, ? higher (wartha) dwelling (treva) on the down (gwom).
TREBASIL, i.q. BASIL's dwelling.
TREBATH, ? boar (baedh) town.
TREBATH, i.q. TREBARTHA.
TREBATHEVY, David's (Devi) dwelling place (trenv).
TREBBY, i.q. TREBBY.
TREBBIAK, = Little- (bian) ton.
TREBBIAK, ? great (mean) town.

TREBE-ATH, -ITH, i.q. TREVATH.
TREBEDACK, ? Bywdeg's (wv.) town.
TREBEFFIN, ? little (bian, vian) dwelling place (trev).
TREBEANE, town of the giant's (ghean) grave (bedh), Car.; ? i.q. TREBICEN.
TREBEH, -OR, ? i.q. TREBEAR.
TREBIGH, i.q. TREBIGH.
TREBIGHAN, i.q. TREBICEN.
TREBE-JEW, -LJEW, -LZEW, -LZOW, black moor (hal zu) dwelling (tre).
TREBBELL, the fair or fine (bel) place, Pr.; ? distant (pell) dwelling, R. W.
TREBBELLACK, ? priest's (beleic, a.) t.
TREBBELLAN, -EN, i.q. TREMELIN, Pr.; ? Belin's town or dwelling.
TREBBELLANCE, i.q. TREBOLLANCE.
TREBENNEK, ? woman's (benen) t.; or, ash-tree (onen) house (tre).
TREBENNY, ? BENNY's dwelling.
TREBER-ICK, -ICK, fat (berry) or fruitful place, Pr.; ? Berach's (i.) d.
TREBERS-EY, -ICK, i.q. TREVURSEY.
TREBERTHESS, ? ferryman's (porthwys, w.) dwelling.
TREBETHERICK, ? PETHERICK's d.
TREBETHIC, i.q. PETHICK's dwelling.
TREBBETYS, i.q. DER BETYS.
TREBEVERAS, i.q. TREVHERAS.
TREBICEN, -CHEN, -GH, -HAN, little (bichan) town.
TREBIFFIN, i.q. TREBEEFFIN.
TREBIL, -OW, -LOW, ? elm-tree (elaw) house (trew).
TREBIL-COCK, (-LOCK, n.f.), ? red (cock) moor (hal) or pool (pol); or, Bilcock's (Billicog, f.) house.
TREBILLE, ? BELL's dwelling.
TREBILJEW, i.q. TREEJEW.
TREBINE, i.q. TREBICEN.
TREBINNICK, i.q. TRENFICK.
TREBISKEN, ? Ysgin's (wv.) dwelling.
TREBISKEY, n.f., ? i.q. TREVISKEY.
TREBISQUETE, i.q. TRAWISICOIT.
TREBISSECK, BISSICK town.
TREBISTA, ? east field (est hay) house.
TREBIL-ARY, d.d. -ERI, ? Wallaheri's (t.) dwelling (treva).
TREBLE, n.f., i.q. Trebell.
Treblecock, n.f., i.q. Trebilcock.
Treblethick, i.q. Tremblethick.
Treblely, Bell's dwelling.
Treblelyan, n.f., i.q. Tremblelyan.
Trebnet, n.f., i.q. Trewnett.
Trebodannon, ? Dannon dwelling place (treve).
Treboer, ? pasture (powr, w.) house.
Trebollan, the clayey pit, pool (polan), or miry town, Pr.
Trebollance, ? lambs' (eanes) pool (pol), or moor (hal) house (tre).
Trebolliet, ? Boleit house.
Treboist, house by the pillar (post).
Trebothack, ? Dagge's dwelling.
Trebethevy, i.q. Trepathevy.
Tre-bowl, -boul, ? Paul's dwelling.
Trebowl-in, -ing, i.q. Trebolan, Pr.; the dwelling by the round (buelin ?), Francis; or, bowling green house.
Treboys, ? Boays's dwelling.
Trebabo, i.q. Trebabo.
Treb-Ake, -Eak, i.q. Treberick.
Trebase, ? meadow (pras) house.
Trebray, ? HIL- (bre) ton.
Trebron, i.q. Tregabrown.
Trebudannon, i.q. Trewdonannon.
Trebullam, -om, ?? William's d.
Trebulen, ? pool (polan) town.
Trebullet, i.q. Trebollet.
Treburget, ? Argwedd's (w.) d.
Treburgie, -y, i.q. Treworwy.
Treburley, ? rose (brelin) house.
Treburrick, ? i.q. Treberick.
Treburrow, i.q. Trebarrow.
Trebers-ye, -ye, o. -us, ? Bersey's or Birhsi's dwelling (tre).
Treburtha, i.q. Trewartha.
Treburches, i.q. Treberthes.
Treburthick, -thick, ? Petherick's or Pethick's dwelling (tre).
Treburtle, ? Bartholomew's (Bertyl) dwelling.
Treb-y, -yan, -yne, i.q. Trebicen.
Treby Jew, i.q. Trebejew.
Trec-ange, -cage, ? i.q. Tregeage.
Trec-ain, -cain, ? Ken town.
Trecalow, n.f., ? i.q. Tregolla.
Trecan, the white (can), or singer's (can, a song) town, Pr.; ? i.q. Trecarn, J.B.; moon (can) town, Beat.
Trecarep, i.q. Tredarrup.
Trecar-n, -ne, -ren, ? hill (corn) house, J.B.; or, Carne's dwelling.
Trecarrel, ? Charlestown.
Trecazoran, i.q. Tregazoran.
Trecichvell, n.f., ? Ankeval d.
Trecusney, ? Cunsie's dwelling.
Treckendale, i.q. Tregondale.
Trec-lago, -ega, -ego, -goe, ? rock or cliff (clegar) dwelling.
Tre Close, ? Park Trea.
Treclysten, 15 cent., ? Glysian's (w.) or scarlet oak (glasvin) town.
Trecollas, i.q. Tregollas.
Trec-ombe, -ume, vale (cum) house.
Trecconner, ? i.q. Connerton.
Trecoogo, ? cave (ogo) dwelling.
Trecoose, wood (cus) house.
Trecorm, ?? Quarm's dwelling.
Trecorn, ? corner (corn) or rock (corn) dwelling.
Trecorner, ? Garanhir's (w.) d.
Trecornick, ? Kernick town.
Trecothick, i.q. Tregothick.
Trecablen, i.q. Trecrobben.
Trecragen, the ragged rock town, H.; ? Grwgawn's (w.) town.
Trecreege, ? barrow (creeg) town.
Trecrobben, -in, the place on the crooked hill (tre crorn ben), Mur.
Trecroga, -ogo, the shelly town, Pr.; ? Rhagaw's (w.) dwelling.
Trecrombe, round (crom) town, R.E.
Trecullack, ? Cywillog's (w.) t.
Trecurden, n.f., i.q. Tregerden.
Trecurnel, ? corner (cornel) house.
Trecut, d.d., ? wood (coit) town.
Tredallet, ?? Tallard's (w.) d.
Tredan-ekck, -ick, -nack, ? Tanwg's dwelling; or, i.q. Tredennack.
Tredar-ap, -rap, -rop, -rup, i.q. Tretharap, &c.
Tredavoe, sheep (davas) town, Pr.;
David’s town, R. W.
Tred-awle, aule, o. -wel, d.d. -val, ??Idwal’s (w.) town.
Tred-eage, o. -ak, -ek, d.d. -hac, i.q. Tredheage.
Tredgeathy, ? Teithi’s (w.) dwelling.
Treden-dale, -dle, ??the dale (an dol) land (tireth), or dwelling (tre[d])
Tredenen, ? Dinan’s dwelling.
Tredenhain, Dinhan’s town.
Treden-ick, -nack, -neck, -ney, -y, i.q. Tredinick.
Tredewor, e.d.d., i.q. Tredeword, d.d., ??now Tratford.
Trederr-ap, -ip, i.q. Treharrup.
Tredew-ay, -y, -i, i.q. Trehewy.
Tredh-eurg-er, -uergy, O., i.q. Treworgy.
Tredh-du, -du, black (du) town.
Tred-idon, -tho, -ydan, ? furze (eithin) land (tireth), or house.
Tredine, Le., ??Castle- (din) ton.
Tredinham, Dinham’s town.
Tredin-ick, -nick, -ny, fortified town, or town on the hill, Pr.; ? furzy (eithenic) land (tireth).
Tred-is, -ice, -ix, ? stack- (das, w.) h.
Trediseck, 13 cent., i.q. Tredrisick, or
Tredithick, ? Tudwyg’s (w.) house.
Tredivett, ? David’s dwelling.
Trednow, ? bare (noth), or new land (tireth).
Tredo-le, -ll, -well, ? dale (dol) dwelling or farm.
Tredo-er, -ere, -wer, the town by the water (dowr) side, Pr.
Tredonnell, ? Domhnal’s (i.) d.
Tredorn, ? oak (derwen) town.
Tredown, ? the dwelling on the down; or, i.q. Trewowan.
Tredr-e, -ea, -ee, the town on the thoroughfare (dre, through), D.G.; ?? tir-adre, homer-land; or, i.q.
Tredreath, Trewath dwelling.
Tredren-en, -nen, i.q. Tredrenen
Tredr-essick, -isick, ?brambly (dre-sic) land (tireth), or dwelling (tre).
Tredrossel, ? Drwsgl’s (w.) dwelling.
Tredrus-son, -stan, -ston, ? mole-hill (torosen) land (tirr).
Tredryne, ?? Thorn- (draen) ton.
Tredunan, ? John’s (Dhuan) town.
Tredudwell, ? Tudwal’s (w.) town.
Tredundle, i.q. Tredendale.
Tredwen, ??St. Adwen’s town.
Tree Acres, ? three acre field, t.
Treegoodwill, i.q. Tregoodwill.
Tree Ham, meadow (ham, t.), or boundary (hem) with a tree on it; also Tree-Park, -Close, -Field,
-Meadow, -Moor, &c., t. (?).
Tree-man, n.f., i.q. Tremaine.
Treen, i.q. Treen.
Tree-sa, -za, ? lower (isa) town.
Tree-th, ? heath (heyth) dwelling; or, i.q. Treath.
Treeye, i.q. Treeife.
Treeyesa, i.q. Trevisa.
Tree Yew, T.a., i.q. Trewey.
Trefan, little or stone (man) town.
Trefaul, i.q. Trefraul.
Trefdewig, 10 cent., ?? Dwyvach’s (w.) town.
Treffechion, n.f., i.q. Trawegean.
Treffedow, n.f., i.q. Trevido.
Treffellans, n.f., i.q. Trewellans.
Trefen, i.q. Trewen.
Treffenick, i.q. Trewenege.
Trefew, ? yew-tree (ye) house.
Trefewha, higher (ewha) h., R. W.
Treff-ey, -eye, -y, dwelling on the hill (bre) = Hilton.
Treffgured, 10 cent., Cowryd’s (w.) d.
Trefflies, d.d., i.q. Trewillus.
Trefill, ?? rustic’s (fyll) dwelling.
Trefoil, ? clover [field].
Trefor-D, -Da, ? ford (s.) dwelling.
Treffornoc, d.d., i.q. Trevornock.
Treffran-ck, -ck, the French, liberty, or Frank’s town, Pr.
Treffraud, ? Royval’s dwelling.
Treff-eake, -eock, -eoke, d.d. -jock, fruitful (frech) town, Pr.; wife’s (freg) town, H.; ? Freock’s farm.
Treffresa, ? lower (isa) Trefry.
Trefrew, ? dwelling (tref) on the slope (rhiv, w.).
TREFREWS, Trefrew's (n.f.) [farm].
TREFRID-A, -AY, i.q. TREVIRDA.
TREFRINK, i.q. TREFRANK.
TREFRIZE, -OYSE, -YSE, -YZ, Rhys's (w.) d., R.W.; or, i.q. TREFRESA.
TREFRIOAN, ? hill (bron) house.
TREFRONICK, dwelling on the way-to-the-rivulet (for an iick), T.; town of frogs or lizards (cronec), Pr.
TREFUFF, i.q. TREFUFF.
TREFRY, hill (fry) town, Pr.
TREFRYTHE, 14 cent., ? Trefry heath (heyth).
TREFULA, the owl's (ula) town; or, town of elms (ulan), Pr.
TREF-ULICK, -ULLOCK, 14 cent. -ULLOC, the same, Pr.; ? Uallach's (i.) d.
TREFUNDRYN, 13 cent., ? HENDEERN's dwelling; or, i.q. TRENDRAIN.
TREFURSDON, i.q. TREVORSDEN.
TREFURTHER, ? i.q. TREWARtha.
TREFUS-ES, -IS, -US, walled (fozes) habitation, Pr.; place of threshing, C.; three spindles, Beal.
TREFYNESKIN, 14 cent., rush-spring (fenton hescan) dwelling.
TREFYNS, i.q. TREVINCE.
TREGABEGELLA, ? herdsmen's (bugelow) dwelling place (tregoe).
TregaBROWN, hill (bron), or rush (bruin) dwelling (trega).
TREGAD-A, -ICK, -DOCK, ? i.q. TREGODICK, or TREGADIACK.
TREGAD-DRA,-DERETH,i.q.TREGODRA TREGADGER, ? CUDJORE dwelling.
TREGADGWALL, ? castle- (cadthel) ton.
TREGA-DGWUTH, -GWUTH, ? CAGD-with dwelling.
TREGADILLET, i.q. TREDALLET.
TREGAER, place of the camp (caer), M'L; war house or castle, Wh.
TREGA-GLE, o. -GILL, dirty (geglé) town, Pr.; ? grove (gelli) town.
TREGA-GO, -GE, ? Jago's dwelling.
TREGAIDOW, ? Ceidio's (w.) d.
TREGAY, fair (cain) town, R.W.
TREGAIR, i.q. TREGA-ER, -RE.
TREGAIROON, ? TREGAIR down (gwon)
TREGASE, ? tax-gatherer's (cais, w.) d.
TREGAJORRAN, i.q. TREGAZORAN.
TREGAKES, n.f., ? TREGAK's (n.f.) farm.
TREGA-LE, d.d. -L, ? moor (hal) d.
TREGALLARD, ? Gellard's (n.f.) d.
TREGALLAS, -LLES, i.q. TREGULLAS.
TREGALLEN, -LLON, -ALTON, ? hazard (collen, w.) town.
TREGALLER, ? town of grief (galar).
TREGALLY, ? i.q. TREGELLY.
TREGALRAVEAN, small (bian) miry (caillar, mire) town, T.
TREGAMEDON, i.q. TREGAVETHAN.
TREGA-MEER, -MERE, -MORE, the great (meir, mair) dwelling.
TREGAMINNI-AN, -ON, the stone dwellings, Pr.; ? John's TREGAMENA.
TREGANDEAN, the (an) man's (den) dwelling, Pr.; ? ENDIAN's d; or, d. by the fortification (an dim); or, i.q. TREGANIAN.
TREGANELE, n.f., i.q. TREGONELL.
TREGANETHA, the spinster's (?) town, H.; the great (an ethu) dwelling, Pr.; ? CUNAIDA's dwelling.
TREGAN-GEYS, -JEEVS, o. TRECON-CHIEVES, ? ? sheep (deves) down (goon) house; or, house of the drink (an deves); or, the jews' h.
TREGANGY, ? i.q. TRECHUNSEY.
TREGAN-AYKE, -OE, -OKE, the (an) pig (hoch, hoh) town, T.C.; ? Cænog's (w.) town.
TREGANHORN, the iron (horn) dwelling, Pr.; the dwelling in the corner (corn), Wh.
TREGANHOSE, ? Cwnws's (w.) d.
TREGAN-IAN, -JAN, -JOHN, the cold (sein) dwelling, or on the sea-shore (ian ?), Pr.; furze (eithin) town (tre) on the down (goon), T.
TREGA-NMEDAN, d.d., 14 cent. -MEDAN,
now Treg-, Tri-gavethan.
Tregann-a, -ack, i.q. Caenog’s (w.) d.
Tregannane, fash-tree (omen) house.
Tregano-an, -on, -n, -wan, -wen, dwelling on the down (an oon); or, Conan’s dwelling.
Treganoer, i.q. Cunwor’s dwelling.
Treganse, 15 cent., i.q. Chenisi’s d.
Tregant-allan, -ellan, i.q. Nant-allan, or Cyndelyn’s (w.) d.
Tregan-til, -tle, d. of danger (ant-ell), Pr.; place of containing, i.e. a depot; (cuntell, a collection), C.
Treganyan, i.q. Treganian.
Tregar-den, -din, -then, -thyn, -n, a dwelling on (or) a high place (din), Pr.; place of encampment, C.
Tregarnder, i.q. Che-, Chya-garder.
Tregar-dock, d.d. -duc, i.q. Cra-dock’s dwelling.
Tregar, town of love or friendship, (care, to love), H.; i.q. Tregar.
Tregarg-er,-to, i.q. Tregarth; or, Tregarus, over-wood (ar gus) h.
Tregar-ick, -rick, -reck, -rack, dwelling by the rock (carrag), T.
Tregarla, i.q. Crallo’s (w.) town.
Tregarland, i.q. Gorlaid dwelling.
Tregarlick, i.q. Harlake dwelling.
Tregar-n, -ne, i.q. Trecarn.
T. Condurrow, i.q. Condurrow T.
Tregar-on, -n, dwelling on the down (ar oon); or, Caron’s (w.) dwelling.
Tregaras, i.q. Garras dwelling.
Tregarast, i.q. the dwelling in the waste open ground (gorest, w.).
Tregart-an, -on, -hen, -yn, i.q. Tregardan.
Tregarth, i.q. high (quarth) dwelling.
Tregartha, i.q. Trewarthia.
Tregarthen, -an, -yn, i.q. Tregarden, or Gorddyfyn’s (w.) dwelling (bre).
Tregartheral, i.q. Trewartha on the moor (or hal).
Tregarthick, i.q. Grathack’s (w.) d.
Tregarthy, i.q. Trewurthy.
Tregarv-an, -in, little (bean) Tregear.
Tregaron, i.q. Tregaron.
Tregasa, i.q. Tregasick.
Tregascoe, elder-trees’ (scone) h.
Tregaseal, i.q. council (cusuil) house.
Tregasick-ick, -ack, -sa, -sah, -sow, dirty (gassic) place, Pr.; wood (cussic) town, H.; (cesow, turfis).
Tregask-ass, -es, -is, -us, -y, n.f., i.q. dwelling in the covert (gusies).
Tregasking, a.f., i.q. Hoškin’s d.
Tregastick, i.q. Tregustick.
Tregaswith, i.q. Cuswarth d.
Tregath, i.q. Tregarth.
Tregathe-enan, -nan, i.q. Dinan’s dwelling-place (tregwea).
Tregather-all, -el, i.q. Tregart.-
Tregatillion, i.q. owl (dylluan) town.
Tregat-ta, -ha, i.q. Tregatha.
Tregaur, 14 cent., i.q. goat (gower) t.
Tregavar-r-a, -ah, bread (bara) town, B.; i.q. higher (warr = wartha) d.
Tregavarras, i.q. Tregarras.
Tregavern, -orn, i.q. marsh or alder (gwern, gwarth) house (tregwa).
Tregavetha, i.q. graves’ (bedhou) d.
Tregavethian, grave town, H.; d. in the meadow (meddon, Lh.), Pr.
Tregav-ethick, -ithick, i.q. Byddig’s (w.), or great (iithic) dwelling.
Tregavone, -wne, the dwelling (tregwea) on the down (gwon).
Tregavran, d.d., i.q. Gafran’s (w.) d.
Tregawen, i.q. Gawen’s (w.) d., R. W.
Tregay, place enclosed by a hedge (ce), Pr.; i.q. Cai’s (w.) dwelling.
Tregayes, i.q. Tregay’s (n.f.) [place].
Tregaza, i.q. Tregasick.
Tregazor-an, dwelling of anger (sor), or in the corner (sorn), Pr.
Tregda, 17 cent., i.q. Tregada.
Tregia, i.q. Tregay.
Tregiege, i.q. Ciegw’s (w.) d.; or, i.q. Tregielage, i.q. Tregagle.
Tregean, giant’s (ghean) town, Car.; i.q. Cian’s (w.) d., R. W.; or, John’s d.
Tregear, -re, the green (geir) or flourishing place, fair or pretty town or goodly dwelling, Pr.; camp or castle (caer) town.
Tregear vean, little Tregear.
T. woon, Tregear on the down (gwen). Tregedda, ? Cadw’s (w.) dwelling.
Tregedick, n.f., i.q. Tregadick.
Tregedna, ? Iddew’s (w.) dwelling. Tregedon, n.f., i.q. Tregidden.
Tregedra, i.q. Tregoddreath.
Tregegen, i.q. Tregegan.
Tregel, d.d., i.q. Tregelly.
Tregelli-AS, -ES, -US, decayed, lost, or destroyed (cellys) town, Gw.;
grove (keleez, hazel grove, a.) town, Pr.; ? = Helston.
Tregell-AST, -EST, -IST, ? east Tregel; (gellast, a bitch, w.).
Tregelly, grove (celli) town.
Tregem-BER, -O, ? Welshman’s d.
Tregembris, ? Ambrose’s dwelling.
Tregemelin, d.d., mill (melin) d.
Tregen-A, -NA, -NAH, -NO, -NOW, dwelling at mouth (genua) or entrance
of a place, Pr.
Tregend-AR, -ER, ? Enoder’s (c.n.) d.
Tregennnon, ? Cynan’s (w.) d., R.W.
Tregenfor, n.f., i.q. Treganoer.
Tregentle, i.q. Tregantle.
Tregenvean, ? Cynwyn’s (w.) d.
Tregenwer, ? Cynvor’s (w.) dwelling.
Tregenyn, ? Cennyn’s (w.) dwelling.
Tregenz-A, -ER, ? Chenisi’s, Cunsie’s, or the first (censio) dwelling.
Tregoo, ?? yew (yw, w.) house.
Tregere, n.f., i.q. Tregear.
Tregerryck, -rick, -Y, green (gear) or fruitful place, or dwelling of
love (care to love), Pr.; ? Herygh’s
(i.) dwelling (tregya).
Tregerryn, -YN, ? Egryn’s (w.) d.
Tregethen, village (tre) of the
hill (dim) fortification (garth), Beal.
Tregeryth, n.f., i.q. Tregurtha.
Tregervian, ? little (bian) Tregear;
or, i.q. Tregiffian.
Tregeseal, i.q. Tregaseal.
Tregestick, i.q. Tregustick.
Tregen, n.f., i.q. Treggan.
Tregesnwy, ? Cynin’s (w.) d.
Tregesnew, ? Cynfyn’s (w.) dwelling.
Tregesnyn, ? Cenwyn’s (w.) dwelling.
Tregesn-Edon, -Iddew’s (w.) dwelling.
Treg.va., ? Iddew’s (w.) dwelling. Tregua, -on, ? Iddew’s (w.) dwelling.
Tregwern, i.q. Tregawn.
Tregwe, -on, ? outer (aves) d.
Tregew, the flourishing or place of
support, or of spears, Pr.; ? yew
(yw), or Gw or high (uch) d.
Treggass-an, -on, ? Coswin town.
Treggian, -on, n.f., i.q. Tregian.
Tregidden, ? fowler’s (idwe) town.
Tregidd-eris, -ris, Idris’s (w.) d.
Tregiddle, ? Cadfael’s (w.) dwelling.
Tregid-AN, -en, -ON, -AN, -DON, = treg-i-gian, giant’s dwelling, Pr.
Tregid-A, -0, n.f., i.q. Tregzea.
Tregido, n.f., i.q. Tregid-gia, -deo,
? ivy (idhio) house.
Tregie, ?? i.q. Tregya.
Tregiffian, ? little (bian) Tregie; or, i.q. Tregvegan; o. Tregervian,
? = treg war vyen, the town on
the stone wall, B.
Tregiga, n.f., i.q. Tregidga.
Tregild-ern, -en, ? Elldeyrn’s (w.) dwelling (tregva).
Tregilc-AS, -US, ? moo or hill (hal)
wood (eus) dwelling or town-place.
Tregilla, i.q. Tregella.
Tregyll-AS, -ES, -IS, n.f., i.q. Tre-
gyllas, or Tregilgas.
Tregilli-o, -ON, the dwelling (tre)
in the groves (kelliow), Pr.
Tregilvin, ? Eluuin’s dwelling.
Tregingale, d.d., (Tregingala,
e.d.d.), the grove (an gelli)
dwelling (tregva).
Tregin-gy, -NY, ?? the dwelling by
the water (an gyj); or, Chenisi’s d.
Treginnay, ? i.q. Tregenna.
Treginnegar, ? Cengar’s dwelling.
Tregon, i.q. Tregian.
Tregirl-es, -s, i.q. Tregurles.
Tregisel, i.q. Tregaseal.
Tregiskey, the blessed town, Pr. ??
? i.q. Treviskey.
...and great Tregoddra.

Tregod-ick, -dick, -deck, ?Ædoc's or Cadock's town; (coed-ic,woody).

Tregoe-E, -F, -If, smith's (gof) dwelling, R. W.

Tregogian, i.q. Tregean.

Tregoin, d.d., i.q. Tregony.

Tregol-DS, -Las, -Ls, holy (gol), or bushy (gols), or lower (gillas) town.

Tregole, -Ll, the same; or, dwelling by the hazels (coll, w.).

Tregomelling, i.q. Tregamelin.

Tregomini-an, -on, ? Menwinnion dwelling (trevea).

Tregon, d.d., i.q. Tregoon.

Tregon, downs (gwonau) town, Pr.; i.q. Tregony.

Tregon-an, -en, -hain, ? Conan's d.

Tregonce, ? i.q. Tregance.

Tregon-deale, -ell, ? i.q. Boscundle.

Tregondean, i.q. Tregandean.

Tregone, i.q. Tregoon.

Tregonnebr-as, -Is, ? Carn-bras or -vres, or gonebras dwelling.

Tregonegge, i.Carneggy dwelling.

Tregonell, dwelling on the Gannel; or, i.q. Tregwindle.

Tregong-an, -on, ? dwelling on the down (an goon).

Tregonger, Congier dwelling.

Tregonh-ansa, -ose, ? Chenisi's d.

Tregonh-hay, -ick, -in, dwelling enclosed (hay) on the common, Pr.

Tregonick, -nick, -ock, dwelling on the common (gwon) by the water (ick), M'L.; ? Connock's d.

Tregon-in, -ing, -nan, -nen, -nin, -ning, -non, downs' town, Po.; ? Conan's dwelling.

Tregoninny, -la, ?d. on the down by the water (an ick, M'L.).

T. vear, great (meur) Tregoninny.

T. venton, T. by the well (fenten).

Tregonion, -John, ? John's Tregon; or, i.q. Treganian.

Tregonissy, -nis, ? Chenisi's d.

Tregonitha, i.q. Treganetha.

Tregonna, i.q. Tregona.

Tregonnet, ? Conaid's (w.) d.
TREGONN-ICK, -ock, downy town, Po.; ? Connock’s dwelling.
TREGON-WELL-NELL, ? Cynowal’s d.
TREGONY, dwellings on the common (gwen) near the river (gwy), Pr.; castle on the [river] Cenia, Wh.; little-town at the mouth (genau). Cam.; p.s. St. Jacobus, O.

T. HAYN, TREGONY haven.

T. JOHN, -an, ? John’s (n.f.) T.
TREGOODEN, tree (gwidden) t., R. W.
TREGOODWELL, ? Cadfnel’s (w.) d.
TREGOOLAS, i.q. TREGULLAS.
TREGOON, d. on the down (gwen).
TREGONEBRIS, i.q. TREGONEBRAS.
TREGOOSE, i.q. TREGOASE.
TREGORDEN, i.q. TREGARDEN.
TREGORDOCK, i.q. TREGADOCK.
TREGORETH, ? Gwyrd’s (w.) d.
TREGOR-IA, -row, i.q. TREGURROW.
TREGOR-ICK, -rick, -rik, town on the river (gwar ick), Pr.; ? i.q. TREGARICK.

TREGORLA-N, -nd, i.q. TREGARLAND.
TREGORLOE, ? Crallo’s (w.) dwelling.
TREGOR-RIN, -YAN, ? Carawin’s d.
TREGORS, ? moor (cors) town.
TREGORTHA, i.q. TREGARTHA.
TREGOS-E, -S, -SE, i.q. TREGOASE.
TREGOSS-A, -AGH, n.f. -OW, -ICK, i.q. TREGASICK. (cossow, woods).

TREGOTHIA, old (coth) t., J.B.; hay (gorha) town, Pr.; ? i.q. TREGORTHA.
TREGOTHICK, i.q. TREGOTHICK.

TREGOTHANAN, old (coth) town on the plain, or in the valley (nans), Pr.; place of the twisting (goth) brook (wan, w.), C.; ?wood (coed) valley d.

TREGOULS, i.q. TREGOLDS.
TREGOUN, n.f., i.q. TREGOON.
TREGOW, smith’s (gov) dwelling.
TREGOWETH, ? wood (cuit) house.
TREGOWNE, i.q. TREGOON.

TREGO-WRAS, -URIS, i.q. TREGARRAS, or TREGARRAST.
TREGO-YD, -YE, -YES, -YS, -ZE, wood (coed, coe), or blood (gois) town.
TREGRADOCK, i.q. TREGARDOCK.

? i.q. TRECGRAGAN.

TREC-AY, -EA, ? Gwrhai’s (w.) d.
TREC-ENN, -EN, o.-EHN, -IAN, green town or d., B.; ? i.q. TRECRAEN.
TREC-ELL, d.d.-L, -ILL, -YLL, Gwrill’s (w.) dwelling.
TREGUALL, the walled (gwal, a wall) town, Pr.; ? high (what) dwelling.
TREGUARMOND, ? Wermund’s (t.) d.; or, i.q. TREWAVENETH.
TREGUD-DICK, -ICK, -DOCK, i.q. TREGODICK.

TREGUE, i.q. TREGEV.
TREGU-FFIT, -ITH, ?i.q. TREGOWETH.
TREGUIGIAN, i.q. TREGOGIAN.
TREGUIN, e.d.d., i.q. TREWYN.
TREGULE, ? field (gweal) house.
TREGULL-AN, -AND, -ON, -EN, ? hazel-tree (collen) house; or, Collen’s (w.).
TREGULLAS, lower (gullas) town, R. W.
TREGULLOW, the same, Pr.; d. of light (golow), or in the groves (killiow).
TREGUNE, i.q. TREGOWN.

TREGUNGER, i.q. TREGONGER.
TREGUN-ICK, -NICK, i.q. TREGONニック.
TREGUNN-A, -O, -OWE, ?i.q. TREGONA.
TREGUNN-AN, -ON, i.q. TREGONAN.
TREGUNNEL, i.q. TREGONWELL.
TREGUNNET, i.q. TREGONNET.
TREGUNNUS, ?i.q. TREGONNISSY.
TREGURELS, ? crushed (crehyllys) d.
TREGURN, ? i.q. TRECARN.
TREGURN-O, -W, ? CURNO’s dwelling.
TREGUR-R-A, -O, -OW-Y, ? camp (caerau) town; or, i.q.

TREGURTH-A, -Y, ? i.q. TREWARTH.
TREGURRI-N, -AN, i.q. TREGORRIN.
TREGURTHEN, ? i.q. TREGERTHEN.
TREGURY, ? goldsmith’s (ewre) d.; or, i.q. TREGUR-RA, or -THA.

TREGUSKING, n.f., Hoskin’s d.
TREGUSTICK, Ustick’s dwelling.
TREGUTH, ? i.q. TREGOAD.

TREGYA, ? dwelling (trege, to dwell) place (va = ma), abode, house.
TREGVIS, ? field (maes) house.

TREGWALLANS, i.q. TREVALLANCE.

TREGWERSYS, i.q. TREWES.
TREGWIDE, wood (cuit) house.  
TREGWINDLE, -YNNEL, ? Gwynodle’s (w.) dwelling. 
TREGWIN-ES, -YS, Genis’s dwelling.  
TREGWITHEN, i.q. TREWITHEN.  
TREGY, -N, i.q. TREGAN.  
TREHADDLE, i.q. TREDDLE.  
TREHA-L, -L, -LE, moor (hal) town.  
TRE-HALVEN, -HALLWIN, dwelling on the white-moor (hal win).  
TREHA-N, -NE, summer (han) t., Pr.; old or ancient (hen) town, Po.  
TREHANEVEAN, little TREHANE.  
TREIHAN-ICK, -NICK, -ECK, i.q. TREHAN, or TREKENNEK.  
TREHICK, -RICK, -RICK, -ROCK, -VA-RIKE, -VEROCK, ? i.q. TREGORICK.  
TREHAVERN, ? i.q. TREGAVERN.  
TREH-AVRA, -EVERES, ? i.q. TREGAVRASS; or, Ambrose’s dwelling.  
TREHA-WKE, d.d. -UOC, upper (uch, above) town, Pr.; hawk t., H.  
TREHAWLE, ? moor (hal) town.  
TREHEALE, ? same; or, river (hayl) d.  
TREHEATH, ? heath (heyth) dwelling.  
TREHEDDY, -IDY, i.q. TEHIDY.  
TREHE-ER, -IR, -RE, long (hir) town; or, place of battle (heir).  
TREHERON, n.f., ? iron (haiarn) h.  
TREHIDICK, ? Cedig’s (w.) dwelling.  
TREHILL, ? = HILTON (tre).  
TREHIMBRIS, ? i.q. TREGEMBRIS.  
TREHIN-ICK, d.d. -OCH, i.q. TREHAN-ICK.  
TREHE, i.q. TREHEER.  
TREHOME, ? Ham dwelling.  
TREHOWEL, ? Howel’s (w.) dwelling.  
TREHUDRETH, high land (yu tirith) d., J.Ca.; ? Huathrit’s (w.B.m.) d.  
TREHUINST, ? = west town (tre).  
TREHUNNEST, ? Unnust’s (w.) d.  
TREHUNSEY, i.q. TRECUNSEY.  
TREHU-RST, -ST, i.q. HURSTON.  
TRELAGU, n.f., i.q. TREGAG.  
TRE-ICE, -IS, -ISE, -ISA, ? lower (isa), or corn (is) town.  
TREIGAER, 13 cent., castle town.  
TREIRE, i.q. TREHEER.  
TREI-SAAC, -ZACK, corn (iz-ack) town,  

Pr.; ? Isaac’s (B.m.) dwelling.  
TREISLOE, the place under (is) the tumulus (loe), M’L.  
TREIAL, d.d., now TREVIAL.  
TREJAG, i.q. TREJAG.  
TREJEWAS, Jews’ village, A.E.; ? beer (deues, drink) house, J.B.; i.q.  
TREJOH-JEEVES, i.q. TREGANGEVES.  
TREKARLI, n.f., i.q. TRECARREL.  
TREKAVUR, ? goat (gavar) town; or, great (veor) dwelling (tregua).  
TREKE-AN, -EN, -IN, town on the ridge (cein), Pr.  
TREKEE, i.q. TREGEA.  
TREKEEK, ? Cwg’s (w.) dwelling.  
TREKELAND, -LAND, ? HELLAND d.  
TREKELLARN, i.q. Aelhiaarn’s (w.) d.  
TREKENING, -NING, i.q. TREKYNING.  
TREKENDINA, i.q. TREGENA.  
TREKreen-AR, -ER, ? i.q. TREKINNER.  
TREKANDICK, ? Cennyh’s (w.) d.  
TREKERN-A, -ER, ? i.q. TRECORNOR.  
TREKERNAL, -ELL, ? CARNHALE d.  
TREKIEVE, ? St. IVE’s dwelling.  
TREKILICK, grove (celli-ick) town, Pr.; ? Geligh’s (w.) dwelling.  
TREKIN-NER, -WARD, ? Cynfeirdd’s (w.) dwelling.  
TREKLAID, o.n.f., i.q. TREGLEATH.  
TRE-KNEW, -NOW, ? new dwelling.  
TREKYNING, -NEN, -NIN, king’s t., Wh.; town of rabbits (cwyning, w.); or leeks (kinen), or strife (?), Pr.  
TRELABE, ? moist (gleb) town.  
TRELAGOE, i.q. TRELGAL.  
TRELAGOGICK, i.q. TRELLOGICK.  
TRELAKE, ? i.q. TRELGOE.  
TRELAKES, ? i.q. TRELLOGAS.  
TRELA-N, -NE, d.d. -ND, church t., Pr.; (lan, a church, a village, R.W.); or, broad (ledan) or, bank (glaun, ladan) d.  
TRELANDER, ? LANDER dwelling.  
TRELANOWTH, ? new (nowydh) TRELAN, TREAL, or TRELAY.  
TRELARGUS, ? over-wood (ar gus) TREAL or TRELIEGH.  
TRELASE, green (glas) town, Pr.  
TRELAS-H, -K, -KE, town of burning (lose), or burnt town, Pr.
Trelask.

Trelask.

Trelother, ? Oter’s moor town.

Trelothyk, a.n.f., ? i.q. Trelidick

Trelow, lousy (low, lice) town, Pr.;
calf (teawth) t., R. W.; ? Looe t.

Trelow-Ah, -ey, -la, ? dwelling by
the lows or barrows (M'.L.); ? Llyw-
wi’s (w.) dwelling.

Trelowarren, fox (lowern) t., Pr.;
fortification (warren, t.) barrow t.,

Trelower, i.q. Trelaro.

Treloweth, -ith, -ith, garden (lowerth)
t., Pr. ; town place (lu) of trees
(gwth), T. ; ? barrow town, M'.L.

Trelowin, ? i.q. Trelain.

Trelowrie, i.q. Trelawry.

Trelowtha, ? higher (wartha) Trel-
low.

Trelowsa, hoary or musty (?) t., Pr.

Trelowthas Voer & Vyghan, great
(maur) and little (bichan) barrow
town, M'.L.

Trelow, d.d. l.o.l, i.q. Trelowsa, Pr.;
flowing or abounding town, H. ;
place for calves, C.

Trelowyn, i.q. Trelin, W.W.K.

Trelowy, i.q. Trelaro.

Trellucelley, Lleucu’s (w.) dwelling.

Treludderkin, n.f., ? grey oak (ludh
derwen) dwelling.

Treludder, -ro, -ow, miry (lued)
town of oaks (derow), Pr.; ? grey
oaks’ town.

Trelidick, miry (luedic) town, Pr.

Treludwell, ? grey wall (ludh gual,
w.) town, R. W.

Trelug-an, -gan, ? Ludgyan d.

Treluce, d.d., ? i.q. Trelewick.

Treluik, -ge, lake (loe) or river of
water (ick) town, H. ; i.q. Tre-
lewick.

Treluking, ? i.q. Trellogan.

Trelul, -la, ? lower (ulla = wolla)
Treal, or Trelay.

Trelustick, ? Ustick’s moor town.

Treluswell, miry wall town, Pr.;
? i.q. Treludwell.

Trelwern, e.d.d., i.q. Trelowar-
ren.

Trelwi, d.d., town-place (trele) by the
water (gwy) ; or, Llywy’s (w.) d.

Trelyan, i.q. Treloyan.

Trelyby, ? Luby’s dwelling.

Trelyn, i.q. Trelin.

Trelynake, town of the lake, leat,
or bosom of waters, H. ; ? Linnick,
or Calenick house.

Trelyon, linen (lin) town, Pr.

Tremab-E, -yn, boys’ or childrens’
(meibion pl. of mab) place, Pr. ;
? Mab’s dwelling.

Tremad-A, -Ah, -art, ring (moderuy),
i.e. circle place, M’.L. ; exstasy,
transport, or dart, &c. town, H. !

Trem-adoch, -madock, Madoc’s d.

Trem-Ganna, -gena, -gennow,
dwelling (tre) place (ma) at the
entrance ; i.q. Tregenna.

Tremagwion, 14 cent., down (gwon)
dwelling place.

Trem-a-Il, -le, ? Mael’s (w.) dwelling

Trem-ine, -ne, -ni, i.q. Tremayne.

Tremall, ? moor (hal) dwelling p.

Trem-an, -an, (halen) menown.

Trem-an-heer, n.f., i.q. Tremenheer

Tremant, ? hill (meneth) town.

Tremar, town of Mars, Po.;
chief’s abode, Beal ; Mars’ (B.m.) d.

Tremarkyn, ? Merken’s (t.d.d.) d.

Tremarland, i.q. Tremearland.

Tremarustel, d.d., market (marhas)
hole or cell (tol) town, or market
town of the chapel (tol), H. ;
? = Austell Tremar.

Trematon, = Kings- (matern) ton.*

Tremayle, ? Mael’s (w.) dwelling.

Tremayne, town (trema) on the
shore or sea coast (ian) ; or, = tre-
myn, a passage, Pr. ; i.q. Tremene.

* Kingston or the royal town, Pr.;
three (tri) hills on a green top, Sc.;
the great (maur) town (tre) on the hill (dun), Po.;
dwelling (tre) place (ma) by the wave (ton), Tr.;
town (tre) and castle (dun) of the chief (mar), Beal; o. Trematern; d.d. Tremetone.
TREM-ATH, -ETH, the (m = an) boar's (baedh) town, Po.; ? burial (an bedh, the grave) place, J.B.
TREM-BEAR, -BEARE, -BEER, the great (meir, bear, bear) dwelling.
TREM-EL, -LE, i.q. TREMBLE; or, HEMPEL's or HEMBALL's dwelling.
TREMETH-A, -OW, burial (an bedhow, the graves) place (tre), J.B.
TREMMEETH, -ETH, -EIGH, -ETT, -OT, the wolf's (bleidh) town, Pr.
TREM-ETHICK, o, -THEK, ? Bleiddig's dwelling place (tre ma). TREMLEYON, ? the pool (polan) d.
TREMBOTHRICK, ? Bywdeg's (w.) d.
TREM-BRASE, -ASE, -AZE, -ASE, the great (bras), or meadow (pras) dwelling; d.d. TRENBRAS.
TREM-ETH, -OTh, i.q. TREMBATH, Po.; (brith, streaked, R.W.).
TREMEDAR, oak (darn) town-place (trem) ; or, mowner's (meder) t., T.C.
TREMEAL, sweet or honey (mel) t., Pr.; ? Mael's (w.), or Michal's (Mihal) d.
TREMEAN, -NE, stone (maen) town.
TREMEN, ? i.q. TREMENHEER.
TREM-EAR, -ER, great (meir) t., Pr. T. LAND, ? TREMEAR enclosure (lan). TREMENARN, ? Merin's (w.) dwelling. TREMORDEN, ? i.q. TREGEDDAN.
TREM-BR-DU, -ATHO, town of the possession; or, meadows' t., T.C. TREMELETHEN, ? i.q. BLEDDYN's (w.) d.
TREMELICK, ? Mailoc's (B.S.M.) d.
TREMELLY-N, -NG, i.q. TREGAMELLIN. TRENEMHAY, MANEHWAY dwelling.
TREMENHE-RE, -ER, MENEHEIR dwelling; or, long (hir) passage (tremyn) TRENEMEKEVERNE, place of St. KEV-ERN's stones (myin), R.H.
TREM, t. of Mars (Merh), B.; or, i.q. TREMERE, i.q. TREMEAR.
TREM-THACK, -ECK, -ICK, physician's (methic) t., Pr.; ? doctor's house.
TREMOR, d.d., i.q. TREMORE.

TREMOANE, ? turf (maen, w.) house.
TREMODER-ET, -EAT, i.q. TREMADART.*
TREMODEA, ? HODGE's dwelling.
TREMO-GH, -UGH, -W, -WE, hogs' (moch) place, Pr.; = w. MOCHDRE, pigs' town, R.W.; smoky (moe) h., Ch.
TREMOLL-A, -E, -ETH, ? battle (ym-ludd, w.), or wrestler's (ymaelyd, w.) town; ? moel, bare [hill].
TREMO-ORE, -OR, -R, great (maur) d.
TREMOR-ELL, -LE, -VILLE, ? MORVAL dwelling or town.
TREMOUTH, ? dwelling at the mouth.
TREMPER, -ORTh, i.q. TREVEMPER.
TREMULTHEN, i.q. TREGAMELTHEN.
TRENA-CK, -GUE, -IG, -KE, ? o. -GA, i.q. DRANNACK or TREVENEAGE.
TRENADLYN, ? dwelling by the fir-tree (adlan), or palace (adlan, w.).
TRENA-ILE, -LE, -LL, the (an), or old (hen) dwelling on the moor (hal), or river (heyl); i.q. TRENHAILE.
TRENAIRN, ? NAIRN's, or the iron (an haisarn), or border (yphian) h.
TRENALT, ? dwelling on the steep place (gallt, w.).
TRENAMAN, n.f., TREHAN, or dwelling (trefan, w.) by the stone (amaen) TRENANCE, town in a valley or on a plain (nams), Pr.; or, i.q.
TRENAN-T, d.d.-d, d. near a river, Pr., or torrent (nant, w.); valley t., Bond.
TRENANICK, ? i.q. TRENHINICK.
TRENNARL, ? HARALD's (w.) or Harold's Homestead or dwelling (trefan, w.) TRENAR-RAN, -RAN, ? d. on (ar) the point (rhyhn); or, Aron's (w.) d.
TRENARTH, the high (an arth) d., Pr.
TRENATHA, ? the higher (artha) d.
TRENATHAN, ? i.q. TRENTHAN.
TREM-AVIN, -VIN, ? Henwyn's (B.S.M.) d.
TREMavis-ICK, -ICK, ? TRENHE, or dwelling (trefan) by the birches (bezo-icle); or, outer (avesach) d.
TRENAWETH, ? i.q. TRENWETH.

* o. TREM-MODERETH, d.d. -MODRET & -METERET, e.d.d. -METERERT, ? Modret's or Modratt's (w.), ? i.q. Mordred) dwelling (tre), W.S.; or, Wuathri's (w.B.M.) dwelling place (tre ma). TREMADERET IN HELL, aunt's (moderet) hall (hel) town (tre), H.
TRENAWICK, † dwelling (trefan) on
the bay (gwin); or, little (bich)
TRENHANE.
TRENAWLE, † i.q. TRENAILE.
TRENAY, † ANHAY dwelling.
TREN-BATH, o. -EITH, i.q. TRENBATH.
TRENBRAS, d.d., large (tren, w.) mead-
ow (pras), W.S.; i.q. TREMBAZE.
TRENCARN, the Carn dwelling.
TRENCHER PARK, † TRENCROSS, (w.f. =
carver, f., Lo.) close.
TRENCR-EIK, -ICK, = tre an crug,
dwelling by the barrow, M.L.
TRENCR-BIEN, -VEN, -OOM, i.q. TREC-
ROBBEN or TRECROOME.
TRENDEWAY, = tre an ir a way, place
on the land by the way, M.L.;
† David’s (Dewi) house (trefan).
TRENDEAL, † house (tre) of the (an)
deluge (dial), or revenge (diol).
TREN-DER, n.f., † dwelling (tre) by
the oak (an drar), or water (dour).
TRENTERA, d. by the oaks (derow).
TREN-DRAIN, -DRINE, = THORN-
dewan) or hill (trein, a nose).
TRENDREN, † EN, dwelling (tre)
by the (an) thornbush (draemen).
TRENEAG-E, -UE, the mossy (neag),
or thatched (eage) dwelling; or,
deaf (?), town, Pr.; † i.q. TRENNACK.
TRENAN, † Anian’s (w.) dwelling.
TREN-EAR, † ER, -ERE, -R, ANNEAR d.
TRENARN, † i.q. TRENARIN.
TRENARTH, † i.q. TRENARN.
TRENETH, † dingle (nedd) h., R.W.
TRENETH, NEW (nowyd) house.
TRENED-DON, † AN, † i.q. TRENITHAN
TREENIFFLE, † Neville’s (n.f.) dwelling.
TRENEGLOS, the church (an eglos)
town, Pr.; a stout, strong, robust
(!) church, H.; p.s. St. Gregory or
St. George, O.
TRENEL, † i.q. TRENHAILE.
TRENELGEO, dwelling (trefan) by
the moor-wood (hal goat); or, i.q. TRE-
CLAGO.
TRENE-NE, -NE, headland (trwyn,
w.) of rock (maen), N.; or, dwelling
(trefan, w.) by the stone.
TRENERRY, † † the goldsmith’s (an
eure), or field (eru) house.
TRENESQUIT, † under-wood (is good,
w.) house (trefan, w.).
TRENESSEN, † Enisian’s (w.) d.
TRENETHI-C, -CK, the great (an ethic)
dwelling; the large town or dwel-
ling. Pr.; † big hill (trein).
TRENE-VAS, -AVAS, † Nywys’s (w.) d.
TRENENVAN, the cold (eny) dwelling,
Pr.; † famine (newyn, w.) t., R.W.
TRENEW-ET, -ETH, -ITH, -TH, new
(newyd) town or dwelling.
TRENEY, † i.q. TRENAY.
TRENAGLE, dwelling in the grove
(celli); or, field (gweud) h. (trefan,w.)
TREN-HAIRE, -AER, n.f. -ORE, the (an)
camp or castle (caer) dwelling.
TRENGLILLY, the grove (an gelli) d.
TRENHOFF, the smith’s (an yof) d.
TREN-MOITHAL, the (an) Irishman’s
(godhal), or moor wood (goat hal) h.;
t. on the noted (goth) cliff (als), R.H.
TRENCOVE, the smythe’s town, Nord.;
stout, strong, robust, or courageous
smith, H.!
TRENG-REEN, alias-ORYON, † Geirion’s
(w.) dwelling.
TRENG-USE, -WSE, dwelling (tre)
by the cross (an grove), or marsh (cors)
TREN-XROVE, † i.q. TRENGILLY.
TRENGUNE, the down (gwun) d.
TRENGWANTON, d. near the spring
(fenten) or rivulet, Pr.; (gwowntin,
spring time)? Gunwinton h.
TRENGWEATH, † ash (enwyd) house.
TREN-XALE, -ALE, -AYLE, -AL, -EAL,
-EALE, stout, strong, or rapid river,
H.; i.q. TRENHAL, d.d., large (tren,
w.) salt-marsh (hal), W.S.; i.q.
TRENAILE.
TRENHORN, † i.q. TREGANHORN.
TRENIER, n.f., ANNEAR dwelling.
TRENNIFFEL, † TRENNIFFE.
TRENNICK, † dwelling (trefan) on
the creek (an gwin).
TRENNINNOW, † Nynio’s (w.) dwelling.
TRENOW, † the yew-tree (nw) h.
TRENTH-AN, -EN, -ON, the furry
or, or, {iiellyn, large Nywthon’s or, or, i.q.}
TRENTHICK, town of the ford (ath, i.), bridge, lev or lake of waters (ick), H.; i.q. TRENETHICK.
TREN-ZICK, -SICK,-ZACK, same, J.B.; the (an) corn (iz-ic) town, Pr.
TREN-EAGLE, -ECK, -ICK, ? i.q. TRENEAGLE.
TRENO-ADEN, -DDEN, 1 Nwython’s (w.) dwelling.
TRENOCK, ? i.q. TRENACK.
TRENO-DE, -OAD, ? d. in the wood (ood, m.c.); or, i.q. TRENOWETH.
TRENogan, ? dwelling (trefan) by the cleft or chasm (agen).
TRENOLDS, the cliff (als) dwelling.
TRENONNA, ? Nona’s dwelling.
TRENOON, the down (oon) house.
TRENO-RN, -URAN, i.q. TRENHORN.
TRENORREN, = tre more en, town of the point, T.; i.q. TRENARREN.
TRENOUTH, new (nowedh) town.
TRENOVIS, ? Nywis’s (w.) d.; or, i.q. Trenonisick, i.q. TRENAVISICK.
TRENOW, noisy (now, noise) t., Pr.; ? Noe’s dwelling; i.q. TRENOW.
TRENOWAH, ? bare (noth) land (tir).
TRENOW-AR, -ER, ? the (an) sister’s (hoer), or ram (hor) town; or, i.q.
TRENOW-ATH, -ETH, -ITH, -TH, new (nowyd) or ash-trees (enwydh), or bare (noth) land (tir), or house.
TRENOWI-DN, -N, lash-tree (enwedhan) house; or, white (gwy-n, -du) hill (tren); or, i.q. Torenwidden.
TRENOWLS, the cliff (als) dwelling.
TRENTINNY, d. by the castle (an dinas); or, castle hill (trein).
TREN, ? i.q. TRENWAN.
Trenugg-o, -OE, ? tre an ogo, dwelling by the cave.
TRENUSSON, ? i.q. TRENISSEN.
Trenute, ? the wood (ewit) house.
TRENUTH, ? the new (nowyd) h.
TRENYAN, ? the high (ban) dwelling.
TRENUUSE, ? dwelling by the wall or entrenchment (an vos).
TRENW-ALL, -ELL, ? the high (wyal) t.
TRENWARTHA, the higher or further (an wartha) dwelling (trefan).
TRENWHEAT, dwelling by the mine (an wheal); or, field (weal) house.
TRENWI-TH, d.d. -T, dwelling among the ash trees (enwydh), Pr.; i.q. TRENUTE, H.; large (tren, w.) wood (guth), W.S.
TRENWYAN, the cold (an ein) dwelling
TRENYLICK, o.n.f., ? dwelling by the willows (an helic).
TRENYTH-AN, -YN, i.q. TRENTHAN.
TRENOLVIS, ? tir hal ves, outer moor land; or, Alvis’s (t.) dwelling.
TREON, down (on = gwon) house, T.
TREONIKE, ? i.q. TREGONICK.
TREOVIS, ? = tirou aves, outer lands.
TREPADANNON, i.q. TREPADANNON.
TREPULL, mill (belin, melin) place, Po.; (? pellym, extreme, R.W.).
TREPULLURE, ? Eliver’s (w.), or painter’s (liour) house (tref, tregfa).
TREPILLES, ? i.q. TREVELLIS.
TREPISSICK, ? fish (pisc) t.; or, i.q. TREPISICK or TREVISICK.
TREPOLE, ? elecampane (baidol) h.
TREPOLL, pool (pol) town, H.M.W.
TREQUE-AN, -EN, ? white (gwyn) h.
TREQUIT, wood (enuit) house.
TRERABO-C, -E, ? Riabach’s (grey, swarthy, e.), or the abbot’s (gr abot, w., R.W.) dwelling.
TRERAIR, ? eagle (eryn, w.) town.
TRERALLET, ? i.q. TRENARLET.
TRERAMMET, ? ? Rambert’s (t.) d.
TRERA, = tir aeran, land of plums.
TRERRAN, ? i.q. TREFRANK.
TRESSASSOW, town of graces or excellencies (rasow, grasow), or of rats (razow), B.; ? Orso’s (t.) dwelling.
TRERATHICK, ? ? Arthwg’s (w.) d.
TRERAVEL, ? ? Rabel’s (d.d.) d.
TRERAV-EN, -ON, town on (ar) the river (avon), Pr.
TRE-BEE, -REEV, ? i.q. TEREIFE.
TREERED, ? ford (ryd) house.
TREEREAN, a fortified or fighting (?) place, Pr.; ? dwelling on the headland (rhym), T.; T. DINAS, castle (dinas) TREEREAN.
Trer-eife, -eive, v. Treeve, d. of the reive (gerefa, s.), or steward’s h.
Trerege, ? Rioch’s (w.) dwelling.
Trerengores, dwelling on (ar) the marsh (an gors).
Trereunt, v. Resta, dwelling in the waste-open ground (gorest, w.); or, Grwst’s (w.) dwelling (tre).
Trereuw, ? i.q. Trefrew or Borew.
Treriebe, n.f., ? i.q. Trerief.
Tre-rice, -rise, -reese, -reys, -rise, town on the fleeting ground, or on the decline of the hill, Pr., (see Penrice); a town of fleeting ground, Car.; town in the valley (ros), B.; ? Rice’s dwelling.
Treriderm, ? Aerdeyrn’s (w.) d.
Trerie-F, -ve, i.q. Trefreife.
Trerihoç, d.d., ? Rioch’s (w.) d.
Tre-rithick, ? Ruydac’s (Bp.) d.
Treriven, n.f., ? Rhufon’s (w.) d.
Tre-roc, -che, alias Tregarrack, Roach town.
Treronack, tre ownek, the coward’s dwelling, B.; ? i.q. Trefronick.
Trerose, -sal, ? Arwystl’s (w. = Aristobulus) dwelling.
Trerost, ? Grwst’s (w.) dwelling.
Trer-s, -se, -ase, valley town, Pr.; Rose dwelling.
Tre-roffe, -ruff, ? Ralph’s dwelling; or, i.q. Treeiffe.
Trerule, ? Riowal’s dwelling.
Trerummer, ? Rum’s (t.) dwelling.
Tre-rust, ? i.q. Treroost.
Treruth-an-en, ? Rheiddun’s (w.) d.
Treryn, i.q. Treereen.
Trerys, i.q. Trerice.
Tresad-arn, -darn, -derm, -ern, -drone, t. of Saturn, B.; strong (cadorn) t., Pr.; ? Sadwrn’s (w.) d.
Tresahar, n.f., i.q. Tresare.
Tresahorvean, little (bian) T.
Tresall-ack, -ick, ? Solec’s (t.) d.
Tresamble, house on the burden-some (sam, a burden) big belly (bol) hill (bol), Francis! ? Samble’s, or sampling house.
Tresance, saint’s or holy (sans) d.
Tresar-a, -e, woodman or carpenter’s town, Pr.; (sair, an artizan; sair pren, a carpenter).
Tresarr-at, -et, hedge-hog (sart) t., Pr.; ? Sarrt’s (t.) dwelling.
Tresaster, n.f., ? i.q. Chysauster.
Tresa-ule, -wle, -well, healthy (sawell), or exposed t., Pr.; ? Sawle’s d.; T. Wartha, higher T.
Tresav-ar-an, -ern, -ren, ? Osran’s (w.) dwelling; or, i.q.
Tresavear, third (tresso) little (vean) [town], Francis; ? i.q. Tresahorvean; v. Tridgyvean, ? i little Tregie.
Tresavis, n.f., ? outer (axis) Tregie.
Tresaway, ? i.q. Tredeway.
Tresawna, charm (soma, to charm) town, H.; place of a fence or hemming-in, C.
Tresaw-san, -son, -zan, Saxon’s place, M.L.; English t., T.; place of mounds or heaps, C.
Tresaves, ? Saxon’s (sais, w.) d.
Trescadick, ? St. Cadic’s h., P.
Trescar, ? cliff (sceir, i.) dwelling.
Trescow, -ow, -ow, d. d. d. of elder-trees (scair), A.S.; ? a sheltering (scoivva, a tent) home (tre), N.
Tresco-beas, -veas, threefold kisses, H.!! ? outer (aves) Tresco; or, Tresco field (maes).
Tresco-ll, -wl, ? school (scol) h.
Trescott, ? i.q. Trawiscoit.
Trescowth-ack, -ick, -rick, ? great (elithic), or Edrick’s Trescow.
Trescowvean, little (bian) Tresco.
Tresi, the third (tressa), H.; ? i.q. Tresie or Tregie.
Tresian, ? John’s Tresie.
Tresi, i.q. Tresare.
Tresiase, i.q. Tresayes.
Tresed, ? Sarcher’s (sathor) d.
Tresellane, ? Selann’s (s.B.m.) d.
Treseller-ene, -n, ? Aelhallam’s (w.) Tres.
Tresenmer, ? Sampier’s (= S. Peter) d.; or, by the cove (an por).
Tresempul, i.q. Tresale.
TRESERICK, ? St. Cyriac's d.
TRESYVARRAN, i.q. TRESAVARAN.
TRESYEVEAN, i.q. TRESAVEAN.
TRESHAOR, i.q. TRESARE.
TRESIBLE, ? i.q. TRESIMPLE.
TRESICK, ? i.q. DRYSAK; or, = dry
(such) land (tir), or house (tre).
TRESIDDEN, u.f., ? i.q. TRESADERN.
TRESIDOR, n.f., i.q. TRESEDDER.
TRESILGEN, i.q. TRESULGAN.
TRESILLIAN, -ON, place for eels (selli,
an eel), or in open view (sil), Pr.;
? Sulien's, i.q. Sulien's dwelling.
TRESIMPLE, = tre[s] an pol, the miry
place, Pr.; ? i.q. TRESAMBLE.
TRESINNEY, ? i.q. BOSSINEY; or,
TRESITH-ANY, -NEY, -NY, n.f.-NOW,
weekly (seithun, a week) t., or t.
frequented on the sabbath, H! ?
Seithenyn's (w.j dwelling.
TRESIZE, i.q. TREZIZE.
TRESKADARN, ? hero's or champion's
(cadarn) TRES.
TRESKELLAM, ?[St.] COLUMB'S TRES.
TRESKELLARD, ?Gellard's (n.f.) TRES.
TRESKELLOW, ? h. (tre) under (is),
or outside (ves) the groves (kellow).
TRESKELL-EN, -ING, ? house by the
sedge-bed (hesg livyn, w.); or, holly
(celín) house.
TRESKELLY, grove (celli) house, Wh.;
? under-grove (is gelli) house.
TRESKERBY, ? place of the outcry
(scryamba, w.); or, little (bich) dwelling
(tre) on the ridge (espeir).
TRESKEW-ES, -IS, shady (skes) town,
Pr.; ? Skewes's dwelling.
TRESKIDDY, ? privet (skiddy, m.c.) h.
TRESKILL-EN, -ING, i.q. TRESKELLING.
TRESKINNICK, ? Cennych's (w.) TRES.
TRESKOWL, i.q. TRESCOLL.
TRESL-AY, -EA, -EIGH, ? lesser (le)
TRES; or, i.q. TRELAY.
TRESLOG-AT, -GET, i.q. TRELLOGGET.
TRESLOTTHAN, ? Llawdden's (w.)
TRESMARROW, town (tre[s]) of the
dead (marow), or of graves, Pr.
TRESMAYNE, ? d. below the stone (is
maen) or rock; or, i.q. TREMAYNE.
TRESMEDON, ? meadow (meddow), or
stone (maedn = maen) TRES.
TRESMEER, great (near) town, or
near the lake, Pr.; (? is is, under);
p.s. St. Winwoluaus, O. ; St. Nicho-
las, C.S.G.
TRESMERE, alias TREMERE, same.
TRESO-AKE, -CH, ? tir sog, moist land;
or, ISAAC'S dwelling.
TRESODDERN, i.q. TRESADERN.
TRESOLE, i.q. TRESAWLE.
TRESO-NA, -WNA, i.q. TRESAWNA.
TRESONDERN, ? SANDERS' dwelling.
TRESONGAR, ? Angar's (w.) TRES.
TRESOOTH, fat (south), or fruitful
place, Pr.; ? = SUTTON, south town.
TRESORO, ? = further (urra) TRES.
TRESOW-ES, -IS, -YS, ? i.q. TEREIZE.
TRESOYE, n.f., i.q. TRESAWELL, Ly.
TRESPADDOCK, ? ? Ædoc's dwelling
(trege, to dwell) place (pa = ve).
TRESPARK, ? Spark's dwelling (tre);
or, i.q. Park TRES.
TRESPAR-RET, -ROT, -VET, ? i.q. TRE-
BARFOOT, or TEBARWI.HT.
TRESP-ARN, -ARNE, ? = THORN-
(spern, thorn) TON.
TRESPEN, -PYN, head (pen) town
(tre[s]), Pr.; ? i.q. TREVISAN.
TRESPRISSEN, ? ? haunted h. ; (speris,
a spirit; pl. spriggen, B.).
TRESPQUARE, ? square (seygwar, w.) h.
TRESPU-TE, -OIT, i.q. TREVISQUITE.
TRESRABO, 15 cent., i.q. TRERAFO.
TRESPREWOD, n.f., ? Rhediv's (w.) d.
TRESHREYCK, 14 cent., ? i.q. TREPGE.
TRESS, n.f., ? i.q. TRES.
TRESSA, i.q. TREVES.
TRESSEL, ? moor (hal) TRES.
TRES-EW, -UE, ? Jesu's (B.m.), or
black (du), or Jew's dwelling.
TRESTAIR, -AIN, -EAN, ? tin (steane)
house.
TRESTRAILA, mats or tapestry (strail)
town, Pr. TRESTREL Woles, 15
cent., lower (vollas) T.
TRESCRAIN, ? thorn (draewn) TRES.
TRESUCK, ? i.q. TRESOAKE.
TRESUG-A, -AN, moist (sug) or boggy
TRES

TRESWALLAN, -ON, | apple-tree (avallen) house (trege, to dwell). TRESWALLOCK, SWALLOW dwelling. TRESWARD, | Siward's (t.) dwelling. TRESWARROW, | i.q. TRESWARRA. TRESW-AYNE, -EN, -IN, | i.q. SAUNTON TRESWEETA, | widow's (gwedho) d. TRESWELL, | i.q. TRES-AULE-OR-BBLE TRESWIG-AR, -ER, -GAR, | i.q. TREVEGOR.

TRESWITHAN, -EN, v. TREJETHEN, JETHEN, a town of trees (gwedh), NORD., Pr.; i.q. Sidwin's (t.) d. TRESWITHICK, | i.q. TREWITHICK. TRESYNNY, | i.q. TRESINNEY. TRETALLO-CK, -W, | TALLACK's d. TRETA-NE, -WN, under (lan) town, Pr.; (lan, fire). TRETENDO, d.d., | Idno's (w.) land (tireth); TRET = trait, sands, W.S. TREATHE, d.d., -C, i.q. TRETHEAGE. TRET-ALE, n.f. -ALL, moor or hill (hal) land (tireth) or farm. TRET-AM, -EM, | i.q. TRUTHAM. TREATHAN-AS, -NAS, -NAY, -NS, | lamb's (eanes) land (tireth). TREATHANICK, | i.q. TRETHENICK. TREATHAR-AP, -OP, -UP, -RAP, -ROP, -RUP, | a place (tre[d]) of tillage (aru, to plow, w.), M.; or, a redupl. -THARAP = thorpe (s.) = tre, a vil-

TREATHE, AS, | SHEPHERD. TREATHAWLE, | moor (hal) land (tireth); or, dale (dol) town (tre). TREATHE-AGE, -AKE, -AK, | FAIR or pleasant (teg) town, Pr., or house, WH.; | ? TEAGUE'S or TYACK'S tenement.

TREATHEGEMBER, | i.q. TREGEMBER, Ly. TREATHEKEL, | only., | i.q. DICHLUL'S (A.B.) d. TREATHELLA, | back (delhar) h., P. TREATHELL-AN, -EN, | tyre-tree (adhlen) house; or, out (allan, v.) land (tireth); or, i.q. TRETHULLAN.

TREATHEN-AL, -NAL, | old (hen) moor (hal) land (tireth); or, i.q. TREDENDALE; or, Deiniol's (w.) dwelling. TRETENICK, | i.q. TREDINNICK.

TRETHER-AS, -IS, -RAS, | d. near the pass (darae, a door); dreis, brambles TRETHERGEY, | land (tireth) over (ar) the water (gy); (dowrgi, an otter; dyrugi, a turf hedge).

TRETHERN, | THORN (drean) land. TRETHYAS, -EN, | JOHN'S (Evan, w.) l. TRETHYAS, -ES, | SHEEP (deves), or outer (axes) land. TRETHEVEREN, | VALE (dyffryn, w.) house; v. TREWETHERN, J.M. TRETHHWY, | DAVID'S (Deni) house.* TRETHEW, | same; black (du) t.; or, God's (du, dew), i.e. holy t., Pr. TREWREWAL, -EL, -ELL, high (evelal), or ST. EVAL'S land (tireth) or farm.

TRETHEWAR, | WATER (dour) land (tir) or house. TRETHEWEN, | DWYVEN'S (w.) d. TRETHWEN-Y, -EY, town (tre[the]) by the water (wy); or, holy (dew, God) t. by the water, Pr.; | DAVID's t. TRETICK, | big (ellic) town. TRETHIES, | i.q. TRETHIAS.

TRETHIGGY, | TYGWY'S (w.) house. TRETILL, | ITHEL'S (w.) house. TRETILL-ICK, -Y, | willow (hellic) l. TRETIN, | RHEIDDUN'S (w.) h. (ty).

*Nord., "TRETHUE, called in Latin casa gigantis"; Beal, dwelling of the god, hero, or chief (de, dhe, ga.); v. TREVETHY. T. Stone, (a cromlech), v. Giant's grave.
Trethincey, ? land (tireth) by the water (an gy).
Trethinnick, i.q. Trethenick.
Trethom, ? poverty (ethom) land.
Trethorn, i.q. Trethorn.
Trethosha, i.q. Iosa's land (tireth).
Trethow, -Ar, -ER, town by the water (dour), Pr.; ? waterland.
Trethow-all, -EII, ? Howel's land.
Trethowian, ? Owen's (w.) land.
Trethugay, i.q. Trethugay.
Trethullan, ? land (tireth) belonging to the temple of the sun (haul lan) ; or, HELLAND house.
Trethune, Nord., ? down (oon) l.
Trethuras, i.q. Trethuras.
Trethur-fe, o. -FF, town of tillage (trevas), Pr.; ? arable (aru, to plow, w.), or rough (harow) land (tireth).
Trethurgay, i.q. Trethergey.
Trethurrup, i.q. Trethurrup.
Trethewell, i.q. Trethewall.
Trethyas, ? stack (disce) house.
Trethyn, ? castle (dinas) house.
Trethinney, ? castle (dinas) house.
Treiure, ? third (teur) house.
Trelan, d.d., e.d.d., = w. Trelan, township containing the church, R.W.; i.q. Trelan.
Treti-l, -le, ? i.q. Trethowall.
Tretrinneck, ? thorny (draenic) land (tir), or dwelling (tre).
Tretull, i.q. Trethowall.
Tretweter, d.d., ? land (tireth) on the descent (gwared, w.).
Treualgarthin, 15 cent., = w. tre val garth din, wall dwelling by the hill fort, R.W.; or, Trafalgar on the hill.
Treualuare, 14 cent., ? Aluard's (d.d.) dwelling.
Treuervuen, 15 cent., i.q. Trevervyn.
Trevery Stowe, Nord., Trefris's place (stow, s.).
Trevescort, H., i.q. Trawiscort.
Trewhall, high (uthal) town, Pr.
Trevist, ? ? lodging (guest) house.
Treun, down (gwn) house.
Treungle, celerit (unql, B.) t.,

Po.; ? corner (onql, w.) house.
Treuabo, Nord., i.q. Treabo.
Treuvis, 13 cent., i.q. Trefris.
Treury, o.f.f., i.q. Treerry.
Treutha-l, -N, the above (uthal, uthau), or upper town, Pr.
Trev-a, -AH, i.q. Trewga.
Trewab-on, -YN, i.q. Tremabyn.
Trewad-dra, -RA, ? i.q. Trewbratha.
Trewadi-ack, -OCK, ? Matholoch's (i.) dwelling.
Trewgau, -CAY, d.d., i.q. Trevalga, J.Cu.; ? smith's (goft) dwelling (trewga); or, i.q.
Trevag-e, -UE, i.q. Trewage.
Trewag-ean, -HEAN, giants' town, B.; i.q. Trebegean.
T.-vean, little Trewgan.
Trewaglers, ?? i.q. Treweglas.
Trevaugion, i.q. Trewanion.
Trevail, house on the river (hey1).
Trevailer, workman's (wayler) t., Pr.; d. of the merchant or worker in iron (maelor), J.W.; the shop, C. (maelor, place of traffic, mart, w.)
Trewa-ils, -LLES, i.q. Trewellas.
Trewa-l, -LL, = trev hal, moor h.; or, trewgal, wall t.; or, trewhal, hight.
Trewalder, Walter's, the lord's (gwaladr, w.), or Aladur's (sun, w.) h.
Trewalfer, ? Malirewy's (n.f.) d.
Trewalga, town of defence or walled (gwal, a wall) near the water (gwy), Pr.; noble (alg, i.) house, Wh.; ? Algar's d.; p.s. St. Petroc.  
Trewalgan, ? i.q. Bodvalgan; or, Maelgwn's (w.) d.; or, tin(alcan, w.) h.
Trewalisick wollas, lower Treliassick.
Trewall-ack, -ICK, -OCK, fenced (gwal-ic) town, Pr.
Trewallan, apple-tree (awallen) t., Po.; ? Alan or Hallan house.
Trewall-ande, -ANCE, i.q. Trelawle.
Trewallard, ? Aluard's (d.d.) d.
Trewall-es, -IS, -IES, ? green moor (hal lays) d.; or, i.q. Trewellas.
Trewallet, ? Hallet's dwelling.
Trewals, -OE, fortified (?) town,
or town on a cliff (als), Pr.; ? Wal-sige's (s.) town.

Tревалск, ? under-wood (is cus) Tревел.

Tреван, little town, w., T.; ? = Hil-ban ton; or = w. trevan, a homestead, dwelling, hamlet, village. Tревансе, town upon the rising or advanced land, H. ! ? nun's (ma-naes) town; or, i.q. Tревинс.

Tревангер, ? = trevan gaer, dwelling by the camp; or, Angar's (w.) d. Tреван-ян, -ион, -ніон, town in a hollow (gwag) plain (nans), Pr.; place of the big or covering (van), ash (on), C.; ? Anian's (w.) d. Tреван-ин, -ин, -н-pages, ? = Butter-amanon ton; or, i.q. Tреванныал, ? = bloom (banal) town. Tревансон, ? i.q. Tревенсон.

Tреван-й, -ей, -ни, ? i.q. Tревенсв, Tреваниан.

Tревапак, Field, ? town place (tre va) field (parc), reduplicated. Tреварбн, i.q. Tревербн. Tревардер, ? i.q. Треварта. Tревар, i.q. Tревер.

Tреварфе, 17 cent., i.q. Треварт ор Tреверф.

Tреварин, ? silver (ariam) house. Tревар-ик, -рик, ? d. on the water (ar ick); or, Barrick's (w.) d. Tреварин, ? hill (rhyn) house. Tреваркее, ? Bargus house.

Tреварледж, -ге, ? Worledge's or lower (vellas) dwelling. Tреварн-ен, -он, ? alder-tree (gwarn-ен) house; or, house on the down (war on en). Tреварнер, i.q. Tревернер.

Tреварник, ? marshy (guernic) d. Tревар-а, -ак, rocky (carrag) t., W.B.; ? i.q. Треверра.

Tревер-он, -ен, ? Aron's (w.) d. Tревартеа, n.f., i.q. Треварта. Tреварти, high (arth) town, Pr. Tревартина, higher (artha) town. Tревар-тен, -тон, t. on a hill (war dun), Pr.; ? Arthen's (w.) d. Tревартиан, ? Arthyn's (w.) d. Tревас-кус, -кис, -керс, ? d. (tre, trew) outside (aues) the wood (cus).


Tревассак, little (bean) T. Tревестер, ? Foster house. Tрева, -а, -а, ? i.q. Треварта.

Трева, -е, -ен, ? i.q. Тревенг., or Tреванян.

Тревапак Field, ? town place (tre va) field (parc), reduplicated. Tреварбн, i.q. Tревербн. Tревардер, ? i.q. Треварта. Тревар, i.q. Тревер.

Треварфе, 17 cent., i.q. Треварт ор Tреверф.

Треварин, ? silver (ариан) house. Тревар-ик, -рик, ? d. on the water (ар ик); or, Barrick's (w.) d. Треварин, ? hill (рхн) house. Треваркее, ? Bargus house.

Треварледж, -ге, ? Worledge's or lower (vellas) dwelling. Треварн-ен, -он, ? alder-tree (gwarn-ен) house; or, house on the down (war on en). Треварнер, i.q. Тревернер.

Треварник, ? marshy (guernic) d. Тревар-а, -ак, rocky (carrag) t., W.B.; ? i.q. Треверра.

Тревер-он, -ен, ? Aron's (w.) d. Тревартеа, n.f., i.q. Треварта. Треварти, high (arth) town, Pr. Тревартина, higher (artha) town. Тревар-тен, -тон, t. on a hill (war dun), Pr.; ? Arthen's (w.) d.
TREVENNY, i.q. Trevenorgy.
TREVENYN, ? Wurcon's (s.B.m.) d.
TREVENOSM, d.d., hermit's (cremus, lat.)
d., W.S.; ? Perrym's (n.f.), or Perem's (B.m.) dwelling.
TREVENI-N, -NG, ? Gueren's (w.) d.
TREVENLEDGE, i.q. Trevarledge.
TREVEN-NE, -REN, i.q. Trenerne.
TREVERNEWETH, hew (newdik) Treverne, or Treva.
TREVERN-OR, -ER, ? sister's (hoer) T.
TREVORNON, ? elder-tree (guernen) t.;
or, d. on the down (or an con).
TREVERR-A, -OW, ? i.q. Trevarra.
TREVERTH, o.n.f., ? i.q. Trevarth.
TREVERTON, n.f., i.q. Treverton.
TREVERV-A, -AH, -OE, ? battle-field (heitra) h.; or, i.q. Trebarva.
TREVERV-EN, -EN, vervain town, B.;
? mermaid's (morore) town, P.
TREVERV-ICK, -YTH, o.n.f., ? i.q. Trebarvath, or Trevarick.
TREVERYAN, d. on the holme or flat land (marian, w.), R.W.; ? Urien's (w.) dwelling.
TREVES-EN, -SA, -SACK, i.q. Trevisa, or Treisac, or Trabiss.
TREVES-CAN, -KAN, -KIN, ? elder-tree (secaen), or sedge (hescaen), or Ysgwyny (w.) house.
TREVESSIA, i.q. Trevidgia.
TREVESSON, ? Gwesyn's (w.) house.
TREVETH-ACK, -OAK, Iddawg's (w.) h.
TREVETH-AN, n.f., -EN, t. among trees (gwedhen, a tree); or, meadow (bidhen), old (hen), or birds' (cdhen) town, Pr.
TREVETHLECK, ? Alexander's (Alick),
or willow (helic) Trevarth.
TREVETHENIC, i.q. Trevarthenick
TREVETH-ENY, -O, -OE, -OW, place (town, Pr.) of graves (bedhow), T.
TREVETH-IICK, -OCK, rustic or farmer's (treedic) t., H.; ? i.q. Tremethack,
P.; (treidick), a tilled field, a.
TREVETRAS, blasted (gueidrys) t., P.
TREV-ENYAN, -EWAN, -IBAN, -IBAN,
? John's (Evan, w.) dwelling.
TREVIA, n.f., i.q. Trevie.
TREVIADES, -ADOS, -DES, t. by the
water (gwy) that comes (dos, to
come), i.e. the tide, Pr.; ? beautiful
(faidus) house.
TREVIAN, = Little- (bighan) ton.
TREVICA, -KER, ? i.q. Trevegor, or
TREVICK, ? d. on the creek (guric);
or, i.q. Trewek, or Treweage.
TREVIDA, -O, -OW, ? i.q. Trevethey.
TREVIDRON, -ERN, -DER, i.q. Trevedran; or, ? oak (derwen, dar) h.
TREVIDER, victualler's (maidor) h., P.
TREVIDEROW, t. upon the river (wy)
among the oaks (derow), P.
TREVIGA, -GIA, -JA, -YER, i.q. Tres
tesa; Trevidigla Warra, higher
(warthia) Trevidigla.
TREVIDOCK, i.q. Trevethick.
TREVIE, ? little (bich) town.
TREVIGIN, ? i.q. Trebegean.
TREVIGLAS, church (eglos) town.
TREVIGOB, i.q. Trevegor.
TREVIGR-O, -OE, ? hovel (crow) h.
TREVIL-AN, -LEN, -LIN, ? = trevil wan,
Gullston, w., R.W.
TREVILDER, ? i.q. Trevalader.
TREVIL-ES, -LES, -LIS, -LIES, d.d. Tre
cilies, Felenus's (Z.) d., W.S.;
? hazel-grove (gillis) h., P.; ? i.q.
TREVILGAS, -ASS, -ES, ? moor (hal)
wood (cuss) h. ; or, i.q. Tregilgas.
TREVILAN-AN, -ION, -LIAN, -LION, -LON,
i.q. Trevelyan.
TREVIL-LL, -ILLE, i.q. Tревeal.
TREVILL-A, -EY, i.q. Trevella.
TREVILDER, ? i.q. Trevalader.
TREVILLET, ? i.q. Trevilluid, d.d.,
? Lliuthi's (s.B.m.) dwelling (trev).
TREVILL-IICK, -OCK, ? i.q. Trevelech.
TREVILLIES, -IS, ? i.q. Trevilies.
TREVILLINIAN, n.f., ? Elion's (w.)
house on the moor (hal) or river
(heyd).
TREVILLING, i.q. Trevellan.
TREVILLIZICK, i.q. Trelisick, H.
TREVILLLOAD, n.f., ? i.q. Trevillet.
TREVILVA, -VAS, mean (vil) low (?)
town, Pr.; i.q. Trevelva.
Trevim-ber, -ber, i.q. Trevemper.
Trevina, i.q. Trevena.
Trevince, Nord. Trevins, town of springs (?feun-s), Pr.
Trevine, i.q. Treveighan.
Treving-ay, -y, dwelling (trev) by the river (an gy).
Trevin-ick, -nick, i.q. Treveneage, or Trevinick.
Trevinieil, d.d., i.q. Trevieniel.
Trevint, ? d. by the road (hynt, w.); (gwyn, wind, w.).
Trevio, ? yew (yeu) house (trev).
Trevirbin, i.q. Treverban.
Trevisa, lower (isa) town, Pr.
Trevis-an, -san, same, Pr.; ? Isan’s (we) dwelling (trev).
Trevis-car, -kar, -ker, ? d. outside (aves), or under (is) the camp (caer)
Treviscaun, slight (iscan?) d., B.; ? d. outside or under the down (gyen); or, i.q. Trevescan.
Treviscoe, ? bishop’s (esop) town; d. outside or under the wood (coat); or, i.q. Trescaun.
Treviskev, ? same; i.q. Tregiskey, Pr.; wardrobe (guiscti) house, P.; lower (is) t. among trees (celli, a grove), Francis; ? i.q.
Treviskeis, i.q. Trevescus.
Trevis-ick, -ick, ? i.q. Trevescack.
Trevispan, ? primates (guesbeun) h.; ? lower (isa) buttery (spens) h., P.
Trevisquite, i.q. Trawiscott.
Trevi-ssa, -ssy, -sa, i.q. Trevesa.
Trevis-am, -om, -one, ? Lord’s (somot, Pr.) lower (isa) house, P.
Trevit, 16 cent., wood (cuit) house.
Treвитane, ? i.q. Tretane.
Trevithall, i.q. Trevewith.
Trevithian, ? i.q. Trevithian.
Trevithick, t. in the meadow on a creek (gwic), Pr.; ? place of a grave (bedh-ic), J. Ca.; i.q. Trevethick.
T. an Hale, T. on the moor (hal).
Trevitho-oe, i.q. Trevethey.
Trevivi-an, -on, d. by the small

water (gwy vian), Pr.; Vivian’s d.
Trevo-al, -al, -ol, ? Paul’s d.; or, i.q. Trevual, or Treval.
Trevoan, ? i.q. Trewoon.
Trevoet, d.d., ? = tre-foel, -ouet, dist.
crict, canton, W. S.; ? wood (coed, w.) house.
Trevol-lan, a. -ghan, ? Eulcan’s h.
Trevollard, ? d. by the high (arth) entrenchment (bolla, B.), P.
Trevollock, i.q. Trewoollack.
Trevolmon, ? Allmund’s (t) d.
Trevolter, ? i.q. Trevalader.
Trevelvas, -vas, ? i.q. Trewoylvas
Trevo-ne, -on, -one, i.q. Trevoan.
Trevonack, ? d. near the turbary (ravneeg); or, Anaoc’s dwelling.
Trevoole, ? i.q. Trevoal.
Trevor, i.q. Trevore.
Trevor-ack, -ack, i.q. Trevorick
Trevorda, ? i.q. Trewoatha, or Treforda.
T. wellas, lower (wallas) T.
Trevoorder, t. by the great (maur) water (dour), or on the road (fordh)
to the water, Po.; i.q. Trewarda, H.; T. Bicke, far off town, T. ! little (bigan) Trevorder.
Trevore, great (maur), sea (mor), road (for), sister’s (hoer), ram’s (hor), or boundary (or) house.
Trevothe, -ans, -ans, ? great house of pardon (gwyons), P.
Trevothay, -y, i.q. Trewochey.
Trevothus, ? Bargus, or ever-wood (gar gus) house.
Trevo-ian, -ian, -yan, i.q. Tre-veryan; or, John’s Trevor.
Trevorick, t. on the creek, brook, or rivulet (war ick), Pr., or bay (gwic); or, Iverch’s (w.) dwelling.
Trevorne, ? i.q. Trefoan, -warn.
Trevornick, -ick, -ock, ? i.q. Trefock or -vannick.
Trevornon, i.q. Trevorna.
Trevo-ow, -ow, -rah, -y, ? town on the ways (vorow), B.; or, i.q. Trevarra, or Trevry.
Trevorrick Morva, ? Trevarick
marsh (morva).
Trevoirsden, ? Hurston dwelling.
Trevoiry-A, -a, t. on the good road (vor da), T. ! ? marsh (morva) t.;
or, i.q. Trewartha.
TrevoS-A, -E, fortified (fos, a trench, wall, pl. fossow) t., Pr.; maid or virgin's (mos) t., H.; ? Isosa's h.
Trevisper, ? Vospur house.
Trevossel, ? Hawystl's (w.) town.
TrevoSt-A, -er, ? Foster house.
Trevoth-an, -en, ? i.q. Trevathan.
Trevotter, ? Otter's dwelling.
Trewounance, deep (vown = down) or low t. in the valley (nans), Pr.;
i.q. Trewaunance.
Trevow-A, -ah, ? cave (fow) town.
Trevowhan, low (down) t., T.C.
Trevoyan, ? i.q. Trevine.
Trevozwowe, 16 cent., Trevose cave (fow).
Trewrance, n.f., ? Trevorians.
Trewrane, n.f., ? crow (bran), or king's (brenin, w.) t.; or, i.q. Tre-
Gavan.
Trewrione-ck, -k, i.q. Trefronick.
Trewrea = Hill- (bre) ton.
Trewreesa, i.q. Trefresa.
Trewreke, ? i.q. Treberick.
Trevret, d.d., ford (red) t., W.S.
Trewegen, d.d., i.q. Trewergen.
Trewrida, ? Frittag's (t.) dwelling.
Trewvenivet, d.d., dwelling (trey) by (ar) the palace (nevat, gaul), or wood (nemet, o.br.), W.S.
Trewry, dwelling on the round hill (fry), Pr.; high d., R.W.
Trewrys, t. on a small round (vrys, breast) hill, Pr.; i.q. Trefrize.
Trewthal. d.d., i.q. Treuthal.
Trevu, m., prospect place, or place of the view (vu, Lh.), G.S.
Trewurrow, n.f., i.q. Trewarra.
Trewurvas, ? Barwis house.
Trewu-ss, -se, -zza, i.q. Trevosa.
Trevy-ados, -as, i.q. Treviades.
Trevydar, ? i.q. Treviderow, P.
Trevydran, i.q. Trevedran.
Trevye, ? river- (wy) ton, P.

Trevygham, o., i.q. Trebicen.
Trevylyan, i.q. Trevelyan.
Trevy syns, o.n.f., ? i.q. Trewance.
Trevyrick, ? i.q. Trevorick.
Trevyryan, i.q. Trevivian.
Trew, ? high (uch), or yew (yw) t.
Trewa, ? higher (uch, w.) town.
Trewadra, ? i.q. Trevartha.
Trewaftfe, o.n.f., ? i.q. Trewoof.
Trewage, o.n.f., ? i.q. Trewege.
Trewa-l, -ll, d.d. -le, ? wall (gwul) t., W.S.; ? i.q. Trewhall.
Trewald-Ar, -er, ? i.q. Trewalader.
Trewall-A, -ow, ? lower (wallach) t.
Trewallen, -and, d.d. -en, ? i.q. Trevellan.
Trewan, ? i.q. Trevan.
Trewandara, oak hill (ban derow) h., P.; ? dwelling (tre) by the oaks (an derow), or on oak down (gwon).
Trewane, i.q. Trewen, P.
Trewan-et, -net, -ta, d.d. -t, ? i.q. Treveneth; want, a mole, m.c.
Trewang-ning, -ian, -ning, -ion, i.q. Trevianan.
Trewan, ? careful (war, Pr.) h., P.
Trewarack, o.n.f., i.q. Treworick.
Trewar-as, -ras, i.q. Tregavarras.
Treward-A, -er, ? i.q. Trevartha.
Trewardale, ? d. by the high moor (warth haf), P., or in the dale (dol);
or, i.q. Trewothall.
Trewardrewah, ? Trewarth by the oaks (derow), or water-place (dourea).
Trewarlet, meadow (gweirglaedwdd, w.) house (tre), or land (tir).
Trewarlethan, i.q. Tremelethen.
Trewarmet, ? i.q. Trewarveneth.
Trewarnayl, i.q. Tywarnhail.
Trewarne, ? alder (gwaren) town.
Trewarnevaw, ? upper (warth) little (nebas) h., P., ? i.q. Trewenaws.
Trewarrenaw, ? i.q. Trewynaw.
Trewarrenaw, ? i.q. Trewynaw.
Trewarrenaw, ? i.q. Trewynaw.
Trewarrenaw, ? i.q. Trewynaw.
Trewarrenaw, ? i.q. Trewynaw.
Trewarrenaw, ? i.q. Trewynaw.
TREW

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TREWELLARD, ? i.e. TREVALLARD.
TREWELLOGEN, d.d., ? d. on the high
(whel) down (goon), P. ; or, i.e.
TREVELYAN.
TREW-E-NN, -NN, fair (gwen) t., or place
of innocence, Pr. ; white h., Wh. ;
? St. Wenn’s t. ; p.s. not known.
TREWENCE, i.e. TREVINCE.
TREWENETHICK, 14 cent., i.q. TRE-
VENETHIC, or TREWARTHENICK.
TREWEN-ICK, -NECK, -ACK, i.q. TRE-
WINEY, TREWEN, or TREWITHECN
TREWEN-ION, -NAN, i.q. TREVIAN,
P. ; ? Gwenan’s dwelling.
TREWENT, d.d., windy (guent, wind)
town, W.S. ; i.q. TREVINT, or TRE-
VENETH.
TREWERNE, marsh or alder (gwen) t.
TREWERRY, ? i.q. TREVTER-OW, -Y.
TREWERTON, i.q. CHIVERTON.
TREWETHA, ? widow’s (gwetho) h.
TREWETHACK, ? i.q. TREVETHACK.
TREWETH-AN, -EN, -IN, ? i.q. TREV-
ETH-AR, -ER, ? workman’s (gue-
ideur) t., P. ; or, Gwythyr’s (w.) d.
TREWETH-ARD, -ERT, -ET, ? Guaithril’s
(B.m.) d. ; or, woodbine (gwyddffid,
w.) house ; high (ard) TREWTH, P.
TREWETHERN, ? i.q. TREVIDRON.
TREWETHHEY, ? i.q. TREVETHHEY.
TREWETHICK, d. in the woody place
(guithic) ; or, i.q. TREVITHICK.
TREWLEY, ? River- (gwy) ton, P.
TREWHE-ELA, -LA, -LLA, -LOW, d. by
the works or mines (wheylow), Pr.
TREWHELE, i.q. TREWHEAL.
TREWHHEEL, ? i.q. TREWHERDALE.
TREWIDDEN, white (gwydn) place, C.;
or, i.q. TREVETHAN.
TREWIDLAND, ? Gwyddelan’s (w.) d.
TREWIGGET, a village, little village
(wicet) town, Pr. ; ? Wicket’s h.
TREWIGLAS, i.q. TREVIGLAS.
TREWILJACK, ? i.q. TREVISICK.
TREWILL-A, n.f.-E, d.d. i.q. TREWHEL.
TREVILLAN, d.d., cultured (gwyllin,
w.) place, W.S. ; ? i.q. TREVILAN.
TREWILLOW, ? i.q. TREVELLOE.
TREWAN, little (bean) TREWARTH.
TREWARTHENICK, higher town by
the (an) creek (gwic), or rivulet
(ick), Pr. ; ? i.q. TREWITHECN.
TREWARTHIAN, n.f., i.q. TREVARTH.
TREWARTON, ? d. on the hill (war
dun) ; or, i.q. TREWARTAN.
TREWARTVA, ? marsh (morea) town.
TREWARVAL, ? i.q. TREVORELL.
TREW-AR-VENETH, -NETH, 13 cent.
- VENE, house upon (war) a hill
(menedh), P. ; ? hill house (trewe).
TREWAWICK, i.q. TREVORICK.
TREWASHFORD, ? d. by the ash, or
sheep washing ford.
TREWASHMOND, ? d. by the entrench-
ment (fos) on the hill (monedh), P.
TREWASICK, i.q. TREVASSACK.
TREWASS-A, -OW, ? i.q. TREVOSA.
TREWASTE, ?? i.q. TREVISQUITE.
TREWATERS, ? three (tri) streams (t.).
TREWATHEN, i.q. TREWARTH-EN, -ON.
TREWATHERN, ? alder or marsh (gwen)
TREWARTHA.
TREWATHNOE, ? Noe’s TREWARTHA.
TREWAVAS, wintery (gwaw-as) or ex-
posed d., Pr. ; ? Gwawas house.
TREWAY, ? River- (gwy) ton.
TREWBODY, n.f., faithful or trusty
messenger (trew bodi, o.n.).
TREWDERET, d.d. (e.d.d. TREVIDER-
ed), i.q. TREW ar-dereth, or TYW-
ARDREATH.
TREWFEATHA, ? widow’s (gwedho) h.
TREWFEATHING, i.q. TREWTHAN.
TREW-ED-ALE, -ELL, i.q. TREW HIDDLE
TREWENDNA, ? white (gwenedac) house.
TREW-E-GE, -EK, -AK, sweet (whec)
town, Pr.
TREW-EN, ? i.q. TREVAN, P.
TREWENS, ? Enis house (trev). TREW-
E-R, -RE, ? i.q. TREVAR.
TREW-ER-E-S, -S, ? maid’s (gwyrrhes) t.
TREWEESE, ? i.q. TREVENSE.
TREWET, o.n.f., i.q. TREWITH.
TREWEGGA, 14 cent., i.q. TREVego.
TREW-LL, d.d. -LL, ? high (whel) t.,
P. ; or, i.q. TREVELL.
TREWELLA, ? i.q. TREVELLA.
dwellings on the marsh, Pr.
TREWENIN, under-town, or town exposed to the weather (?), H.; i.q. Trewince.
TREWINCY, Wunsie's (B.m.) d.
TREWINDLE, high (tal) h. exposed to the wind (guins), P.; or, Gwynodl's (w.) dwelling.
TREWINEY, -ney, -na, -neck, -ick, -nick, -ock, marshy (winnic)t., P.W.
TREWINEOJI, d.d., Veneto's (J.) d., W.S.; or, St. GWINEDOC's d.
TREWION, -nion, - now, d. or near the marshes (win-ion, -now), T.
TREWINNARD, n.f., Gueneret's (s.B.m.) d.; winnard, the red-wing.
TREWINNEL, i.q. Trewindle.
TREWINSICK, windy (quinsic) h., P.
TREWINT, i.q. Trewin, Pr.
TREWINTON, spring (fenten) t., H.
TREWINVER, 14 cent., Gwenever's d.
TREWIRE, n.f., battle (heir) h., P.
TREWIRGIE, -y, i.q. Trewoorday.
TREWISCUS, i.q. Treviscus.
TREWISLE, -sh, -tch, i.q. Treweese.
TREWITGH, d.d., now Trewithgy, wild-dog (gwilgi) h., W.S.; t. of trees (gwith) by the river (gy), T.; i.q. Trewoorday.
TREWITH, o. -t, i.q. Trevit.
TREWITHA, i.q. Trethewe.
TREWITHAC, i.q. Bowidoc.
TREWITHAN, -en, -in, t. among the trees (gwehld); or, i.q. Trevethan.
TREWITHENICK, dwelling tree (gwehld-en) on a river (en ick), T.; i.q. Trewardenick.
TREWITHER, Gwythyr's (w.) d.
TREWITHEREY, -y, i.q. Treythe.
TREWITHIAN, town of peace (?), T.; i.q. Trevethian; or, GWITHIAN h.
TREWITHICK, i.q. Bowithick.
TREWITT, n.f., i.q. Trewith.
TREWITTEN, i.q. Trewidden.
TREWYN, down (gwon) house.
TREWYDE, d.d., edd. -da, i.q. fruitful (voeth, Pr.) farm, P.; or, i.q. Trevoet.
TREWOLF, o.n.f., i.q. Trewoof.

TREWOLL-A, -AH, -ACK, -OCK, -ICK, -ECK, lower (wollach) town, Pr.
TREWOLLAND, -EN, i.q. dwelling (tre) by the lower enclosure (wolla lan), P.
TREWOLSTA, Wulfstan's (t.) d.
TREWOLVAS, WULFSEIGE's town.
TREWONAL, -VAL, -WEL, i.q. CUNOWAL'S or MANUEL'S dwelling.
TREWOWNARD, -NARD, WONAID's t.; or, i.q. TREVENARD or TREWUNNARD.
TREWWOOD, i.q. Trevoet.
TREWOODLA, i.q. Gwodloew's dwelling.
TREWOF, place frequented by, or of town of blackbirds (moelh), or the rookery, Pr.; t. of obyarn, H.; or, sm. smith's (goi) h., P., or Wolf's h.
TREWOLLOW, -ICK, i.q. Trewooll.
TREWOWN, down (gwon) house.
TREWOSSEL, Moor wood (cus hal) house (tre), P.; or, HAWYSTL's (w.) h.
TREWORDER, i.q. Treworder.
TREWORDRA, i.q. Trewardreva.
TREWORELL, 16 cent., i.q. Trewothall, or Trewardale.
TREWORGAN, -EN, i.q. Wurcon's d.
TREWORGANS, -ENS, i.q. Treworg-. TREWORGAY, -ey, -y, d. by the water, or just above the water (wor gy), Pr.; or, i.q. Trewishty.
TREWORICK, -K, -OCK, -ROCK, -RACK, o. -EC, -KE, i.q. Trevorick.
TREWORLY, -LD, i.q. Trewarlett.
TREWORLYAS, -IS, town on the high (worth) green (las), Pr.
TREWORNAN, -ON, i.q. Trewernon.
TREWORRA, -OW, i.q. Trewarra.
TREWORTH, i.q. Trewartha.
TREWORTHAN, -THEN, -TEN, i.q. Trewardan.
TREWORTHAT, dwelling over (worth) a wood (coat).
TREWORTHY, 16 cent., i.q. Trewothry, house on (worth) a hedge (ce), T.; or, GWARDGWY's (w.) h.; or, i.q. Treworgy.
TREWORVACK, -WICK, i.q. Trevorrowick, or Trearoc.
TREWORVAL, i.q. Tremorell.
TREWORVENETH, i.q. Trewarve-.
TREWOSEL, ? Hawystl's (w.) d.
TREWOTH-ACK, -ICK, -IKE, noted or known (woolh-ic) t., Pr.; t. on the wood, or known or noted (woolh) creek or bosom of waters (ike), H.; t. on (woolh) the water or creek (ick), D.G.; ? i.q. Trewarthenick
TREWOTHALL, alias RTHALL-THELL, ? d. on the river (woolh hayl'), or moor (hal); or, Irishman's (ywoolh-al) dwelling.
TREWOTHER, ? i.q. Trewartha.
TREWRAITH, alias Trewarth.
TREWREN, -ING, -ONG, -ON, wren's t., H.; place of alder trees (gourn, gowren), T.C.; ? Uren's dwelling.
TREWRICKLE, ? d. on the tide (trig) river (hail'), P.; ? Argall house.
TREWSEN, n.f., i.q. Trevisan.
TREWTHANS, ? i.q. Trethanas.
TREWULVESES, t. of help, aid, succour (ulp, s), H. ! = TRELVELA WOLLAS & WARTHA, higher and lower TRELVELA.
TREWY, ? = River- (gwy) ton, P.
TREWYNIAN, i.q. Trewinnion.
TREWYN'S-T, i.q. Trevint.
TREYTHE, o.n.f., i.q. Trewith.
TREWYTHENICK, i.q. Trewithenick
TREYAMON, Hamon's (t.) house.
TREYARD, o.n.f., ? i.q. Treyward.
TREYDURF, O., i.q. Tywardreath.
TREYED, ? i.q. Trewgan.
TREKEAN, ? i.q. Trewcan, P.; or, Trewcan; or = tir ean, lamb land.
TREYEO, ? Yeo's h.; or, i.q. Trewyew.
TREYE-R, -ERE, ? i.q. Trehuer.
TREYEUR, ? gold (eur), or goldsmith's (eure) h.; or, i.q. Trewyer.
TREWYEW, above (yuh) or upper t., P.
TREYONE, ? i.q. Treon.
TREY'S MILL, ? = Trese mill.
TREZALL-ON, -NG, ? i.q. Tresillian.
TREZAWSAN, i.q. Tresawsan.
TREZEBALL, -EL, colt's (ebol) t., Po.; ? lower (isa) d. by the pool (pol); or, = trusebol, the herb colt's-foot.
TREZEAN, ? i.q. Tregian.
TREZEBUT, -IBBET, ? lower (isa) dwelling (tre) by the grave (bedli).
TREZEDA, ? Seidi's (w.) house.
TREZELA, -ELA, salt (zal) town, Pr.; Zeala house.
TREZELL-AND, -IN, -ING, ? Salenn's (s.B w.) dwelling.
TREZIZE, n.f., -EZE, = tre yz, place for corn, Pr.; ? Saxon's (sai) town.
TREZODDERN, i.q. Tresadarn.
TREZOUIAN, ? i.q. Tresavean.
TREZOWAN, ? Sauuin's town.
TRIAGO, n.f., i.q. Trejago.
TRIANGLE FIELD, ? three-corner (ongl, w.) field; or, i.q. Treungle.
TRI-BLE, -BLEBE, n.f., ? i.q. Trebell.
TRICARN, ? three (tri) corns.
TRICK, n.f., ? i.q. Trigg.
TRICKLODEVAS, ? tre gweal o devas, sheep-field house.
TRI-COL, -GOI, d.d., i.q. Trecut.
TRIDDON, n.f., ? i.q. Tredidon.
TRIGANCE, n.f., ? i.q. Tregunnus.
TRIGANDENON, ? = tregva an denon, the dwelling of men, Po.
TRIGANIEN, = tre gan jein, d. with cold, Pr.; ? i.q. Treganian.
TRIGANTAN, ? Canotiinn's (w.) d.
TRIGAVARAS, = trigou varas, dwellers in the ways, Pr.; ? i.q. Tregavarras
TRIGAVETHAN, o. -MEDDON, dwellers in the meadows, Pr.; i.q. Tregavethan.
TRIGAVITHICK, i.q. Tregavithick.
TRIGG, an inhabitant (trig), Car.; ebb of the sea, or on the seasore, Pr.; third [hundred], C.
TRIGGJAGO, TRIDJAKA, i.q. Triago.
TRIGGS, ? i.q. Tregoose.
TRIGONDALE, i.q. Tregondale.
TRILLIAN, ? Lleon's or Elián's (w.) d.
TRIMBLE, n.f., ? i.q. Trembel.
TRIMLETT, n.f., ? i.q. Trembleth.
TRIMMER, n.f., ? i.q. Tremfar.
TRINDER, n.f., ? i.q. Tregender.
TRING, ? d. by the river (gy).
TRINICK, -ICK, -K, ? i.q. Treneage
TRINNIMAN, n.f., i.q. Treneman.
TRIPCONY, n.f., ? i.q. Tregony.
TRIPLET, ? i.q. Trembleath.
TRIPP, n.f., from scaling [a wall] nimbly, Lo.; ? = tregva, a dwelling.
TRISCOBAYS, i.q. TRESCOBEAS.
TRISCOTT, n.f., TRAWISCOIT.
TRISKEY, i.q. TREVISKEY.
TRISPAN, i.q. TREVISPAN.
TRISTE, n.f., trist, sad, sorrowful; or, i.q. TREWEST.
TRITHA-L, -LL, i.q. TREUTHAL.
TRIVET, o.n.f., i.q. TREVIT.
TRIZACKS, i.q. DRYSACK-S.
TROAD, n.f., i.q. TROOTE.
TROAN, down (oon, woon, gwon) t.; or = tron, a nose, promontory, hill.
TROANCE, ? INES lands (tirou).
TRODEN, n.f., a starling (troden).
TROLENWITH, o.n.f., = tre hal enwyd, d. on the moor of ash-trees.
TROLVIS, i.q. TROELVIS.
TR-ON, -OON, -ONE, i.q. TROAN.
TRO-OSEL, -SAL, -SEL, -SWELL, ? Ha-wystl’s (w.) dwelling.
TRO-OTE, -OUTE, -OTE, -TT, n.f., i.q. TREWODE; or = troel, a turtle dove.
TROTTER, n.f., a bed (trot) of a river (dour, water), P.; = darador, door-(darat) keeper, i.q. Porter.
TROUNCE, n.f., i.q. TROANCE.
TROUNSON, ? council (son, a speech) oaks (derow), P.; or = tre rounsan, ass town.
TROUTHEL, d.d., i.q. TREUTHAL.
TROVE, a dent, pit, cave, or valley (?), H.; i.q. TREWOOF.
TROVERROW, n.f., i.q. TREVERRA.
TROW-ALL, -ELL, = tirov hal, moorlands; or, i.q. TREVAL.
TROWSA, ? lower (isu) lands (tirou).
TROWSE, -OYES, -UAS, ? outer (aues) lands (tirov), or oaks (derow).
TRUAN, a nose, beak, promontory (tron), H.; i.q. TREVAN.
TRUBODY, n.f., i.q. TREWBODY.
TRUBY, i.q. TREBIGH.

TRUBURROWS, ? three (tri) barrows.
TRUCK, i.q. TREUVA, P.
TRUCK FIELD, ? manure (otrach) field
TRU-DGEON, -GAN, -GEON, -NGEON, n.f., i.q. TREGIAN; or = trodszen, a starling.
TRUEN, i.q. TREWEN, R.E.
TRUGO, = tree gof, smith’s h., R.W.
TRUMAN, n.f., ? rock (maen) of compassion (truth), P.; or, i.q. TRE-MAYNE.
TRUMBALL, n.f., i.q. TREMBEL.
TRUMLETT, n.f., i.q. TREMBLEATH.
TRUMMER, n.f., i.q. TREVUMMER.
TRUNGLE, i.q. TREUNGLE.
TRURABO, i.q. TREAABOC.
TRURAS, i.q. TREGAVARRAS.
TRUR-EN, -AN, n.f., i.q. TREWREN, or TREVRAINE.
TRURO, i.q. TREFREW.*
TRUSCOIT, i.q. TRAWISCOIT; or, door (daras) of the wood (coat).
TRUS-EL, -SEL, i.q. TREVRESSEL.
TRUSHAM, n.f., i.q. TREVISSAM.
TRUSTAR, n.f., = trosster, a beam, rafter, P.; or, i.q. TREOSTER.
TRUTH-AL, -ALL, -WALL, -WELL, barrel (troth) moor (hal), or, entrance (darat) of the moor, or, = tre uhal, high t., Pr.; i.q. TRETHALL.
TRUTH-AM, -AN, -ON, the (an) trout (trud), H.; ? trout river (avan, avun), or home (ham, s.).
TRUTHIAN-CE, -S, from some; or, i foot (trul) of the valley (nans).
TRUTHURST, ? entrance (darat, door) of the wood (hurst, t.).
TRUY-AN, -EN, i.q. TREW-AN, -EN.
TRY, = ty rwy, king’s house, T.C.; or, tre gwy, dwelling by the river.
TRY CORNER FIELD, ? three- (tri) cornered field, i.q. TRIANGLE.

* o. TRIVERRY, TRUERU, TRUERU, TREBUR, TREBUR, TREWREW, TRURU, TRUROW, TRUROE, = tri ru, three ways or streets, Cam., Car., T., Pr., Po., Spry, R.W.:=tre vorou or norow, town of or on the ways, B.:=tre uro or uro, town or castle upon the river, Wh. (uro, ? pl. of ur, a boundary, Fenton);=te river-eu, ou, town on the rivers, Hing.:=tre a rhiv, place or village, at the slope or declivity, in the road or way, M.L.; ??=tre u eru, dwelling above the field; or, tirou rhiv, lands on the slope; cf. TREVORROW, TREVARRA, &c. The manor is TRURO and TREWY; c.d. St. Mary.—TRURO VEAN, little TRURO.
Trysack, i.q. Drysack.
Trythall, n.f., i.q. Truthall.
Tryth-an, -en, i.w. Tredlyhn, a ridge of high ground running into a vale, R.W.; or, furze (eilthin) land (tir), or house (tve).
Trythogga, i.w. treidlyng, penetrating, R.W.; vile (hogen) harlot (druth), P.; see Rethogga.

Tubb, n.f., = tuben, hot, P.
Tubb-an, -on, i.q. Park Tubban.
Tub-by, -mas, n.f., = Thomas, Cor.
Tub Field, i.w. dry-dung (tub) field.
Tuck, n.f., = tyue, Farmer.
Tucker, n.f., i.q. Toker.
Tuck Mill, fulling mill, t.
Tuckingmill, same; c.d. All Saints.
Tu-coise, -coyse, o. -cays, wood (cus) house (ty), Wh.; wood side (tu), Pr.; d.d. Tucowit, hence Dogood, Toogood, n.f.

dudwell, ? Tudwal's (w.) h. (ty).
Tula-, Tule-, Tulu-mena, of tol, DoGood, i.q.
Tull-, Tulli-maar, ? i.q. Toll.
Tulla-, Tulli-maar, ? great (mear) hole (tul) or height (tal).
Tullok, n.f., i.q. Tallack.

dung, ? i.q. Tyack.
Tungay, n.f., i.q. Tangey, = longay, a break in a field, w., R.W.
Turfrey, n.f., i.q. Treffry, Ch.
Turgoil, d.d. watch (goil) tower (tur), W.S.; i.q. Trecarrel, J.Co.

Turkey Park, ? otter (dourgi), or turf hedge or water dike (durfy), or turkey close (parc)
Turmulion, ? i.q. Dormullion.
Turn a Penny, ? i.q. turnip (turnapun) field (hay).

Turnavore, = tur an evar, the great tower, P.; or, turn of the road (fordh, for), i.q. Turnaway, t.

Turnawin, = tur an wynn, the white tower, P.; or, i.q. Trenawin.

Turnemere, ? great (mear) turn.

Turney, n.f., ? i.q. Trevarnick.

Turscott, short (cot) or low tower (tur), Pr.; ? i.q. Truscott.

Tutton, ? = todn, lay ground, P.

Tutwell, ? i.q. Dudwell.

Tweena-, Twene-, Twin-, Twinney A-ways, [field] between the roads, t., M'L.

Twelveheads, [stamping-mill for crushing ore, with] twelve heads or crushers, t.

Twelve-, Twivel-wood, Twell-, Twill-hood, [near] two woods, t., Beal.

Twpenny Field, ? i.q. Doona.

Tyack, -ke, n.f., farmer, husbandman (tyoe).

Tybe-sta, -ster, house (ty) for cattle, Pr.; h. of good (da) prayer (pyse, to pray), H.; ? = ty bedhau, house of graves, M'L.

Tyddy, n.f., ? i.q. Tiddy; or, = ty du, black house.

Ty Close, ? house (ty), or adit or drain (tye, Pr.) close.

Tyecombe, Ty valley; or, vale h.

Tyer, n.f., = tyor, a Thatcher, Slater, Slater.

Ty-es, -as, n.f., o. Teutonicus, Lo., the Teuton; (tus, ties, people).

Tyeth, n.f., ? i.q. Trewith, or Tywardneath.

Tymannen Croft, ? butter (manen) house (ty) croft.

Tymbrelham (alias Temple Park), i.q. Timberham.

Tyna-l, -ll, ? i.q. Tywarnhaile.

Tyncombe, n.f., i.q. Tincum.

Tynes, i.q. Tines.

Tynney, n.f., i.q. Tinny.

Tynton, i.q. Tinten.

Typet, n.f., i.q. Tippet.

Tyrack, ? w. tyruch, towering, R.W.; or, i.q. Dourock.

Tyrell, n.f., ? royal (real) land.

Tywhitt, n.f., ? swelling (chwydgh) land (tir), R.W.; or, wood (cuit) l.

Tyserd, n.f., ? i.q. Tresarret.

Tywardreath, dwelling (ty) upon [or above] (war) the sandy beach (trealh), Pr.; Cor. Trewardreth, sandie t.; W.W. Tywoodreth;
TYW

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VAL

† Uctred's, or Wuthrit's (w.B.m.) dwelling; p.s. St. Andrew.

Tywarnhale-ile, -le, house on the salt-water-river (an haey), T.; h. on the moor (hal), R.W.; e.d.d.

Tiuuarthel.

Tyze-er, -r, n.f., ?i.q. Tresare.

Uctred, t.d.d., mind council, t., Y.

Uda-le, -le, n.f., yew dale, Lo.

Ud-ay, -e, -y, n.f., ? yew (yw) house (ty); or, i.q. Eade.

Udder, ? = y dwer, the water, w.; or, swelling (ut) in the water (dour), P.

Udnow, i.q. Uthno.

Ugbere, i.q. Ogbere, Pr.

Ugothawr, i.q. cave (ugo) by the water (dour).

Ulfriic, B.m., wolf rule, t.

Ulfrit, B.m., wolf peace, t.

Ulnodestone, d.d., enclosure of Ulnod, t.d.d., wolf compulsion, t.

Ulsi, t.d.d., i.q. Uulfisie.

Ulward, t.d.d., wolf guard, t.

Under Ditch, ?i half (hanter), or under Ditchi Park.

U. Gullis, half or under Gullies.

U. Hays, half or under Heyes.

U. hill, ? low on the hill, t.

U. Lake, ? below the brook, t.

U. Leach, ?i ? below the flat stone (lech).

U. Park, lower close (parc), t.

U. Shipping, ? lower Shippen Park.

U. Tor, ? below Torr.

U. -town, -ton, ? lower, or under, or half town-place [field].

U. way, under or lower road [field].

U. widden, under Park Widden.

U. wood, lower or under wood [f].

Unjew, ?i.q. Angew.

Unn Goth, ? old (coth), or wood (coat) down (gwoon, goon, oon).

Uny Lelant, i.q. Lelant.

Upcott, ? higher cottage, t.; or, Ubba's (t) wood (coat).

Updown, ? higher down, t.

Upham, ? higher Ham, t.

Uphill, ? higher on the hill, t.

Upton, ? higher, or Ubba's (t) enclosure or farm (fun, s).

Uragh, ? witch's (wrach, w.) [rock].

Urban, o.n.f., ? from Treverbyn; or = Urbanus, civil, courteous, lat.

Uren, n.f., ? i.q. w. Urien = urarnios, heavenly, gr., Y.; = eurin, golden, w.

Urluck, n.f., ?i.q. Harlake.

Uspar, n.f., i.q. Vosper, Ch.

Ustick, n.f., = Ewstic, a St. Juster, W.C.B.; = ystig, studious, learned, or yuh sick (?), a high place, Pr.; fair (tey) nightingale (eus, B.), H.

Utarth, high (arth) swelling (ut, uth), Pr.; v. Earth.

Utefold, ? out (ut, s.) fold (fald, s.).

Uttiniance, i.q. Huthnance, ? high (huth) valley, or valley of delusion (leth, Pr., affliction, R.W.), or grief (cuth), Ch.

Uthno, high bare (no = nooth) place, or naked exposure, Dr.; see Perran Uthno.

Uulfisie, w.B.m. = Wolfsige, wolf victory, s.

Uxela, Ptol., = uchel, high (ysala, sans.), Cam.; wisc heli, salt water, Bax.

The V

A, ma, va, a place, R.W.

Vagga, ?i.q. Vuga, or

Vag-hue, -ue, ? = vachow, pl. of magh, a field, R.W.; or = bach, little, or vug, a hollow.

Valanounder, ? = gwal an bounder, the lane or boundary wall.

Valdo, ? = gweal dour, waterfield.

Valean, ? = gweal vean, little wall; or, gweal ean, lamb field.

Valenoweth, n.f., i.q. Vellanow.

Vallack, n.f., ? = gwarec, fenced.

Valley Truckle, ?i.q. Glendor-gal; or, Gweal-or-Park-Truckle

Vallins, ? = gweal eanes, lambs' field.

Vallitort, o.n.f., = de valle torta, of the winding vale, lat., Cam.

Valnoweth, ?i.q. new (nowedh) field.
Van, v= ban, height, high.

Vance Lo€, a barrow (low, t.) valley (nuns), M'L.

Vandernei€, v= [parc] vounder an had, lane close by the river, P.

Vandrack, i.q. Park an Turk.

Vandwell, ?i.q. Park an Tule.

Vane, i.q. Veain, or Van.

Vanwear, great (mear) Van.

Vearwash, i.q. Fairwash.

Vear-ell, i.q. Great (mear) field.

Varne Ground, f.m., ?[sea] fern [fishing] ground, T.Q.C.

Vartha, n.f., i.q. Wartha.

Vasnoon, n.f., v=fos an oon, wall or intrenchment on the down.

Vau, = fav, a cave.

Vaughan, n.f., = v. bauchan, little man.

Vau Laz, ? grey or green (glas) cave (fow).

Vause, n.f., ? i.q. Fos.

Vautier, n.f., = Walter, f.

Vaux, o.n.f., = vaulx, valley, f., Cam.

Vawden, ? hill (din) cave (fow); or, i.q. Bawden.

Veb, n.f., ?from Mere or St. Veep.

Veale, n.f., a calf, f., Lo.; = Veli, t., F.; or, i.q. Gweal.

Veon, n.f., = bean, little.

V. Garrick, little rocky [field].

V. Porth, i.q. Porth Bean.

Vear, n.f., = mear, wear, great.

Veare Meadow, ? great meadow.

Vease, n.f., ?from Treeseve.

Veatonwind, ? = fenten wint, wind, i.e., windy well.

Veudescowan, i.q. Fentonscawan.

Vee Lane, i.q. Valey.

Veen, n.f., = bean, little.

Vegan Pool, ? little (bechan) pool.

Vetch, n.f., = bich, little.

Vel an town, ? field (gweal) by the (an) town or farm-place.

Velen Tremayne, Tremayne's mill.

Vellishush, n.f., i.q. Melilush.

Velin-drucha, -drucher, -dructia, -drockye, i.q. Melandrucha.

Velin-hagen, -nogen, mill where loaves or pies (? higen) are sold, B.

Vellacot, n.f., = gweal a coet, wood field; or, cottage field, t.

Vellan Alsa, mill (melin) on the cliff (als), Pr.

V. Brane, rookery (bran, a crow) mill, Pr.; ? crown field.

V. Dreeth, ? strand (treath) mill.

V. Eusan, chaff (usion) mill.

V. Goose, wood (cus) mill.

V. Gove, smith's mill; or, = gweal an gob, the smith's field.

V. Oweth, i.q. Mellanoweth.

V. Point, yellow (melyn) point, C.

V.-Sargan, -serjan, -serga, -sager, sieve mill, W.B.

V. Saundry, Sanders' mill.

V. Seth, dry (sech) mill, Pr.; or = gweal an seth, field of the arrow.

V. Usan, chaff (usion) mill.

V. Vane, i.q. Vellantane.

V. Vros, great (bras) mill, R.W.

Vell Bridge, ? bridge field (gweal).

Vellen Close, i.q. Park Vellan.

Vellenser, n.f., i.q. Vellansargan.

Vellies, = gweal haiz, barley field.

Vellin Antron, ? Antron mill.

Vell-inoweth, -nowarth, -oweth, n.f., i.q. Mellanoweth.

Vellons, ? lambs' (eunes) field.

Velmers, i.q. Gullymears.

Velves, ? lark (mehues) [field]; or, i.q. Gwelvez.

Ven, Venn, ? i.q. Veain, or Penn.

Venard, n.f., i.q. Maynard.

Ven Close, i.q. Pengullas.

Vendeller, ? back (delhar) little (bean) [field], or well (fenten).

Venden Cock, cuckoo (goy) well, P.

Vender Close, ? bottom (goles) well (fenten); or, well close.

Vendith, ? heath (heyth) well.

Vendown, ? well down.

Veney, stones (pl. of maen), R.W.

Venhail, alias Penhaile.

Venhill, same; or = Ven hill.

Venlock Meadow, ? Benallockm.

Venman's Hill, ? Benjamin's hill.

Vennacombe, n.f., ? stony (maenic), or marshy (winnie) vale.
VENNARD, n.f., i.q. MAYNARD.
VENNE, ? i.q. Ven.
VENNER, n.f., ? from TREVENEN.
VENNIES, ? i.q. MENNIES.
VENNING, n.f., ? from TREVENEN.
VEN PARK, Ven close.
VENSOWAN, ? elder-tree (scowan) well (fenten).
VENSON, ? same; or, i.q. Fenton, P.
VENTALUNA, ? ? joyful (lowannec) well; or, i.q. PENALUNA.
VENTANEGO, ?Jago's, or Smith's (go), or wood (coat) well.
VENTANGAY, i.q. FENTONGAY.
VENT AN LEAGUE, i.q. VENTONLEAGE
VENTANVOSE, i.q. VENTONVOSE.
VENTERDON, ? spring (fenten) on the hill (er dun).
"VENTERONISICK, 14 cent., ? lower (isach) spring or well (fenten).
VENT FIELD, spring, or wind (gwent, a.), or wheat (gwenaneth) field.
VENTILEASE, i.q. FENDERLEASE.
VENTINE, ? cold (iein) well.
VENTON, n.f., i.q.
VENTON, i.q. Fenton.
V. ALLEN, ? St. Allen's well.
V. ALLIES, ? HALLAZE well.
V. ARA, ? i.q. FENTONARE.
V. -BARREN, -BERREN, ? St. Piran's w.
V. COOSE, i.q. VENTONGOOSE.
V. DAVEY, Davey's (n.f.) well.
V. -EAGE, -NEAGE, sweet (wec) well, DrT.; mossy (neag, moss, B.) w., Pr.
V. EAST, ? St. Just's well.
V. ENDS, ? ENAS well.
V. ERRAN, ? silver (arian, w.) well.
V. ERTH, ? St. Erth's well.
V. FEATHERS, ? martys' (merthyr-s) w.
V. GEE, ?? common (ces) spring.
V. GHOST, ? haunted well.
V. GILBERT, Gilbert's well.
V. GIMPS, i.q. FENTONGIMPS.
V. GINE, cold (jein) well, T.C.
V. GLASTER, ? pebbly (cellester) well. (glaster, greeness or blueness, R. W.)
V. -GLIDER, -GLIDOR, -GLEDOR, -GLIDER, -GILDOR, i.q. FENTINGLEDER.
V. GOLLAN, i.q. FENTENGOLLAN.
V. GOOSE, i.q. FENTONGOOSE.
V. GOTH, old (coth) well.
V. GREAN, ? gravel (green) well.
V. HOME, ? holly (holm) or home spring.
V. HORN, ? iron (horn), or corner s.
V. JEAN, ? ox (udzheon), or giant's (ghean, B.), or cold (jein) well.
V. LADOCK, St. Ladoca's well.
V. LEAGE, ? flat-stone (lech) well.
V. LEY, i.q. FENTALEY.
V. MOOR, ? great (maur) well.
V. OOAS, ? outer (auses) spring.
V. RASE, ? middle (cresc) spring.
V. REMFRY, REMFRY's well.
V. RIGAN, i.q. FENTRIGAN.
V. SAW, spring near the zawan or cleft with water at the bottom, E.G.H.
V. SAVEN, the healing well, Gw.; or, i.q. FENTONSCAUAN.
V. UNY, St. Uny's well.
V. -VANE, -VEAN, little (bean) well.
V. VAUL, ? Paul's well.
V. -VEASE, -VEZ, i.q. F. VEASE.
V. VEDNA, i.q. FENTON VEDNA.
V. VEOR, great (mear) well.
V. VERTH, green (gwird) spring, Pr.
V. VIDON, ? little (bedun) spring.
V. VINE, ? little (bichan) spring.
V. VOSE, 'well of the Vose.
V. VYVILAN, VIVIAN's well.
V. -WIN, -WYN, white (gwyn) spring.
V. ZEATH, dry (sech) well, Pr.; ? well of the arrow (seth).
V. VENTUM CROFT, ? well croft.
VENVEN, ? i.q. VENTONEYAN.
VEOR COVE, i.q. PORTHNERE.
VERA, ? = mear hay, great close.
VERCOE, n.f., ? from TREWORGEY.
VERDUN, n.f., ? from TREVORFEN.
VERE, n.f., great (mear, veir).
VER- , VER-LAND, ? ber lan, short enclosure, P.; or, far land, t.
VERMANN, n.f., ? ber maen, short stone, P.; i.q. BERREMAN.
VERNEY, n.f., ? gwern hay, alder or marsh enclosure.
VER-RAN, -N, i.q. GWERN.
VERWELL, ? far well; or, meir gweal, great field.
Veryan, from p.s. St. Symphorian, O., E.S.; = i.q. St. Urean, w., C.S.G.

Vesper, n.f., = i.q. Vesper.

Vi-al, -el, -ell, n.f., = i.q. Veale.

Vian, n.f., = Ubert, bright sanctity, t., F.

Vicca, = gwishay, village or ocke field

Vi-Cary, -tor, -gor, -gors, -gars, -cans, n.f., from gwigur, merchant.

Vice, n.f., = i.q. Bice.

Viddicks, n.f., = Bidick's son.

Viles Park, Villiz, = Pillas or skinless-oats' close (pare); or, = gwed hray, barley field; or, lower (is), or outer (ves) field.

Villars Croft, = i.q. Croft Pillas

Vilvar, = grethach, a recess, w., R. W.

Vilvos, = trench (foss) field (gweal).

Vil Warls, = Borlase field.

Vin-ack, -nack, = i.q. Minnack.

Vince, n.f., = from Trevine.

Vincent, n.f., = i.q. Wensent, w.

Vinegar Park, = close near the hop yard or garth (i vineyad).

Vine Park, = i.q. Park Vean or Vine

Viner, n.f., = gwimor, vintner.

Vineyard, = enclosure (yard, t.) for the vine (gwin), P., or hop-bine.

Vingoe, n.f., = wine taster, W.B.; wine (gwin) man (gwr).

Vin-ick, -nick, -ock, = wine (gwin) [place], P.; or, = i.q. Minnack.

Vinnicombe, n.f., = i.q. Vennacombe.

Vinocks, = stony (maenic) [field]s.

Vinter Vane, = i.q. Ventonvane.

Vinton, n.f., = i.q. Fenton or Winton

Viole, n.f., = i.q. Veale.

Violence, = gwed canes, lambs' field; or, = i.q. Gulance.

Virga, = wor gy, above the river, P.

Virlands, = for lands or fields.

Vis-ack, -ick, n.f., = i.q. Physick.

Viscar, alias Fiscar.

Visgay, = pixie or fairy field (hay).

Vissan, n.f., = from Trevessan.

Vivian, n.f., = Vivianus, lively, lat., Y.; = gwy vian, small river, or, from chuyeyan, to escape, w., Pr.

Vixen Park, = fox close, t.


Vloric, t.d.d., = i.q. Ulfric.

Voad, = Vod-en, = i.q. Bawden.

Vo-age, -uge, = foc, a blowing house, furnace, P.; or, gwag, a hollow.

Vo-ase, -az, -ce, n.f., = i.q. Vose.

Voben, = little (bean) cave (fow).

Vogan, n.f., = i.q. Bogan.

Vog-Lesham, =glesum, = i.q. Fugl-

Vogo, = fogo, a cave.

Vogus, = fog gus, blowing house by the wood, P.; or, bagus, a bush; or, = i.q. Bargus.

Voice, n.f., = i.q. Voyce.

Vony Park, = hatchet (bony) close.

Vor Eglyx, = i.q. [Park] Friggles.

Vorg-a, -o, = wartha ge, higher field, J.B.; or, maer ogo, great cave; or, = i.q. Trevorgay; or, Virga; or

Vorgan, = morgan, sea-side, R. W.

Vorland, = front land or field, t.

Vorn, = i.q. Park Vourne.

Vorner, = gwern hir, long marsh.

Vorse Field, = furze field, t.; or, i.q.

Vory-as, -es, = outer (ves), or good (mas) road (fordh, vor).

Vose, i.q. Foss, or Boase.

Voskelly, = grove (celli) Foss.

Vosp-ar, -er, -ur, n.f., = pure or immaculate (par) virgin (mos), H.; = i.q. Vose close (pare), or cove (porth).

Vossa, n.f., = i.q. Buzza.

Vossall, = moor (hul) trench (fos); or, trench moor.

Vounder, = bounder, a lane, or feeding ground; also a boundary.

V. an teare, = the oak (dar) lane.

V. Gabmas, = crooked (camb), or stile (camfa, w.) lane [field]s.

V. Ledan, = broad (ledan) lane.

V.-Park, = Field, lane field.

V. Vean, = little (bean) lane.

V. Veor, = great (meor) lane.

V. Vor Lane, = lane (redup) [leading] to the sea (mor), Gw.

Vow, = fow, a cave.
VOWAN GUHAON, 1 low (voun) down 
(guon), P.; 1 cave on the (an) down.
VOWELL, n.f., 1 = veil, humble, obedient; or, cave hill; or, i.q. MOYLE.
VOWLE PARK, 1 fool’s (fol) close, P.; or, foule, or foule; or, i.q. PARK VOLE
Vowler’s Close, i Fowler’s (n.f.) c.
VOYCE, n.f., i.q. Bice or Boase.
VRADDEN, VRADON HAY, ? crow 
(braidn, bran), i.e. rookery close 
(hay), J.B.
VRA-HAN, -N, rookery, Po.
VRAZE, i.q. Praz.
VROGE, 1 = vrach, sea-weed, a., P.
VROWN, ? lambs’ (eanes), or lower 
(ise), or dry (sech) hill (bron).
VUG-A, -GA, i.q. VOGO.
VUGLASS, i.q. VAU LAZ.
VUGPARC, cave close (parc).
VUINE, n.f., i.q. WYNN or VIVIAN.
VULLER’S Close, ? snail’s (bullhorn) close, P.; 1 BULLER’s close.
VULVERS, i.q. VELMERS.
VYCE, n.f., i.q. Bice.
VYCOOSE, river (xy) wood (cus), Pr.
VY-ELL, -OLL, n.f., i.q. VEALE.
VYEN, n.f., = bian, vyan, little, R.W.
VYNock, i.q. VINICK.
VYVYAN, n.f., i.q. VIVIAN.

W
W-AD, -DE, n.f., 1 the herb wood, 
s.; or = wad, a ford, s.
WACK Field, 1 empty (guag) field.
WADDER, n.f., ? = Walter.
WADDON, n.f., 1 ford hill (dun).
WADEBRIDGE, ford bridge, t.
WADE-, WAD-LAND, ? ford field (land), 
; or, i.q. WADELTON, n.f., WADEL- 
HEL’S (i = gwodhal, Irishman) enclo- 
sure (ton, t, = lan, k.).
WADDGE-, WADS-WORTHY, WADGERY, 
WAAD’s farm (weorthish), t.
WADHAM, n.f., 1 wood home, t.
WADLEY, n.f., 1 wood pasture, t.
WAGER, n.f., ? = wycigir, merchant.
WAGMUGGLE, ? = wyng mucel, great 
road, s.
WAIR PARK, 1 waggon close, t.

WAINSLADE, ? WYNNE’s bottom, t.
WAINSTONE, i.q. WINSTONE.
WAISTOW, ? = wallow, place of 
slaughter, or battle field, s.
WAKE, n.f., i.q. GWEEN.
WAKEHAMI, -M, n.f., 1 Wake’s Ham.
WALCOT, n.f., ? = walla coat, lower 
wood; or, cottage near the wall, t.
WALDON, n.f., 1 lower hill (Dun).
WALES, n.f., i.q. WALL-AS, or -EIS.
WALESBOROUGH, BURY, d.d. WALES- 
BRAY, Wales or Welsh burying 
ground, H.; 1 Welsh or foreigners’ 
(wealisc, s.) earthwork or hill, t.
WALKE, n.f., i.q. WALCHOSCH.
WALKOMB-EM, N.F., i.q. WOOLCOMBE.
WALL, 1 = whal, high; or, gwal, a 
wall; or, gwael, a field.
WALL-A, -OW, 1 = wallach, lower.
WALLAS, 1 same; or, i.q. GOONLAZE, 
or Gowellve, or
WALL-EIS, -JS, -EYS, -ACE, n.f., = 
wealisc, Welsh, foreign; lat. WAL- 
ENSIS.
WALLING CLOSE, 1 OLD-WALL (gwel 
hen) close.
WALLO, t.d.d., stranger, t., F.
WALLOCHUS, Bp., 1 = gwalch, hawk, w.
WALLS PARK, i.q. PARK WOLLAS.
WALRINGTON, n.f., 1 enclosure (tun) 
of the children of Wulfhere, t.
WALUR, n.f., 1 = gwalor, a waller.
WAMFORD, n.f., i.q. WANSFORD.
WANDERAWAY, 1 home (tre) or oak 
(dar) down (guon), or meadow- 
land (guverdor, w.) by the roadside.
WANGITHER, 1 = gwon gudwar, mole 
down.
WANNA, 1 guown, downs.
WANNEYS, 1 = guaneth, wheat, P.
WANSFORD, i.e. wagons’ ford, 
J.B.; or Woden’s or Owen’s ford, t.
WARBOROUGH, 1 guard (weard, s.) 
fortification (burh, s.); or, from 
WARBLOW, the place (stow, s.) of 
St. Werburgha (p.s. O.).
WARBURDON, n.f., 1 Werburgha’s 
town, t.
WARD-, WAR-HILL, 1 guard hill, t.
WARE, ? = s. wer, a weir, dam, fishpond, t.; = quare, a play, P.
WARFLETON or WALVERTON, ? Wulfhere's enclosure (tun, s.).
WARLANDS, play (quare) enclosures (lan-s), P.; ? weir fields, t.
WARLEGG-ON,-AN, high (worth) place (le) on the common (quon), Pr., or
down, T.; upon (ware) the (le, f.) down, Włh.; p.s. St. Bartholomew.
WARM, n.f., ? = wyrm, a serpent, s.
WARMINGTON, n.f., enclosure (tun, s.) of the children (ing) of WARM, t.
WARMWOOD, ? alder (gwerin) wood, P.
WARNE, n.f., ? = gwerin, gwarg, an alder or marsh; or = weardman,
watchman, s.
WARNICK, -OCK, ? marshy place.
WARNICOAT, n.f., ? = gwerin, gward, alder wood; or, i.q. BARNICOAT.
WARNYSSELL, o.n.f., low (isel) alders.
WARRAH GWEAL, WARTH FIELD,
the WARTHA, i.q. GWEAL WARTHA
WARRATON, higher, or play (quare) hill (dun), or enclosure (tun, s.).
WARRON, the fort, M'L; or, rabbit-warren; or, i.q. GWERN.
WAR-THA, -RA, higher.
WARTHA COOSE, i.q. COOZWARRA.
W. HALE, i.q. HALWARTHA.
WARTHANTRE, above (worth) the (an)
town (tre), or sand (traith), Gw.
WARTON, ? garrison (gwarth, B.) hill (dun); or, upon (ware) the hill.
WASHAWAY, entrenchment (fag) near
the way or road, P.
WASLEY, n.f., mud (wase, s.) pasture, t.
WASO, t.d.d., = hwas, keen, bold, o.n.,
F.; ? = gwac, a servant (-o, dimin.).
WASON, n.f., ? WATT's or WADE's son
WAST-AL,-ELL, piece of waste land, t.
WATERFORD, ? higher (wartha) ford,
P.; ? river passage, t.
WATERLIEGH, ? water pasture, t,
WATER PARK, i.q. PARK WATER.
WATERPIT, ? field by the water-pool
or spring (waterpytt, s.).
WATER WEEGH, ? higher WEEGH.
WATT, WATTY, WATUR, WATERS,
WATTS, ? from WALTER or WADE.
WAUNFORD, n.f., ? Woden's ford, t.
WAVELL, T.a., i.q. WAY FIELD, t.
WAVISH, n.f., ? i.q. GWAVAS.
WAYLAND, land enclosed by the
[Roman] road, t., M'L.
WAYNARD, n.f., ? i.q. MAYNARD.
WAYNE, n.f., ? = ween, a plain, B.W.
WAY PARK, ? road close, t.
WAYSEND, ? [Roman] road end, t.
WAYTE, n.f., a watchman, t., Lo.
WAYTON, enclosure (tun) by the way
or roadside, t.
WEAL BARROW, ? barrow field (gweal)
WEARE, n.f., ? i.q. WARE.
WEARING, n.f., ? = Warin, protecting,
or protecting friend, t., Y.; or,
i.q. WERRING or
WEARNE, i.q. WARNE.
WEARY LANDS, green (gweir) fields, P.
WEEVER, WEBBE, WEBBER, n.f., ? =
webbe, webbere, a weaver, s.
WEBBERY, i.q. WEB-WORTHY-LAND,
Webbe's farm (weorthig, s., lan, c.).
WEBSTER, a female weaver, s.
WEDDON, i.q. PARK WIDDEN.
WEDGEWORTH, ? Wadge or WADE's farm
WEDLICK, ? = waelag, moist pasture,
s.
WEDLOCK, n.f., ? waeluc, a pledge, s.
WEEK ST. MARY, sweet (wheg) St.
Mary, D.G.; village (gwic) of St.
Mary (p.s. O.).
WEEF FAT, ? = gweal earth, high field,
P.; or, fat or rich field.
WEENGS, ? = guen-s, downs, P.
WEE-TH, ? = gweeth, of waste, s.,
B.; or, w. gwydd, wild, uncultivated;
trees, shrubs.
W. NOEL, NOEL'S WEEGH.
WEIGH CROFT, ? croot by the way-
(wæg, s.) side, t.
WEITLAND, ? i.q. LANGUIT, P.; or,
= wheat or wet-field, t.
WEL-ch, -SH, n.f., i.q. WALLIES.
WELCOME, ? = gweal cum, valley field;
or, well or spring valley, t.
WEL AND DREA, i.q. GWEAL AN DREA.
W. BOO'T, ? cottage (bwth, w.) field.
WEL CARNE, i.q. GWEAL CARNE.
W. COCK, i.q. GWEAL COCK.
W. DICKIE, f field with the diggy, or pool into which water flows from a shoot, W.B.
WELLESLEGH, n.f., ? wells’ pasture.
WELL GOOTH, i.q. Hueal Gooth.
WELL MAN, stone (maen), or narrow (man) field (gweal).
WELLNOR, = gweal an nor, the ram’s or sister’s field; or, north field.
WELL PARK, t., i.q. Park Venton
W. VROS, i tide (fros) well, P.
W. WREAN, ? hill-side (ryn) field.
WELWAY, f field by the way-side; or, road to the well [field].
WENCENETHIEL, f.s.B.m., ? white (green) tribe, or people, or generation (cenedl), or linen (cenedel).
WENDEERN, s.B.m., f white hand (dorn), P., or oak (derwen).
WENDON, -yn, n.f., i.q. WENDRON.
WENDRON, white hill (tron), or thorns (draen), Pr.; from p.s. St. Wendrona, O.
WENERIETH, s.B.m., white longing (hireth), P.; ? gwen, a plain, R.W.
WENGOR, s.B.m., white dwarf (cor), P.
WENMOUTH, n.f., river’s (axon) mouth.
WENNON, n.f., i white ash-trees (on).
WENOWN, white down (wen, won, on)
WENSON, n.f., = Owen’s son.
WENTAWAY, f.i.q. WANDERAWAY.
WENTON, n.f., i.q. VENTON, P.
WENNÆTHLON, s.B.m., ? white besom (bannolan, w. banaadlen).
WENWI, s.B.m., = gwenwuit, sagacious, skilful.
WERR, i.q. WARREN, or
WERRING, n.f., ? wering, a dam, wall, bank, bulwark, rampart, s.
WERR, n.f., i.q. WARREN, W.B., or WERRY PARK, i.q. Park WHERRY.
WESCÖM, west, or outer (ves) vale.
WESTANTON, = west STANTON.
WEST-AWAY, -WAY, west road or path
WESTCOT, west wood (coat), or cot.
WEST DOLL, west or outer dale (dol).
WEST-ERLAKE, -LAKE, ? more westerly brook, t.
WEST-TERLAND, -TRA-PARK, more westerly field, t.
WEST-LÉE, -LEIGH, west pasture, t.
WEST NORTH, = ves an our, outer land, P.; ? north west [field].
WESTHEN, f.i.q. WitheyVAN.
WETLEY FIELD, woodplace (cuit le) f.
VEV-ELL, -ILL, n.f., = gwefl, a lip, w.; or, i.q. Wyvil.
WEXWORTHY, ? Wake’s farm, t.
WYEDOWNS, ? downs by the way-side, t.
WYEYERS, n.f., = queres, to help, P.
WIDDLETON, n.f., i.q. WADDON.
WHALE, n.f., ? i.q. WHEAL.
W. DRAIN, i.q. HUEL AN DREAM.
WHALESBOROUGH, i.q. WALESBORO.
WHAR-ATON, -TON, hill (dun) of laughter (warthke, to laugh), P.; ? further (gwarr) hill.
WHARE, n.f., = guare, play, P.
WHEAL, n.f., a work, a mine; or, = gweal, a field, (mostly, arable).
W. AMENA, = gweal an maenor, field by the boundary stone.
W. AN BOYS, ? i.q. GWEAL AN VEZ, or PARK AN BUSH.
W. AN COATS, the work (or mine, wheat) in the wood (coos), Pr.
W. AN CONS, ? field by the causeway (coans).
W. AN GOS, the hemlock (cegas) f.
W. AN JETHEWON, the Jews’ (Edhevon, B. Jethewon) work, T.
W. AN KINE, mine on the ridge (cein).
W. AN VEAN, the little (beau) field.
W. AN VOR, work by the way- (fordh, vor) side; or, the great (maur) work or mine, Pr.
W. AN WENS, ? the wheat (gwenth) field, C.; wind (greens) field, P.
W. AN WREN, ? the swamp or alder (gwenr), or hill-side (ryn) field or work.
W. AN YET, i.q. GWEAL YATE.
WHEAL BADDON, high (badn) work, P.
W. BARLIS, ? barley (barlys) field.
W. BARREN, ? crow (brahan) field.
W. BOWEN, ? beef (bowin) field.
W. COCK, i.q. GWEAL COCK.
W. CORNET, ? corner (cornat, Lh.) f.
W. CRE-EG, -g., i.q. HUEL AN CREEK.
W. DESGENTLE, i.q. WHEAL TEESSG.
W. DOBNA, DOBNA field.
W. DOWER, water (dour) field.
W. DREAD, sandy work, Pr.; ? mine on or near the strand (treth).
W. DRUCKLA, ? mine or field near VELIN Drucha.
W. GARRAS, rough (garow) works, C.; or, i.q. GWEAL GARRAS.
W. GEAL, ? narrow (cut, gul, w.), or secret (cel, gel, w.) field, R.W.
W. GEER, ? camp (caer), or green (geur) field, or work or mine.
W. GEEVER, goats' (geur, Lh.) f., R.W.
W. GOGUE, cuckoo (gog) field, P.
W. GRE-AN, -EN, ? gravel (green) f.
W. GROSE, ? cross (crows) field.
W. GULLAS, ? bottom (goles) field.
W. GWENS, wheat (gwenedh) field, J.B.; ? windy (gwyns, wind) field.
W. KINE, ? ridge (cein) field or m.
W. LEAN, = gweal eun, lamb field.
W. KESSEL, ? castle field or work; (=? v. cessail, a recess, hollow, arm-pit, R.W.).
W. MAGOR VEAN, ? MAGOR's little w.
W. MALKAS, ? cursed (malegas) work.
W. MEHAL, Michael's work or mine.
W. MENAS, ? small (minys) field, P.
W. NUT, ? i.q. W. NOWETH, new (noveith) field, mine, or work.
W. OWLA, i.q. HUEL HOWLA.
W. OWLES, cliff (als) mine.
W. PATH, ? money (bath) field, P.; = path, open country, R.W.
W. PEE-BER, -VER, ? piper's (pibor) f.
W. PRY, clay (pr) field or work.
W. RAVEN, ? buck-thorn (rafn, w.) f.
W. REETH, red (rydh) work, or open (rhyd, w.) work or mine, Pr.
W. ROSE, mine in the vale, Pr.
W. SEVEY, ? ? strawberry (sevi) field.
W. SHEGES, ? Zaccheus's work or mine.
W. SPARNON, ? i.q. GWEAL SPERNON.
W. SPERRIS, ? spirit or haunted m.
W. TEESGENTLE, ? ? field or work of the gathering together (cuntell) of the people (tees).
W.-TERRIC, -TRICK, ? broken-up (terr-ric) or grave-digger's (derric) field.
W. TREAT CoAth, ? ? old (coth) mine near the strand (treath).
W. VELVAS, ? lark (melhues) field.
W. VERISACK, ? underwood (prysg)f.
W. VLOW, ? boy's (floh) work or m.
W. WIDDEN, ? white (gwydn), or little (bean, vidu) field.
WHEALS, n.f., ? i.q. WALLAIS.
WHEELERS, -YARS, ? hens' (yar-s) f.
WHEEL PIT, ? i.q. POL ROSE.
WHEEL AULES, i.q. WHEAL OWLES.
WHELE EGLAS, ? church (eglos), or bottom (goles), or green down (goon las) field.
WHEEL-LER, -ELER, n.f., ? long field (gweal hir), or, = s. hweleore, a diveriner, P.
WHETTER, n.f., = gweader, weaver.
WHIDDEN, n.f., = gwydn, white.
WHIDDON, ? blood (guilt) hill (dun).
WHILANCELETH, worke of the ditches, Car.; ? ditch field, P.
WHIL PARK, ? feast (gwyd, w.) close.
WHIM MEADOW, meadow with whim for winding up from mine shaft.
WHIMPLE, ? pool (pol) on the descent (guimp, Pr.), P.; pool among the gorse (chwyn, w.), R.E.
WHINACOT, = guen coth, old down, P.; ? cot, wood, R.W.; or, cottage, t.
WHISTA PARK, ? i.q. PARK QUEST.
WHISTLE PARK, i.q. PARK WHISTLE.
WHITABURROW, ? = white-barrow, t.
WHITACROSS, ? blood (guilt) cross, P.
WHITAMORE, ? = white-moor, t.
WHITATREE, ? tree of blood (guilt), P.; or, white tree, t.; or, i.q. TREWIN.
WHITSTONE, stone of blood (guilt), P.; or, white stone, t.; p.s. St. Nicholas.
WHITTEN, ? i.q. TREWIDDEN.
WHITTINGTON, n.f., t., ? the same.
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<th>WHI</th>
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<th>WIN</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>WHITI BUSH, ? withy bush [field], t.</strong></td>
<td><strong>WILMER CLOSE, ? sea-rover or pirate's (gwillmer, w.) close.</strong></td>
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<td><strong>WIC-CA, -KA, -KET, little village, Pr.</strong></td>
<td><strong>WILSEY, ? dry (soek) field (gweal).</strong></td>
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<td><strong>WHICH, d.d., = guic, a village; cove.</strong></td>
<td><strong>WILTON, ? well (wyl, s.) enclosure, t.</strong></td>
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<td><strong>WIDDA CLOP PARK, ? close (parc) of the same (clof) workman (gweedwear), P.</strong></td>
<td><strong>WILVEN, = gwylfaen, watch stone, w.</strong></td>
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<td><strong>WIDDACOT, ? wood (wudu, s.) cot, t.</strong></td>
<td><strong>WINAFORD, ? i.q. WINEFORD.</strong></td>
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<td><strong>WIDE COMBE, n.f., withy vale, t.</strong></td>
<td><strong>WINARD'S HILL, bred-wing (winnard) hill.</strong></td>
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<td><strong>WIDDEN, ? little (bian, vidan) [field]; W. Vor, great (maur), or road-(ford), vor) side W. ; HOMER W.; homeward or nearer WIDDEN.</strong></td>
<td><strong>WINCE, B.m., strenuous (enf, s.) stride (win, s.), F.; ? wine (guin), or white (gwyn) belly (gof, a.)</strong></td>
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<td><strong>WIDDOWN, ?? = wide down, t.</strong></td>
<td><strong>WINDANCE, ? burnt (danys, fired) down, J.B.; or, cattle (dinas) down.</strong></td>
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<td><strong>WID-E-SLADE, ISLADE, broad bottom, t.</strong></td>
<td><strong>WINDON, white or fair hill (duin).</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>WIDIE, d.d., wood enclosure (hay), t.</strong></td>
<td><strong>WIN Down, ? a reduplication, (guen), a down); or, white (gwyn) down.</strong></td>
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<td><strong>WIDSLAKE, lake of blood, P.; or, wide lake, J.B.; or, i.q. WEDDECH.</strong></td>
<td><strong>WIN RING, ? circle on the downs, P.; or, thorny (draenic) down (guen) wine, t.d.d., a friend, disciple; one beloved; a man, s.</strong></td>
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<td><strong>WIDLEY, ? = quit le, blood-place, P.</strong></td>
<td><strong>WINCE, WINE's cove; or, i.q. PORTH-GWIDN, -GUIN, R.W.</strong></td>
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<td><strong>WIDNANCE, blood vale (mans), P.; tree (gweeden), or white (gwyn) vale, J.B WIDW, n.f., = wiu, a wood, s.</strong></td>
<td><strong>WINEFORD, ? WINE's ford, t.; or, passage over the river (auon).</strong></td>
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<td><strong>WIGACOT, little (wigan = bichan) wood (coat), P.; or, wizard's (wiga, s.), or soldier's (wiga, s.) cottage, t.</strong></td>
<td><strong>WINEFORK, down (guen) over (war) the river (-k = gy, guy), P.</strong></td>
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<td><strong>WIGGIE, ? wizard's hill, t.</strong></td>
<td><strong>WIN-ETONE, -ENTON, -NINGTON, WINE's town, t.; or, i.q. TREWIN, or TREWEN.</strong></td>
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<td><strong>WIGGON, n.f., = bichan, vichan, little WIGGY, ? soldier's field (hay), t.</strong></td>
<td><strong>WIND, ? distant (cer) down, P.</strong></td>
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<td><strong>WILBAR, ? = gwealbar, upper field, J.B.</strong></td>
<td><strong>WINGLE-TON, -TANG, ? St. Wengel's enclosure (tun), or tongue of land, t.</strong></td>
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<td><strong>WILBOT, ? = gweal bod, field house, J.B.</strong></td>
<td><strong>WINICK, marsh (winnic) [piece].</strong></td>
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<td><strong>WILCOVE, ? sail- (goil) shaped cove, P.; or, well (wyl, s.) cove.</strong></td>
<td><strong>WINELTON, ? Guenhuil's (w) town.</strong></td>
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<td><strong>WILPRESS, ? = gweal gre, middle field; or, i.q. GWEAL GARRAS.</strong></td>
<td><strong>WINKWELL, marshy field (gweal), or well; or, = wincel, a corner, s.</strong></td>
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<td><strong>WILLA PARK, ? i.q. WILLAS Field, bottom (wolas = guollach) field (parc)</strong></td>
<td><strong>WILL, n.f., = gwyn, white, fair, blessed, w.; or, i.q. WINE.</strong></td>
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<td><strong>WILLA PARK POINT, ? observation (gwyrf) close (parc) parc.</strong></td>
<td><strong>WINNEY HAM, ? marshy (winnic) HAM</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>WILL-AMS, -YAMS, -AMSON, n.f., son of William = WILHELM, resolute helmet, or helmet of resolution, t.</strong></td>
<td><strong>WINNING, ? = WIN-NICK, -NICK.</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>WILLow CRiFF, ? = willow cleft.</strong></td>
<td><strong>WINNOW, marshes, Pr.</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>W. GARTH, ? i.q. WILLOW GARDEN.</strong></td>
<td><strong>WINPOLE, ? i.q. WHIMPLE.</strong></td>
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<td><strong>W. HORN, ?? willow corner (corn, horn)</strong></td>
<td><strong>WINSER, -OR, turkey, grous, or heath-cock (sar) marsh (win), Pr.</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>WILLS, -S, -LIS, ? i.q. WALLAS.</strong></td>
<td><strong>WINSLOE, -ETT, ? WINN'S bottom, t.</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>WILLSHEAD, t., ? i.q. PENFENTINOW.</strong></td>
<td><strong>WINSLOE, -W, n.f., ? mound (hleo, s.) of battle (win), Ch.; ? WINN'S m.</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>WILLSWORTHY, ? WIVEL'S farm, s.</strong></td>
<td><strong>WINSTOCK, marsh place (stoc, s.), P.; or, = WINSTOW, place for conflict, s.</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>WILLY DOWNS, ? = willow downs.</strong></td>
<td><strong>WILLYER, ? = gweal hir, long field.</strong></td>
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WIN-

WINT-ER, -OUR, n.f., = gwyn doar, fair water.
WINYETT, i.q. VINEYARD.
WISH, i.q. WICH, J.B.; or, HIWIS.
WISTOW, feast (wist, s.) place; or = walsow, place of slaughter, s.
WITANSTONE, wiseman’s (witan, s.) stone, t.
WITEMOT, meeting [place] of the wise men, s.
WITHIEL, withy, osier, P.; from Withiel, = gwyethel, that is of the woods, a savage, an Irishman.
WITHEN = wvedhen, a tree.
WITHER HILL, workman’s (goedhel) hill, P.; = higher (wartha) h. field.
WITHYMOOR, withy or sallow-moor, t.
WITHON, wheat enclosure (tun, s.); or, i.q. TREW.
WITHY Ayot, withy or osier plot (ayot, a low bushy island, t.), P.
WITHY-BIND, VAN, VIN, WIN, WINGS? [field] where withies are cut to bind furze-fagots together, B.M.; = wild convolvulus (weothbend, s.) f.
WITHYMOOR, withy or sallow-moor, t.
WITHON, wheat enclosure (tun, s.); or, i.q. TREW.
WIVELL, n.f., i.q. WYVEL.
WODENONE, n.f., = Woden’s wood.
WOLFEVEAN, i.q. GOLVEAN.
WOLLACOMBE, n.f., i.q. WOOLCOMBE.
WOLRIDGE, n.f., i.q. ULFRIC.
WOLSDON, = Bp. WOLST’s (Wulfsige, wolf-victory) hill (dar).
WOLSON, n.f., = Wulfstan, wolf-stone, t.
WOLVEDON, alias GOLDEN, wolf-hill, Wh.; = sparrow (golvan) hill, P.
WOLVERSTON, -STON, n.f., = Wulfhere’s (t.) town (tun), t.
WONARD, n.f., = gwyn ard, high down; or, i.q. WINARD.
WOOD-A, -AH, = the wood, t.
WOODALL, = wood moor (hal).
WOODAVIS, = Avis’s (c.n.) wood; or, the wood outside (aves).
WOOD CLAM HAM, = wood foot-bridge (clam) low-pasture (holm).
WOODHAYS, = wood enclosures (hays), t.
WOODSAWS, woods enclosures (haws, t.), M’L.; or, i.q.
WOODSAWSEN, i.q. COSSAWSEN.
WOOLABURY, lower (wolla), or Wolf’s earthwork (bury), t.
WOOLLAND, = wood-land or field, t.
WOOLATON, = lower enclosure (tun, s.), W.
WOOLCOMBE, n.f., = lower (wolla), or elm, or owl (ula) vale.
WOOLFREY, n.f., = Ulfred, wolf peace or council, t.
WOOLLEY, = wood pasture (lea, t.).
WOON = gwon, a down.
W. BELLAS, i.q. NOON BELLAS.
W. BOCCA, he-goat down, Pr.; = scarecrow or hobgoblin down.
W. CAR-ETH, -REETH, = red rock (carn rydhh) down.
W. DREA, homero or homeward (adre) d.
WOOT-ON, -TON, = Woden’s town, t., Beal; or = wood town, t.
WORGON, n.f., i.q. WURCON, s.Bm.
WORLEGAN, n.f., from WARLEGON.
WORLEY, = warth le, high place, P.
WORTH, = warth, high; or, s. worth, a farm, &c.; or, i.q. WRAITH.
WORTHY, i.q. PARK WARTHA.
WORTHYVALE, = higher (wartha) vale; or, i.q. GUERDAVALAN, d.d.
WORVAS, i.q. VORVAS, Pr.; W. crease & collis, middle (cres) & bottom (goles) VORVAS.
WREATH’S HOLE, giant’s hole, B.
WREN, n.f., i.q. UREN.
W. FIELD, i.q. KEEN field.
W. HILL, = boundary (urrian) hill, P.
WRIGGLES, i.q. PARK FRIGGLES.
WRINGCHEESE, i.q. CHEESEWRING.
WRINGFORD, i.q. RINGFORD.
WRINGS, i.q. RINGS.
WRINGWORTHY, = castle (ring, a round) farm (woorthig, s.), t.
WRO-ATH, -THE, n.f., = wrath, a giant;
or, gwr rudd, red-man; or, Worth.

WUL-GER, -GARUS, B.m., wolf spear (gar, s.), t.
WULVEDON, i.q. WOLVEDON.
WULSTON, t. = Wolf's town.
WULFWARD, w.B.m., wolf guard, t.
WUR-CANT, -GENT, -CON, s.B.m., man (gwr) of song (ceneat), v.
WURCI, s.B.m., dog (ei) man.
WURGUSTEL, s.B.m., pledge (gwistil)m.
WURLOWEN, w.B.m., joyous (laven), or fox (louren) man.

Yielding, Wyde's (n.f.) bottom, t.
YGOOD, i.q. WICOUR, a merchant.
WYMOND, n.f., sacred (wig) protection (mudn, s.); WYMONDESHAM, Wymond's home, t.

WYNTON, n.f., i.q. HALWIN.
WYNN, n.f., i.q. WYNNE.
THE WYTH, i.q. WEETH, waste, E.G.H.
WYTHAN, the tree (gwedden), Pr.
WYVELCOMBE, Wyvel's vale, t.

WY-VELL, -WELL, -PVI, n.f., holy (wig, s.) well or manor (ville, f.); ? = s. wizel, wivel, a beetle, a dart.
WYVILL, Wyvil, Wyvil's hundred or shire; o. WELLSHIRE, the shire of the Welshmen or strangers (wealas, s.), D.

YAGO, t. = hay gof, smith's field; or, i.q. IAGO.
YARDELEY, n.f., enclosed land, t., F.E.
YARN, i.q. CARN, F.E.
YATE, YEAT, = yet, gate.
YEARLE'S, i.q. HEARLE'S [place].
YEILLAND, i.q. ILLAND.
YE-DELL, n.f., i.q. HENDO.
YE-O, -A, n.f., ? =yw, yews, w.; or, ea, water, s. (the Yeo, Devon).
YEOMAN, n.f., a freeholder, t., Lo.
YE, YON-NAPARK, i.q. YOnder P.
YETT, YEETO, i.q. YATE.
YEWHERNS, i.q. UREN'S [place].
YEWMILL, i.q. high (uch) mill.
YNYS, i.q. ENYS.
YOR, YEO-LLAND, YEO's farm, t.
YOnder COOMBE, further vale, t.

Y. and Homer BUTTS, further and nearer archery field, or fold (boudzhi).
Y. PARK, further close, t.
Y. TOWN, further homestead or farm-place [field], t.
YOUIN-DON, DOWN, TON, STON, devil's (dioul) down, or hill (dun), or town.

ZAGGY PARK, Zechariah's close.
ZANZIDGE, consecrated (sans) ivy (idhio), Pr.; ? = St. ISSEY.
ZAWN, a cove, opening in a cliff, T.C.; creek, B.; hole., Pr.; cave, J.B.
ZAWN A BAIL, mine (bal) ZAWN.
Z. BRINNEY, crows (bryay) ZAWN.
Z. BUZZENGEAN, t. the giant's house (bos an gheon) ZAWN.
Z. GEVER, t. goats' (geur, w.) ZAWN.
Z. CLEVE, the seal cave, Bl.
Z. INNES, island (enys) ZAWN.
Z. KELLYS, fallen (cellys, lost) cavern, B. ; ? lower (gollas) ZAWN.
Z. LOWARREN, foex (louren) ZAWN.
Z. PRIEST, priest's ZAWN.
Z. PULBREAN, t. POLBREAN ZAWN.
Z. PYG, cave like a bird's beak (pyg, B.); Bl. ? beak ZAWN.
Z. RIEETH, red (rydr) cavern, Bl., or cove.
Z. STAMPS AN JOWL, the devil's (an dioul) stamps ZAWN.
ZEA-ALLA, -LAH, dry (sech) enclosure (lan), Pr.
ZEKIELS, Ezekiel's [field].
ZENDUNE, t. = ZENNOR down.
ZENNOR, the saint's (sans) earth (or = doar), or holy land, Pr.; holy pool or lake (?), or sea lake or creek, H.; from p.s. St. Sinar-us, -a, O.
ZIGGAL, t. rye (sugl) [field].
ZUGHER, river, t. = sigur, sluggish, trickling (uv. segur, t. W.).
ZULA, black (zu = du) enclosure (lan), or mowyard, enclosure for straw, reed, or stubble (zoul), Pr.
ZWALLOCK, i.q. SWALLOCK.
ZYNS, saints' (syns) [abode], or holy (sans) [place], Pr.

Directions to the Binder.—Here follow the lists of Unexplained Names, &c., given with Parts I—IV; the same to be paged by hand 193—200.
NAMES UNEXPLAINED (No. I—IV),*

About which information is solicited.


*Abbreviations here used: C., Close; Cr., Croft; D., Down; F., Field; G., Garden; H., Hill; M., Meadow; Mr., Moor; O., Orchard; P., Park. For key to figures see Preface, p. xi.
FIELDS.—Pologren (S. Merryn); Polsdornack (Constantine); Polstagg's Ground (Bodmin); Ponsleena (S. Just, P.); Potford (Lanareath); Pragra (S. Just, P.); Pranglers (do.); Fras Auk (Gluvias); Pratlers Meadow (Quethiok); Presstis Field (Launecle); Pretusense (Wendron); Prickle Vine (Egleashayle); Pridmouth (Tywardreath); Purple Park (S. Breward); Put Meadow (Gorran); Quail Park (Bodmin); Quadrant (Breage); Quecksham (Lanteglos, C.); Quillaway (Menheniot); Ragdellan (Egleashayle); Ragdon Park (Calstock); Ragginstone (Lezant); Rambleys Meadow (Landrake); The Rampone (S. Kererne); Range (Lanareath); The Rap (Illogan); Rascal Vine (Zennor); Rattle Back (S. Wenn); Rattle Park (Holland); Rattle Streets (Lanareath); Rattling Field (Wendron); Redagins Park (S. Neot); Redewan (Grade); Reem Moor (S. Kererne); Reeps Down (S. Neot); Remmick (Buryan); Ren-nan, -nance (S. Columb Ma.); Rennow (Madron); Rennish (Constantine); Retha (Withiel); Rewan Park (Padstow); Rewes Meadow (S. Thomas); Rex Meadow (Northill); Ribbon (Kewenny); Riddle Park (Cardinham); Rie's Field (S. Neot); Rill (Piltaton); Rillaton (Linkinhorne); Ring a Binges (S. Neot); Ring and Walbut (Yergan); Ring Gales (S. Germans); Ring Croft (Redruth); Rifargus (Perranzabuloe); Ritchell (Wendron); Ritamuna (Constantine); Rock Aron (Breage); Rock Boy (Ruan Mi.); Rollers (S. Brecock); Roll Stone Park (Holland); Roman Tee (Gluvias); Romansdale (Lanareath); Rowe and Road (S. Columb Ma.); Rowdy (S. Winnow); Rubble Close (Crantock); Rump Field (Kewenny); Russa Field (Paul); Rusta (Tintagel); Ruby Embble (Tovednack); Saddle Park (Jacobstow); Safe (Crantock); Saggry Park (Liskeard); Sam (S. Austell); Scalson (Menheniot); Sceilhows (Breage); The Scelwy (do.); Scoggans Meadow (S. Winnow); Scollagrove (Werrington); Scobarghan (Gorran); Screpole (Afternon); Scraps Hill (Calstock); Sceasedon and Brooklock (S. Anthony, E.); Screasis (S. Winnow); Scraps Close (Vergan); Scree, Screet-chets Field (S. Minver); Scrub Close (S. Columb Ma.); Scurry Close (do.); Scuddy Plot (S. Brecock); Scurrator (Tintagel); Scurry Look (Padstow); Sead (Temple); Searns Meadow (Tintagel); Seat Walls (Minster); Sent (Linkinhorne); Sess Meadow (Calstock); Setnett (N. Petherwin); Settle Park (S. Cletham); Shabwell (Northill); Shallivill (Bilslan); Sha-, Shad-daford (Quethiok); Shadrick (Cardinham); Shaft Pill (S. Agnes); Shaffy Field (Breage); Shambles (S. Clether); Sham Hill (S. Minver); Sham Park (Eigenn); Sharpland (Linkinhorne); Shaving Park (S. Mabyn); Shels (Northill); Shearmanns Field (S. Austell); Sheaver's Clove (S. Kererne); Sheepenless (Moral); Shebbannoon Park (Northill); Sheernall (Paul); Sheila (S. Minver); Shell Gate (S. Teeth); Shell Stones (S. Neot); Sherhill (Stokelemisland); Shilling Meadow (Anthony, E.); Shilly Park (S. Stephens L.); Sittle Park (S. Teeth); Shoe Park (Baylor); Show Close (Malegan, P.); Shutter Park (Egloshyale); Shred Moor (Temple); Shroom Moor (Bilslan); Shubish Hill (Probos); Shula Piers (S. Stephens, S.); Shurs Beat (S. Teeth); Shutters Field (S. Enoder); Sibbet Park (Tovednack); Sicklers Field (Phillock); Sidegreens (Gwenna); Sieve (Breage); Silk Brown Close (Probos); Simple Meadow (Gorran); Sinews Park (S. Germans); Singeroes Park (S. Austell); Single New Park (Liskarred); Sink Park (Endellion); Sivel Wood (S. Ire); Ekenego (Davidstow); Skiddy (Lenezeth); Skilla Park (Treneglos); Skimming (S. KeW); Skines (Breage); Skudley Park (Davidstow); Skurry Close (S. Columb Ma.); Slapwillan (Paul); Slatairn (Kea); Slave Park (Kewenny); Long Sleave (S. Neot); The Sleave (S. Breward); Sleves (S. Clements); Sliggon (S. Minver); Slip go down (Constantine); Sludden Field (Probos); Slowly Goonhavens (do.); Slowwey Well (S. Winnow); Slough Park (S. Breward); Slow Well (Mace); Shinnows (S. Austell); Snelly Barn (Ghuvias); Smiley Park (S. Columb Ma.); Smoocks Meadow (N. Tamerton); Smoke Ally (Breage); Smothly Field (S. Juliott); Smutty Croft (Constantine); Snap Park (N. Tamerton); Snugg (Sainted); Snuff Box Down (Linkinhorne); Soby (Ruan Mi.); Solver Anna (Camborne); Sounding Pan (Cury); Southarrow Nall (Davidstow); Sonwa (S. Levan); Sowder (Lansallos); Spacious Park (Landrake); Spade Hill (Cardirham); Spading Moor (Lanareath); Spalg (S. Brecock); Homer Spangs (Crowan); Sparable Point (Liskarred); Spare and Painful (S. Austell); Sparring Down Park (S. Austell); Spas Spatten (Stithians); Speame (S. Just, P.); Speckle Park (Menheniot); The Spit (S. Blaze); Spin Meadow (Whitstone); Spinannge Park (S. Breward); Spire Hill (S. Teeth); Spirs Field (Whitstone); Split Field (Gorron); Great Sprangs (Crowan); Springerle Park (S. Neot); Springers Field (S. Winnow); Sprity Field (Padstow); Sprigs Park (N. Petherwin); Sprizses Meadow (Calstock); Speckles Meadow (Linkinhorne); Spic Field (S. Columb Ma.); Spy Glass (Tywardreath); Stabyllys (Phillock); Stabbage Moor (Lanareath); Stades (Egloshyale); Stad Close (S. Martins, M.); Stadden (N. Petherwin); Stadney (Menheniot); Staggy Moor (S. Isey); Stait Park (Menheniot); Stalmeck Field (S. Juet, P.) Standoing Park (Lezant); Stang Stitch (Launecle); Staplins
(S. Winnow); Start Field (S. Erth); Stara Park (Egloshayle); Star Ball (Luxulyan); Starch Field (Keweny); Stare Park (Lanreath); Starmack (Crowan); Starke, or Strakes Meadow (Linkinhorne); Starr Park (Lanteglos, C.); Stars Cross Park (Linkinhorne); Start Field (S. Erth); Starvey Park (S. Columb Major); State Park (Linkinhorne); Statty Close (S. Austerll); The Steer Right Field (S. Minver); Steaddon Field (S. Breward); Stenaway (Egloskerry); steel Park (Whitstone); Stent Bank (S. Neots); Stents Brake (Liskeard); stepua Park (Stokeclimsland); Sterling (S. Columb Ma.); Sterling Field (Sclyd); Step an tide (S. Erth); Sterra Park (Davidstow); Stewart (Tremaine); Stide Park (Probus); Stids Moor (Whitstone); Stiley Close (Gorran); Stir Town (S. Mabyn); Stonstick (Constantine); Store Close (Probus); Store Packs (Davidstow); Stotheridge (Launceston); Stourpill (Perranzabuloe); Stowey Park (Lesnewith); Strange (Launcesto); Strakeshaw Field (S. Just, P.); stream Bridge Field (Menheniot); Strap (Laneast); Strokes Meadow (Antony, E.); Strevor Park (Cardinham); Stringham (Paul); Stringa-in, or -s (Buryan); Striving Moor (S. Columb Ma.); Stubba Down (N. Tamerton); Stubby Park (Gluivas); Stub Croft (Zennor); Stunes Meadow (Menheniot); Sturt (Lealant); Snaa Meadow (Ladock); The Subban (Bragge); Sue Meadow (S. Breock); Suches Field (S. Creer); Sumery Park (Talland); Sumney Croft (Buryan); Such Croft (Wendron); Swadlind Close (?); Swamra Park (N. Tamerton); Swana Park (Stokeclimsland); Swart Meadow (Calstock); Sweena Park (Quethiock); Sweetbone (S. Breward); Swaney Park (Lanreath); Swinging Head (Constantine); Swingey Field (do.); Swingester Meadow (Porraborry); Swiish Close (S. Eudder); Sworn or Sorn Field (Probus); Sydenans Croft (S. Keverne); Sydes Meadow (Crantock); Sye Meadow (Linkinhorne); Symlet Orchard (S. Minver); T Field (Lostwithiel); Tack-, or Tuck-amean Field (Gluivas); Tallan Chuyth (S. Just, P.); Tailder (Wendron); Talan Vagnhan (Mullion); Talgeduack (Sithney); Tapper Meadow (Veyran); Tappy Town (Bissland); Tarn Field (Keweny); Turren Downs (Landrake); Tauntion Hays (S. Blazey); Tawney Plot (Bragge); Tays Above Town (Stokeclimsland); Teasers Meadow (S. Issey); Tiddy Hole (N. Petherwin); Tee Field (Sneathy); Teek Field (Bragge); Telt (Wendron); Temughtan (Gorran); Tempy Park (S. Creer); Tempy's Meadow (S. Breward); The Ten (S. Just, P.); Tenthrea (S. Mabyn); Tenthrill (?); Tentonian (Lanteglos, C.); Terngo Brake (S. Dominick); Ters-wam (S. Creer); Teska (Buryan); Thaify Field (S. Just, P.); Tha!a (Lealant); Therews Close (S. Columb Mi.); Throne (Constantine); Tidlers (S. Kew); Tie Close (S. Eudder); Tiger Park (Botdlin); Tights Field (Landrake); Tiland Field (Davidstow); Til Bridge (S. Kew); Tiles Field (Stokeclimsland); Tallage (S. Winnow); Tinager (Landells); Tenward (Probus); Tin Hatches (S. Neots); Tinivere (S. Creer); Tinner (S. Neots); Tittley Field (Crantock); Teddyog (N. Clether); Todd Park (S. Neots); Toddens Steps (Gerrans); Tolthorn (Zennor); Toll an Jame (Cury); Tollyhoodness (Lealant); Tolerry (S. Austerll); Tollick or Lost Bridge (Linkinhorne); Tolreach (Buryan); Tom Stone (Tingtage); Tong End (Launceston); Tongs (Constantine); Toodle Hill (Liskeard); Tooks Field (Keweny); Top Bendown (Morval); Topnar (Gluivas); The Torber (S. Levan); Tormentif Field (S. Keverne); Torran Hall (S. Columb Mi.); Torras (Probus); Torrean (Tovecnaack); Total Park (Endallion); Touch Close (Lanteglos, F.); Tour Close (Verg); Tonsey Close (Scily); Town Floor (Landrake); Town Frow (Gorran); Town Ioan (do.); Town Tamma (Gluivas); Transgares (Lanteglos, C.); Tran leeket (S. Just, P.); Trappa Stitch (Bissland); Trap Stile (S. Columb Ma.); Travasses Field (Wendron); Trebarford (S. Columb Ma.); Eastern Trebunis (S. Columb Mi.); Treble Park (S. Teath); Tree Deane (Whitstone); Treen Coth (Zennor); Trefountain (Pillaton); Trefoy (Aternon); Tregenson's Meadow (S. Wenn); Tregvinin (Mullion); Tregony Jan (Gluivas); Tregufiane (S. Columb Ma.); Tregusus (Wendron); Trench or Trunch Meadow (S. Kew); Treloygath (Stithians); Trering (S. Germans); Tresalan Meadow (S. Mabyn); Treshot (do.); Trestram Downs and Top Trestrans (Buryan); Trehu-ews, -uses (S. Sampson); Trethewell (S. Keverne); Trewega Field (Wendron); Tucka-man or -mean (S. Gluvias); Tulan (S. Just, P.); Tully Meadow (Constantine); Tult Staff (Bodock); Tump Field (Stithians); Turffrey (Avent); Turley Meadow (Stokeclimsland); Turn Hayle (S. Kew); Turney Quins (S. Columb Ma.); Tweenas (N. Petherwin); Twinatton (Morval); Twin End (Treneglos); Twinhays (Pillaton); Twinwa Park (Trenglos); Twinntaton (Werrington); Twinwell (S. Dominick); The Tye (S. Just, P.); Udelow (Lesnewith); Uglow (do.); Ugly Park (S. Blazey); Umbrake (Illogan); Usty Veals (Bragge); Vage Park (Aternon); Vain Field (Scily); Valentine Field (Davidstow); Vanes (Mavegan); Vangy Well (Morval); Vanstones (S. Austerll); Varney's Moor (Ladock); Varrieck Moor (Gorran); Vartol Field (Lizard); Vassy Close (Crantock); Vatta Moor (Tresmeer); Veales Park (S. Issey); Homer Veals (S. Columb Ma.); Veils (Padstow); Vernon Hedge (S. Breock); Verseans (S. Austerll); Veyras (Veyran); Vespers (S. Stephens, L.); VethanTellan (Gerrans); Veysey Marsh (N. Petherwin); Vie Meadow (S. Gluvias); Vie Park (S. Austerll); Vieldes (S. Columb Ma.); Villabridge (Tingtage); Villey (Tremayne); Vil Park (S. Austerll); Vinegar Hill (Botdlin); Vinegar Park (Egloshayle); Vine Path (S. Merryn); Vingas (Madron); Vinis Rillaton (Linkinhorne); Vishes Stile (S. Neots); Viskins
Rouse (Pillaton); Ruddy (rock, Scilly); Rude (Launcells); Rumps (rocks, Padstow); Ruth-oes, -res, or -ves (S. Columb Ma.); Ryall (Scilly); St. Bodemmy (t. Ed. ill, Kerrier); S. Carak pille (Lelant); S. Bellarmín's Tor (? S. Ken.); S. Kits (S. Gennys); S. Lavers (Lezant); S. Lena (Buryan); S. Malves Moor (Multhon); S. Nonnio (Alternon); S. Sith's Beacon (? Advent); S. Syors (Lucyiyan); S. Winnolds (S. Germans); S. Warna Bay (Scilly); Salem (Keneyn); Ballock (Maker); Salvadon (Ilogan); Sandock (Calstock); Savath (Lucyiyan); Sawath (S. Levin); Seabuds (Tuckington); Sead Hall (S. Neots); Scagells Hill (S. Breward); Scadgick Tor (Alternon); Seanreagh (Stithians); Seants Garden (Calstock); Sear-bane, -bune (S. Minver); Scaret (Scilly); Scarrows (N. Petherwin); Sear-, -scas, -scis-sick (Treneglos); Scarrows (N. Petherwin); Selderer or Segoulhen (Madron); Sconhoe (S. Auestell); Sconner (Sheevoch); Scope Hill (Lesnewth); Scoresham (Launcells); Scrapers Park (Morwinstow); Scred (S. Gennys); Scredde (S. Auestell); Scribble (Bliisland); Senslands (Quethiock); Scutehell (Callington); Seanreagh (Stithians); Sell-egan -ogan (Redruth); Sensham (Bridgeurte); Setcót (Jacobstow); Sheeralls (Paul); Sherricks (Launcells); Shilooom (Cardinham); Shilla Mill (Laareath); Shorrish (Alternon); Shrubhendra (Endellion); Siblybaek (S. Cleer); Sillaton (Pillaton); Sin-a, -ia (Cardinham); Sing Moor (Quethiock); Skants (Liskeard); Skelly Wadden (Tovednack); Skiddden (S. Iees); Skirit Island (Scilly); Skonn-er, -or, (Sheevoch); Shiddon (N. Petherwin); Sleeper Rock (Heland); Sleeve (S. Ioe); Slue (Boyton); Smourn (S. Gennys); Spadick (do.); Spain (Boyton); Spen Bean (t.b., S. Agnes); Sparnalls Weens (S. Winnow); Spar Load (S. Just, P.); Sparna (Tovednack); Speedwell (t.b., S. Agnes); Speeddagwe (Alternon); North Sperreths (S. Cleer); Sperris (Zemon); Sprattan Cove (Ilogan); Stable Hobba (Paul); Stalks (Tressemer); Stampers (S. Stephens, B.); Standage (Mawgan., P.); Stand Cove (Launtios, F.); Stap Lakes (Landrake); Stapland (S. Winnow); Staply (Constantine); Starabridge (Linkinhorne); Starmers (Bodmin); Starr (Landrake); Starrick (S. Auestell); Staratafold (Alternon); Staws (f.m., Polperro); Steart (Davidstow); Stem Cove (Mawgan., P.); Stepper Point (Padstow); Steval Roll (Scilly); Stewarn (do.); Stew (S. Kew); Steward (N. Petherwin); Sterter (Lanlevwy); Stibb (Kilkhampton); Sticker (S. Ewe); Stickell (S. Tudy); Stic-, or Strick-stinton (Lanlevwy); Sticlers Corner (Keneyn); Stoney Gwine (S. Dennis); Stours-, or Star-combe (Lawhilton); Strand (S. Petherwin); Strangator (Landrake); Stradeland (Liskeard); Strasse Cliff (Mawgan, F.); Streigh (Lanlevwy); Stripple Stones (Bisland); Strillands (Alternon); Strips Hay (S. Dominick); Suffixe (S. Neots); Sunney Corner (Gennnap); Sumondsham (Straton); Sueclorner (Poundsworth); Swellsombe (Lezant); Swilter (Whitstone); The T. Zawn (S. Just, P.); Talca (Broadaok); Tallfrew (Veryan); Tall Petherwin (S. Petherwin); Talvans (Landrake); Talvar (Pelynt); Tamer (S. Neots); Timibethy (Trigg H.); Tam-, or Tomperrowe (S. Kea); Tamsquite (S. Tudy); Tangist Mill (Mawgan, M.); Tankerslake (S. Thomas); Tap House (Broadaok); Tappara (Gwinear); Tarlawn Rock (S. Neots); Tawna (Cardinham); Teason (do.); Tegues (Tovednack); Tembeath (Mawgan, P.); Tembraze (S. Keverner); Tencriff (Mulliton); Teppen (Tintagle); Tereadrene (S. Agnes); Terladmas (Sancreed); Terrars Pill (Morval); Tets-on, or -ton (Marhamchurch); Ter-terdu (Buryan); Tetcartride (Werrington); Thia Vosa, alias Hack and Cast (Gorran); Thongycor (Scilly); Thorn (Warleggon); Thorry Cobmoor (Bisland); Three Stone Oar (S. Just, P.); Tibus Hill (S. Just, P.); Tiddy (rock, Multhon); Tidi (river); Tiland (Quethiock); Tillaocoat (N. Petherwin); Tinne (Landulp); Tinpel Downs (Budock); Timpit (Mabe); Tip-hill or -well (Multhon); Tipton (S. Kew); Titch Beacon (Lesnewth); Titch Wihevin (Jacobstow); Tit Marsh (Warbstow); Titson (Bridgeurte); Tobban Horse (rock, S. Agnes); Tokenbury (S. Ioe); Toldish (S. Columb Ma.); Tolerowan (Sancreed); Tolroget or Tollerrugget (Endellion); Tolksirkit (Gennnap); Tolsooth (rock, Scilly); Tolteggan (Illogan); Tomoutha (S. Gennys); Torose (Bisland); Toplundie Cove (Padstow); Torbalk (Lizard); Torfre (S. Sampson); Torlidden (S. Just, P.); Totens (S. Keverner); Touchburrow (Davidstow); Touching (N. Tamerton); Towan Biistra (S. Columb Ma.); Towan Rathy (S. Agnes); Towan Yeals (S. Mernyn); Transangare (Cury); Trean Plat (rocks, Scilly); Treases Moor (S. Stephens, L.); Treatches (do.); Trebld (Minster); Trebost (Stithians); Treddelians (S. Just, R.); Tredes- or Trees-mill (Tywardreath); Trefeeha (S. Edore); Trefrogam (S. Teath); Trefoynken (o. Ken.); Tregarara (Madron); Treges (Seven Stones); Treg (Warbstow); Tregesdan or Tregenseden (o. Kea); Tregesteynton (Lanlevwy); Tregilders (S. Kew); Tregigas (S. Ewe); Treginges (S. Keverner); Tregon-hillon, or -illion (Veryan); Treg-orna, -renna (Alternon); Tregothes (S. Hilyar); Treg-rathes, now -ethes (S. Erth); TRE grownewell (Michaelstow); Tregunstis (mine, Wendoron); Trehemb-an, -orne, -rin, Tremenb (S. Mernyn); Trehingstow (Stokeclimnsland); Trehorner (Calstock); Trehummer (Tresmeer); Treises in the Wood (Menheniot); Trekmellets (Lezant); Trelab-ris, -mas (Cowan); Trel-awthas, -owthes (Probus); Trelights (S. Teath); Trel-obus, -abbus (Wendron); Trelouquithack (do.); Trelowsa (Padstow); Treluga (Ruan Ma.); Tremelizer (S. Wenn); Tremadiot (Roach); Trenant Gert (S. Broock); Trenda (Pelynt); Trenestreal (Ruan Lan.):
Trentgares (Lanteglos, C.); Treoigro (Southill); Tre-lore, -ore (Endellion); Traerafters (Linkinhorne); Trera-dgon, -gin (Calstock); Tremag-get, -et (S. Minver); Trerinagey (Crantock); Trescowan (Madron); Trescat (Davidstow); Treshee (Luxulyan); Trethick (Fowey); Treske (ledge, Scilly); Tresmeak (Botren); Tresmaon v. Smoan (S. Gennys); Tresvalstra (Kea); Tre-vanta, -wanta (Levannick); Trewanters (S. Clether); Trevengro (Callington); Trevesham (S. Ecal); Trevilmick (Lanlivery); Trevilsas (Probus); Trevilson (Newlyn E.); Tresieck (Poundstock); Trevoies (Stokeleigh; Trewthiton (S. Minver); Trewedland (Liskeard); Trewynner (t.b., S. Agnes); Tuckenbury (S. Ike); Tumple (Calstock); Tupton (S. Neots); Tyland (Advent); Usse or Uske (Lanteglos, F.); Valanbonnder Bashwasha (t.b., Gwennap); Vallancey Bridge (Forrabury); Valiton (Davidstow); Vandcombe (Werrington); Varley Point (Endellion); Vaulthershome or Voltersholme (Maker); Venso-e, -w (Liskeard); Villaton (Botwell); Villa Parks (Minster); Vinegar Ledge (Scilly); Viverdon (S. Melion); Wadfast (Whitstone); Walkley Trees (S. Clements); Wanga Park (Minster); Wanson or Wansand (Poundstock); Wants Mill (do.); Warp (Tresmeer); Warrow (Werrington); Waterstone (Marhamchurch); Way (N. Tameront); Wayswandra (Landrace); Wearde (Saltash); Wee (rock, Scilly); Weens (S. Kew); Weir Parks (S. Thomas); Welemoor (Warbstow); Wellencotts (Northill); Welloe (rock, Breage); Wenfork (Lezant); Wernorks (do.); Westows (Ladock); Wethel (Scilly); Witheram (S. Tudy); Wheel an Strepon (t.b., St. Agnes); W. Barcla (do.); W. Busy (Kenvwn); W. Crab (S. Hilary); W. Delliack (t.b., S. Agnes); W. Dagger (do.); W. Gathue (do.); W. Hen (S. Just, P.); W. Pink (Gwennap); W. Vabue (t.b., S. Agnes); Wheatland (Landulph); Wheaton (Broadac); Whelteigh (Week S. Mary); Whetstone (S. Gennys); Whiscan Point (S. Leon); Whiston (Lanivet); Whitehay (Withiel); Whitlands (Duboe); Whitley Croft (Kilkhampton); Whitwell (Advent); Wilencots (Northil); Wild Duck (Wendron); Will (Poughill); Wilful (Illogan); Wilgarden (S. Clether); Willy Allabay (Northill); Winton, -sdon (N. Petherwun); Windstow (Lnareath); Winnacott (N. Petherwun); Wish Munshad (S. Ire); Wishtown (Linkinhorne); Wishworthy (Lawhitton); Withyvan (Warbstow); Withedon (Jacobstow); Witywell (S. Teath); Wolland (S. Cleer); Woodbury (Kea); Woodcocks Eye (S. Ike); Wood in Ham (Linkinhorne); Woodknoll (Marhamchurch); Wooddown (do.); Woolgarden (S. Clether); Woolpack (Scilly); Woolsome (S. Cleer); Woolson (S. Ire); Woolston (Poundstock); Wooscocks Parks (Bisland); Worm (Stokeleigh); Worstland (Margar, P.); Wra, or Three Stone Oak (rocks, S. Just, P.); Wrea (rocks, S. Keverne); Wrickle now Wrinkle (W. Loo); Wrinkle Barrows (Bowconn-e); Wyctoeathum (o.); Wygenbys (o.); Wythe (Sithney); Yearsd (Poundstock); Yeouh Bridge (S. Stephens, L.); Yellow Leigh (Launcells); Yeoldsmorn (Morginstow); Yenard Down After (Advent); Yerbly (Stratton); Youngcot (N. Petherwun); Zawne Turbs (Land’s End); Zebuses (Endellion); Zichory Island (S. Columb Ma.); Zone Point (S. Antony, R.).

DOMESDAY.—Poleland, Raswal-e (e.d. -a), Richan (e.d. Ricann), Rent-i or in (e.d. Rentis), Riguen, Risleston, Ritwor-e (e.d. -i), Schewit (e.d. Eschewit), Tedintone (e.d. Tedentona), Tellurig (e.d. -eg), Thersent, Thiten, Trefenta, Tregrebri, Tregrenon. Tresiwantel, Tremarar, Trel-i-ngan (e.d. -gani), Trel-lerwet (e.d. -weryn), Trib-ertham (e.d. -tan), Triin-noon (e.d. -conen), Widewot, Woderon (e.d. Uderon), Woreslen.

DOMESDAY TENTANTS.—Offels, Rabel, Sistric, Vniyet.

INSCRIBED STONES.—Queneactus (Guical), Silus or Sejus (S. Just, P.), Suani (Michel), Ulecagni (S. Breek).

BODMIN MAXIMISSIONS.—Prosein (s.), Proswitel (s.), Putrael (s.), Rannoneu (s.), Rin-duran or Sunduran (s.), Riol or Sol (s.), Salenn (s.), Sicriceus (w.), Sulcen (s.), Sulliceos (s.), Sulmenth (s.), Tanew-ostel, -estel (s.), Telent, Terithian (s.), Tethion (w.), Tidhe, -ther, -ther (w.), Ungst Clifiri (w.), Unvall (?), Wallow (w.), Wass (w.); Welet (s.), Wahtirit (w.), Wudrit (w.), Wuene (f.s.), Wunng (w.); Wuenemon (f.s.), Wunsie Commonec, Wunstan, Wurffuthoru (w.), Wurthichith (s.), Wurthyliche (s.), Ylethore (s.).

SAINT BERIONA.—Colrogus, Mybard, or Myrubard, —Credannus, —Dellyn, Dillo, De-lower alias Loy, -Dablsane, -Dydemen, -Eloy or Eligius, -Elvan, -Elvin, -Elidius, -Ergan, -Fauyan, -Gelys, -Juncus, -Lydda, Lyddy, or Lyde, —Menna, —Morwetha, Nauntun or Nonnio, —Neomena or Nymnna, —Potenciana, —Sangannis, —Senscns, —Servicius, —Thebut, —Theona, —Viloc or Willow, —Wethena, —Wingel, —Withinocús, —Wynnel; also, many other Saint’s names unexplained, p. 142, &c.

FAMILY NAMES.—Norcock, Oen, Oldon, Olivey, Oxnap, Pafford, Page, Page, Palford, Palered, Parcocks, Pollexfen, Ponton, Powellman, Prater, Prates, Prestin, Quenie, Querquines,Question, Rabily, Rablin, Rance, Rankin, Reddew, Reuth, Ribbery, Ridge, Ridgman, Ridgament, Riley, Rimmick, Rinden, Rowatt, Rutger, Rycheman, Rythenes, Sage, Salt, Samblyn, Saral, Sargeaux, Sarjeant, Saucy, Savery, Sawlay, Seadgell, Scarlet, Schollar, Scior, Scor, Score, Searll, Searle, Selwood, Senhouse, Sennett, Sergeaux, Serjaux, Serle, Serral, Serscol, Shackecklock, Shakerley, Sharrock, Sharrow, Shearn, Sher, Sheere, Sheren, Shilabeer, Short, Shorwell, Shrugg, Siers, Sigdon,

Fresh names from Tithe Apportionment, recently received. Fields in Roman characters, Tenements, &c., in Italics. See also Page 200.


Addenda, Corrigenda, et Delenda.

Catlin, to be struck out; the true reading of the inscription is "Latin," W. Iago.
Chenalls, ? house (chy) on the (an) cliff (ais).
Chynoweth, new (nveded) house (chy).
Halvose, ? ditch, trench, or wall (fes) moor (hal).
Merrick, for "Canonus," read "Coanus."
Nanpuscar, strike out "(piscadur)."
Park Stray, add "? enclosure (pare) for stray cattle, or cattle pound."
Poldys, St. Dye's pit or work, B.
Porr to be substituted at the head and in the beginning of Page 134 for Porth.
Rosenudrenf, for "furze," read "fern."
Stray Park, i.q. Park Stray.
Towednack, [the church of] St. (ta, do) Wednack or Wynnock, T.; the whitish (wed-nack) roof (to); or, white (wednack) dwelling (ty) near a port (ack), Pr.; whitish (widdnock) house (ty), D.G.
Waterpit, for "[field], read "[field]."
AUTHORITIES, REFERENCES, ABBREVIATIONS, &c.

a.—Armoric or Breton, mostly from Le Gonidec.
A.E.—Alphonse Esquiros’ “Cornwall and its Coasts.”
A.S.—Mr. Augustus Smith, of Tresco Abbey, Isles of Scilly.
as.—Armoric saint; many of these saints have names very similar to those who have given names to Cornish parishes, &c., which are commonly found suffixed to Lan, &c.
B.—Dr. Borlase’s “Islands of Scilly,” “Antiquities,” and “Natural History of Cornwall.”
Bax—W. Baxter’s “Glossarium Antiquitatum Britannicarum.”
Beal—Rev. William Beal, author of “Britain and the Gael.” His derivations, &c., mostly from the Irish Gaelic. He kindly corrected and annotated most of the proof-sheets, and made many suggestions.
Bl.—Blight’s “Week at the Land’s End,” 1861, &c.
B.m.—Names, mostly those of manumitters, found in the manumissions recorded in the Bodmin Gospels (British Museum, select MSS., 9831, A. 1, A.), first printed in Mr. Davies Gilbert’s History, v. 3, p. 408; then in Rev. W. Wallis’s “Bodmin Register,” with a translation; afterwards, more correctly, in Dr. Oliver’s “Monasticon,” p. 431; Kemble’s “Codex Diplomaticus,” v. 4, p. 368; and Thorpe’s “Diplomatarium Anglicum,” p. L The names of these manumitters are for the most part plain Anglo-Saxon, a few appear to be Celtic: nearly all the slaves manumitted bore Celtic names; a few Anglo-Saxon and Bible (mostly Old Testament or Hebrew) names: the witnesses to the manumissions, mostly clerics, bore either Celtic, Anglo-Saxon, or Scripture names.
Bo.—Dr. Bosworth’s “Anglo-Saxon and English Dictionary.”
Bond’s (Thomas) “History of East and West Looe,” with MS. notes by the late Mr. Jonathan Couch, of Polperro.
Fp.—Bishop.
C.—Colonel Cocks, of Treverbyn Vean, who not only corrected and annotated several sheets of the Glossary, but also lent his MS. of Cornish Names with meanings.
C.—Old Cornish; the orthography mostly followed is that of Williams’s “Lexicon Cornu-Britannicum.” As the chief object of the Glossary is to shew how much of the old Cornish seems to be preserved in the local and family nomenclature of the county, it will be understood, that where a word is found in Italicis (within parenthesis), this word, unless otherwise described, is old Cornish, mostly in its primary form, and is to be found thus spelt in “Williams Lexicon.”
c.—Under Carn, &c., for castle, carn, or enclosure; under Park, for close.
Cam.—Camden’s “Britannia” (mostly Bp. Gibson’s ed., 1695); and “Remaines concerning Britaine.”
Car.—Carew’s “Survey of Cornwall,” 1692.
c.d.—The church or chapel is dedicated to—.
(ch.)—Chapelry, mostly extinct, from Oliver’s “Monasticon,” &c.
Ch.—Charnock’s “Local Etymology,” 1859; “Patronymica Cornu-Britannica,” 1870, &c.
cent.—Century, showing the date of a document in which the name as spelt is found.
cf.—Confer, compare.
c.n.—Christian or fore-name.
d.—Danish; the late Major Bickford referred many Cornish Names to this source.
d.—Under Ten, for dwelling.
d.d.—Name of a manor in the Domesday Survey, 1086.
Dev.—Devonshire. The compiler has introduced among the names belonging to Cornwall proper, some that would more properly belong to Devonshire. The river Tamar divides the two counties through the greater part of its course; but Boyton, in Cornwall, and Pancraswyke, in Devonshire, are partly east and partly west of the river; as also is the parish of Bridgerule, but the east part is in Devon, the west in Cornwall. S. Budeaux, though wholly east of the Tamar, is partly in Cornwall; and Maker, though wholly west, is partly in Devonshire, as are also the whole of the parishes of Werrington and North Petherwin, though west of the Tamar. But these two parishes and S. Giles in the Heath (east of the Tamar and in Devonshire) and the whole of Boyton and Maker are in the Archdeaconry of Cornwall; while the whole of Bridgerule and S. Budeaux are in the Archdeaconry of Totnes; and Pancraswyke is in the Archdeaconry of Barnstaple. Thus, almost along the whole course of the river, from its rise in Morwenstow, the most northerly parish in Cornwall, and situated on the shores of the Bristol Channel, to the Hamaño, where it falls into the English Channel, there is confusion between the ecclesiastical and civil boundary of Cornwall and Devonshire.
D.—Lord De Dunstanville's edition of Carew, with notes from Tonkin's MSS., &c., 1811.

D.G.—Davies Gilbert's "Mount Calvary, 1826"; "Creation of the World, with Noah's Flood," 1827; "Parochial History of Cornwall," 1838, &c. In consequence of the illness of Mr. Davies Gilbert during the time this history was passing through the press, he was unable to correct the proof sheets; as a consequence, the book is full of typographical errors, especially in the case of topographical and family names, about which the London printer must have been totally ignorant, and therefore it is not strange that these should be sadly mis-spelt.

dim.—Diminutive.

Dr.—Hitchins' and Drew's "History of Cornwall," 1824.


E.—Right Hon. Lord Eliot, of Port Eliot.

e.—e.d.—e.d.d.—Exeter Domesday, mostly from Rev. J. Carne.


E.G.H.—Rev. Edmund George Harvey, Vicar of Mullion.

E.S.—Sir Edward Smirke, ex-Vice-Warden of the Stannaries, who furnished Dr. Oliver with particulars as to the Bodmin Manumissions, "Monasticon," p. 431.

F.—Ferguson's "English Surnames," 1858; "River Names," 1862.

f.—French, mostly Norman; to this source Mr. Bottrell would refer many Cornish names.

f.—Under Wheat, &c., for field.

f.m.—Fishermen's Marks at sea.

f.s.—f.s.B.m.—Female serv, Bodmin Manumissions; see B.m.

Francis' (William) "Gwenmap, a poem."

ga.—Gaelic, mostly that of Ireland. gr.—Greek.

Gib.—Gibbon's (T. A. & G. M.) "Etymological Dictionary" of Geographical Names, 1840.

Gibbon (Bp.).—His edition of Camden, &c.

Gw.—William Gwavas, of Penzance, who, with Tonkin, prepared a vocabulary, 18th cent.

H.—William Hals's (17—18 cent.) collections for a Parochial History; printed, with omission of scandalous parts, &c., together with Tonkin's collections, in Polwhele's, Davies Gilbert's, and the "New Parochial" History of Cornwall, now publishing by Mr. Lake, of Truro. His derivations and renderings are very frivolous, often absurd, and of little or no value.

h.—Hebrew; many Hebrew names are found in the Bodmin Manumissions.

h.—Under Ros., &c., for heath; under Tre-, for house.

Hal.—Halliwell's "Dictionary of Archaic and Provincial Words."

Heath's "Account of the Scilly Isles." 1570.


H M.W.—Mr Henry Michell Whitley, of Penarth

Holloway's (William) "Dictionary of Provincialisms," 1833

H.T.—Mr. Henry Trevasen, of Carsawen, Mylor, who examined several of the latter proof sheets and gave many suggestions, having long paid attention to the meaning of Cornish Names.

i.—Irish Gaelic. e.—erse.

i.q.—idem quod, the same as; where the word following is in Roman Caps, if it requires an explanation, it will generally be found in its proper alphabetical place. Some of these "synonymes" are mere variations in spelling the name of the same place; others are found attached as distinctive names to different places, though really the same name with a different spelling.


J.B.—Mr. John Bellows, of Gloucester, to whom the compiler is deeply indebted for most carefully examining and correcting most of his proof sheets, and for many suggestions and hints, as also for some renderings from Gwavas's MSS.

J.Ca.—The late Rev. John Carne, Vicar of Merther, from whose paper, in the Journal of the Royal Institution of Cornwall, No. 4, p. 10, most of the identifications of the Domesday manors are taken.

J.G.—Mr. John George, fisherman, Mousehole; terms in common use among fishermen.

J.M.—Sir John Maclean, author of the "Parochial and Family History of the Deanery of Trigg Minor."

Jo.C.—The late Mr. Jonathan Couch, of Polperro.


k.—Celtic; as well the Gaelic of Ireland, Scotland, and Man, as the Cymric of Wales, Brittany and Cornwall.


lat.—Latin.

l.—Under Tre-, Tret-, &c., for land.


Leo “On the Local Nomenclature of the Anglo-Saxons,” 1852, &c.

Lh.— Edward Lhuyd’s “Archæologia Britannica,” 1707, &c.


Ly.— Lysons’ (Daniel and Samuel) “Magna Britannia,” 1814.

m.— Under WHEAL &c., for mine.

m.— Modern.


m.c.— Modern Cornish; words now or recently in use; Mr. T. Q. Couch, Journal of the Royal Institution of Cornwall, No. 1. p. 6; the late Mr. T. Garland, ib. No. 3. p. 45; also, No. 2. p. 75, No. 5. p. 39; Mr. W. Sandys’ “Specimens of Cornish Provincial Dialect,” with Glossary, 1846, &c.


mi.— mine.

Moody’s (Mrs.) “What is your Name?” 1863.

m.s.— Names found in the ancient “Inscribed Stones” of Cornwall, mostly Celto-Roman.

M.— J. W.M.— The Rev. J. W. Murray, Vicar of Mylor, who corrected many of the sheets of the Glossary, and made many suggestions, drawn from his intimate knowledge of the kindred Welsh.

Mur.— Murray’s “Handbook of Cornwall.”


n.f.— Family names, which the compiler has not found as names of places, at least as so spelt, in the County; most of the Cornish names of estates, &c., are found as family names; there are, however, many others from a great variety of sources and languages; very many patronyms, and corruptions of Christian names, and some nicknames.

nickn.— Nickname.

Nord.— Norden’s “Speculi Britanniaæ Pars,” 1728, written 1584.

North’s “Week in the Isles of Scilly,” 1850.


o.— olm, formerly, in olden times, or in old deeds. The compiler would feel obliged to any one having ancient documents, if he would communicate to him archaic modes of spelling.

O.m.— Ordnance Map or Survey.

o.n.— Old Norse.

o.n.f.— Old family name, mostly extinct.

o.w.n.— Old Welsh name; many are marked simply (w.), especially where it is thought a Cornishman, bearing the same or a similar name, has given his name to an estate, &c.

P.— Colonel Peard, of Trenython, who kindly corrected and annotated the latter sheets of the Glossary, and has already given conjectural renderings of most of the Unexplained Names.

Ped.— E. H. Pedler’s “Anglo-Saxon Episcopate of Cornwall,” 1856; “Names of Places in the Cornish Dramas,” 1859, &c.

pers.— Persian.

ph.— Phœnician.

Po.— Polwhele’s “History of Cornwall” 1806; “Historical Views of Devonshire,” 1793, &c.

Pr.— Dr. Prysor’s “Mineralogia Cornubiana,” 1778; “Archæologia Corn-Britannica,” 1790, especially the “List of Cornish British Names,” believed to be chiefly those explained by E. Lhuyd, and alluded to by him in a letter to Tonkin, May 4, 1703, printed by Dr. Pryce.

pr.— pronounced.

p.s.— Marks most of the ancient parishes in the County (as c.d. chiefly does the modern ones), and shews the patron saint, chiefly as determined by Dr. Oliver.


rep.— Reduplication, when the same word is repeated in a name in two languages, &c.

R.H.— Mr. Robert Hunt, author of “Romances and Drolls of the West of England,” 1865.


R.W.— The Rev. Robert Williams, author of “Eminent Welshmen,” where most of the Welsh personal names are found; “Lexicon Corni-Britannicum,” the authority mainly followed in the orthography and signification of old Cornish words, &c. Mr. Williams examined the MS. of the Glossary before it was put into the printer’s hands, and corrected every sheet as it passed through the press; the number of
annotations, suggestions, and corrections made by him on some of these, would shew how carefully he did this, and how much the compiler is indebted to his invaluable aid.

s.—Under Venton &c., for spring. s.—Saxon, mostly Anglo-Saxon; in the lists of Unexplained Names, serf.

s.B.M.—Sanskrit

s.B.m.—Serf, Bodmin Manumission. See B.m.

Sc.—Scawen's "Observations on an Ancient Manuscript, the Passio Christi," &c., and "A Dissertation on the Cornish Tongue"; Davies Gilbert's History, v. 4, p. 190. Mr. Scawen was Vice-Warden of the Stannaries, 17 cent

S.G.—S. Greatheed's (Exeter, 1808) MS. notes, in Mr. Hugh Sims's copy of "Pryce's Archaeologia."

T.—Thomas Tonkin (18 cent.). See D., Gw., and Hals.

t.—Teutonic

T.a.—Tithe Apportionment. Wanted the loan of those named on the cover of Part IV (p. 200), excepting those of S. Anthony in Menage, Crowan, Sithney, and S. Veep, received since that part was published, in June, 1870.*

t.b.—Tit bounds.

T.C.—Mr. Thomas Cornish, of Penzance, who corrected many of the sheets of the Glossary, and made many suggestions. The compiler is indebted to him also for the loan of "Particulars of the sale by auction" of large estates, with plans, and his renderings of many of the Cornish Names; as also for provincial words collected by him at the Assizes, sessions, magistrates' meetings, &c.

t.d.d.—Tenants named in the Domesday Survey; most of these names are decidedly Teutonic; a very small number can be at all looked at as possibly Celtic.

T.Q.C.—Mr. Thomas Quiller Couch, of Bodmin, who is passing through the press "The History of Polperro." He kindly lent the compiler his interleaved copy of the "Index to Martyn's Maps," with translations of several names by himself and others.

T.R.—Richards' "British or Welsh and English Dictionary." Tr.—Dr. Tregellas.

v.—Valgo, vulgarly, commonly.

w.—Under Venton, &c., for well; under Wheal, &c., for work.

w.—Welsh; but in the list of Unexplained Names, witness.

w.B.M.—Witness, Bodmin Manumissions See B.M.

W.B.—Mr. William Bottrell, author of "Traditions and Hearthside Stories of West Cornwall." 1870, who corrected and annotated several sheets of the Glossary.

W.C.B.—Mr. Borlase, of Castle Horneck, Penzance; to whom the compiler is indebted for several renderings, marked B., from the manuscripts of Dr. Borlase.

W.h.—Whittaker's "Ancient Cathedral of Cornwall," 1804; Supplement to Polwhele, &c.

W.I.—The Rev. W. Iago, of Westheath, Bodmin.

Woodley's "View of the present state of the Scilly Isles," 1822.


w.s.—Welsh Saints; the names mostly taken from Rice Rees' "Welsh Saints," and Williams' "Ecclesiastical Antiquities of the Cymri."


W.W.K.—Mr. W. Worth Kemphorne, of St. Ives.


Z.—Zeuss's "Grammatica Celtica," 1853.

? marks a purely conjectural rendering, &c.; ?? a doubly doubtful one; confirmation or correction solicited from persons bearing the names, or acquainted with the history, traditions, and peculiarities of the places.

!, !, point to something more or less extraordinary, out of the way, and apparently unfounded. Such is often the case with Hals's derivations and renderings. = shews that the name is thought to be equivalent to the word or words following.

Roman Caps used for a personal or family name, supposed to enter into the composition of a local name, shew that that name, if requiring explanation, will be found in its proper alphabetical place.

* The compiler begs to thank the many Clergy, and other gentlemen, who have lent or procured for him the loan of Tithe Apportionments. He would especially name the following, on account of the number they procured him: Rev. J. J. Wilkinson, Lanteglos by Camelford; Rev. C. M. E. Collins, Trewardale; Mr. T. Cornish and Mr. Bottrell, Penzance; Mr. N. Hare, junr., and Mr. T. A. Glubb, Liskeard; Messrs. Badcock, S Stephens by Lannceston; Mr. Preston Wallis, Bodmin; Mr. Trewbody Carlyon, Mr. Whitley, and Mr. Symonds, Truro; Mr. Cunnack, Helston; Mr. Reginald Rogers, Carwinion.
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