GENEALOGY COLLECTION
A GENEALOGICAL RECORD

OF THE

DAVIS, SWANN AND CABELL FAMILIES

of North Carolina and Virginia

By

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Climatology of Jacksonville, Florida
History of Early Jacksonville, Florida
History of Jacksonville, Florida, and Vicinity
MacGregor's Invasion of Florida
Ponce de Leon's Discovery of Florida
Fort Caroline, Huguenot Settlement on the St. Johns
etc.

Honorary Member Florida Historical Society
Member National Society Sons of American Revolution
etc.

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All rights reserved as to the Davis and Swann record.
Thomas Frederick Davis
In memory of
my Father and Mother
LINEAGE IN AMERICA

SWANN

William Swann (1586-1638) married Judith (1589-1626)

Thomas Swann (1616-1680) married Sarah Cod (1649 -1654)

Samuel Swann (1653-1707) married Mrs. Eliz. Fendall (1673-1725)

Samuel Swann (1704-1772) married Jane Jones (1727)

Jane Swann (1740-1801) married Frederick Jones (1758-1797)

Ann Jones married Roger Cutlar (1796)

Anna E. Cutlar (1797-1877) married Thomas F. Davis (1778-1846)

Horatio Davis (1840-1912) married Annie Clarkson (1885-)

Thos. Fred’k Davis (1877-) married Parke Miller (1842-1900)

Leah Hartridge Davis (1905)

Parke Cabell Davis (1910)

CABELL

William Cabell (1700-1774) married Elizabeth Burks (1725) (1758-1766)

William Cabell (1730-1798) married Margaret Jordan (1756) (1812-)

William Cabell (1749-1822) married Anne Carrington (1780) (1760-1838)

Margaret Cabell (1785-1863) married Thos. S. McClelland (1803) (1777-1835)

Laura McClelland (1814-1853) married Geo. M. Y. Miller (1833) (1886-)

DAVIS

Jehu Davis married Jane Assup

Thomas Davis married Mary Moore (1742- )
DAVIS

In the 1720's, four Davis brothers, Jehu, John, William and Roger, emigrated from the British Isles to Massachusetts, where they remained for a time in the vicinity of Boston. They then went to South Carolina, and thence to the Cape Fear section of North Carolina, where they located permanently about 1725. The ancestry of these four brothers has not been traced, but we may judge it from the character of their descendants. The name Davis, both in early and later times on the Cape Fear, has always been associated with all that was highly respectable and honorable.

William and Roger Davis never married. William was the commander of a "Troop of Horse" in the French and Indian war. Roger's activities are unknown. Jehu was our ancestor and his descendants are traced herein. John married a daughter of Nathaniel Moore (son of Gov. James Moore the first, of South Carolina) and his children intermarried with the most prominent families of eastern North Carolina. His son John married Harriet Ashe (daughter of Gen. John Ashe); another son, William, married Margaret Moore (daughter of George Moore), who was the half-sister of Mary Moore who married Thomas Davis, the son of Jehu Davis.

Interruption among the early families was constant and often close, sometimes to the extent of double first cousins. The infant mortality among them was extremely high. In a very prominent family there were twenty-eight children, of whom only seven survived to maturity, due in large measure, perhaps, to lack of medical knowledge and care. All of them were well-to-do, owning large estates and many slaves.
1. **Jehu Davis** married **Jane Assup**, an Irish lady. Four of their children reached maturity, as follows: Jehu, **Thomas**, Ann, and another daughter (name not remembered).

(1) Jehu Davis, Jr., m. Elizabeth Eagles and had: i. Jane Davis m. John Pugh Williams and had three daughters; (a) Mrs. Alfred Moore, wife of Alfred Moore (son of Judge Alfred Moore), who were the parents of Mrs. Hugh Waddell and Mrs. Francis Waddell; (b) Mrs. John Haywood, wife of Treasurer Haywood, who were the parents of Dr. Fabius J. Haywood; (c) a daughter (name not remembered) m. Captain Hall and had Mildred Hall who m. Maurice Waddell. ii. Elizabeth Davis m. Morris Jones and had: (a) Margaret Jones m. Richard Eagles, who were the parents of Richard W. Eagles, Nancy Eagles m. Jacob Brewster, and Margaret Eagles m. John Brewster; (b) Sarah Jones m. Dr. Nathaniel Hill and left a son, Nathaniel M. Hill.

(2) **Thomas Davis** (ancestor, see 2).

(3) Ann Davis m. Richard Quince and had one son, Richard Quince, Jr., who married his first cousin, Ann Davis, daughter of **Thomas Davis**.

(4) —— Davis m. Thomas Neile and left two sons: (a) Thomas Neile, Jr., m. (name unknown) and had John and Henry Neile, both of whom died without issue, and Ann Neile m. Stephen Daniel and had George Daniel and others. (b) Harry Neile m. Elizabeth Jones and died without issue.

2. **Thomas Davis** married **Mary Moore**, b. December 1, 1742; their surviving children were:

(1) Jehu Davis, 3d, m. Jane Quince and had: (a) Thomas I. Davis m. Mary Elizabeth Watters, whose children were William W. and Frederick S. Davis, Mary Davis m. Quince, Annie Davis m. Miller, and Jane, Rebecca, Julia and Kate Davis; (b) Mary Davis m. John Poisson and had Jehu D. and Louis I. Poisson.

(2) George Davis m. Mildred Watters and left no children.

(3) Rebecca Davis m. James Moore (son of Gen. James Moore) and had Junius A. Moore m. Elizabeth Clitheral; Sophia Moore m. Samuel Strudwick.

*Derived principally from D, i.e., the Horatio Davis manuscripts.*
(4) Sophia Davis m. Thomas Ashe (son of Gov. Samuel Ashe) and had: (a) Thomas Ashe, Jr., m. (name not remembered) and had Mary Ashe m. Hall, Sophia Ashe m. Lane, Melissa Ashe, and others. (b) Richard Ashe m. (name not remembered), and had a son, Richard I. Ashe. (c) Paschal Paoli Ashe m. (name not remembered), and had Thomas S., Cincinnatus, Edmund, Ann Eliza m. Pickett, and others.

(5) Jane Davis m. Dr. Nathaniel Hill (his first wife) and had: (a) Mary Hill m. John A. Lillington and had: John A. Lillington, Jr.; Margaret Lillington m. Hardin; Mary Lillington m. Anderson; Sarah Lillington m. Corbin. (b) Jane Hill m. Parker Quince (his first wife) and had: John B. and Richard Quince, Betsy Quince m. Davis, Sarah Jane Quince m. Chaffin, and Kate Quince. (c) Sarah Hill m. Lewis Toomer and had: Julia Toomer m. Poisson, Ann Sophia Toomer m. Roger Moore, and Mary Toomer.

(6) Ann Davis m. Richard Quince, Jr., and had: Nancy Quince (unmarried); [Rebecca Quince m. Alexander Duncan Moore (son of Gen. James Moore) x].

(7) Thomas F. Davis (ancestor, see 3).

Note. At this point in the ms. there is a note in the handwriting of Horatio Davis, as follows: "The foregoing particulars of family history [prior to 1846] were derived from a record prepared by Thomas F. Davis. [Signed] Horatio Davis."

3. Thomas F. Davis\textsuperscript{5}, b. September 5, 1778; d. December 30, 1846; married first, October 21, 1802, Sarah Isabella Eagles, b. March 27, 1784; d. March 25, 1829. He married second, May 20, 1833, Anna E. Cutlar\textsuperscript{6}, b. January, 1797; d. July 5, 1877. The record in the family bible (now in my possession) is as follows:

Thomas F. Davis Born 5th of September, 1778
Sarah Isabella Eagles born the 27th March, 1784.
Thomas F. Davis & Sarah I. Eagles were married on the 21st day of October A.D. 1802
The following are the names of the children of Thomas F. Davis & Sarah his wife (formerly Sarah I. Eagles)
No. 1 Thomas F. Davis born the 8th of February A.D. 1804 on Wednesday morning at half an hour before One Oclock
No. 2 Jehu Davis born the 13th of April A.D. 1806 on Sunday evening fifteen minutes before Six Oclock. Died Tuesday evening the 15th of April 1806 at Eleven
No. 3 [blank—probably died at birth]
No. 4 Mary Jane Davis born the 5th November 1810 precisely at two Oclock in the afternoon—Died July 7th 1812 at One Oclock in the afternoon
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Davis Descendants

No. 5 Junius Davis Born the 21st April 1815, Friday morning at One Oclock
Eliza Davis Born the 26th August 1817 [No. not entered]
No. 6 George Davis born the 1st March, 1820, Wednesday evening at 7 Oclock
No. 7 Joseph Davis Born 21st March 1823

Mrs. Sarah I. Davis, who while here possessed every Excellence that human nature is susceptible of was translated an Angel into Heaven on the 25th day of March A.D. 1829, wanting two days of being 45 years old.

"She tried each art, reproved each dull delay
"Allured to brighter worlds, has led the way

Thomas F. Davis and Anna E. Cutlar were united by the bond of Matrimony on the 20th May 1833—the following are their children—

Luciana Born the 30 March A.D. 1834 at half past 10 Oclock P.M. —Died in March 1838, on the 5th day [of scarlet fever].
Horatio Born the 28 December A.D. 1835 about 9 P.M. Died in March 1838 on the 17th day of the month [of scarlet fever].
Frederick Cutlar Davis 17 May 1837—Died in March 1838 on the 23 day of the month [of scarlet fever].
Horatio Davis born the 16 May 1840

Mr. Thomas F. Davis departed this life on the 30th of December 1846—in the 68th year of his age. A good and just man doing as far as he had it in his power good to every one.

Mr. Joseph Eagles Davis Died the 20th of August in his 22 year in the year 1844—a young man of great promise possessing every Virtue to make him an ornament to Society.

Anna E. Davis died at Chatham, Virginia, on the 5th day of July, 1877, aged 79 [80] years.

Surviving children of Thomas F. and Sarah (Eagles) Davis:

Thomas Frederick Davis’ m. Elizabeth Fleming and had Thomas Frederick Davis m. Mary Boykin McCaa. He married second Ann Ivy Moore and had: James Moore Davis m. Mary Louisa DeSaussure; Ann Eliza Davis, unmarried; Sarah Eagles Davis m. John Stoney Porcher; John Toomer Davis, unmarried; Fred’k. Bruce Davis m. Esther Serena Reynolds; Junius Davis m. Sarah Amelia DeSaussure.

Junius Davis (1815-1861) m. Ann Swann and had: George Davis m. Eva Horsey; Josephine Davis m. David Gregg; Annie Davis m. James G. Martin; and four children d.y.

Eliza Davis m. Dr. Louis J. Poisson and had: Fred’k. D. Poisson m. Lucy Anna Cutlar; Marianna Poisson m. DuBrutz Cutlar.

George Davis’ m. Mary A. Polk and had: Mary A. Davis, unmarried; Junius Davis m. 1st Mary Walker, 2d Mary
Cowan; Emily Polk Davis m. John E. Crow; Louis Poisson Davis; Isabel Eagles Davis m. Spencer P. Shotter; Meta Alexander Davis m. George Rountree. He married second Monimia Fairfax and had: Mary Fairfax Davis m. M. F. H. Gouverneur; Monimia C. Davis m. Donald MacRae.

Surviving child of Thomas F. and Anna (Cutlar) Davis: Horatio Davis (ancestor—see 4)

4. Horatio Davis', b. May 16, 1840; d. June 2, 1912; married December 21, 1865, Parke Carter Miller", b. November 19, 1842; d. August 10, 1900; issue:
   (1) William Giles Davis, b. in Wilmington, N. C., September 13, 1866; d. at “Sharswood”, near Mt. Airy, Va., September 27, 1913; unmarried; buried in Episcopal churchyard at Mt. Airy.
   (2) Charles Davis, b. in Chatham, Va., April 24, 1870; d. in Charlotte, N. C., April 26, 1901; unmarried; buried in Episcopal churchyard at Mt. Airy, Va.
   (3) Thomas Frederick Davis, (see 5)

5. Thomas Frederick Davis", b. April 24, 1877; married March 1, 1905, Annie Clarkson", b. June 17, 1885. Their children are:
   (1) Leah Hartridge Davis", b. November 27, 1905.
   (2) Parke Cabell Davis", b. October 10, 1910.
SWANN

William Swann (son of Sir Francis Swann) emigrated from England to America not long after Jamestown was settled, probably sometime after the year 1616. In England, as nearly always was the case in early days, the name was spelled in a number of forms, principally Swayne, Swain, and Swan, and there were several shareholders in the "Virginia Company" of that name, but whether their influence had a connection with William's emigration is not now known. Probably it did. It is certain, however, that he was among the first Englishmen who established themselves permanently in this country. In America our branch of the family held persistently to the spelling Swann.

William Swann was a pioneer when he crossed the James River and settled Swann's Point five miles from Jamestown. This was prior to 1636, our earliest reference to his settlement there. Several generations of Swanns were born, lived and died at Swann's Point, in Surry County, Va. As late as 1879, the gravestone of William Swann's son, Thomas Swann, was in evidence, bearing date of death 1680. It was located near the water on the bank of James River.

Except for the condensed statement of birth, death and marriage dates, we have little of the detail of life among the early generations of the family, outside of terse official records. But from these may be seen that William Swann was the progenitor of many distinguished men of Virginia and North Carolina, and elsewhere.

In the following record of the family, I believe there is much that has not been published before. The mss. are very clear and need little explanation, except that the dates given prior to 1752 are old style.
1. William Swann was born in 1586, and died the last of February, 1638, in the 52d year of his age, and was buried at Swann's Point, Va. He married Judith (surname unknown); she was born February 5, 1589, being Wednesday, and died March 16, 1636, in the 47th year of her age, and was buried at Swann's Point. There is a record of but one of their children, Thomas Swann [ancestor, see 2].

2. Thomas Swann was born in May, 1616; died September 16, 1680, and was buried at Swann's Point, at his father's feet. He married five times, as follows:

Married first, January 13, 1639, Margaret Debton, who died April 5, 1646, and was buried at Swann's Point, Va.

Married second, January 13, 1649, Sarah Cod, who died January 13, 1654, "having been married just five years," and was buried at Swann's Point.

Married third, July 30, 1655, Sarah Chandler, who died November 10, 1662, and was buried at Swann's Point.

Married fourth, Mrs. Ann Brown (widow of Henry Brown, a member of the council of Virginia); she was buried at the "Four Mile Tree".

Married fifth, December 29, 1668, Mary Manefield.

Issue of Thomas and Margaret (Debton) Swann:
(1) Susannah Swann, b. October 26, 1640; m. Maj. William Marriat; died without issue and was buried at Swann's Point.

(2) William Swann, b. October 30, 164-; d.y. in London, Eng., and was buried there.

(3) Thomas Swann, b. March 23, 1645; died without issue at St. Edmonds Burg, in Suffolk, Eng., and was there interred.

Issue of Thomas and Sarah (Cod) Swann:
(1) Sampson Swann, b. May 28, 1650; d. November 1, 1668, and was buried at Swann's Point.

(2) Sarah Swann, b. October 15, 1651; d. August 9, 1652, and was buried at Swann's Point.

(3) Samuel Swann, b. May 11, 1653 [ancestor, see 3].

Issue of Thomas and Sarah (Chandler) Swann:
(1) Judith Swann, b. April 22, 1656; d. without issue and was buried at Swann's Point.

*Derived principally from D, i.e., Horatio Davis papers: These are the records referred to in Moore's Hist. of N. C., 1880, Vol. 1, 45-6.
Swann Descendants

(2) Anne Swann, b. July 9, 1657; d. without issue and was buried at Swann's Point.
(3) A son not baptised, b. December 11, 1658; d. 20th of same month and was buried at Swann's Point.
(4) Another son, b. November 1, 1662; d. in child birth. Thomas and Ann (Brown) Swann had no issue.

Issue of Thomas and Mary (Manefield) Swann:
(1) Mary Swann, b. October 5, 1669; m. Richard Bland.
(2-3) Thomas and Frances Swann, at one birth, December 14, 1670. Frances d. April 14, 1676, and was buried at Swann's Point. Thomas m. Eliza, daughter of William Thompson.
(4) Sarah Swann, b. 8th of [illegible]; m. 1st Henry Randolph; m. 2d Giles Webb.

3. Samuel Swann’, born at Swann’s Point, May 11, 1653; [died at his plantation in Perquimans Precinct, N. C., September 14, 1707, and was buried there]. He married first, on March 24, 1673, Sarah Drummond, daughter of Wm. Drummond, first governor of N. C. appointed by the Lord Proprietors; she died Saturday, April 18, 1696, and was buried at Swann’s Point at her own mother’s feet. He married second, May 19, 1698, Mrs. Elizabeth Fendall’ [b. 1679; d. 1725], daughter of Major Alexander Lillington* and widow of Col. John Fendall.

First marriage, Samuel and Sarah (Drummond) Swann: issue—
(1) Samuel Swann, b. December 18, 1674, being Friday; baptised 27th of same month; d. February 7, 1677, and was buried at Lyons Creek on his father’s plantation.
(2) Sarah Swann, b. August 15, 1676; d. August 4, 1677, and was buried at Lyons Creek.
(4) Samuel Swann, b. May 2, 1681; was drowned at Roanoak Inlet in the dusk of the evening in the 21st year of his age.
(5) Sarah Swann, b. October 23, 1682; d. October 9, 1683, and was buried at Swann’s Point.
(6) Sampson Swann, b. February 19, 1684.
(7) Thomas Swann, b. January 29, 1686; d. July 1, [1686?], and was buried at Swann’s Point.
(8) Henry Swann, b. June 16, 1688.
(9) Thomas Swann, b. October 29, 1689.
Second marriage, Samuel and Elizabeth (Lillington-Fendall) Swann: issue—
(1) Elizabeth Swann, b. June 26, 1699.
(2) Sarah Swann, b. December 29, 1701, being Monday.
(3) Samuel Swann, b. October 31, 1704 [ancestor, see 4].
(4) John Swann, b. April 25, 1707.

(At this point there is a note in the ms. in the handwriting of Horatio Davis as follows: "The foregoing was copied from the original manuscript written by Hon. Samuel Swann.")

4. Samuel Swann II*, b. October 31, 1704; d. 1772; married c1727, Jane Jones and had issue:
(1) Jane Swann, b. January 21, 1728, at the house of Col. Edward Moseley in Chowan County, N. C.; d. July 26, 1734, and was buried in a vault at Rocky Point on the Cape Fear River, by the side of her grandmother, Elizabeth Moore.
(2) Jane Swann (2), b. Wednesday, October 15, 1740, at "Ye Oaks", her father's plantation on the Cape Fear [ancestor, see 5].
(3) Samuel Swann, b. Friday, June 19, 1747 at "Ye Oaks"; [d. July 11, 1787]. He was Major of Battalion of Minute Men raised in the Wilmington district in 1775.

5. Jane Swann**, b. October 15, 1740; d. 1801; married January 10, 1758, Frederick Jones**, b. July 7, 1732; d. 1797. Issue:
(1) John Jones (who afterward took the name of his great-uncle, John Swann) m. Sarah, the daughter of Gen. James Moore, and had: John Swann m. Fannie Waddell; Maria Swann m. John D. Toomer; Frederick Swann m. Ann Sophia Green.
(2) Elizabeth Jones m. 1st Harry Neile; 2d John Hill and had: William Hill m. Ann Claypole; Frederick Hill m. Ann Watters; Eliza Hill m. William Lord; John Hill m. Eliza Bradley; Catherine Hill m. Ancrum Berry.
(3) Jane Jones m. Michael Sampson and had: James Sampson m. Margaret Walker; Mary Ann Sampson m. Samuel Jocelyn; Lucy Sampson; Eliza Sampson m. Dr. Strong; Jane Sampson m. Dr. Henry Walker.
(4) Rebecca Jones m. William Cutlar and had three children who died without issue.
(5) Lucy Jones m. Archibald Cutlar.
(6) Ann Jones (ancestor, see 6).

6. Ann Jones" married in 1796, Dr. Roger Cutlar" and had:
   (1) Anna E. Cutlar (ancestor, see 7).
   (2) Jane Cutlar m. Daniel Fleming.
   (3) Euphemia Cutlar, never married.
   (4) Frederick Cutlar m. Louisa DuBrutz.

7. Anna E. Cutlar", b. January, 1797; d. July 5, 1877; married May 20, 1833, Thomas F. Davis", b. September 5, 1778; d. December 30, 1846, (his second marriage), and had:
   (1) Lucianna, (2) Horatio, (3) Frederick C., all d.y. of scarlet fever in March, 1838.
   (4) Horatio Davis (ancestor, see 8).

8. Horatio Davis", b. May 16, 1840; d. June 2, 1912; married December 21, 1865, Parke Carter Miller", b. November 19, 1842; d. August 10, 1900, and had:
   (1) William Gi’es Davis, b. September 13, 1866; d. September 27, 1913, unmarried.
   (2) Charles Davis, b. April 24, 1870; d. April 26, 1901, unmarried.
   (3) Thomas Frederick Davis, (see 9).

9. Thomas Frederick Davis", b. April 24, 1877; married March 1, 1905, Annie Clarkson", b. June 17, 1885. Their children are:
   (1) Leah Hartridge Davis", b. November 27, 1905.
   (2) Parke Cabell Davis", b. October 10, 1910.
CABELL

The history of the Cabell family in England has been traced to the eleventh century, when Walter Cabell witnessed a charter at Bradenstone, in Wiltshire. This Walter Cabell appears to have arrived in England about the time of the Conquest. He settled there and his descendants continued in the counties of Wilts, Dorset, Devon and Somerset, and later spread to other sections of England.

The Cabells even at this early period were land owners. They also seem to have been of a religious tendency, for they made frequent and munificent gifts to the Church. That they were among the high-class people of England of the time is evinced by the record of their activities.

Richard Cabell was elected to Parliament in 1562; sat in that body four years, and was re-elected to the next Parliament. His son, Richard, was a gentleman of distinction and wealthy for his day. William, son of the second Richard, inherited much of his father's estate, but does not seem to have had an active public career. William Cabell's son, Richard, was the father of Dr. William Cabell, the founder of our branch of the family in America. These Cabells were of the Frome stock.

I have made no original research in the Cabell line, nor does any seem necessary, as a very complete genealogical record of them, both in England and in this country, was published in 1895, by Alexander Brown, a noted genealogist, entitled "Cabells and Their Kin". It is a monumental work of many pages, tracing the descendants of the Cabells from early times down even to my day. I have assembled our direct lineage as indicated herein entirely from that source.
1. William Cabell*: b. March 20, 1700; d. April 12, 1774; married about 1725, Elizabeth Burks**, who d. September 21, 1756. He married second Mrs. Margaret Meredith, who died without issue B 82-72. The children of William and Elizabeth (Burks) Cabell were:

1. Mary Cabell m. William Horsley and had: William Horsley m. Martha Megginson; Robert Horsley m. Judith Scott; Elizabeth Horsley m. Roderick McCulloch; John Horsley m. Fannie Starke B 75.

2. William Cabell (ancestor, see 2).

3. Joseph Cabell m. Mary Hopkins and had: Elizabeth Cabell m. William Megginson; Joseph Cabell m. 1st Pocahontas Rebecca Bolling, 2d Mrs. Anna E. Duval; Mary H. Cabell m. John Breckinridge and moved to Kentucky; Ann Cabell m. Robert Carter Harrison; Elizabeth Cabell, the second, m. William J. Lewis B 141.

4. John Cabell m. Paulina Jordan and had: John Cabell, d.y.; George Cabell, d.y.; George Cabell m. Sarah Winston; Frederick Cabell m. Alice Winston; William Cabell, d.y.; John J. Cabell m. Henry Ann Davies; Elizabeth Cabell m. Dr. Tiernan; Samuel J. Cabell m. Susanna Ewing; Julia Scott Cabell m. Mr. Shields; Paulina Jordan Cabell m. 1st Hector Cabell (her double first cousin), 2d William Daniel B 145.

(5) George Cabell, d.y.

6. Nicholas Cabell m. Hannah Carrington and had: William H. Cabell m. 1st Elizabeth Cabell, 2d Agnes Gamble; George Cabell m. Susanna Wyatt; Elizabeth Cabell m. Wm. B. Hare; Joseph C. Cabell m. Mary Carter; Nicholas Cabell m. Margaret Venable; Mary Ann Cabell m. Benjamin Carrington; Mayo, Hannah, Henningham, and Paul C. Cabell all d.y. B 171.

2. William Cabell II*: b. March 13, 1730; d. March 23, 1798; married in 1756, Margaret Jordan**, d. March 1812 B 75-130. Their children were:

1. Samuel J. Cabell, m. Sarah Syme and had: Wm. S. Cabell m. Elizabeth Payne; Mildred Cabell m. 1st Joseph K. Green, 2d Maj. Levin Cartwright; Samuel J. Cabell m. Mrs. Elizabeth (Avery) Hartwell; Paulina Cabell m. George Whitlock; Margaret Cabell m. 1st John Higginbotham, 2d Nathaniel W. Payne; Patrick Henry Cabell m. Elizabeth Lee; Nicholas, d.y.; George W. Cabell m.
Mary Anne Anthony; Emeline S. Cabell m. 1st Benjamin E. Scruggs, 2d Rev. Andrew Hart B 190.

(2) William Cabell (ancestor, see 3).

(3) Paulina Cabell m. Edmund Read and had a son d.y.; m. 2d Rev. Nash LeGrand and died without issue B 209.

(4) Landon Cabell m. Judith Scott Rose and had: Landon Cabell m. Marian F. Cabell; Robert H. Cabell m. Julia Mayo; Elizabeth Cabell m. Wm. R. Preston; and two children d.y. B 216.

(5) Hector Cabell m. Paulina Jordan Cabell (his double first cousin) and had no issue B 216.


(7) Elizabeth Cabell m. William H. Cabell (her first cousin) and had: Nicholas C. Cabell; Louisa Cabell m. Henry Carrington; and Abraham Joseph Cabell B 257.

3. William Cabell III*, b. March 25, 1759; d. November 22, 1822; married in 1780, Anne Carrington*, b. June 9, 1760; d. March 30, 1833 B 190-208. Their children were:

(1) Paul C. Cabell, d.y.

(2) Elvira Cabell m. Patrick Henry, Jr., and had: Elvira Henry m. Wm. H. Clark; Mrs. Henry m. 2d James Bruce and had: Ellen Bruce m. James M. Morson; Sarah Bruce m. James A. Seddon; William Bruce d.y.; Charles Bruce m. Sarah A. Seddon B 324-7.

(3) Margaret Cabell (ancestor, see 4).

(4) Ann Carrington Cabell m. J. J. Flournoy and had: Ann Flournoy m. Henry Wood; Wm. C. Flournoy m. Martha Venable; Thomas S. Flournoy m. 1st Susan Love, 2d Mildred Coles; Patrick Henry Flournoy m. Susan Edmunds B 354.

(5) William J. Cabell.

(6) Mary E. Cabell m. Dr. George Calloway and had: William Calloway, d.y.; George Calloway; Paul C. Calloway m. Addisonia Manson; Ann Calloway; Fayette Calloway; Sarah Calloway m. Robert L. Brown; Elvira Calloway B 365.
(7) Clementina Cabell m. Jesse Irvine and had: William C. Irvine m. Mary Lewis; Ann Irvine m. 1st David Flournoy, 2d J. Overbey; Edward C. Irvine m. 1st Jane Lewis, 2d Mrs. Merrett; Sarah Irvine m. Asa D. Dickinson; Patrick C. Irvine; Mary Irvine m. P. D. Christian; Jesse Irvine m. Margaret Venable; Juliet Irvine m. Rev. David W. Shanks; Margaret Irvine m. Thomas Rosser; and three children d.y. B 369.

(8) Sarah C. Cabell m. Dr. Thomas Massie and had: Ann Massie, d.y.; Patrick C. Massie m. Susan Withers; Paul Massie B 376.

(9) Edward A. Cabell m. Mary Rice Garland and had: Wm. M. Cabell m. Mildred Eldridge; David S. G. Cabell; Patrick Henry Cabell m. Pattie Aylett; Jane Cabell m. Nicholas H. Vanzandt; Paul C. Cabell; and two children d.y. B 381.

(10) Paul C. Cabell m. Mary B. Irvine and had: William I. Cabell; Ann C. Cabell m. Robert J. Davis; Sallie Cabell m. Edgar Whitehead; Paul C. Cabell m. 1st Nannie Rose, 2d Lou Mundy; and two children d.y. B 384.

(11) Mayo Cabell m. Mary C. Daniel and had: Margaret B. Cabell m. Robert L. Brown; William D. Cabell m. 1st Elizabeth Cabell, 2d Mary Ellet; Joseph C. Cabell; Cornelia Cabell m. Rev. T. F. Martin; Robert S. Cabell m. Alice Boyd; and four children d.y.

Mayo Cabell m. 2d Caroline Anthony and had: Sarah R. Cabell m. Alexander Brown; Elvira Cabell m. Thomas A. Seddon; Caroline Cabell m. Alexander Brown; Edward Cabell m. Mary McGuire; and three children d.y. B 391.

(12) Mildred Cabell d.y.; (13) Mildred Cabell, 2d, d.y.

(14) Patrick Henry Cabell, d. unmarried.

4. Margaret Cabell*: b. November 24, 1785; d. April 3, 1863; m. September 16, 1803, Thomas Stanhope McClelland*, b. February 4, 1777; d. August 30, 1835 B 339. Their children were:

(1) Wm. C. McClelland, d.y.

(2) Anna McClelland m. Bryan W. Nowlin and had Margaret Nowlin, d.y.

(3) Elvira Henry McClelland m. John Henry and had: Margaret Henry m. William A. Miller; Elvira Henry m. 1st Jesse Higginbotham, 2d Alexander F. Taylor; William Wirt Henry m. Lucy Gray Marshall; Thomas
S. Henry m. Mary E. Gaines; Laura Henry m. Dr. James W. Carter; Emma Henry m. James B. Ferguson B 342.

(4) Thomas S. McClelland, Jr., m. Maria Louisa Graf and had: Anna McClelland m. Wm. H. Whelan; Mary Greenway McClelland (Author) B 345.

(5) William McClelland, d.y.

(6) Laura McClelland (ancestor, see 5).

(7) John McClelland d. unmarried; (8) Ellen McClelland, d.y.

(9) Margaret McClelland m. Ludwell H. Brown and had: James C. Brown m. 1st Marian Murray, 2d Annie Sinclair; Margaret Brown m. Henry Loughborough; John F. D. Brown; Mary Brown m. Porter Johnson; Frances Brown m. G. Walker Gi'mer; Thomas S. Brown; Edmonia Brown m. Leake Johnson; Wingfield L. Brown m. Sarah Lewis B 347.

(10) Sarah Cabell McClelland m. Dr. R. R. Barton and had: Edmonia Barton m. Lawrence W. Humes; David R. Barton B 349.

(11) Mary Carter McClelland m. Rev. John A. Scott and had: William Nelson Scott m. Maggie Hanna; Stanhope McC. Scott m. Annie E. Fairfax; John A. Scott m. Lucy Waddell; Lyttleton E. Scott m. Kitty Waddell; Margaret Scott m. T. E. Nininger; Anna Scott; Charles C. Scott B 350.

(12) James Bruce McClelland m. Nannie L. Otey and had: Wm. O. McClelland; Thos. S. McClelland m. Lucy Winn; Edmund L. McClelland m. Lucy Barclay; James B. McClelland m. Kate Winn B 352.

(13) An infant d.y.

(14) Martha Edmonia McClelland m. Eli S. Tutwiler and had: Thos. S. McC. Tutwiler m. Annie Pope; J. Bruce McC. Tutwiler m. Meta Anderson; Margaret Tutwiler m. Guy Garrett; Ann Tutwiler, d.y.; Argyle Tutwiler; Mary Tutwiler m. Houston Leech; Henry M. Tutwiler; W. W. H. Tutwiler m. Virginia Motter; Carrington C. Tutwiler m. Reba Glasgow B 354.

5. Laura McClelland*: b. March 6, 1814; d. September 17, 1853 m. October 10, 1833, George Mercer Yuille Miller*, d. June 1, 1866 B 346. Their children were:

(1) Margaret Ellen Miller m. John C. Tarr and had: Laura Frances Tarr; George Campbell Tarr m. Frances Tarr (his cousin).
(2) William Bacon Miller m. Mary Agnes Miller (his cousin) and had: Thomas S. Miller, d.y.; Crenshaw Miller, never married.

(3) Thomas Stanhope Miller d. from wounds received in battle near Petersburg, 1864; unmarried. 847.


(5) Parke Carter Miller (ancestor, see 6).

6. Parke Carter Miller, b. November 19, 1842; d. August 10, 1900; m. December 21, 1865, Horatio Davis, b. May 16, 1840; d. June 2, 1912. Their children were:
   (1) William Giles Davis: b. in Wilmington, N. C., September 13, 1866; d. at “Sharswood”, Mt. Airy, Va., September 27, 1913; never married.
   (2) Charles Davis: b. in Chatham, Va., April 24, 1870; d. in Charlotte, N. C., April 26, 1901; never married.
   (3) Thomas Frederick Davis, (see 7).

7. Thomas Frederick Davis, b. April 24, 1877; m. March 1, 1905, Annie Clarkson, b. June 17, 1885. Their children are:
   (1) Leah Hartridge Davis, b. November 27, 1905.
   (2) Parke Cabell Davis, b. October 10, 1910.
Genealogical Notes
By Thomas Frederick Davis

1. Jehu Davis and his brothers were among the first settlers in the Cape Fear region of North Carolina. In 1728, he received letters patent to 640 acres of land on the west side of the Cape Fear. In 1734, he was living on his plantation on Old Town Creek (Brunswick County), and his brother, John, had settled a few miles above him. In 1738, Jehu Davis was a member of His Majesty’s Commission of the Peace, the duties of which I presume were similar to those of justice. He seems to have been a man of quiet habits. He died before the period of the American Revolution.

2. Among the early settlers in the Old Town Creek section of the Cape Fear was a family by the name of Assup. \[^{24}\] I have found no further record of this family; but am satisfied that Jane Assup was a member of it.

3. There is little doubt that Thomas Davis was the Davis mentioned as a member of the body of armed patriots that successfully resisted the landing of British stamps in the Wilmington area in February, 1766. This is said to have been the first and only actually armed body, regularly organized and officered, that resisted the promulgation of the British Stamp Act in America. \[^{25-31}\] Thomas Davis was one of the organizers of the Sons of Liberty in Brunswick County, N. C., in 1770 and also of the subsequent Committee of Safety \[^{74}\]. That he was active for Independence in the years preceding and during the Revolution is certain. Contemporaneous record of his family seems to have been lost, possibly in a fire. Fortunately, Thomas F. Davis, his son, prepared prior to 1846, a family history, giving many particulars, but did not include dates. A copy of this record is in my possession.

John Yeamans m. Margaret Gibbes Alex. Lillington m. Eliz. Cook
Anne Yeamans m. Jas. Moore (Sr.) Eliz. Lillington m. Sam'l. Swann,
Roger Moore m. Miss Raynes Eliz. Swann m. John Baptista Ashe
George Moore m. Mary Ashe
Mary Moore m. Thomas Davis

Sir John Yeamans (c1611-1674), knight and baronet, seems to have married three times. Margaret Gibbes, of Barbadoes, was apparently his second wife. \[^{38, 337, V 249}\] About 1665, he attempted a settlement of Barbadoes planters on the lower Cape Fear in North Carolina, then called Clarendon, and although it failed it was the forerunner of later permanent development. Returning to Barbadoes, he was appointed under the proprietary system governor of (South) Carolina in 1671, a position he held until 1674. For a more extended account of him consult the standard American biographical works.
James Moore (Sr.) (c1640-1706) was a descendant of the O'Mores of Irish fame. He seems to have emigrated from England to Barbadoes, afterward removing to South Carolina and settling in the Goose Creek section, certainly prior to 1674, and possibly as early as 1666. He was one of the most spectacular figures in American colonial history. He was a brave and successful Indian fighter. In 1702, he commanded an expedition against the Spaniards in East Florida, which, however, failed. Later he attacked and destroyed the Spanish mission towns in middle West Florida in the region of Tallahassee. He held nearly every office of importance in the Colony (South Carolina) between 1677 and 1700, when he was appointed by the Council governor, which office he held until the arrival of Gov. Johnson in 1703. He was then appointed attorney-general. He died of yellow fever in 1706. There is practically no authentic contemporaneous record of Governor Moore's private life, and as a result much confusion exists among genealogists in their effort to interpret it from the little that is known. This is especially so in regard to his marriage with a daughter of Sir John Yeamans. This more than a century old family tradition was apparently verified by Alexander Brown, one of the most noted of American genealogists, who prior to 1893 made an extensive investigation of Barbadoes records. He did not qualify his statement that James Moore, Sr., married Anne Yeamans. This must have been his second marriage and after 1671, as Anne was unmarried at that time (see will of Sir John Yeamans). It is perfectly possible that James Moore married three times; that his sons, James and Maurice were children by a first marriage; Roger and maybe others by his marriage with Ann Yeamans, and still others by his marriage with Margaret.

Roger Moore (c1752) was a member of the House of Commons for South Carolina in 1717. Several years later he with his brothers (or half-brothers) Maurice and Nathaniel removed to North Carolina and about 1725 settled permanently in the Cape Fear section; they were the progenitors in that state of the long prominent Moore family. Roger settled on the lower Cape Fear, in what later became Brunswick County. His home, "Orton", was the finest of the early Colonial mansions in North Carolina. He was known throughout all that part of the country as "King" Roger Moore, because of his great wealth in land and slaves. He was a member of the Governor's Council of North Carolina for many years. By his first wife, who was a Miss Raynes, he had one son, George Moore.

George Moore (c1715-1778*), upon becoming of age, settled on a plantation which he named "Moorefields" (some fifteen miles north of Wilmington). He was a member of the Colonial Assembly in 1745 and 1754-62. He was an outstanding leader in the famous armed prevention of the British Stamp Act in the Wilmington area in

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*Date of his will. March 20, 1778. J 340.
February, 1766 \( W \) 25-6. In the decade preceding the American Revolution, George Moore's name appears in all of the patriotic activities in the Wilmington district. He was a signer of the well-known "New Hanover Association" of June 19, 1775, denouncing the Royal Governor as an enemy to the freedom, rights, and privileges of the Colony. He stood side by side with his relatives and friends in advancing the cause of Independence and continued to do so until his death. George Moore married first in 1739, Mary Ashe (1723-1761), by whom he had fourteen children, of which only George, John B., James, Mary and Sarah grew up. George m. Miss Watters, sister of Henry Watters; John B. m. Miss Jones, sister of his father's second wife; James m. Miss Lloyd; Mary m. Thomas Davis; Sarah m. Fred Jones and then Parson Halling. George Moore married second Sarah Jones, daughter of Thomas Jones, and by her he had fourteen children also, but only Margaret and Thomas survived to maturity. Margaret m. William Davis and died without issue; Thomas m. Miss Howe.

Alexander Lillington (1643-1697) was the founder of the name in North Carolina. He removed from Barbadoes and settled in Albemarle. He was a member of the first "free parliament", 1677, originating in an attempt to escape from too rigid enforcement of the British navigation and custom laws—among the first troubles that led to the American Revolution a hundred years later. He was judge of the precinct court in 1690; president of the Council and Associate Justice of the Supreme Court; high-sheriff of Albemarle, 1693, and ex-officio governor of North Carolina, 1693-5. He married in 1675, Elizabeth Cook (his second wife), who died in 1695.

John Baptista Ashe (d c1740) was the founder of the Ashe family in North Carolina. He was a man of refinement and culture and an eminent lawyer. He settled in the Albemarle section; but about 1727 removed to the Cape Fear region. He was speaker of the Assembly in 1725 and a member of the Council 1731-4. His controversy with Governor Burrington, resulting in Burrington's abdication, is a well-known incident of North Carolina's early history. He married in 1719, Elizabeth Swann (1699-1729).

Thus with the marriage of Thomas Davis and Mary Moore the blood of many of North Carolina's most distinguished pioneers and patriots was mingled in their descendants.

5. Thomas F. Davis lived during a period of comparative calm in this country, with the exception of the trouble with Great Britain in 1812-14. He was for many years clerk of the Court of Pleas for New Hanover County at Wilmington. There could be no greater monument erected to him than the words of his wife, "A good and just man, doing as far as he had it in his power good to every one." He was born near Wilmington, lived his life and died there.

*His will was probated Nov. 15, 1740. NC I 26.
6. Anna E. Cutlar (Mrs. Thomas F. Davis) was born in Wilmington. When her son, Horatio Davis, and family removed from Wilmington to Chatham, Va., she made that her home and died there. She is buried in the Episcopal churchyard at Mt. Airy, Va.

7. Thomas Frederick Davis (1804-1871) was born near Wilmington; graduated from the University of North Carolina; studied law; practiced his profession at Wilmington several years, and then entered the Ministry. He was rector of several Parishes in North Carolina at different times. In 1846, he accepted a call to Camden, S. C., where he remained after being consecrated Bishop of the Diocese of South Carolina in 1853. His eyesight failed in later years, but he continued the charge until his death. He was beloved by all denominations.

8. George Davis (1820-1896) was born on his father's plantation near Wilmington; was graduated from the University of North Carolina with the highest honors; studied law, and practiced his profession throughout his life at Wilmington. He was considered one of the most accomplished lawyers and orators that North Carolina ever produced. He was a delegate to the Peace Conference preceding the War Between the States; then Confederate States Senator, and finally Attorney-General in the second Confederate Cabinet. His pen produced many valuable essays on North Carolina history.

9. Horatio Davis was born in Wilmington, N. C. He was educated at St. James College in Maryland, and upon returning home entered the Confederate service as a member of Company E, 10th Regiment North Carolina Artillery, Captain Alexander Moore. He served throughout the war and was a Lieutenant of Artillery at its close. His battery was in constant action around Petersburg and at the "Crater" was in immediate contact with the enemy. He was a brave soldier. After the war he studied law in the office of his brother, George Davis, and was admitted to the bar in 1867. Two years later, with his family he removed to Chatham, Va., where he practiced his profession. He was County Judge of Pittsylvania County 1880-1886, resigning the office to remove to Florida, in October, 1886. Temporarily located in Cedar Key, he practiced there several years and then permanently located in Gainesville, in 1891. Judge Davis confined his practice to civil law, and his knowledge of the law was so profound that prominent lawyers elsewhere often sought his advice and judgment upon important cases. Professionally he lived with the law, within the law, and for the law. He would not accept a case that was without merit. He gave many lectures on civil law at the University of Florida without charge and gladly assisted students with their courses whenever requested. He was offered nomination for a number of important political offices, including Justice of the Supreme Court of the State, but invariably refused. The only political office he ever held in Florida was mayor of Gainesville, to which
he was really commandeered in a time of stress. After a life of the highest integrity, he died, I am sure, in the knowledge that he had played well his part in the uplift of mankind. He died at Gainesville and is buried there by the side of his wife.

10. Parke Miller (Mrs. Horatio Davis) was born at "Belle Vue", the estate of her father in Halifax County, Virginia. She was given every advantage in education, which she had just completed when the war between the states commenced. Those four years of strife she spent with her aged father at "Sharswood", the estate of her uncle, N. C. Miller, in Pittsylvania County. It was here that she met Lt. Horatio Davis, C.S.A., whom she afterward married. She was considered one of the most beautiful young women in southern Virginia. She was a talented pianist; knew much about art, and became very active in Church, charitable and patriotic organizations in Virginia and afterward in Florida. She was associated with Rev. C. O. Pruden in the first steps that grew into the establishment of Chatham Episcopal Institute, now named Chatham Hall. She was one of the founders of Kirby Smith Chapter, U.D.C., at Gainesville, Fla., and declined the nomination to become its first president. She was State Historian, U.D.C., at the time of her death. She died in Gainesville and is buried there.

11. Thomas Frederick Davis was born in Chatham, Va., and moved with his parents to Florida in 1886. He completed his education at the East Florida Seminary at Gainesville (now University of Florida); entered the United States Weather Bureau, and served at Galveston, 1899; Jacksonville, 1899-1901; Curacao, West Indies, 1901-2; Washington, D. C., 1902-5; and again at Jacksonville, 1905-14. He resigned from the government service and established the Insurance business, of which he is still the head. He was a member of the Duval County, Florida, militia during the World War and was active in civilian war work at that time. He is nationally known as a Florida historian, having published a number of works on Florida history, a list of which is carried in "Who's Who Among North American Authors". He is a member of several local and national historical and patriotic societies.

12. Annie Clarkson (Mrs. Thomas Frederick Davis) was born in Jacksonville, Florida, daughter of Walter Bernard Clarkson (1857-1910) by his first wife Leah Ann Hartridge (1861-1888), who was the daughter of Dr. Theodore Hartridge (1816-1893) and Susan (Livingston) Hartridge (1829-1910) of Jacksonville since 1853. Annie Clarkson received her preliminary education in the public schools of Jacksonville and completed it at Hollins College in Virginia in 1904, receiving the highest honors accorded by the college. She is active in Church, charitable and patriotic circles in Jacksonville and Florida. She traces her Clarkson ancestry to the Clarksons and Andersons of Virginia; her Hartridge ancestry to John Earl Hartridge of Savannah,
who married Leah Sandwich, an English lady; and her Livingston ancestry to Thomas Livingston of Virginia, a soldier in the Revolution, and through him to Robert Livingston, who emigrated from Scotland in 1673, and settled in Albany, N. Y., where he was known as Lord of the Manor.

13. Leah Hartridge Davis was born in Jacksonville; received her preliminary education in the public schools and completed it at the Florida State College for Women, where she was graduated with A.B. degree in 1927. She is a teacher of English Literature in the Jacksonville high schools.

14. Parke Cabell Davis was born in Jacksonville. She went through all the grades of the local public schools; attended the Florida State College for Women, and was graduated in 1933 with A.B. degree.

15. William Swann (son of Sir Francis Swann of England) was granted 1200 acres of land for influencing 24 settlers to come to Virginia. He settled Swann's Point across James River five miles from Jamestown. He was land register in Virginia ACIII 38 and Collector of Royal Customs WR 306, one of the highest offices in the Colony at that time.

16. Thomas Swann was burgess of James City County, Va., in 1645 and 1649, and probably the intervening years. He was lieutenant-colonel of Virginia militia in the Indian wars about 1652; sheriff and justice of Surry County, Va., 1653; burgess from Surry 1657-8, and a member of the Council of 1660 ACIII 38, which asserted principles of liberty not exceeded even by those of the Revolution more than a hundred years afterward H 309. He was a member of Gov. Culpepper's Council at the time of his death in 1680 P.

17. Samuel Swann I was justice of Surry County, Va., in 1674, and sheriff of the county at the time of Bacon's rebellion in 1676. He was a close friend of Bacon and the son-in-law of Gov. William Drummond, first governor of North Carolina appointed by the Lord Proprietors, who was summarily executed by Royal Governor Berkeley for participation in the rebellion. We may feel sure that Samuel Swann was in sympathy with the rebellion and that his wife, Sarah (Drummond) Swann expressed his opinion when she said, "The child that is unborn will have cause to rejoice for the good that will come by the uprising of the country" H 350. In 1677 Samuel Swann was living on his plantation on Lyon's Creek and was a member of the House of Burgesses from that time at intervals until 1693. He was a major of militia in 1687 ACIV 26. Evidently, upon his father's death in 1680, he was at Swann's Point for some time, maybe engaged in the settlement of the estate. He removed to Perquimans Precinct, N. C., prior to 1694, for in the General Court of that year he entered a claim for 640 acres of land for importing 13 persons (his family and servants) into the Colony of North Carolina NCIII 246. He was senior justice of the General Court of North Carolina 1697-1703;
secretary of state in 1700, and collector of Royal Customs for “Roan-oke” A 148, 151, 193; WR 306; NC II 302; D.

18. Elizabeth (Lillington) Fendall, second wife of Samuel Swann I, was the widow of Col. John Fendall and the daughter of Major Alexander and Elizabeth (Cook) Lillington (see note 4). After the death of Samuel Swann, she married her third husband, Maurice Moore.

19. Samuel Swann II was a native North Carolinian, born on his father's plantation in Perquimans. He was a member of the Assembly in 1727 NC I 117. He helped survey the line between North Carolina and Virginia in 1729, when he crossed Dismal Swamp, being the first white man to do so. It is quite a coincidence that one of the surveyors representing Virginia in that event was also an ancestor, William Mayo. Some time after the completion of the work, Samuel Swann II removed to the Cape Fear, naming his plantation “ye Oaks”. He became a distinguished lawyer and the most influential man of his time in North Carolina W 64-55. He was a member of the Assembly, and speaker of that body continuously from 1743 to 1762, with the exception of 1754 A 302, which position in Colonial times was next in dignity to that of governor. His power and influence were so great that Governor Dobbs several times dissolved the Assembly in the hope that a new election would result more favorably for British policies in North Carolina M I 50, 82. He was one of the compilers and finished the work of the Revisal of the Statute Laws of the Province of North Carolina of 1752, known as “Yellow Jacket” from the color of the binding—the first book printed in the Province W 54. D. He was a leader in the armed movement of February, 1766, that nullified the British Stamp Act in the Wilmington district. Though advancing in age, he continued to give his services for Independence until his death S 59.

20. Our Jones Ancestry. Capt. Roger Jones and his wife, Dorothy (Walker) Jones, of England, friends of Lord Culpepper, went to Virginia in 1680, where they remained several years and then returned to England. About 1701-2, their two sons, Thomas and Frederick Jones came over and settled at Williamsburg, where Thomas located permanently and Frederick for a time, removing later to the Albermarle country in North Carolina. They became our ancestors in this way: Thomas Jones married in 1725, Elizabeth Pratt (1701-1762), the widowed daughter of Dr. William Cocke and Elizabeth (Catesby) Cocke, sister of the famous naturalist, Mark Catesby. They had among others a son, Frederick Jones. Frederick Jones, the emigrant, brother of Thomas Jones, married prior to 1708, Jane (Harding?); they had a daughter, Jane Jones who married Samuel Swann II, and their daughter, Jane Swann, married Frederick Jones, son of Thomas, the emigrant, and her second cousin (see the lineage). There has been much confusion among genealogists and historians as to the
identity of the two Fredericks, both being prominent in North Carolina affairs—the second Frederick was the nephew of the emigrant Frederick Jones J 34-37, 123, 216.

Thomas Jones (d. 1757) was a planter and merchant of Williamsburg. He was an Alderman of Williamsburg; represented William and Mary College in the House of Burgesses 1720-22; moved to Hanover County late in life and died there J 346-8.

Frederick Jones (1670-1722) removed from Williamsburg to Albemarle County, N. C., prior to 1711, in which year he was a member of the Colonial Assembly of North Carolina, and again in 1715. He was a captain of militia in the Indian wars of 1712-13. He was Chief Justice of North Carolina from 1718 to 1721. He died at his plantation "Hayes", near Edenton J 320-27; R 139.

Frederick Jones (1732-1797) was induced by his father-in-law, Samuel Swann II, to remove from Virginia to the Cape Fear. He studied law and became a prominent man in his section. He was probably with his friends and kinsmen in the armed force that resisted the landing of stamps under the British Stamp Act, near Wilmington in 1766; was one of the originators of the Sons of Liberty in his section, and of its successor, the Committee of Safety. He was a member of the committee that supported the "Resolves" of the Revolutionary Convention, and thereafter to and throughout the Revolution was a patriot in the cause of American Independence J 350-52. In 1783, he was recommended for Judge of Admiralty for the Port of Brunswick, N. C.

Dr. William Cocke (1672-1720) was born at Sunbury, Suffolk County, England; educated at Queen’s College, Cambridge; became a physician; emigrated to Virginia and settled at Williamsburg. He practiced his profession and at the same time held high political office. He was many years of the Council of Virginia; secretary of state; and died suddenly sitting a judge upon the Bench of the General Court at the Capitol. Governor Spotswood and the principal gentlemen of the country attended the funeral J 121-22.

21. Dr. Roger Cutlar was a young Scotchman, who, with his two brothers, settled at Wilmington, N. C., about 1785. He was the son of John Cutlar of Argrennon in Scotland, whose estate known as "Oraland" had at that time been in the Cutlar family for four hundred years, and which estate it was often said would have descended to Dr. Roger Cutlar had he not become an American citizen. Some years ago the estate belonged to Sir Robert Ferguson, a descendant of the female branch of the Cutlar family. Dr. Cutlar’s niece married Sir John Anstruther and after his death married Dr. Marsham, president of Merton College, but in accordance with English custom, was called Lady Anstruther until her death. Dr. Roger Cutlar married first in 1790, Ellen Spillar, who died in 1794; they had one child, James Cutlar, who died young R. Ann Jones was his second wife.
22. William Cabell was born near Warminster, England; studied medicine and surgery, and was for a time surgeon in the British navy. He emigrated to America about 1724, and settled in what was then called Goochland County, Virginia, in a wilderness far beyond the established settlements. Having a knowledge of surveying, he staked out claims in the valley of the James River fifty miles farther west than had ever been attempted before. In this wild country he awaited the advance of civilization and laid the foundation for a respectable Society. In the meantime he held several public offices, among them justice of the peace; coroner, an important office in that day; and captain of militia in 1745. When settlement became permanent, he resumed the practice of his profession and erected a hospital near his residence—the first in that part of Virginia. The pioneer life of Dr. Cabell reads like romance and is given in detail in Brown's "Cabells and their Kin", pp. 32-72.

23. Elizabeth Burks (Mrs. William Cabell) was the daughter of Samuel Burks and Mary (Davis) Burks, who were the founders of the Burks family of Virginia.

24. William Cabell II was born near Licking-Hole Creek, then in Goochland County, Virginia, afterward subdivided and becoming Albemarle, and finally Amherst County. He was captain of a troop in the French and Indian war, was promoted to lieutenant-colonel in 1755, and to colonel in 1760. He was a member of the House of Burgesses 1757-61. When Albemarle was divided and Amherst created in 1761, Col. Cabell became the first county lieutenant and presiding magistrate of Amherst. He held all of the leading offices of the county from 1761 until the Revolution; was a member of the first Revolutionary convention at Williamsburg in August, 1774; of the State Committee of Safety from its beginning to its end; and attended as a representative from his county every patriotic convention and general meeting until Virginia ceased to be a Colony and became a State in July, 1776. He was senator from his district 1776-81. While constantly engaged with the affairs of state during the Revolution, he yet found time to serve his country in a military capacity in the distribution of arms and provisions for the Amherst troops. "He served his country when her trials were but commencing; he served her to his utmost when she was in her sorest travails; and he served her until he saw her safely through the tempest." It was not until he cast his ballot as a delegate for George Washington and saw him elected that he retired from public life. He died at his estate "Union Hill", Nelson County.

25. Margaret Jordan (Mrs. William Cabell II) was the daughter of Col. Samuel Jordan and Ruth (Meredith) Jordan, daughter of Samuel Meredith by his first wife. Samuel Jordan was a justice of the peace for Albermarle County, Va., 1746-61; a captain in 1753; sheriff 1753-55; presiding justice and county lieutenant of the new
County of Buckingham in 1761, and burgess from that county 1767-69. Although an old man at the beginning of the Revolution, he served as colonel of militia for his county and was State Commissioner for casting cannon in Buckingham B 127-28.

26. William Cabell III was born at "Union Hill". He was at school when the Revolution commenced. In January, 1781, he was aiding his father with the work of supplying the Amherst troops. At the age of twenty-two, he was major of Lieut. Col. John Pope's battalion of Amherst militia. This battalion was with Lafayette at Yorktown and it is assumed that Major Cabell was with it. He is known to have been in battle at the end of the war. After the war he was surveyor of Amherst 1783-1788 and justice of the peace 1784-1808; he was sheriff 1796-98, and a member of the General Assembly 1789 to 1797, except 1792. In 1798, he was lieutenant-colonel commanding the 28th regiment of Virginia militia. In 1808, Amherst was divided and "Union Hill" was included in the new county of Nelson. Col. Cabell was appointed the first presiding justice of Nelson, a position he held until his death. He died at "Union Hill" and was buried there B 189-204.

27. Our Carrington-Codrington Ancestry. Anne Carrington (Mrs. William Cabell III) was the daughter of Judge Paul Carrington (1733-1818) and his wife Margaret (Read) Carrington, daughter of Col. Clement Read and Mary (Hill) Read, of Virginia. Judge Paul Carrington was king's attorney for Lunenburg County, Va.; major of militia, 1761, and colonel 1764. He was a member of the House of Burgesses, 1765-1775; presiding justice, 1772; and a member of all of the county committees incident to the American Revolution, and of the first state Committee of Safety. He was judge of county court, 1777, and of the court of appeals in 1779. He was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1788 B 205. Judge Carrington was the son of George Carrington (1711-1785) and Anne (Mayo) Carrington (1712-1785), daughter of Major William Mayo and Frances (Gould) Mayo. George Carrington was surveyor and justice of Goochland County, Va., 1734; a burgess almost continuously from 1747 to 1765; captain of militia, 1740; major, 1743, and afterwards colonel. Too old for the army, he gave his services upon the committees of the Revolution B 157-68. George Carrington was the son of Dr. Paul Carrington of Barbadoes, W. I., by his second wife, Henningham Codrington (1673-1742), who was the great-great-granddaughter of Simon Codrington, of England, a member of the Virginia Company of London, and according to Alexander Brown, the first individual Englishman to own in his own right a foot of land in America, 1615-16 B 168.

Col. Clement Read (1707-1763) was a lawyer; county lieutenant of Lunenburg; presiding magistrate; frequently a burgess; and one of the most influential men of his section B 207.
William Mayo (1684-1744) emigrated from Barbadoes to Virginia about 1723, and settled in Goochland County. He was a professional surveyor and his maps and surveys were the most important of early Virginia. He was one of those running the dividing line between Virginia and North Carolina in 1729. [Another ancestor, Samuel Swann, represented North Carolina in that event]. William Mayo surveyed Richmond in 1737. He was appointed major of militia in 1730, and colonel in 1740.

28. Margaret Cabell (Mrs. Thomas Stanhope McClelland) was born at “Union Hill”, the home of her parents in Nelson County, Va. She died at “Montezuma”, the estate of her husband, also in Nelson County, and is buried there.

29. Thomas Stanhope McClelland was born near Gettysburg, Pa.; studied law in Staunton, Va., and after his marriage practiced in Lynchburg. In 1814, he removed to his estate “Montezuma”, in Nelson County, and continued to practice in that section until 1825, when, on account of ill health, he practically retired. He was one of the attorneys engaged in settling Patrick Henry’s estate. He died at “Montezuma” and was buried there. He was the son of Thomas McClelland and Mary (Stanhope) McClelland, who came to America from the north of Ireland about 1750 and settled in Pennsylvania.

30. Laura McClelland (Mrs. G. M. Y. Miller) was born probably at “Montezuma”, the home of her parents in Nelson County, Va. She died at “Belle Vue”, her husband’s estate in Halifax County, and was buried there. Her gravestone bears this epitaph: “She was lovely in her life; in every relation she was faithful; she kept the Commandments of God and the faith of Jesus”.

31. George Mercer Yuille Miller was a Virginia planter owning a fine estate on Staunton (Roanoke) River, in Halifax County, nearly opposite “Red Hill”, the home of Patrick Henry. After the death of his wife in 1853, he sold “Belle Vue” and removed to “Sharswood”, near Mt. Airy, Pittsylvania County, where he made his home with his bachelor half-brother, N. Crenshaw Miller, and died there June 1, 1866. His body was taken to “Belle Vue” for burial by the side of his wife. He was the only child of William Miller by his first wife, Miss Yuille, of Virginia. William Miller emigrated from Scotland about 1775, and settled in Halifax or Pittsylvania County, Va. He was an American soldier in the Revolution and carried a scar above his right eye to the day of his death. When he had his portrait painted afterward (now in my possession), he had this scar shown, as, it was said, he was very proud of it. He was a Southern planter of the old school, owning much land and many slaves. He was an intimate friend of Patrick Henry. By a second marriage, with Agnes Crenshaw, of Pittsylvania County, he had four sons, N. C., W. B., C. E., and J. R. Miller. William Miller died at an advanced age.
about 1841. Many original wills, deeds, letters, commissions, &c., of the Miller and Crenshaw families descended to me; these are now deposited at the University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill, for safekeeping.
ANCESTORS ACTIVE IN PUBLIC AFFAIRS IN AMERICA
IN COLONIAL AND REVOLUTIONARY TIMES
(See Index for reference)

Early Colonial Period, Before 1700

William Cocke, Va., legislative, judicial.
Alexander Lillington, N. C., civil, judicial, executive.
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Late Colonial Period, 1700-1765

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George Carrington, Va., legislative, military.
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Jehu Davis, N. C., civil.
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Samuel Swann II, N. C., civil, legislative, judicial.

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George Carrington, Va., committee, military.
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Frederick Jones II, N. C., committee, civil.
Samuel Jordan, Va., military.
William Miller, Va., military.
George Moore, N. C., committee, military.
Samuel Swann II, N. C., committee, judicial.
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